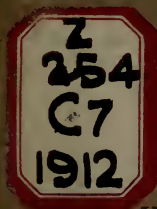


Authors' & Printers' Dictionary



Authors, Editors, Printers, Correctors
Press, Compositors, and Typists

With full list of Abbreviations

An Attempt to codify the best Typographical
Practices of the Present Day

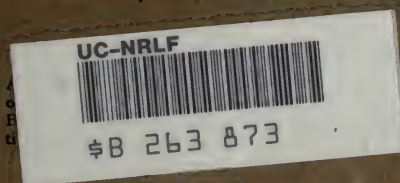
by

F. HOWARD COLLINS

Author of

"An Epitome of the Synthetic Philosophy of Herbert Spencer"

With the assistance of many Authors, Editors
Printers, and Correctors of the Press



des' Association
ociation, by the
d by the Execu-
tors of the Press

Fourth Edition (Fifth Impression) Revised by
HORACE HART, Controller of the Oxford University Press

Henry Frowde

London, Edinburgh, Glasgow, New York, Toronto
Melbourne & Bombay

Price One Shilling net


GIFT OF
Dean Frank H. Probert



EX LIBRIS

Mining Dept.

Frank Holman Robert



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2007 with funding from
Microsoft Corporation

Authors' & Printers' Dictionary

Guide for Authors, Editors, Printers, Correctors
of the Press, Compositors, and Typists

With full list of Abbreviations

An Attempt to codify the best Typographical
Practices of the Present Day

by

F. HOWARD COLLINS

Author of

An Epitome of the Synthetic Philosophy of Herbert Spencer

With the assistance of many Authors, Editors
Printers, and Correctors of the Press

Approved by the Master Printers' and Allied Trades' Association
of London, by the Edinburgh Master Printers' Association, by the
Belfast Printing Trades Employers' Association, and by the Execu-
tive Committee of the London Association of Correctors of the Press

Fourth Edition (Fifth Impression) Revised by
HORACE HART, Controller of the Oxford University Press

Henry Frowde

London, Edinburgh, Glasgow, New York, Toronto
Melbourne & Bombay

1912

GIFT OF
DEAN FRANK H PROBERT

MINING DEPT.

2264
C7
1912
Mining
Dept

First Edition, March 1905

Second Impression, April 1905

Second Edition, September 1905

Third Edition, March 1909

Fourth Edition (Fifth Impression), October 1912

NOTE
TO THE FIFTH IMPRESSION

THE present edition has been revised under my direction; Mr. F. Howard Collins having died on Nov. 16, 1910.

In going through the pages it has been noticed that a number of other persons have died since the first edition was issued; and where dates could be ascertained correction has been made. There are doubtless further entries which ought to be amended, but it would involve very great labour to verify all dates, even if material for doing so were readily available; and the question has no bearing on the correctness of the spellings adopted.

In cases where the plan of this work differs (as in the matter of single and double quotations) from the practice of the Oxford Press, Mr. Collins's plan has been left unaltered. The reasons which he had for undertaking the work originally, and the methods on which he proceeded, having been fully set out in earlier editions, are not repeated here.

HORACE HART.

OXFORD: Oct. 1912.

M127044

NOTES ON THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

THE HISTORY OF THE

A

An asterisk* denotes a spelling used in the "Oxford English Dictionary." Words in *clarendon italic* type should be printed in italic. / is used for the purpose of compression ; e. g. abbreviat/e, -or = abbreviate, abbreviator.

A., Academician, Academy, amateur, artillery, the first in a series, all proper names beginning with this initial, (mus.) alto.

a., acre, active.

a, not **an**, before all words beginning with a consonant, or with the sound of *w*, *wh*, or *y*, as : a eulogy, a euphony, a European, a ewe, a ewer, a herb, -al, a honorarium, a hope, a horse, a hospital, a humble, a one, a oneness, a unanimous, a unicorn, a uniform, a union, a unison, a unit, a universe, -al, -ity, a useful, a usurper. (See also "an, not a.")

Ä, ä, in German, may not be replaced by *Æ, æ* (except in some proper names), *A, a*, or *Æ, æ*. "The modified vowels, whether used as capitals or as small letters, take the Umlaut sign above them." (Prussian Minister of Education, 1880.) The first only of two vowels takes the Umlaut sign, as *äü*.

ä, the "Swedish *a*" (see Swedish).

@, at, the "commercial *a*" (used only in quoting prices).

A1*, "first-class" ships in "Lloyd's Register."

A.A., Associate of Arts; **A.A.A.**, Amateur Athletic Association; **A.A.A.S.**, American Association for the Advancement of Science; **A.A.C.**, *anno ante*

Christum (in the year before Christ) (s.caps.);

A.A.G., Assistant-Adjutant-General; **a. a. O.**

(Ger.), *am angeführten Orte* (at the place quoted);

A.A. of A., Automobile Association of America; **A.A.P.S.**,

American Association for the Promotion of Science; **A.A.S.**, Fellow of

American Academy of Arts and Sciences;

A.A.S.S., *Americanæ Antiquarianæ Societatis Socius*

(Fellow of the American Antiquarian Society).

A.B.*, *Artium Baccalaureus* (Bachelor of Arts); able-

bodied [seaman].

ab/ (Lat.), from; — **ante**, from before.

abac/us* (arch.), plate at top of a column; *pl. -i**.

Abar, Assam, not -or.

à bas (Fr.), down with.

abatable*, not -eable.

à bâtons rompus (Fr.), by fits and starts.

abattu/ (Fr.), *fem. -e*, dejected.

abb., abbess, abbey, abbot.

abbé* (Fr. m.), title (not ital.).

Abbeokuta, W. Africa, use *Abeo-*.

Abbildung (Ger. typ. f.), a cut or picture (cap.).

Abbot, family name of Baron Colchester.

Abbott, family name of Baron Tenterden.

Abbottabad, Punjab.

abbr., abbreviated, -ion.

ABBREVIATE - ABST

abbreviat/e *, -or*.

abbreviation, in Fr. *abré-*.
abbreviations.

—punctuation: a full point after *all* contracted words or phrases, except chemical and math. symbols (*see also* county).

When abbreviation ends sentence, one point only. Capitalization as in full word or words. Initials of an abbreviation should not be divided by end of line.

(*See also* the word itself *and* punctuation, XXI. 2.)

Abbreviations for Long-hand recognized by printers, agreed to at the International Shorthand Congress, 1887, with a few additions marked †:

a, .; about, ab^t; according†, acc.; account, acc^t; advertisement†, ad, *or* advt; affectionate†, aff; affectionately†, aff^{ly}; afternoon, aftⁿ; again, agⁿ; against, agst; America†, Amer.; among, am^g; amount, am^t; -ance, -^{ce}; because, b^{co}; been, bⁿ; between, b^{tw}n; brought, bro^t; caught, ca^t; chairman, chⁿ; circumstance, cir^{ce}; committee, com^o; could, c^d; difference, dif^{ce}; different, dif^t; difficult, dif^{clt}; difficulty, dif^{clty}; -ence, -^{ce}; England, -ish†, Eng.; especially†, esp; evening, ev^g; -ever, -r; every, ev^y; excellent†, exc; extraordinary, xtr^y; faithfully†, ff^y; for, f; Friday, Fri; from, fm; further, fur^r; general, gen^l; generally†, gen^y; good†, g^d; government†, gov^t; great, g^t; had, h^d; have, h; importance, imp^{ce}; important, imp^t; -ing, -g; -ion, -n;

large, lge; manuscript†, -s, MS., MSS.; meeting, m^{tg}; -ment, -mt; might, m^t; Monday, Mon; morning, m^g; notwithstanding, notw^g; objection, objⁿ; occasion†, occⁿ; o'clock, o'c†; of, o; opinion, opⁿ; opportunity, opp^y; other, or; ought, o^t; page†, -s, p., pp.; particular, part^r; popular†, pop; query†, q^y; question, qⁿ; quotation†, quot; said, s^d; Saturday, Sat; several, sev^l; shall, sh; should, sh^d; -sion, -n; specially†, spec; Sunday, Sun; that, t; the, /; their, there, th^r; though, tho; through, thro; Thursday, Thurs; -tion, -n; together, tog^r; truly†, t^y; Tuesday, Tues; very, v†, *or* v^y; very good†, v.g; Wednesday, Wed; whether, wh^r; which, wh; with, w; without, w^t; would, w^d; yesterday, yest^y, *or* y'day†; you, y; your, y^r; yours, y^{rs}.

A.B.C.F.M., American Board of Foreign Missions.
“**ABC Guide**” (no points).
abdicat/e, -or.

à Becket (Thomas), 1118?-70, Abp. (one t).

à Beckett (A. W.), 1844-, journalist; — (G. A.), 1811-56, writer (two t's).

Abeokuta, W. Africa, *not* Abb-.

Abercrombie, Fife.

Abercromby, Lancs.

Aberdonians, natives of Aberdeen.

Aberglaube (Ger. m.), superstition.

Abernethy, Inverness and Perth.

Aberystwyth, Wales, *not* -ith.

abest (Lat.), he, she, or it, is absent; *pl. absunt*.

abett/er*, in law -or*.
ab extra (Lat.), from outside.

Abhandlungen (Ger. f. pl.), Transactions (of a Society); abbr. **Abh.**

A.B.H.M.S., American Baptist Home Mission Society.

abijt/ ad plures or — ad majores (Lat.), he, or she, has gone to the majority: is dead; *pl. abierunt* — —.

ab incunabulis (Lat.), from the cradle.

Abingdon, Berks, and Virginia, U.S.A.

Abington, Northants, Lanark, Limerick, and Mass., U.S.A.

ab/ initio (Lat.), from the beginning, abbr. **ab init.**; — **intra**, from within.

à bis ou à blanc (Fr.), by hook or by crook.

abl., ablative.

-able* (the suffix). Words ending in *e* omit the *e* before **-able**, except when necessary for pronunciation, as receive receivable; but change changeable, since *g* becomes hard before *a*.

A.B.M.U., American Baptist Missionary Union.

à bon/compte (Fr.), cheaply, at a low estimate; — — **droit**, with justice; — — **marché**, cheap.

Abor, Assam, use **Abar**.

ab origine (Lat.), from the beginning.

above-mentioned*, hyphen only when a noun immediately follows, as "the above-mentioned sentence," but "the sentence above mentioned."

ab ovo (Lat.), from the beginning.

Abp., Archbishop.

abr., abridged, abridgment.

à bras ouverts (Fr.), with open arms.

abrégé (Fr. m.), abridgment.

abréviation (Fr. f.), abbreviation.

abridgment*, abbr. **abr.**

A.B.S., American Bible Society, able-bodied seaman.

abs., absolutely, abstract.

Abschnitt/ (Ger. typ. m.), section, part, chapter, or division; *pl. -e*, abbr. **Abs.**

absciss/a* (math.), *pl. -æ**.

absenter*, *not -or.*

absente reo (Lat.), the defendant being absent, abbr. **abs. re.**

absinth/*, in Fr. f. **-e.**

absit/, let him, her, or it, be absent; — **omen**, let there be no (ill) omen.

absolutely, abbr. **abs.**

abs. re., *absente reo* (the defendant being absent).

abstract, abbr. **abs.**

absurdum* (Lat.), absurd.

Abt. (Ger.), *Abteilung* (division).

abundance, in Fr. **abond.**

ab uno disce omnes (Lat.), from one (sample) judge the rest.

abut* / -ment*, -ted*, -ting*.

abys/s*, -mal*.

A.C., Alpine Club; **A.C.**, *ante Christum* (before Christ) (s. caps.); **a.c.**, author's correction; in Fr. *année courante* (current year); **a/c**, account; in printing use **acct.**

A.C.A., Associate (of the Institute of) Chartered Accountants (offic.).

Academician, abbr. **A.**

Académie française (cap. *A*, not cap. *f*).

Academy, a learned body; abbr. **A.**, or **Acad.** (cap.).

a capite ad calcem (Lat.), completely.

acc., acceptance (bill), accusative.

ACCABLÉ — ACTUEL

accablé (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, overwhelmed.
acced/e *, -er*.
accedence *, a giving consent.
accelerando (mus.), accelerating; abbr. **accel.**
accelerat/e, -or*.
accents and diacritical marks: acute ('); cedilla (ç); circumflex (^); diæresis (˘); doubtful length mark (ˆ); grave (`); Gr. breathings: asper (´); lenis (˘); Gr. circumflex (ˆ); long vowel (ˉ); Scandinavian *o* (ø); short vowel (˘); Spanish *n* or tilde (ñ); Swedish *a* (å); Umlaut (¨).
acceptance, abbr. **acc.**
accepter *, in law -or*.
accessary *, *not* -ory.
access/it (Lat.), he, she, or it, came near; *pl.* -erunt.
acciaccatura * (mus.), a grace-note.
accidental * (mus.).
acclimatize *, *not* -ise.
accompanist *, *not* -yist.
accordion *, *not* -eon.
accouche/ment *, -ur *, -use * (*not* ital.).
account, abbr. **a/c**; in printing use **acct.**
Accra, *use* **Akkra**.
accroch/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, brought to a deadlock.
acct., account, *or* account current.
accusative, abbr. **acc.**
Acestes, *not* Akestes.
ac etiam (Lat.), and also.
A.C.F., Automobile Club de France.
A.C.G.B.I., Automobile Club of Great Britain and Ireland.
Achæmenes, *not* Achai-
à cheval (Fr.), on horse-back.
Achin, Sumatra, *not* -een, Atchin.
Achnashellach, Ross.

A.C.I. (Fr.), *assuré contre l'incendie* (insured against fire).
acknowledgment *, *not* -ement.
à compte (Fr.), in part payment.
à corps perdu (Fr.), desperately.
acoustics * (sing. noun), *pron.* a-kow'stiks.
à couvert (Fr.), protected.
A.C.P., Associate of the College of Preceptors.
acquit *, -tal *, -tance *, -ted *, -ting.
Akra, *use* **Akkra**.
Acre, Syria, *not* Acca, Accho, Acco.
acre, abbr. **a.**
acre (Fr. f.), acre.
âcre (Fr.), acrid.
A.C.S., Additional Curates Society.
Actæon, a mythical hunter.
acte d'accusation (Fr. m.), indictment.
Actini/a * (zool.), *pl.* -æ*.
actinomy/ces (bot.), *pl.* -cetes.
actionnaire (Fr. m.), a shareholder.
active, abbr. **a.**
acts of a play (typ.), cap. only when the number follows, as "Hamlet," Act i. sc. 2 (*see also* authorities).
Acts of Parliament (cap. *A*), cited thus:—Factory and Workshops Act, 1878 (54 & 55 Vic. c. 75, ss. 14 and 15). 28 Geo. II, c. VIII is a private Act. 28 Geo. II, c. 8, is a public Act.
Acts of Sederunt (Scots law).
actualité (Fr. f.), present state.
actuel (Fr.), *fem.* -le, present.

actum/ agere (Lat.), to do what has been already done; — **est**, it is all over.

A.C.U., American Congregational Union.

acushla (Irish), darling.

acute accent* (').

A.D.* (*anno Domini*), should always be placed *before* the figures; **B.C.** *after* (s.caps.); **a.d.**, *ante diem* (before the day), after date; **ad.**, advertisement.

Adam's Peak, Ceylon (apos.).

ad amussim (Lat.), exactly.

adapt/able*, -er*, *not* -or.

ad arbitrium (Lat.), at pleasure.

ad astra (Lat.), to the stars.

a dato (Lat.), from date.

A.D.C., aide-de-camp, Amateur Dramatic Club.

ad/ captandum vulgus (Lat.), to catch the rabble: claptrap; — **clerum**, to the clergy; — **crumenam**, to the purse; — **eundem gradum**, to the same degree, abbr. **ad eund.**

addend/um*, something to be added; *pl.* -a* (not ital.).

addible*, *not* -able.

addio (It.), good-bye.

addorsed*, *not* adorsed, adossed.

address, in Fr. f. **adresse**; (typ.) in printed letters to be s.caps.

adducible*, *not* -ceable.

Adeler (Max), 1841-, Amer. writer (*see also* Adl.).

à demi (Fr.), by halves.

à/ dessein (Fr.), on purpose; — **deux**, of (or between) two; — **deux mains**, with both hands.

ad/ extra (Lat.), in an outward direction; — **extremum**, to the last.

ad/ filum aquæ (Lat.) to

centre of the stream; — **filum viæ**, to centre of the road; — **finem**, near the end; — **gustum**, to the taste; — **hoc**, for this (object); — **hominem**, to the [interests of the] man; — **hunc locum**, on this passage, abbr. **a.h.l.**; — **idem**, to the same (point).

a die (Lat.), from that day. **adieu**, *pl.* -x (not ital.).

ad/ infinitum* (Lat.), to infinity, *pron.* in-fi-nī-tum; — **interim**, meanwhile.

Á Dios (Sp.), adieu.

Adirondack Mountains (U.S.A.), *not* -dac.

à discrétion (Fr.), at discretion.

Adj., Adjutant.

adjectiv/e, abbr. *adj.*; — -al*, -ely*.

Adj.-Gen., Adjutant-General.

adjudgment*, *not* -ement.

adjudicator*, *not* -er.

adjutage*, *not* aj-.

Adjutant, abbr. *Adj.*; — -General, abbr. *A.-G.*, or *Adj.-Gen.*

adjuvant*.

ad/ kalendas Græcas (Lat.), never; — **libitum***, at pleasure, abbr. **ad lib.**

Adler (Hermann), 1839-1911, Chief Rabbi.

ad litem (Lat.), for a suit.

Adm., Admiral, Admiralty.

ad manum (Lat.), ready.

administrat/or*, abbr. *ad-mor.*; -rix*, abbr. *admix.*

Admiral, in Fr. **amir/al**, *pl.* -aux; —, -ty, abbr. **Adm.**

admiration (note of), *see* punctuation, XVII.

ad misericordiam (Lat.), appealing to pity.

admix., administratrix.

ad modum (Lat.), after the manner of.

admonitor*, *not* -er.

admor., administrator.

ad nauseam (Lat.), to a sickening degree.

ado*, work, trouble (one word).

Adonai* (Heb.), the Lord.

adorsed, *use* add-.*.

ad/ patres (Lat.), dead ; — **quod damnum**, to what damage ; — **referendum**, for further consideration ; — **rem**, to the point.

adresse (Fr. f.), address.

à droite (Fr.), to the right.

adscititious*, *not* asci-.

adscriptus glebæ (Lat.), a serf.

adsum (Lat.), I am present.

ad summum (Lat.), to the highest point.

a due (It.), in two parts.

adulator*, *not* -er.

ad/ unguem (Lat.), perfectly ; — **unum omnes**, all, to a man ; — **usum**, according to custom.

adv., adverb, adverbially, advocate.

adv., *adversus* (against).

ad valorem* (Lat.), according to value ; abbr. **ad val.** advancement*.

adverb/, -ially, abbr. adv.

ad verbum (Lat.), to a word, verbally.

adversaria* (Lat. pl.), jottings.

adversus (Lat.), against ; abbr. **adv.**

advertise*, *not* -ize.

advertisement*, abbr. ad., or advt., *pl.* ads., or advts. ; in Fr. f. **annonce**.

ad/ vitam aut culpam (Lat.), for lifetime or until fault ; — **vivum**, lifelike. advocate, abbr. adv.

Advocates (Faculty of)*, the Bar of Scotland.

advocatus diaboli (Lat.), an adverse critic (*not* ital.).

advt./, -s., advertisement, -s. Æ, "third-class" ships in "Lloyd's Register."

æ (ligature). The ligatures æ, œ, for single sounds are in England employed in Danish, English, French, Greek, Latin, and Old-English words. The separate letters *ae*, *oe*, should be used in new classical books, and in German (*see also* Ä, ä).

ædile*, *not* e-.

Ægean Sea, the eastern part of the Mediterranean.

ægis*, a shield, protection, *not* e-.

ægrescitque medendo (Lat.), and he grows worse with the remedy.

ægrot/at* (Lat.), he is ill ; *pl.* -ant.

A.E.I.O.U., *Austria Est Imperator Orbis Universi* (Austria is the ruler of the whole earth).

Æmilius.

Æneas.

Æneid*, *not* E-.

æolian*, *not* eo-.

æon*, an age, *not* eon.

æpyornis (zool.), *not* epi-, epy-.

æquales (Lat.), equal, equals ; abbr. **æq.**

æquanimiter (Lat.), composedly.

æquo animo (Lat.), with an equable mind.

A.E.R.A., Associate Engraver Royal Academy.

aer/ate*, etc., -ial*, -ie*, -ify*, -obic, -onaut*, *not* æ-.

aeroplane*, a kite-like machine.

aery, *use* aerie*.

æs/ alienum (Lat.), debt ; — **triplex**, a strong defence.

Æschylus.

Æsculapi/us*, -an*.
 Æsop.
 æsthete*, etc., *not* e-.
 æstiv/al*, -ation*, *not* e-.
 æt. or ætat., *anno ætatis suæ*
 (of age, aged).
 æther, space-medium, *use*
 e-*.
 ætiology*, *not* e-.
 Ætna, *use* Etna.
 A.-F., Anglo-French;
 A.F.A., Associate of the
 Faculty of Actuaries;
 A.F.A.M., Ancient Free
 and Accepted Masons;
 A.F.B.S., American and
 Foreign Bible Society;
 A.F.C.U., American and
 Foreign Christian Union.
 aff., affirmative, affirming.
 affaire/ d'amour (Fr. f.),
 love affair; — *de cœur*,
 affair of the heart; —
d'honneur, duel.
 affich/e (Fr. f.), placard,
 poster; — *ée*, posted up.
 affidavit, abbr. afft.
 affil/é (Fr.), sharp; — *ié*,
 affiliated.
 affranchise*, *not* -ize.
 affreu/x, *fem.* -*se*, frightful.
 afft., affidavit.
 Afghanistan, abbr. Af-
 ghan.
 afield* (one word).
 à fond/ (Fr.), thoroughly; —
 — *de train*, at full speed.
 à forfait, by contract.
 a fortiori* (Lat.), with
 stronger reason, *not* à —
 (*not* ital.).
 Afr., Africa, -n.
 Afridi, race of Cent. Asia,
not -eedee.
 afternoon, abbr. aft., *or*
 p.m.
 afterthought* (one word).
 Ag, *argentum* (silver).
 A.G. (Ger.), *Aktiengesell-*
schaft (joint-stock com-
 pany).
 A.-G., Adjutant-General,
 Agent-General (of Colo-
 nies), Attorney-General.

agacérie (Fr. f.), allure-
 ment.
 Agadah, *use* Haggadah*.
 agate* (Amer. typ.), a size of
 type as this, five and half point,
 about thirteen lines to the inch.
 à gauche (Fr.), to the left.
 ageing*, *not* agi-.
 agenda/um, a thing to be
 done; *pl.* -a (*not* ital.).
 à genoux (Fr.), kneeling.
 agent, abbr. agt.
 Agent-General, abbr.
 A.-G.
 ages (typ.), to be printed in
 figures; but "he died in
 his fortieth year."
 aggrandize*, *not* -ise.
 aggression, in Fr. f.
 aggression.
 agistor*, *not* -er.
 agitat/or*, *not* -er; *fem.*
 -rix.
 aglet*, *not* ai-.
 aglow* (one word).
 agneau (Fr. m.), lamb.
 Agnostic/*, -ism* (cap.).
 agonize*, *not* -ise.
 agouti*, *not* -y, aguti.
 agraffe*, a clasp; in Fr. f.
 agrafe.
 agrarianize*, *not* -ise.
 agreeable, in Fr. *agréable*.
 agréments (Fr. m.), com-
 forts.
 agric., agriculture, -al, -ist.
 agriculturist*, *not* -alist.
 A.G.S.S., American Geo-
 graphical and Statistical
 Society.
 agt., agent.
 A.H., *anno Hegiræ* (A.D. 622),
 the Moham. era (s.caps.).
 ah, when it stands alone,
 takes a mark of exclama-
 tion (!). When it forms
 part of a sentence, it is
 usually followed by a
 comma, the ! being
 placed at the end of the
 sentence: as "Ah, no, it
 cannot be!"
 aha, *use* ha-ha*.
 à haute voix (Fr.), aloud.

A.H.C., Army Hospital Corps.
a.h.l., *ad hunc locum* (on this passage).
Ahmed/abad, -nagar, India, *not* Ahmad-, Amed-.
A.H.M.S., American Home Mission Society.
Ahriman, Zoroastrian spirit of evil.
A.H.S., *anno humanæ salutis* (in the year of human salvation) (s.caps.).
a.h.v., *ad hanc vocem* (at this word).
A.I., American Institute; **A.I.**, *anno inventionis* (in the year of the discovery) (s.caps.); **A.I.A.**, Associate of the Institute of Actuaries, American Institute of Architecture; **A.I.C.**, Associate of the Institute of Chemistry.
"Aida," opera by Verdi, 1871 (no diæresis).
aide (Fr. m.), assistant; (f.) help.
aide-de-camp*, abbr. **A.D.C.**; *pl.* aides-—.
aide-mémoire (Fr. m.), aid to memory; *pl.* aides-—.
A.I.G., Assistant-Inspector-General.
aiglet, *use* aglet*.
aigre/-doux (Fr.), *fem.* — **-douce**, sour-sweet.
aigrette*, a spray, *not* ei-, -et (*see also* egret*).
A.I.G.T., Association for the Improvement of Geometrical Teaching.
Ailesbury (Marquess of) (*see also* Ayl-).
aimable (Fr.), amiable.
A.I.M.E., Associate of the Institute of Mining Engineers; American Institute of Mining Engineers.
A. I. Mech. E., Associate of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers.
ain/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, elder, senior; opposed to **puîné**,

fem. **puînée**, or **cadet/te**, younger.
Air (Point of), N. Wales (*see also* Ayre).
air noble (Fr. m.), air of distinction.
ait, *use* eyot*.
Aix-la-Chapelle, *pron.* āx-— (hyphens).
Aix-les-Bains (hyphens).
à jamais (Fr.), for ever.
Ajax, *pl.* Ajaxes.
ajutage, *use* adj-*.
A.K.C., Associate of King's College (London).
Akestes, *use* Acestes.
a-kimbo* (hyphen).
Akkolade (Ger. typ.), a brace (cap.).
Akkra, Upper Guinea, *not* Accra, Acra.
Aktiengesellschaft (Ger. f.), joint-stock company; abbr. **A.G.**
Al*, aluminium.
a.l. (Fr.), *après livraison*; after delivery (of goods).
A.L.A., American Library Association.
Ala., Alabama (off. abbr.).
à l'abandon (Fr.), uncared for, at random.
à la/ belle étoile (Fr.), in the open air; — — **bonne heure!** well and good; — — **campagne**, in the country; — — **carte**, as the bill of fare.
Aladdin, *not* Alladin.
à la/ française (Fr.), in French style (not cap.); — — **grecque**, — Greek — (not cap.); — — **hautéur de**, on a level with; — — **lettre**, literally; — — **main**, at hand, ready; — — **mode***, in fashion; **à/ l'anglaise**, in the English style (not cap.); — — **l'antique**, — antique style; **à la/ parisienne**, in the Parisian style (not cap.); — — **russe**, — Russian style (not cap.).

Alas., Alaska.

alas, when it stands alone, takes a mark of exclamation (!). When it forms part of a sentence, to be followed by a comma, the ! being placed at the end of the sentence: as, "Alas, it is true!"

Alb., Albanian.

Alban., signature of Bp. of St. Albans (full point).

albatross*, *not* -os.

Albert note, $6 \times 3\frac{7}{8}$ in.; envelopes $4\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$ in.

Albin (A.), 1848-, chess player.

albin/o*, *pl.* -os*, *fem.* -ess*, -ism*, *not* -oism.

Albrighton, Salop.

Alb Sunday, first after Easter (caps.).

album/*, scrapbook; *pl.* -s*.

album/en*, natural white of egg; -in*, its chief constituent; *adj.* -inous*.

Albury, Surrey.

Alcæus of Mytilene.

alcayde*, a governor, *not* -ade, -alde; in Sp. **alcaide**.

Alcestis, *not* Alk-.

Alcibiades, *not* Alk-.

alcoholize*, *not* -ise.

Alcoran, *use* Koran*.

Alcyone, *pron.* al-sy'o-ně.

Aldborough, Norfolk,

Yorks.

Aldbrough, Yorks.

Aldbury, Hereford.

Aldeburgh, Suffolk.

Alderbury, Wilts.

Alderman, *abbr.* Ald.

Alderney, Channel Isles.

Aldsworth, Gloucester.

Aldus Manutius, *see* Manutius.

Aldworth, Berks.

Alectryon (myth.), *pron.* a-lek'trē-ōn.

ale-house* (hyphen).

Alembert, *see* d'Al-.

Alençon lace (c).

à l'espagnole (Fr.), in Spanish fashion (*not* cap.).

Alethea.

Aleutian Isles, Bering Sea.

Alex., Alexander.

à l'extérieur (Fr.), on the outside.

Alford, Aberdeen, Lincs.

Alfred, *abbr.* A., *or* Alf.

alfresco* (one word, *not* ital.).

Alg., Algernon, Algiers.

alg/a* (bot.), *pl.* -æ* (*not* ital.).

algebra, *abbr.* alg. (*see also* mathematics).

algology* (bot.).

Algonkin (U.S.A.), *not* -quin.

alla (Lat.), other things.

alias/* (Lat.), otherwise; *pl.* -es.

alibi/*, elsewhere; *pl.* -s.

alienator*, *not* -er.

alieni appetens (Lat.), greedy of another's possessions.

Aligarh, N.W. India.

Alighieri, family name of Dante.

align, *use* aline*.

alii (Lat.), other people.

alimentativeness*, *not* alimentive-.

Ali Mesjid, Afghanistan.

aline/*, -ment*, *not* align.

alinéa (Fr. m.), paragraph.

à l'intérieur (Fr.), indoors.

alio intuitu (Lat.), from another point of view.

Alipur, India.

aliquid (Lat.), something, somewhat.

ali/us (Lat.), another person; *pl.* -i.

Aliwal, Punjab, *also* S. Africa.

alkali/*, *pl.* -s*.

alkalize*, *not* -ise.

Alkestis, *use* Alc-.

Alkoran, *use* Koran*.

Alladin, *use* Aladdin.

Allahabad, N.W. India.

ALLAN — ALTOGETHER

Allan-a-Dale, minstrel hero.

alla ventura (It.), at a venture.

allée (Fr. f.), alley, avenue.

Allegany, Pennsylvania.

allegement*.

Alleghany, mountains and river, U.S.A. But **Allegheny City**.

allegorize*, *not* -ise.

Alleluia*, *more usually* **Hallelujah***.

Allen v. Flood, trade union case.

Allendale, Northumb.

alleviator*, *not* -er.

allez vous en! (Fr.), be-gone! (no hyphen).

All Fools' Day* (caps., no hyphen).

All-Hallows, All Saints' Day, 1 Nov. (caps., hyphen).

Allhallows, near Rochester (one word).

allineation*, *not* alin-.

alliterator*, *not* -er.

allonge (Fr. typ. f.), a fly-leaf.

allons! (Fr.), let us go, come!

allonym*, a pseudonym.

allot/*, -table*, -ted*, -ting*.

all' ottava (mus.), an octave higher than written; abbr. **all' ott.**

all right, *not* alright, all-right.

all round* ("all round the Wrekin").

all-round* ("an all-round man").

All/ Saints' Day*, 1 Nov.; — **Souls College**, Oxford (no apos.); — **Souls' Day***, 2 Nov.; — **Souls' Eve***, 1 Nov. (caps., no hyphens).

allspice* (one word).

all together* (in a body); *but* **altogether*** (entirely).

alluvi/um*, *pl.* -a*.

Alma Mater*, fostering mother, one's university.

almanac*, *but* "Oxford," *also* "Whitaker's," **Almanack**.

Alma Tadema (Sir Lawrence), 1836-1912, painter; — (**Miss Laurence**), writer.

Almighty (the) (cap.).

Almondbury, Yorks; *pron.* ām'bē-rē.

Almondsbury, Glos.

Alnmouth, Northumb.

Alnwick, Northumberland; *pron.* ān'ik (*see also* **Anwick**).

A.L.O.E., A Lady of England (Charlotte M. Tucker, 1821-93).

alouette (Fr. f.), lark (bird).

à l'outrance *should be à outrance*, to the utmost, to the death.

aloyau (Fr. m.), sirloin of beef.

Alpes-Maritimes, dép. France.

Alphæus, Apostle James's father.

Alpheus River.

Alresford, Essex, Hants.

A.L.S.*, Associate of the Linnean Society; auto-graph letter signed.

alt., alternate, altitude.

Alt., *Altesse* (Highness).

Alta., Alberta, Canada.

Altenburg, Saxe-Altenburg, Bavaria, Hungary, Prussia.

alter/ ego (Lat.), one's second self; — **idem**, another self.

Altesse (Fr. f.), Highness; abbr. **Alt.**

Altezza (It.), Highness.

Althorpe, Lincs.

Althorp Library and Park (Northants).

altitude, abbr. **alt.**

alto/* (mus.), *pl.* -s; abbr. **A.**

alto-rilievo/, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

altruize*, *not* -ise.

aluminium*, symbol **Al***.

alumn/us*, *pl.* -i*, *fem.*

-a, *pl.* -æ; abbr. **alum**.

Alwa, Bombay.

Alwar, Rajpootana.

A.M.*, *Artium Magister* (Master of Arts); *Ave Maria* (Hail Mary!) (caps.).

A.M.*, *anno mundi* (in the year of the world) (s.caps.).

a.m.*, *ante meridiem* (before noon) (lower case).

amah* (Ind.), wet-nurse.

Amalek, *not* -ech, -eck.

amant/, a lover, *pl.* -s; *fem.* -e, *pl.* -es.

amantium *iræ* (Lat.), lovers' quarrels.

amanuens/is*, *pl.* -es*.

amari *aliquid* (Lat.), something bitter.

amateur, abbr. **A**.

a maximis ad minima (Lat.), from the greatest to the smallest.

Amballa, India, *not* Um-.

Amboyna*, *not* -ina.

A.M.D., Army Medical Department.

âme/ *damnée* (Fr.), a "cat's paw"; — *de boue*, a base, ungenerous spirit.

Amednagar, N.W. India, *use* Ahmed-.

Ameer*, *not* Amir, Emir.

amende honorable (Fr. f.), honourable reparation.

a mensa et toro (Lat.), from bed and board, *not* — — — thoro.

âme *perdue* (Fr.), a desperate character.

Amer., America, -n.

Americanize*, *not* -ise.

à *merveille* (Fr.), perfectly, wonderfully.

A.M.I.C.E., *see* Assoc. M. Inst. C.E.

amicus *curiæ* (Lat.), a

friend of the Court, a disinterested adviser.

A.M.I.E.E., Associate Member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers.

A. M. I. Mech. E., Associate Member of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers.

Am/ir, *use* -eer*.

Ammergau, Bavaria.

ammeter* (elec.), *formerly* amperometer.

amœb/a, *pl.* -æ (not ital.).

à *moitié* (Fr.), half.

amor/ *patriæ* (Lat.), love of one's country; — *sceleratus habendi*, accursed love of possessing.

amour-propre* (not ital.).

Ampère (**A. M.**), 1775–1836, electrician (accent).

amper/e, -age, elec. unit (no accent); abbr. **amp**.

ampersand* = &, may be used in names of firms as Smith & Co., but not at the beginning or end of lines; etc. preferred to &c.

amphibi/um*, *pl.* -a*.

amphor/a*, a jar; *pl.* -æ*.

Amritsar, India, *not* Umritsur.

amuck*, *not* -ock, -ok, -uk.

Amur, Siberia, *not* -oor.

an, *not* a, before all words beginning with a vowel (not having the *sound* of *w*, *wh*, or *y*), silent *h*, or aspirated *h* when the accent is not upon the first syllable of the word, as: an harmonious, an heir, -loom, an heraldic, an hereditary, an heroic, an historian, an historical, an honest, an honour, -able, an horizontal, an hotel, an hour, -glass. (*See also* "a, *not* an,")

A.-N., Anglo-Norman.

ana*, sayings.

anabaptize*, *not* -ise.

ANACOLUTHON — ANGOULÊME

anacoluth/on* (gram.), *pl.*
-a*, *not* -outhon, -kolou-
thon, -luthon.

Anacr., Anacreon, -tic.
anæmia*.

anæsthetize*, *not* -ise.

anal., analogy, -ous,
analyse, -r, -is, analytic, -al.

analogous, abbr. anal.

analogy, abbr. anal.

analys/e*, -er*, -is*, *pl.*
-es; abbr. anal.

analytic/, -al; abbr. anal.

Anam, Siam, *not* Ann-.

anamorphos/is*, *pl.* -es.

anapæst*, a reversed dactyl, *not* -pest.

anastomos/is*, *pl.* -es*.

anat., anatomy, -ical, -ist.

anathematize*, *not* -ise.

anatomize*, *not* -ise.

anatom/y, -ical, -ist;
abbr. anat.

anatta* (bot.), *not* arnotto.

ancestress*, *not* -trix.

anchorite*, *not* -et.

ankylosis*, *not* ank-.

ancienne noblesse (Fr.
f.), the old nobility.

ancien régime (Fr. m.),
the old order of things.

ancient, abbr. anc.

"Ancient Mariner"
(Rime of the), by S. T.
Coleridge, 1798.

Ancient Order of
Druids, abbr. A.O.D.;
ditto Foresters, A.O.F.;
ditto Hibernians,
A.O.H.

angle, *use* ankle*.

and (gram.), when *and* joins
two or more subjects in
the singular number the
verb must be in the *pl.*, as
Jack and Gill *are* going.
Where *and* joins two
single words the comma is
generally omitted.

"and" or "and" The late
Herbert Spencer allowed
me to quote from his
letter: — "whether to
write 'black, white, and

green,' with the comma
after *white*, or to leave out
the comma and write
'black, white and green'
— I very positively de-
cide in favour of the first.
To me the comma is of
value as marking out the
component elements of a
thought, and where any
set of components of a
thought are of equal value,
they should be punctuated
in printing and in speech
equally. Evidently there-
fore in this case, inasmuch
as when enumerating
these colours black, white,
and green, the white is
just as much to be
emphasized as the other
two, it needs the pause
after it just as much as the
black does."

and, *see also* ampersand.

Andersen (Hans C.), 1805-
75, writer of fairy tales.

Andrea del Sarto, 1486-
1531, It. painter.

"Andria," play by Terence.

Androcles, *not* -kles.

Anfangsbuchstabe (Ger.
typ. m.), initial letter.

Anführungszeichen (Ger.
n.), quotation marks.

Angelico (Fra), 1387-
1455, It. painter.

anglais (Fr.), *fem.* -e,
English (not cap.).

angle, the sign \angle ; angle
between two lines \wedge ;
right angle L ; two right
angles \perp .

Anglesea, Wales, *not* -ey.

Anglesey (Marquess of).

anglice, in English (no
accent); abbr. *angl.*

anglicize*, *not* -ise (not
cap.).

Anglo/-French, abbr.
A.-F.; — -Norman,
abbr. A.-N.; — -Saxon,
abbr. A.-S.

Angoulême, dép. France.

Ångström (A.J.), 1814-74,
chemist; *pron.* ōng'strōm.
anguis in herba (Lat.),
snake in the grass.
animalcule/*, *pl.*-s, *not*-æ.
animalculum, *pl.* -a*.
ankle*, *not* anc-.
Anmerkungen (Ger. f.),
notes (cap.); abbr. **Anm.**
ann., *annales*, annals, *anni*
(years), annual.
anna/*, 16 to rupee; *pl.* -s.
annales (Fr. *pl.* f.), annals;
abbr. **ann.**
annals, abbr. **ann.**
Ann Arbor, U.S.A.
"Anne of Geierstein,"
by Sir W. Scott, 1829.
Anne (Queen), 1665-1714.
Anne (Saint).
anno (Lat.), in the year,
abbr. **ann.**; — **ætatis**
suæ, aged, abbr. **æt.**, or
æt.; — **Domini** (cap.
D), abbr. **A.D.** (s.caps.), to
be placed *before* the figures;
— **humanæ salutis**,
in the year of human
salvation, abbr. **A.H.S.**;
— **mundi**, in the year
of the world, abbr. **A.M.**
(s.caps.); — **post Chris-**
tum natum, in the year
after the birth of Christ,
abbr. **A.P.C.N.** (s.caps.);
— **post Romam con-**
ditam, in the year after
the building of Rome,
754 B.C., abbr. **A.P.R.C.**
(s.caps.); — **salutis**, in
the year of salvation,
abbr. **A.S.** (s.caps.).
annos vixit (Lat.), he, or
she, lived so many years;
abbr. **a.v.**
annotat/ed*, -or*, *not*-er;
abbr. **annot.**
annoyed *by* complaints
means if they should be
made; annoyed *with* —,
that they are made.
annual, abbr. **ann.**
Annunciation Day, 25
March.

ann/us (Lat.), year; *pl.* -i.
anonymous, abbr. **anon.**
answer, abbr. **ans.**
answers (typ.), commence
a new paragraph in print-
ing legal work; in official
work (committees and
commissions) they follow
after an em dash in same
paragraph.
Ant., Anthony, Antigua.
ant., antonym.
Antæus.
antagonize*, *not* -ise.
Antarctic regions.
ante (Lat.), before; — **bel-**
lum, before the war.
antechamber*, *not* anti-.
ante diem (Lat.), before
the day; abbr. **a.d.**
antediluvian*.
antefix (arch.), *pl.* -es.
ante litem motam (Lat.),
before litigation com-
menced; — **lucem**, before
the light.
antemeridian* (one
word).
ante meridiem (Lat.), be-
fore noon; abbr. **a.m.**
antenn/a* (zool.), *pl.* -æ*.
ante-room* (hyphen).
Anthony, abbr. **Ant.**
anthropology, -ical;
abbr. **anthrop.**
anthropomorphize*, *not*
-ise.
anthropophag/us*, *pl.*-i*.
anticline* (geol.).
Antigua, abbr. **Ant.**
antimony*, symbol **Sb***.
antipathize*, *not* -ise.
antiq., antiquary, -ian.
antiqs., antiquities.
Antiqua (Ger. typ. f.), ro-
man type (cap.).
antisabbatarian* (one
word).
Anti-Semite (caps., hy-
phen).
Antisthenes.
antistrophon*, a retort.
antisyzygy*.
antithesis*, *pl.* -es*.

ANTITHESIZE — APPAL

- antithesize*, *not* -ise.
 anti-tobaccoist, *not* -nist.
 antitype*, *not* ante-.
 antonym*, a word of opposite meaning; abbr. ant.
 Anvers, Seine-et-Oise, Fr.
 Anvers, Fr. for Antwerp.
 Anverse, Maine-et-Loire, France.
 Anwick, Lincs (*see also* Alnwick).
 anybody*, any person.
 any body*, any number of persons.
 anyhow* (one word).
 anyone* (any person).
 any one* (of a collection).
 any/thing*, -where* (one word).
Anzeige/ (Ger. f.), notice, advertisement; *pl.* -n.
 A.O., Army Order; A.O.C., — Ordnance Corps;
 A.O.D., — Ordnance Department, Ancient Order of Druids; A.O.F., ditto Foresters; A.O.H., ditto Hibernians; A.O.S., ditto Shepherds.
 aorist, abbr. aor.
 aort/a* (anat.), *pl.* -æ.
 A.O.S.E., American Order of Stationary Engineers.
 A.O.S.S., *Americanæ Orientalis Societatis Socius* (Fellow of the American Oriental Society).
 A.O.U., American Ornithologists' Union.
 août (Fr. m.), August (not cap.).
 à **outrance** (Fr.), to the bitter end, *not* à l'outrance.
 A.P., Associated Presbyterian; a.p., above proof, author's proof; Ap., Apostle; A.P.A., American Protestant Association.
 Apache, U.S.A.
 apanagé*, *not* app-.
 à **part** (Fr.), apart.
 apartment, in Fr. m. **apartement**.
 A.P.C.N., *anno post Christum natum* (in the year after the birth of Christ).
 ap/e*, -ed*, -ing*, -ish*.
 A.P.D., Army Pay Department.
 Apennines, Italy (three n's).
aperçu (Fr. m.), outline (ç).
 à **peu de frais** (Fr.), at cost; à **peu près**, nearly.
 apex/*, *pl.* -es*.
 aphæretic*.
 aphorize*, *not* -ise.
 apthong*, a mute letter.
 à **pled** (Fr.), on foot.
 à **plaisir** (Fr.), at pleasure.
 aplanatic* (optics), without error.
 aplomb*, self-possession.
 Apocalypse*, abbr. Apoc.
 Apocrypha* (cap. A); abbr. Apocr. (for abbr. of books *see* under names).
 apodictic*, *not* -deictic.
 apogee* (astr.), abbr. apog.
 Apollo Belvedere, *not* — Belvi-.
 apologize*, *not* -ise.
 apophthegm*, *not* apoth-.
 apostasy*, *not* -cy.
 apostatize*, *not* -ise.
 a posteriori*, *not* à — (not ital.).
 Apostle, abbr. Ap., *pl.* App.
 Apostles' Creed (caps.).
Apostroph/ (Ger. m.), apostrophe; *pl.* -en (cap.).
 apostrophe, *see* possessive case, punctuation II, quotations.
 apostrophize*, *not* -ise.
 apothecaries weight, signs: η minim; ϑ scruple; ζ drachm; $\frac{3}{4}$ ounce; lb. pound. Quantities in lower-case letters: if quantity ends with *i*, final *i* becomes *j*, as *vij* = 7.
 apothegm, *use* apophthegm*.
 apotheos/is*, *pl.* -es.
 App., Apostles.
 app., appendix.
 appal/*, -led*, -ling*.

Appalachian Mts., E.

North America.

appanage, *use* apa-*

apparatus*, *sing.* and *pl.*,
not -i (a useful synonym
"appliances").

apparel/*, -led*, -ling*.

apparitor*, not -er.

appartement (Fr. m.),
apartment.

appeasement*, not -sment.

append/ix, abbr. app.;

general *pl.* -ixes*, zool.

pl. -ices*, abbr. apps.

appetize*, not -ise.

appliqu/é* (Fr.), *fem.* -ée;
appliquéd*.

appreciator*, not -er.

apprentice, abbr. appr.

apprise* (to inform).

apprize* (to value).

appro., approbation.

approver* (law).

approximat/e, -ely, -ion;
abbr. approx.

A.P.R.C., *anno post Romam*
conditam (in the year after
the building of Rome, 754
B.C.) (s.caps.).

après/ (Fr.), after, what
next? — **coup**, too late;
— **livraison**, after de-
livery (of goods), abbr.
a.l.; — **-midi**, afternoon
(hyphen); — **moi** (*or*
nous) **le déluge**, after
me (*or* us) the deluge.

April (typ.), not to be ab-
breviated; in Fr. **avril**
(not cap.).

a prima vista (It.), at first
sight.

a primo (Lat.), from the
first; **a principio**, from
the beginning; **a priori***,
deductively, not à — (not
ital.).

à propos *usual*, but apro-
pos*; **à propos de**
bottes (Fr.), beside the
mark.

A.P.S., Aborigines Pro-
tection Society, American
Peace Society, American

Protestant Society, Asso-
ciate of the Pharmaceu-
tical Society.

apse* (arch.), *pl.* apses*.
apsis* (astr.), *pl.* apsides*,
pron. äp-si'dēs.

A.P.U.C., Association for
Promoting Unity of Christ-
endom.

apud (Lat.), according to, in
the work, or works, of.

aq., *agua* (water).

A.Q.C., Associate of
Queen's College (London).

A.Q.M.G., Assistant-Quar-
termaster-General.

aquarium/*, *pl.* -s*.

à quatre mains (Fr. mus.),
for two performers.

A.R., *anno regni* (in the year
of the reign) (s.caps.).

A.R.A., Associate of the
Royal Academy, London.

Arabi/a, -an, -c; abbr.
Arab.

"Arabian Nights' Enter-
tainments (The)."

arabic numerals, figures
used in ordinary computa-
tion, as 1, 2, 3 (not cap.).

arach., arachnology.

aræostyle* (arch.).

Aragon, not Arr-.

A.R.A.M., Associate of the
Royal Academy of Music.

Aramaic*, Semitic dialect;
abbr. Aram.

arbiter elegantiarum
(Lat.), a judge of taste.

arboriculture, abbr. ar-
bor.

arc*, sign ∩.

Arcades ambo (Lat.), two
with like tastes.

A.R.C.E., Academical
Rank of Civil Engineer.

arc-en-ciel (Fr. m.), rain-
bow; *pl.* arcs- — —.

Arch., Archibald.

arch., archaic, -ism,
archery, archipelago,
architect, -ural, -ure.

archæology*, -ical*;
abbr. archæol.

ARCHANGEL — ARMY

archangel* (one word).
Archbishop, abbr. **Abp.**
Archd., Archdeacon, Archduke.
archetype*, *not* archi-.
archidiaconal*, *not* archide-.
archipelago/*, *pl.* -s*;
 abbr. **arch.**
architect/, -ural, -ure;
 abbr. **arch.**
arcking, *not* arc-.
A.R.C.M., Associate of the Royal College of Music;
A.R.C.O., ditto Organists; **A.R.C.S.**, ditto Science.
Arctic regions (cap. *A*).
Ardleigh, near Colchester.
Ardley, near Bicester.
A.R.E., Associate of the Royal Society of Painter-Etchers.
à reculons (Fr.), backwards.
aren't (typ.), to be close up.
areol/a*, a small area; *pl.* -æ* (not ital.).
Arequipa, S. Amer.
à rez de chaussée (Fr.), on the ground floor.
argel, a shrub, *not* -hel.
argent comptant (Fr. m.), ready money.
argentum, silver, symbol **Ag** (no point).
argot*, slang (not ital.).
argumentum ad/ crumenam, argument to the purse; — — **hoc**, — for this (purpose); — — **hominem**, — to the man's interests; — — **ignorantiam**, — based on the adversary's ignorance; — — **invidiam**, — to men's hatreds or prejudices; — — **rem**, — to the purpose; — — **verecundiam**, appeal to modesty; **argumentum baculinum** (Lat.), argument of the stick, club-law.

Argyle/ (Minnesota); — **Place**, W.C.; — **Road**, E. and N.E.; — **Square**, W.C.; — **Street**, W.C.
Argyll/ and the Isles (Bp. of); — (Duke of); — **Place**, W.; — **Road**, W.; — **Street**, W.
Argyllshire, abbr. **Argyl.**
A.R.H.A., Associate of the Royal Hibernian Academy; **A.R.I.B.A.**, ditto Royal Institute of British Architects.
Arian* (theol.), a follower of Arius.
Ariège, France.
Aristotelean*, *not* -ian.
arithmetic/, -al, -ian;
 abbr. **arith.**
Ariz., Arizona (off. abbr.).
Ark., Arkansas (off. abbr.).
ark of the Covenant* (cap. *C* only).
Arlay, dép. Jura, France.
Arle, Glos.
Arles, dép. Bouches-du-Rhône, France.
arles* (Sc.), an earnest.
Arm., Armenian, Armoric.
armadillo/*, *pl.* -s*.
arm-chair* (hyphen).
Armenian*, of Armenia.
armes blanches (Fr.), side arms—bayonet, sabre, or sword.
armful/*, *pl.* -s.
Arminians, followers of Arminius.
armourer-serjeant, abbr. **armr.-serjt.**
Army (Navy and), in toasts, etc., the Navy being the senior service is placed first.
Army/ Hospital Corps, **A.H.C.**; — **Medical Department**, **A.M.D.**; — — **Staff**, **A.M.S.**; — **Nursing Service**, **A.N.S.**; — **Order**, **A.O.**; — **Ordnance Corps**, **A.O.C.**; — — **Department**, **A.O.D.**; — **Pay**

Department, A.P.D. ;
Army/ Service Corps,
A.S.C. ; — Veterinary
Department, A.V.D.

Arnold-Forster (H. O.),
1855-1909, statesman (hy-
phen).

arnotto, *use* anatta*.

Arola, Piedmont.

Arolla, Switzerland.

Arolo, Lombardy.

aroma/*, *pl.* -s.

Aroostook, Canada.

A.R.P., Associated Re-
formed Presbyterian.

arquebus, *use* har-*.

A.R.R., *anno regni Regis* or
Reginæ (in the year of the
King's or Queen's reign)
(*s.caps.*).

arr., arranged, arrive, -ed,
-es, -als.

arrectis auribus (Lat.),
with ears erect.

arrière]-garde (Fr. f.),
rearguard; — *-pensée*,
a mental reservation,
pl. -s.

arriv/e, -ed, -es, -als;
abbr. arr.

"Arrows of the Chace,"
by Ruskin, *not* Chase.

A.R.S.A., Associate of the
Royal Scottish Academy,
Associate of the Royal
Society of Arts.

arsenic*, symbol As*.

ars est celare artem
(Lat.), the art is to conceal
art.

A.R.S.L., Associate of the
Royal Society of Litera-
ture; A.R.S.M., ditto
School of Mines (*now*
Royal College of Science).

art., article, artificial, ar-
tillery, artist.

"Artemis Prologizes",
by R. Browning.

Arthez, dép. Basses-Py-
rénées.

Arthies, dép. Seine-et-Oise.

arthropod/*, *pl.* -s*, Lat.
pl. -a*.

artichaut (Fr. m.), arti-
choke.

article, abbr. art.

article de fond (Fr. m.),
newspaper leading article.

articles of roup (Sc. law),
conditions of sale.

articles (titles of), when
cited, to be roman double-
quoted.

artificial, abbr. art.

artificialize*, *not* -ise.

artillery, abbr. A., or
art.

artisan*, *not* -zan.

artist*, "one who practises,
or is skilled in any art"
(O.E.D.); abbr. art.

artiste*, "a public per-
former who appeals to the
æsthetic faculties, also one
whomakes a 'fine art' of his
employment" (O.E.D.).
Use artist (*not* ital.).

artist's proof, *see* proofs
of engravings.

A.R.U., American Railway
Union.

Arundel (Earl of).

Arundell of Wardour
(Baron).

Arva, Cavan, *not* Arvagh.

A.R.W.S., Associate of
the Royal Water-Colour
Society.

Aryan*, Indo-European,
not -ian.

A.S., Academy of Science;
assistant-secretary.

A.-S., Anglo-Saxon.

A.S., *anno salutis* (in the
year of salvation) (*s.caps.*).

As., Asia, -n, -tic.

As*, arsenic.

A.S.A., American Statis-
tical Association.

asafoetida*, *not* ass-.

Asbjörnssen (P. C.), 1812-
85, Norwegian writer.

A.S.C., Army Service
Corps; A.Sc., Associate
in Science; A.S.C.E.A.,
American Society of Civil
Engineers and Architects.

ASCENDANCE — ASSEMBLIES

ascendan/ce*, -cy*, -t*,
not -ence, -cy, -t.
Ascension Day (caps.,
two words).
ascititious, *use* adsci-*.
Asclepiad*, not Ask-.
A.S.E., Amalgamated So-
ciety of Engineers.
"as follows:—" (colon,
dash only before new
paragraph).
A.S.G.B., Aeronautical So-
ciety of Great Britain.
Ashanti, W. Afr., not -ee.
Ashby-de-la-Zouch,
Leicester (hyphens).
ashlar* (arch.), not -er.
ashore* (one word).
ash-pit* (hyphen).
Ash-Wednesday (hyp.).
Asia/, -n, -tic, abbr. As.
as in præsenti (Lat.), a
memoria technica of rudi-
ments.
A.S.M.E., American Society
of Mechanical Engineers.
Asnières, Paris suburb;
pron. ān'ēair.
Asola, Lombardy; *pron.*
as'ō-lă.
Asolo, Venetia; *pron.*
as'ō-lō.
A.S.P., Astronomical So-
ciety of the Pacific; Fr.
accepté sous protêt (ac-
cepted under protest).
A.S.P.C.A., American So-
ciety for Prevention of
Cruelty to Animals.
asper*, Gr. breathing (').
asperge (Fr. f.), asparagus.
asperges*, holy - water
sprinkler.
asphalt*, not -e.
aspic*, a poisonousserpent,
the great lavender, a
savoury jelly, a piece of
light ordnance.
A.S.R.S., Amalgamated So-
ciety of Railway Servants.
assafoetida, *use* asa-*.
assagai*, not asse-, hasse-.
assailant, in Fr. m. -*llant*.
assassin*.

assault-at-arms (not of).
Ass.-Com.-Gen., Assist-
ant-Commissary-General.
assegai, *use* assagai*.
Assemblies, National
and Federal:—
America, U.S.A.—Con-
gress (Senate and House
of Representatives).
Australia: each Colony
and the Common-
wealth — Legislative
Council and Legisla-
tive Assembly.
Austria—Reichsrat (Up-
per and Lower House).
Belgium—Senate and
Chamber of Represent-
atives.
Brazil—General Assem-
bly (Senate and Cham-
ber of Deputies).
Bulgaria—Sobranje.
Canada — Parliament
(Senate and House of
Commons).
China—The Grand Cab-
inet, Grand Secretariat,
and the seven Boards.
Denmark — Rigsdag
(Landsting and Folke-
ting).
France—Senate and
Chamber of Deputies.
Germany—Reichstag and
Bundesrat; Landtag
(Prussia and other
States).
Great Britain—Parlia-
ment (House of Lords,
House of Commons).
Greece—House of Re-
presentatives and the
Boule.
Holland—Staats-General
(First Chamber, Second
Chamber)
Hungary — Reichstag
(House of Magnates,
House of Represent-
atives).
Japan—Imperial Diet
(consisting of two
Houses).

Assemblies, National and Federal (*cont.*):—
 Norway—Storthing (Lagthing and Odelsting).
 Portugal—Cortes (House of Peers, House of Deputies).
 Russia—Council of the Empire and Senate.
 Servia—Skuptschina.
 Spain—Cortes (Senate and Chamber of Deputies).
 Sweden—Staatsråd and Riksdag.
 Switzerland—Federal Assembly (Ständerat and Nationalrat).
Assembly (Churches of Scotland) (*cap. A*).
assenter*, in law -or*.
asserter*, one who asserts.
assertor*, an advocate.
assess/able*, -or*.
assez bien (Fr.), fairly well.
assiettes (Fr. cook. pl. f.), plates;—**volantes**, small entrées.
assignor*, “correlative with assignee” (O.E.D.).
Assiniboia, Canada, *not* Assinn-.
assistant, abbr. *asst.*
assist/er*, in law -or*.
assizer*, *not*-ser,-sor,-zor.
assizes* (law), *pl.* form usual.
assoc., ‘associate, -ion;
Assoc.Inst.C.E., Associate of the Institution of Civil Engineers; **Assoc.M.Inst.C.E.**, Associate Member ditto (*offic. abbrs.*); **Assoc.Sc.**, Associate in Science.
asst., assistant.
A.S.S.U., American Sunday School Union.
assuager*, *not* -or.
Assuan, Egypt, *not* the many variations.
assurance*, “the present usage is to differentiate life *assurance*, and fire

and marine *insurance*” (O.E.D.).
assurer*, “he who, or that which, gives assurance” (O.E.D.).
assuror*, “an underwriter” (O.E.D.).
Assyr., Assyrian.
assythment* (Sc. law), action for damages.
a-starboard (hyphen).
asterisk, in this work signifies spelling used in the “Oxford English Dictionary”; in college lists of members, deceased; at end of newspaper advts., paid; in R.C. Church books divides each verse into two parts, and marks the responses; (*typ.*) in signatures, the cancels, cut-offs, or third pages.
Asti, It. red wine.
astonied* (Bib.), bewildered.
astr., astronomy, -er.
Astrabad, Persia.
Astrakhan*, *not* -chan.
astrol., astrology, -er.
Astronomer Royal (*caps.*, no hyphen).
astronomy, abbr. *astr.*;
 — planetary signs:
 Sun, ☉; Moon, new, ●;
 Moon, first quarter, ☾;
 Moon, full, ☽; Moon, last quarter, ☾; Mercury, ☿;
 Venus, ♀; Earth, ⊕;
 Mars, ♂; Jupiter, ♃;
 Saturn, ♄; Uranus, ♅;
 Neptune, ♆; asteroids in order of discovery, ①, ②, ③, etc.; fixed star, ★,
or ✱; conjunction, ☿; opposition, ☿; ascending node, ♊; descending node, ♋.
 — zodiacal signs:
 Aries, ♈; Taurus, ♉;
 Gemini, ♊; Cancer, ♋;

astronomy (*cont.*).

Leo, ♌ ; Virgo, ♍ ;
Libra, ♎ ; Scorpio, ♏ ;
Sagittarius, ♐ ; Capri-
cornus, ♑ ; Aquarius, ♒ ;
Pisces, ♓ .

Asturias, Spain, not to
be preceded by "the."

A.T. (Ger.), *Altes Testa-
ment* (the Old —).

at., atomic.

Atahualpa, the last Inca.
atar, *use* attar*.

Atchin, Sumatra, *use* Ach-
atelier*, studio (not ital.).

Athabasca, Canada; abbr.
Ath.

a'thegither (Scots colloq.).
atheize*, not -ise.

Atheling*, not Aeth-.

Athenæum*.

Athol, Canada, New Zea-
land.

Atholl (Duke of).

Atl., Atlantic.

Atlas* (arch.), *pl.* At-
lantes*.

atonable*, not -eable.

à tort et à travers (Fr.),
at random.

à tout/ prendre (Fr.), on
the whole; — *prix*,
at any price.

atra cura (Lat.), black care.

à travers (Fr.), across.

A.T.S., American Temper-
ance Society, American
Tract Society, Associate
of Theological Study.

ats. (law), at suit of.

attaché*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

attainer*, not -or.

attar* (as of roses), not
atar, otto, ottar.

Att.-Gen., Attorney-Gen-
eral.

Attic salt*, delicate wit
(cap. A).

attitudinize*, not -ise.

attorn* (law), to transfer.

attorney, abbr. atty.

Attorney-General, abbr.

A.-G., or Att.-Gen.

attractor*, not -er.

Atwood's machine (phy-
sics), not Att-.

at. wt., atomic weight.

Au, *aurum* (gold).

A.U.A., American Unit-
arian Association.

*auberge** (Fr. f.), an inn;
*aubergiste** (m. or f.),
inn-keeper.

Aubigné, *dép.* Deux-
Sèvres.

Aubigny, *dép.* Nord.

A.U.C., *anno urbis conditæ* (in
[the year from] the build-
ing of the city [Rome] in
754 B.C.) (s.caps.).

Auchnashellach, Ross-
shire, *use* Ach-.

au/ contraire (Fr.), on the
contrary; — *courant de*,
fully acquainted with; —
désespoir, in despair.

audi alteram partem
(Lat.), hear the other
side!

Auditor-General, abbr.
Aud.-Gen.

*au fait** (Fr.), thoroughly
conversant with.

Auflage/ (Ger. f.), an unal-
tered edition; *pl.* -n (cap.).

au fond (Fr.), at the bot-
tom.

Aug., August.

aug., augmentative.

Augean* (cap.).

aught*, anything (*see also*
nau-).

au/ grand sérieux (Fr.), in
all seriousness; — *gra-
tin*, with grated bread or
cheese.

August, abbr. Aug.

Auld lang syne.

Auld Reekie*, Old Smoky,
that is Edinburgh.

"Auld Robin Gray"
(Sc. ballad, 1772).

Aumale (duc d').

au/ mieux (Fr.), very in-
timate; — *naturel*, in
its natural state.

auntie*, not -y.

au/pied de la lettre (Fr.), literally; — **pis aller**, should the worst come to the worst.

au prix coûtant (Fr.), at prime cost.

aurea mediocritas (Lat.), the golden mean.

aureole*, a saint's "glory."

au reste (Fr.), besides.

au revoir (Fr.), till I see you again (not ital.).

auri sacra fames (Lat.), accursed thirst for gold.

auror/a austral/is*, *pl.*-æ-es; — **boreal/is***, *pl.*-æ-es.

aurum*, gold, symbol **Au**.

Aus., Austria, -n.

au sérieux (Fr.), seriously.

Ausgabe (Ger. f.), revised edition; abbr. **Ausg.** (cap.).

Ausgleich, ten-year treaty between Aus. and Hun.

Ausrufungszeichen (Ger. typ.n.), exclamation mark

Austen (Jane), 1775-1817, author of "Pride and Prejudice," etc.

Austin (Alfred), 1835-, Poet Laureate, 1896-.

Australia, -ian, -asia, -asian; abbr. **Austral**. (see also **Assemblies**).

Austria, abbr. **Aus**.

Austria - Hungary, *not* Austro- —; in Ger. **Österreich-Ungarn**.

Auteuil, Paris suburb.

auth., authentic, author, -ess, -ity, -ized.

authorities at the end of quotations, or notes:—

(1) Name of author in roman lower-case.

(2) Name of book in roman lower-cased double-quoted; and if one of a series, the series should be double-quoted.

Act and scene iii. 4.

Act, scene, and line

iv. 3. 45.

Book iii.

authorities, etc. (*cont.*).

Book and line iii. 25.

Book, chapter, section, and paragraph

I, II. § 3, ¶ 4.

Canto xv.

Chapter xiv.

Chapter and verse, II. 34.

Chapter, section, and paragraph, VII. § 3, ¶ 4.

Line l. 384.

Number and page, II, 34.

Page p. 213.

Paragraph ¶ 68.

Part and chapter ii. 3.

Part, book, and chapter

II, iv. 12.

Part, canto, and stanza

II, iv. 12.

Section § 5.

Stanza st. 18.

Volume and chapter, IV, vi.

Volume and page, III, 32.

Volume, part, section, and paragraph I, i. § 2, ¶ 6.

authorize*, *not* -ise.

Authorized Version* (of Bible) (caps.); abbr. **A.V.**

autochthon/*, a son of the soil; *pl.* -s*.

auto-da-fé* (Port.), *pl.*

autos-da-fé*; (Sp.) — **de** —*.

automat/on*, *pl.* -a*.

automobil/e, -ist.

autonomize*, *not* -ise.

autonym*, a book published under author's real name.

autore (It.), author; abbr.

aut.

autres temps, autres

mœurs (Fr.), other times, other manners.

autumn (not cap.).

aux abois (Fr.), to extremities, at bay.

auxiliary, abbr. **auxil**.

Auxiliary Forces (caps.).

A.V., Artillery Volunteers, Authorized Version (of Bible).

a.v., *annos vixit* (he, or she, lived so many years).

av., average.

AVA — AZYME

ava, Hawaiian intoxicant,
use kava *.

avant/-courier *, in Fr. m.
-**courrier** or -**cour|eur**,
fem. -euse, a forerunner;
— -**garde** *, (f.) the ad-
vanced guard; — -**propos**
(m.), preface, *pl.* same
(hyphens).

av. C. (It.), *avanti Cristo*
(B.C.).

A.V.D., Army Veterinary
Department.

avdp., avoirdupois.

Ave Maria *, **Ave Mary** *
(Hail, Mary!); abbr. **A.M.**

aventurine *, *not* -in, *avan-*
turine.

Avenue, abbr. **Ave**.

average, abbr. **av**.

averse to *, *not from*.

avertible *, *not* -able.

avertissement (Fr. m.),
notice, warning.

avid *, greedy.

Avignon, *dép.* Vaucluse.

a vinculo matrimonii
(Lat.), full divorce.

avizandum * (Sc. law), for
consideration, *not* *avis-*.

avocet *, a bird, *not* -set.

avoirdupois *, abbr. **avdp.**
à/volonté (Fr.), at pleasure;
— **votre santé!** here's
to your health!

avril (Fr. m.), April (not
cap.).

avvocato del diavolo
(It.), devil's advocate.

aweel * (Scots colloq.).

aweing *, *not* *awi-*.

awesome *, *not* *aws-*.

ax., axiom.

axe, *usual*, but **ax** *.

axe (Fr. m.), axis.

ay/ *, always; *pron. a.*

ayah *, nurse.

aye *, yes; *pron. i, pl. ayes.*

Aylesbury, Bucks (*see*
also Ail-).

A.Y.M., Ancient York
Mason.

Ayr, Scotland.

Ayre (Point of), Isle of
Man.

az., azure.

Azof (Sea of), *not* -off,
-ov.

Azrael (Moham.), the angel
of death.

azyme *, Jewish Passover
cake.

B

B., Bachelor, Baron, Basso, Bay, the second in a series, all proper names with this initial.

B (chem.), boron, (chess) bishop.

b., base, born, brother, (cricket) bowled *also* byes, (naut.) blue sky.

b (compass), by.

B.A., Bachelor of Arts, British Academy, — America, — Association.

Ba (chem.), barium.

Bab. (bot.), Babington.

Babcock & Wilcox, engineers.

Babington (C. C.), 1808-95, botanist; abbr. Bab.

babiroussa*, a wild hog, *not* baby-, -russa.

baboo*, Indian title, *not* babu.

baboon*, *fem.* babuina*.

baccara*, a card game, *not* -ah, -at.

Bach, the musical family, *not* Bache.

Bacharach*, a Rhinewine.

Bachelier *ès/ lettres* (Fr.), Bachelor of Letters, abbr. *B. ès L.*; — — *sciences*, ditto Science, *B. ès S.* (no hyphens).

Bachelor (Irving), 1859-, Amer. writer.

Bachelor/, abbr. B.*; — of Agriculture, B.Agr.; — Architecture, B.Arch.; — Arts, B.A.; — Civil Engineering, B.C.E.; — Civil Law, B.C.L.; — Divinity, B.D.; — Engineering, B.E., *or* B.Eng.; — Law, B.L.; — Laws, B.LL.; — Letters, B.Litt., *or* Litt.B., in Fr. *B. ès L.*; — Medi-

cine, B.M., *or* M.B. (Cambridge, T.C.D.); Bachelor of Mining Engineering, B.M.E.; — Music, B.Mus., *or* Mus. Bac.; — Science, B.Sc., in Fr. *B. ès S.*; — Surgery, B.C., B.Ch., *or* B.S.; — Theology, B.Th.

bacill/us*, *pl.* -i* (not ital.).

back (typ.), *see* margins.

Backhuysen (Ludolf), 1631-1708, Dutch painter.

back pages (typ.), those on the left side of an open book.

backwoodsman* (one word).

Bacon (Sir Francis) (often incorrectly Lord), 1561-1626, Baron Verulam and Viscount St. Albans.

baeshish, *use* bak-sheesh*.

bade*, past tense of bid, *not* bad.

Baedeker (Karl), guide-book publisher.

Baffin Bay, N.E. America, *not* -ns, -n's.

bag/, -s, abbr. bg., bgs.

bag cap, brown paper 24 x 19½ in.

Bagdad, *not* Bagh-.

baggage, in Fr. *m. bagage*.

Bagnères/ de Bigorre, *dép.* Hautes-Pyrénées; — de Luchon, *dép.* Haute-Garonne.

Bagnoles, *dép.* Orne.

Bagnols, *dép.* Gard.

bagpip/e* (*not* -s), -er* (one word).

B.Agr. (U.S.A.), Bachelor of Agriculture.

Baiæ, Naples.

bailer* (naut.), one who bails water out; (cricket)

a ball which rises to the bails (*see also* bailor).
 bailie* (Scot.), an alderman; bailiery*, jurisdiction of a bailie, *not* -iary.
 Baillie (Joanna), 1762-1851, Sc. poetess.
 Bailliére, Tindall, & Cox, publishers, London.
 bailor* (law), one who delivers goods (*see also* bailer).
 "Baily's Magazine."
 bain-marie*, a double saucepan; *pl.* bains- —.
 Baireuth, Bav., *use* Bay-.
 Bairut, Syria, *use* Beirut.
 baksheesh* (Arab., Turk.), a gratuity, *not* the many variations.
 bal., balance.
 Balaclava, *not* -klava.
 balanceable*, *not* -cable.
 balas*, a ruby, *not* -ais, ballas.
 Balbriggan, Co. Dublin, also knitted cotton goods.
 bale/, -s, abbr. bl., bls.
 Baliol, an Anglo-Norman family, *not* the Oxford College Balliol.
 balk*, *not* baulk.
 Balkan Mts., Transcaucasia, *not* -han.
 Bal/laarat, Victoria, *use* -laarat.
 ballade*, medieval French poem, also its imitation.
 Ballantine (James), 1808-77, artist and poet; — (William), 1812-86, serjeant-at-law.
 Ballantyne (James), 1772-1833; and — (John), 1774-1821, Sir W. Scott's printers and publishers; — Press, founded 1796, named after Sir W. Scott's printers; — (R. M.), 1825-94, writer for boys.
 Ballarat, Victoria, *not* -aarat.
 ballet*; *ballet/ d'action* (Fr. m.), ballet combining action and dancing; —

divertissement, ballet entertainment.
 Balliol College, Oxford (*see also* Bali-).
 ballon d'essai (Fr. m.), a "feeler" of any kind.
 ballot/*, -ed*, -ing*.
 ballot (Fr. m.), a small bale.
 ball-room* (hyphen).
 Ballsbridge, Dublin (one word).
 bal paré (Fr. m.), fancy-dress ball.
 Baltimore, abbr. Balt.
 Baluchi, a native of Baluchistan, *not* Be-, Bi-.
 Balzac (Honoré de), 1799-1850, Fr. writer; — (J. L. G.), 1597-1654, Fr. writer.
 ban*, governor of Croatia and Slavonia.
 ban/al (Fr.), *pl.* -aux, *fem.* -ale, *pl.* -ales, commonplace.
 banalité (Fr. f.), a commonplace.
 Banco Regis (Lat.), on the King's Bench.
 Bancus/ Communium Placitorum (Lat.), Court of Common Pleas; — *Reginæ*, Queen's Bench; — *Superior*, King's Bench, abbr. *Banc. Sup.*
 Band (Ger. m.), a volume, *pl.* Bände; abbr. Bd., *pl.* Bde.
 bandanna*, a handkerchief, *not* -ana.
 bandbox* (one word), *not* banbox.
 Banddeckel (Ger. m.), a book cover; *lose* —, loose covers.
 B. & F. B. S., British and Foreign Bible Society.
 bandit/*, *pl.* -s*.
 bandoleer*, a belt for cart-ridges, *not* -alier, -elier, -ilier.
 bang, Indian hemp, *use* bh-*.
 Bangalore, India.
 Bangkok, *not* Bankok.

banian/, — -tree, *use* ban-
yan*.
banjo/*, *pl.* -s.
bank, abbr. bk.
banking, abbr. bkg.
bank-note* (hyphen).
banneret* (law), a knight
made on the field of battle.
bannerette*, a small ban-
ner.
bannimus* (law), expul-
sion from a university.
banns*, *not* bans.
banquet/*, -ed*, -ing*.
banquette* (Fr. f.), front
seat of a diligence.
banyan* (bot.), *not* -ian,
banyan-tree.
bap., baptized.
Baptist, abbr. Bapt.
baptistery*, *not* -try.
baptize*, *not* -ise.
Bar, called to the (cap.).
bar., barley-corn, baro-
meter.
Bariatynsky (J.A.), 1631-
1708, Russian poet.
Barbados, *not* -oes, abbr.
Barb.
barbarize*, *not* -ise.
Barbary, W. Africa.
barberry*, *not* ber-
barbette*, gun platform.
barb/u (Fr.), *fem.* -ue,
bearded.
barbue (Fr. f.), brill, also dab.
barcarole*, boatman's
song, *not* -lle.
B.Arch. (U.S.A.), Bachelor
of Architecture.
Bareilly, India, *not* -eli.
bargain/er*, a haggler;
-or* (law), the seller.
Baring-Gould (Rev. S.),
1834-, writer (hyphen).
baritone* (mus.), *not*
bary-.
barium*, symbol Ba.
bark (naut.), *use* barque.
bark/entine, *use* barqu-*.
Barkston, Yorks.
Barkstone, Lincs.
barley-corn* (hyphen);
abbr. bar.

Barmecide*, one who
offers imaginary things,
not -acide.
Barmston, Durham.
Barnaby-bright*, St.
Barnabas' Day, 11 June.
baro/graph*, a recording
barometer; -gram*, the
record; -logy*, science
of weight; -meter*,
abbr. bar.; -motor,
motor worked by hand or
foot.
Baron, cap. with English
name; l.c. foreign; abbr. B.
baron (Fr.), *fem.* -ne.
baron and feme (law),
husband and wife.
Baronet, abbr. Bart.
barouche*, four-wheeled
carriage, *not* baru-.
barque (U.S.A. bark),
full-rigged ship, but with
fore-and-aft mizen; abbr.
bque.
barquentine*, three-mast-
ed vessel with foremast
only square-rigged, *not*
-antine, barke-.
barr., barrister.
barrad*, the Irish conical
cap.
barrage*, a dam.
barrator*, one who incites
to litigation, *not* -ater,
-etor.
barrel/, -s, abbr. bl., bls.
barrel/led*, -ling*.
barrico/*, a small cask; *pl.*
-es.
Barrie (J. M.), 1860-,
writer.
barrister, abbr. barr.
Barrow-in-Furness (hy-
phens).
Bart., Baronet.
Barthélemy - Saint-Hil-
aire (Jules), 1805-95,
statesman, Orientalist.
Bartholomew Day, 24
August (caps., two words,
not St.).
Bartolommeo (Fra),
1475-1517, It. painter.

BARTOLOZZI — BAYLIS

Bartolozzi (Francesco), 1727-1813, engraver.
Baruch (Apocr.), no abbr.
bar/uche, *use* -ouche*.
barytone, *use* bari*.
basan*, bark-tanned sheep-skin, *not* baz-.
bas bleu* (Fr. m.), a "blue-stockings."
base, abbr. b.
base-ball*, U.S. national game (hyphen unusual in America).
bashaw, *use* pasha*.
Bashkirtseff (Marie C.), 1860-84, diarist.
basil*, sheepskin, *not* baz-.
basin*, a circular vessel, *not* -on.
bas/is*, *pl.* -es*.
basket/, -s, abbr. bkt., -s.
Basle, Switz.; in Fr. Bâle; in Ger. Basel.
bas-relief*, *not* bass-.
bass*, a fish, *not* -e.
bassinet*, a cradle, *not* -ette, berceauette.
basso/* (mus.), abbr. B.; — *profondo* (It. mus.), lowest male voice; — *-rillio-v/o**, *not* re-, *pl.* — *-os**.
bastard eigne (law), a natural son.
bastard/fount (typ.), type with the face differing from that proper to the size of the type body; — *title* (typ.), the fly or half-title before the full title of a work. It should be 1-2½ picas above the centre of the page.
bastardize*, *not* -ise.
Bastien-Lepage (Jules), 1848-84, painter (hyphen).
Bastille (Fr. f.), Paris prison.
bastille*, a fortified tower, *not* -ile.
bastinado*, *not* basto-.
bataille rangée (Fr. f.), a pitched battle.
bateau/* (Fr. m.), a light boat, *not* batt-; *pl.* -x*.

Bath: & **Well**: sig. of Bp. of Bath and Wells (two colons).
Bath/brick*, — **bun***, — **chair***, — **chap*** (*not* chop), — **note**, folded writing paper 8 x 7 inches, — **stone*** (cap. B).
bath/sponge*, — **towel*** (*not* cap.).
bathybius*, an inorganic precipitate.
baton*, music conductor's stick; in Fr. m. *bâton*.
battalion*, abbr. batt.; in Fr. m. *bataillon*.
battels*, provisions, etc., at Oxford University.
Battenberg (Princess H. of), *not* -burg.
batterie de cuisine (Fr. f.), a set of cooking utensils.
battery, abbr. batt.
Batthyáni, noble Hungarian family.
battle*, in Fr. f. *bataille*.
battledore*, *not* -door.
battle-field* (hyphen).
battleship (one word).
battre/la campagne (Fr.), to beat about the bush; — *le pavé*, to loaf about.
battue*, shooting (*not* ital.).
Batum, Russia, *not* -oum.
baulk, *use* balk*.
Baur (F. C.), 1792-1860, theologian.
Bavaria/, -n, abbr. Bav.; in Ger. Bayern.
bawbee* (Sc.), halfpenny, *not* bau-.
Bay, when with name cap.; abbr. B.
bayadère*, Hindu dancing girl.
Bayard (Pierre de Ter-rail, Chevalier de), 1475-1524, "The Knight without fear and without reproach."
Bayeux tapestry.
Baylis (T. H.), 1817-, writer.

Bayliss (Sir Wyke), 1835-, painter.
 bayonet/*, -ed*, -ing*.
 Bayreuth, Bavaria, *not* Bai- (*see also* Beirut).
 bazaar*, in Fr. m. *bazar*.
 bazan, *use* bas-*.
 bazil, sheepskin, *use* bas-*.
 B.B.C., Base-ball Club.
 B.C., Bachelor of Surgery, Bad Character, Board of Control, British Columbia; B.C., before Christ (s.caps.), year to precede, as 41 B.C.: the reverse of A.D., as A.D. 1900; B.Ch., Bachelor of Surgery; B.C.E., ditto of Civil Engineering; B.C.L., ditto of Civil Law; B.C.S., Bengal Civil Service.
 B.D., Bachelor of Divinity; Bd., Ger. *Band* (a volume); bd., board, bond, bound; Bde. (Ger.), *Bände* (volumes); bdl., bdls., 'bundle, -s; bds., (bound in) boards.
 B.E., Bachelor of Engineering; Be (chem.), beryllium; b.e., bill of exchange.
 Beach (Sir Michael Hicks) (now Viscount St. Aldwyn), 1837-, statesman (hyphen not used by him).
 bear* (Stock Exchange), speculator for a fall.
 bearskin*, military cap (one word).
 beastings, *use* bee-*.
 beasts of the chase (law), buck, doe, fox, marten, roe; ditto forest (law), boar, hare, hart, hind, wolf; ditto warren (law), cony and hare; ditto of venery (law) are "beasts of the forest."
beatæ memoriæ (Lat.), of blessed memory; abbr. B.M.

Beata| Maria, or — Virgo (Lat.), the Blessed Virgin; abbr. B.M., or B.V.
beau-fils (Fr. m.), son-in-law; without hyphen, beautiful son.
 beau-ideal*, model of excellence (hyphen, no accent, not ital.).
 beauidealize*, *not* -ise (one word).
 Beaujolais, a Burgundy wine.
 beau-monde*, the fashionable world.
 Beaune, a Burgundy wine.
beau| rôle (Fr. m.), a fine part; — *sabreur*, dashing cavalryman.
 beauseant, Knights Templars' standard (not cap.).
beaux| esprits (Fr. pl. m.), wits, *sing.* *bel esprit*; — *yeux*, good looks.
 becafico, *use* becc-*.
bécarre (Fr. mus. m.), the natural sign ♮.
bécasse (Fr. f.), a woodcock.
bécassine (Fr. f.), a snipe.
 becafico/*, *pl.* -es, bird, *not* beca-.
béchamel (Fr. f.), a white sauce.
*bêche-de-mer**, the trepang—*Holothuria edulis*.
 Bechstein (F. W. K.), pianoforte maker; — (J. M.), 1757-1822, nat.
 Bechuanaland, *pron.* bek- (one word).
 Becket (à), *see* à Becket.
 Beckett, family name of Baron Grimthorpe.
 Becquerel (A. E.), 1820-91, Fr. physicist.
 bedaw/een, -i, -in, *use* bedouin*.
 Beddgelert, Carnarvon.
 bedel*, Oxford official form of beadle; at Cambridge bedell*.

BEDFORDSHIRE — BENEDICT

Bedfordshire, abbr. Beds (no point).
 bedouin/*, a desert Arab, *not* the many variations; *pl.* -s.
 bed/owy, *use* -ouin*.
 bedroom* (one word).
 Beds, Bedfordshire.
 bed/uin, *use* -ouin*.
 beer firkin, abbr. b.f.
 beerhouse (law), where beer is sold to be drunk *on* or *off* the premises.
 beershop (law), where beer is sold to be drunk *off* the premises.
 Bees (St.), theological college (no apos.).
 Beesly (Prof. E. Spencer), 1831-, writer.
 beestings*, first milk from a mammal, *not* bea-, bie-.
 Beethoven (Ludwig van, *not* von), 1770-1827, composer, divide Beethoven; *pron.* bāt'ō-fn.
 beetling* (Sc.), beating of clothes with a beetle.
 befall*, *not* -al.
 Beghard*, a mendicant brother; *fem.* Beguine*.
 Beglerbeg*, high Ottoman governor.
 Beguine/*, a mendicant sister, *not* -uin; *pl.* -s.
 behemoth*, Biblical animal.
 behoof* (noun), benefit.
 behove* (verb), to be necessary for, *not* -oove.
 Behring Isle, Sea, and Strait, *use* Bering —.
 beigeunden (Ger.), bound in (with something else); abbr. *beigeb.*
 beignet (Fr. m.), a fritter.
 Beilage (Ger. typ. f.), addition, supplement (cap.).
 Beirut, Syria, *not* Ba-, Beyrout (*see also* Bayreuth).
 bekko-ware, Chinese pottery (hyphen).
 bel air (Fr. m.), good deportment.

Belalp, Switz. (one word).
 Bel and the Dragon (Apocr.), no abbr.
 beldam*, a hag, *not* -e.
 bel/ esprit (Fr. m.), a brilliant wit, *pl.* beaux esprits; — étage, the first floor, *not* belle —.
 Belgique (Fr. f.), Belgium; *belge*, Belgian (not cap.).
 Belgium, -ian, -ic, abbr. Belg. (*see also* Assemblies).
 believable*, *not* -eable.
 belladonna* (bot.), deadly nightshade (one word).
 belle* (not ital.).
 belle/ amie (Fr. f.), female friend; — assemblée*, fashionable gathering; — -de-nuit (bot.), marvel of Peru; — -fille, daughter-in-law; without hyphen, beautiful girl.
 Belle Isle, Newfoundland.
 Belleisle, Fermanagh.
 Belle-Isle-en-Mer, dép. Morbihan (hyphens).
 belle/-mère (Fr. f.), mother-in-law, stepmother; without hyphen, beautiful mother; — mort, natural death; — passion*, the tender passion.
 belles-lettres*, literature, is *plural* (hyphen).
 Bel/oochee, -uchi, *use* Baluchi.
 belvedere* (It.), a raised building, *not* belvi-; *pron.* bel-ve-deer' (not ital.).
 Ben Bui, near Inveraray.
 Ben Buie, Sound of Mull.
 bene decessit (Lat.), he died naturally.
 Benedic (liturg.), canticle from Psalm ciii.
 Benedicite*, the "Song of the Three Children."
 benedicite! * bless you!
 Benedick, in "Much Ado about Nothing."
 Benedict*, a newly-married man.

Benedict Biscop, 628-90,
Anglo-Saxon Churchman.
Benedictus*, the fifth
movement of the Mass.
bene/esse (Lat.), well-
being; — *exeat*, certifi-
cate of good character.
benefactor*, *not* -er.
bénéficiaire (Fr. m.), the
recipient of a benefit.
benefici/um, an ecclesias-
tical living; *pl.* -a.
benefit/*, -ed*, -ing*.
bene/merenti (Lat.), to
the well-deserving; —
meritus, having well
deserved, *pl.* — *meriti*.
benet*, R.C. Order (*see also*
bennet).
bene vale (Lat.), farewell,
abbr. *b.v.*; — *vobis*!
prosperity to you!
ben ficcato (It.), well
established.
B.Eng., Bachelor of Eng-
ineering.
Bengali/*, native, also of,
Bengal, *not* -ee, *pl.* -s;
abbr. Beng.
Benjamin, abbr. B., or
Benj.
Ben/ Lawers, Perth; —
Macdhui, Aberdeen.
Bennet, fam. name of Earl
of Tankerville.
bennet*, a grass (*see also*
benet).
Ben Rhydding, Yorks.
benthall*, ocean depths
exceeding 6000 feet.
Bentham (G.), 1800-84,
bot.; abbr. Benth.
ben trovato (It.), well
invented.
Ben/Venue, — Vrackie,
Perth (two words).
ben venuto (It.), welcome.
Benvoirlich, Perth (one
word).
benzene*, *not* -ine.
benzol*, *not* -e.
benzoline*.
"Beowulf," Anglo-Saxon
epic.

bequeather*, a testator.
berberry, *use* bar-*.
berceau (Fr. m.), cradle.
berceaunette, *use* bassi-
net*.
berceuse, a cradle song.
bereavement*, *not* -vment.
Berg/ (Ger. m.), a mountain;
pl. -e (cap.).
Bergamask*, native of
Bergamo, Lombardy.
bergamot*, *not* bur-.
Bergerac, a town, also
wine made there; —
(Savinien Cyrano de),
1620-55.
beriberi*, tropical disease,
not -ria (one word).
Bering Isle, Sea, and
Strait, *not* Beh-, -ings.
Berk. (bot.), Berkeley.
Berks, Berkshire.
Bernard (Claude), 1813-
78, physiologist.
Berne, Swiss canton and
town; in Ger. Bern.
Berners (Dame Juliana),
wrote "Boke of St.
Albans," first ed. 1486.
Bernhardt (Rosine, *called*
"Sarah"), 1844-, actress.
Bernoulli, family of math.,
not -illi.
bernouse, *use* *burnous**,
Arab cloak.
bersagliere (It.), a rifle-
man; *pl.* -i.
berth* (naut.), *not* bi-.
Berthelot (P. E. M.),
1827-1907, Fr. chemist;
pron. bert'lo.
Berthollet (count C. L.),
1748-1822, Fr. chemist.
beryllium*, symbol Be.
Berzelius (J. J., baron),
1779-1848, chemist.
B. ès A., now *B. ès L.*
Besançon, dép. Doubs.
bes-antler, *use* bez-
antler*.
B. ès L. (Fr.), *Bachelier*
ès lettres (Bachelor of
Letters); *B. ès S.*, ditto
sciences (no hyphens).

beso/ las manos (Sp.), "I kiss the hands" (frequently said or written); — **los pies**, "I kiss the feet."

Bessbrook, Co. Armagh.

Besses o' th' Barn, town near Manchester.

bestialize*, *not* -ise.

bestrew*, *not* -ow.

Bestuur*, government in Dutch-speaking S. Africa.

bête (Fr.), stupid.

Betelgeux (astr.), red star in Orion, *not* -euse.

bête noire (Fr. f.), an object of aversion, *not* — noir.

bêtise (Fr. f.), stupidity.

betony* (bot.), *not* bett-.

better*, one who bets, *not* -or.

Bettws-y-Coed, Carnarvon (hyphens).

bevel*, -led*, -ling*.

Beverley, Yorks.

Beverly, Mass., U.S.A.

bevy*, proper word for a company of ladies, larks, maidens, quails, or roes.

bewet*, leather attaching bell to hawk, *not* -it.

Bexleyheath, Kent (one word, "P.O. Guide").

bey* (Turk.), a governor.

beylic*, jurisdiction of a bey, *not* -ik.

Beyrout, *use* Beirut.

bezant*, gold coin, *not* by-.

bez-antler*, of deer's horn, *not* bes-, bis- (hyphen).

bezel*, a slope, *not* -il, basil.

b.f., beer firkin.

bg., **bgs.**, bag, -s.

B'ham., Birmingham.

bhang*, Ind. hemp, *not* ba-.

bheesty*, Indian water-carrier, *not* -ie.

b.h.p., brake horse-power.

B.I., British India.

Bi* (chem.), bismuth.

biannual*, half-yearly, *but* biennial*, two-yearly.

bias*, -ed*, -ing*.

Bib. Bible, -ical.

bibl., *bibliotheca* (library).

Bible, abbr. **Bib.** (cap.). (*See also* authorities, quotations.)

Bible - Text

a size of type as above, four and a half lines to the inch (hyphen).

"Biblia Pauperum" (caps.).

Biblical (cap.), abbr. **Bib.**

bibliograaf (Dutch), bibliographer, Ger. m. **Bibliograph**, Fr. m. **bibliographe**.

bibliograph/er, -ic, -ical, -y; abbr. **bibliog**.

bibliopeggy*, bookbinding.

biblio/theca* (Lat.), a library; -**thécaire** (Fr. m.), a librarian; -**thèque*** (Fr. f.), a library.

Bibliothek/ (Ger. f.), a library; -**ar** (m.), a librarian (caps.).

Bicêtre, asylum near Paris.

Bickleigh, Devon.

Bickley, Cheshire, Kent.

bidder*, one who bids.

bider*, one who bides or remains.

bidet*, bath, *not* -ette.

blen aim/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, well-beloved; **bien/chauss/é**, *fem.* -ée, neatly-booted; — **entendu**, of course; — **gant/é**, *fem.* -ée, well-gloved.

biennial*, two-yearly, (bot.) ☉, *but* biannual*, half-yearly.

biennium, a two-year period.

bienséance (Fr. f.), propriety.

bière (Fr. f.), beer, bier.

biestings, *use* bee-*

biffé (Fr.), cancelled.

bigarreau*, white-heart cherry, *not* -aroon.

Bigelow (E. B.), 1814-79, machinist; — (Jacob), 1787-1879, botanist; —

- (John), 1817-, writer;
Bigelow (Mr. and Mrs.
Poultney), Amer.
writers.
- “Biglow Papers (The),”
1848, '68, by J. R. Lowell.
- bigot/*, -ed*.
- bijou/*, a “gem”; *pl.* -x*.
- bilberry*, *not* bill-.
- bilbo/*, a fetter; *pl.* -es*.
- Bilborough, Notts.
- Bilbrough, Yorks.
- Bilderdijk (Willem),
1756-1831, Dutch poet,
philologist.
- Bill (parliamentary) (cap.).
- billa vera* (law), a true bill.
- billet/*, -ed*, -ing*.
- billet-doux** (Fr. m.), a
love letter; *pl.* *billets* —
(hyphens).
- billiards, in Fr. m. *billard*.
- billion* (Eng., Ger.), a mil-
lion millions; (Fr., U.S.A.),
a thousand millions.
- bill of exchange, abbr.
b.e.; — — lading, abbr.
B/L. (printed six to a
sheet on folio post); — —
sale, abbr. b.s.
- Bilston, Staffs.
- Bilstone, Leicester.
- biltong*, sun-dried meat.
- Biluchi, *use* Bal-.
- bimeridian*, recurring at
midday and midnight.
- bimetallic/*, -ism*, -ist*.
- bimillenary*, a period of
2000 years.
- bindery*, a bookbinder's
establishment.
- Bindestrich* (Ger. typ. m.),
the hyphen.
- binding, *see* various head-
ings.
- binnacle* (naut.), a com-
pass-stand.
- binocle*, a field-glass.
- binocular*, a field-glass.
- Binstead, I. of Wight.
- Binsted, Alton, Hants.
- biograph/er, -ic, -ical, -y;
abbr. biog.
- biolog/y, -ical; abbr. biol.
- Bipont/*, -ine*, books
printed at Bipontium
(Zweibrücken), Bavaria.
- bird-cage* (hyphen).
- bird's-eye view*.
- Birmingham, abbr.
B'ham.
- Birnam, Perth, immortal-
ized in “Macbeth.”
- Birstal, Yorks.
- Birstall, Leicester.
- birth (naut.), *use* be-*
- birthplace, abbr. bpl.
- bis** (Fr., It., Lat.), twice.
- bis., bissextile.
- bisantler, *use* bez-*
- Biscayan, abbr. Bisc.
- Bischof (K. G.), 1792-
1870, chem., geol.
- Bischoff (T. L. W.), 1807-
82, anatomist.
- bis dat qui cito dat* (Lat.),
he gives twice who gives
quickly.
- Bishop, abbr. Bp.; (chess)
B.
- Bishop *in partibus infi-
delium*, R.C. Bishop in
diocese of unbelievers.
- bishop's length* (paint-
ing), canvas 58 x 94 in.,
half ditto 45 x 56 in.
- Bishop's Stortford, Herts
(apos.).
- Bishopsteignton, Devon
(one word).
- Bishopston, Glos, War-
wick, Wilts, Glam.
- Bishopstone, Berks,
Hereford, Sussex, Wilts.
- Bishop's Waltham,
Hants (apos.).
- Bishopthorpe, residence
of Abp. of York (one word).
- bisk*, a rich soup (not ital.)
(*see also* bisque).
- Bismarck (O. E. L.,
Fürst von), 1815-98, *not*
-ärk.
- bismillah* (Arab.), “in
the name of God,” *not* biz-.
- bismuth*, symbol Bi*.
- bisque* (tennis) (not ital.)
(*see also* bisk).

BISSEXTILE — BLOTTESQUE

bissextile, abbr. bis.
 bistre*, pigment, *not*
 -er.
 bit* (U.S.A.), 12½ cents.
 bitt/* (naut.), *pl.* -s.
 bitter end (naut.), the
 end of a rope loose after
 belaying.
 bitumin/ize*, -ous*.
 bivouac/*, -ked*, -king*.
 bizarre* (not ital.).
 Bizet (Georges), 1838-75,
 French composer.
 Björnson (Björn-
 stjerne), 1832-1910,
 Norwegian writer.
 bk., bank, book; bkg.,
 banking; bkt., bkts.,
 basket, -s.
 B.L., Bachelor of Law,
 breech-loader, -ing; B/L,
 bill of lading; bl., bls.,
 bale, -s, barrel, -s.
 blabber*, to chatter, not
 blo-.
 Blackburne (J. H.),
 1842-, chess player.
 Black Friars, Leics.
 Blackfriars, London.
 Black Friday, 11 May,
 1866.
 black game*, *male* black-
 cock*, *fem.* grey-hen*.
 black-letter* (typ.), a fancy
 type, as this.
 Blackmoor, Hants.
 Blackmore, Essex; —
 (R.D.), 1825-1900, writer.
 Blackrock, Brecon, Cork,
 Co. Dublin, Louth.
 Black Rod*, abbr. for
 "Gentleman Usher of the
 Black Rod."
 blacks* (typ.), when spaces
 print.
 blaeberry, Sc. for bil-*.
 Blaenau Festiniog, *not*
 Blainiau or Ffe-.
 blague/* (Fr. f.), humbug;
 -ur (m.), hoaxer.
 Blairadam, Kinross (one
 word).
 Blair-Atholl, Perth
 (caps., hyphen).

Blairgowrie, Perth (one
 word).
 Blairs College, Aber-
 deen (no apostrophe).
 blameable*, *not* -mable.
 blanchailles (Fr. f. pl.),
 whitebait.
 blanchâtre (Fr.), whitish.
 blanchisseuse (Fr. f.),
 laundress.
 blancmange* (cook.) (one
 word, not ital.).
 blanket/*, -ed*, -ing*.
 Blantyre Works, Mid-
 Lanark, a village (two
 words, caps.).
 blasé*, surfeited with en-
 joyment (not ital.).
 blatant*, *not* blatt-.
 Blatherwick, Northants,
not -wyck.
 Blaze de Bury (Ma-
 dame), 1813-88, writer.
 bldg., bldgs., building, -s.
 B.L.E., Brotherhood of
 Locomotive Engineers.
 bleed (bookbinding), to
 overcut the margins and
 mutilate the printing.
 bleuâtre (Fr.), bluish.
 bleu foncé (Fr. m.), dark-
 blue.
 blind/-blocking*, or —
 -tooling* (bookbinding),
 impression by hot tools
 only.
 blind ¶, paragraph mark.
 B.Litt., *Baccalaureus Liter-*
arum (Bachelor of Let-
 ters, Oxford).
 blizzard*, a storm, *not*
 bliss-.
 blk. (typ.), black, block, -s.
 B.L.L., Bachelor of Laws.
 blobber, *use* blabber*.
 Block (Maurice), 1816-,
 French economist.
 blond*, fair-complexioned;
fem. blonde* (not ital.).
 bloqué (Fr. typ.), turned;
caractères bloqués,
 turned letters.
 blottesque*, painting with
 blotted touches (not ital.).

blouse*, *pron.* blowz, in Fr. bluuz (not ital.).
 B.L.R., breech-loading rifle.
 Blubberhouses, Yorks (one word).
 Blücher (G. L. von), 1742-1834, Field-Marshal.
 blue bell* (two words).
 Blue book*, governmental (cap., two words).
 blueing*, *not* blui-.
 blueish, *use* bluish*.
 bluejacket, R.N. sailor (one word).
 blue-printing, a photog. process.
 bluey*.
 bluing, *use* blueing*.
 bluish*, *not* blue-.
 Blundellsands, Lancs (one word).
 Bluntschli (J. K.), 1808-81, jurist.
Blut und Eisen (Ger.), blood and iron.
 Blyth Bridge, Peebles.
 Blythe Bridge, Staffs.
 B.M., Bachelor of Medicine; *Beata Maria* (the Blessed Virgin), *beatæ memoriæ* (of blessed memory); (Survey) Bench Mark; b.m., *bene merenti* (to the well-deserving); B.M.E., Bachelor of Mining Engineering; B.Mus., Bachelor of Music.
 B.N.C., Brasenose College, Oxford.
 b.o., branch office, buyer's option.
 B.O.A., British Optical Association.
 Boabdil, king of Granada.
 B.O.A.F.G., British Order of Ancient Free Gardeners.
 Boanerges/*, a loud preacher; *pl.* -es*.
 Board/, abbr. bd.; — of Trade, abbr. B.O.T.
 Board-school* (cap. B, hyphen).
 boatswain*, *pron.* bō'sn; abbr. bos'n.

bob-white*, Amer. quail.
 bocasin*, a fine buckram.
 Boccaccio (Giovanni), 1313-75, It. writer (4 c's).
 Bodicote, Oxon, *not* Bodd-.
 Bodleian Library.
 body-guard* (hyphen).
 Boerhaave (Herman), 1668-1738, naturalist.
 Boëthius (A. M. S.), A.D. 470-525, Roman statesman.
bœuf (Fr. m.), beef.
 Bogie (Colonel), of golf.
 bogie*, a truck.
 bogy*, ghost, *not* -ey.
 Bohemian*, easy-living (cap.).
 Bokhara, *not* Bu-.
 bolas/*, a lasso with two balls; *pl.* -es*.
 bold-face type: as this; indicated in MS. by wavy underlining ~~~.
 bolero*, Sp. dance.
 bolivar, Bolivian dollar.
 Bolivia/, -n, abbr. Bol.
 bolometer*, exact heat measurer.
 bolt* (typ.), the unopened fold of a folded sheet.
 bolus/*, *pl.* -es*.
 bombasine*, a fabric, *not* -bazeen, -bazine, -bycine.
 Bom. C.S., Bombay Civil Service.
 Bom. S.C., Bombay Staff Corps.
 bona (law), goods.
 bon-accord* (Sc.), goodwill.
bonæ notæ (Lat.), meritorious.
*bona fide** (Lat.), genuinely; — *fides**, good faith (no accent); — *mobilia*, movable goods; — *notabilia*, noteworthy things.
 bonanza* (U.S.A.), good luck.
 Bonaparte, *not* Buona-parte, Corsican family.
bona peritura (Lat.), perishable goods; — *vacantia*, unclaimed —.

BONAVENTURE — BOOKS

bonaventure, "goodhap."
bon-bon*, a dainty, in Fr.
 m. one word; **bonbon-**
nière* (f.), a box for
 dainties.

bon camarade (Fr. m.),
 good comrade; *fem.*
bonne —.

bon-chrétien*, a pear.
bon/compagnon (Fr. m.),
 pleasant companion; —
courage, good courage.

bond, abbr. bd.

bondholder* (one word).

bon/diable (Fr. m.), good-
 natured fellow; — **en-**
fant, good fellow.

Bo'ness, Linlithgow, apos-
 trophe, being originally
 Borrowstounness (*see also*
Bowness).

bon goût (Fr. m.), good
 taste; **bon gré, mal gré**,
 whether one will or not.

Bonheur (Rosa), 1822-
 99, Fr. painter.

bonhomie*, good nature.

bonhomme* (Fr. m.), a
 pleasant fellow, a friar.

Bonhomme (Jacques)*,
 the French peasant.

bonjour (Fr. m.), good
 day (one word).

bon jour, bonne œuvre
 (Fr.), "the better the
 day, the better the deed."

bon marché (Fr.), a cheap
 shop, cheap; **bon mot***,
 a witticism, *pl.* **bons mots**
 (two words, not ital.).

bonne* (Fr. f.), a nurse-
 maid.

bonne-bouche*, a dainty
 morsel, *pl.* **bonnes-bou-**
ches*; **bonne/ com-**
pagnie (Fr.), well-bred
 society; — **foi**, good faith;
 — **fortune**, success, *pl.*
bonnes fortunes; —
grâce, gracefulness, *pl.*
bonnes grâces.

bonnement (Fr.), frankly.

bonne mine (Fr. f.),
 pleasant looks.

bonnet/*, -ed*, -ing*.

bonnet rouge (Fr. m.),
 revolutionists' cap.

Bononia, Lat. for Bologna.

bons à vue (Fr. m.), bills,
 etc., at sight.

bontebok*, antelope.

bon ton (Fr. m.), good style.

bonum/ omen (Lat.), a
 good omen; — **public-**
um, the public good,
 abbr. **b.p.**

bon-vivant/*, *fem.* **bonne-**
vivante, one fond of
 luxurious living (hyphen,
 not ital.); *pl.* -s.

bon/ viveur (Fr. m.), a free
 liver; — **voyage!** a
 pleasant journey!

Boerhave, *use* **Boer-**
haave.

book/, -s, abbr. bk., bks.

bookbinding* (one word).

book-keeping* (hyphen).

book-plate* (hyphen).

books (cited titles of),
 to be roman double-
 quoted, not italic.

books (size in inches
 uncut):—

Crown 8vo . $7\frac{1}{2} \times 5$

„ 4to . $10 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$

„ Demy 8vo . $8\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$

„ 4to . $11 \times 8\frac{3}{4}$

Foolscap 8vo . $6\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$

„ 4to . $8\frac{1}{2} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$

Imperial 8vo . $11 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$

„ 4to . 15×11

Medium 8vo . $9\frac{1}{2} \times 6$

„ 4to . $12 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$

Post 8vo . 8×5

„ 4to . 10×8

Pott 8vo . $6\frac{1}{4} \times 4$

„ 4to . $8 \times 6\frac{1}{4}$

Royal 8vo . $10 \times 6\frac{1}{4}$

„ 4to . $12\frac{1}{2} \times 10$

Super roy. 8vo . $10\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{3}{4}$

„ 4to . $13\frac{1}{2} \times 10\frac{1}{4}$

books of Scripture
 (typ.), not to be italic, nor
 double-quoted; for abbrs.
see separate titles.

bookwork, *see* preliminary matter.

boose*, a cow stall (*see also* booze).

Boötes* (astr.), the constellation; *pron.* bo-ō'tēs.

booze*, to drink, *not* -se, bouse, -ze, bowse.

boozy*, drunken.

B.O.P., "Boy's Own Paper."

bor., borough.

Bordeaux*, a claret (in Fr. m. *not* cap.).

bordereau (Fr. m.), a memorandum.

borecole*, kale.

Borghese, Italian family, *pron.* bor-gā'zā.

borize*, to inject borax.

born, abbr. b.

boron*, symbol B*.

borough, abbr. bor.

borzoi/, Russian wolfhound; *pl.* -s.

Boscovich (R. J.), 1711-87, math., *not* -tch.

bos'n, abbr. of boatswain.

Bosna-Serai, capital of Bosnia (caps., hyphen).

Bosphorus, *more correctly* Bosporus.

Bossuet (J. B.), 1627-1704, Fr. bishop, writer.

Boswellize*, to write as Boswell (cap.).

bot/*, -fly*, *not* -tt.

B.O.T., Board of Trade.

Botallack, Cornish mine.

botanize*, *not* -ise.

botan/y, -ical, -ist, abbr.

bot.; genera, species, and varieties to be ital.; all other divisions roman:

Rosaceæ (order or family); *Rosa* (genus), but genera in popular use in roman, as *Geranium*, *Lobelias* (pl.); *Rosa damascena* (species).

Specific names to be l.c., except when formerly generic, or commemorative, as *Inula Helenium*,

botany (*cont.*).

Pæonia Wittmanniana, *Salvia Mathewsii*.

Signs in common use:—

annual, ☉ or ☿; bien-nial, ♂; diœcious, ♂ ♀; doubtful, ?; female, ♀; hermaphrodite, ♂ or ♀; hybrid, x; male, ♂; monœcious, ♂-♀; number indefinite, ∞; none or absent, o; perennial, ♀; personally verified, !; polygamous, ♂ ♀ ♀; section (of a genus), §; tree, h. Signs as *, †, ‡, variously used, to be defined by author using same.

bothy* (Sc.), a hut, *not* -ie.

Botticelli (Sandro), 1447-1515, painter.

bottom notes (typ.), footnotes.

B.O.U., British Ornithologists' Union.

Boucicault (Dion), 1822-90, Irish dramatist.

boudoir* (*not* ital.).

bouffant/* (Fr.), *fem.* -e, puffed out, as a dress.

Bouguereau (W. A.), 1825-1905, Fr. painter.

bouilli* (Fr. m.), stewed meat (*not* ital.).

bouillie (Fr. f.), infant food; -on* (m.), broth, a flounce; -onné, puffed, flounced.

boul., boulevard.

boule*, *usually* buhl.

boulevard/* (Fr. m.), abbr. boul.; -ier*, a "man about town."

bouleversé (Fr.), over-turned; -ement* (m.), a violent inversion.

bounceable*, *not* -cable.

bound, abbr. bd.

bouquetin*, the ibex.

bouquinist*, second-hand bookseller; in Fr. m. **bouquiniste**.

bourgeois/* (Fr.), *fem.* -e,
one of the middle-class;
-ie*, the middle-class.

bourgeois*(typ.), an eight
and half point type, eight
and a half lines to the
inch, as this; *pron.* bur-
joice'.

Bourn, Cambs.

Bourne, Lincs, Surrey.

bourne*, a limit, *not* -n.

bourse*, Stock Exchange.

boursier (Fr. m.), a stock-
broker.

bouse*, to drink, *use*
booze*.

bouse*(naut.), to haul, *not*
-wse.

boutique (Fr. f.), a shop.

boutonnière (Fr. f.), a
"button-hole."

bouts-rimés*, rhymed
endings.

Bowdlerize*, to expurgate
(cap.).

bowie*, a knife.

bowled (cricket), abbr. b.

Bowness, Cumb, Westmor-
land (*see also* Bo'ness).

bow-window*, a seg-
mental bay-window.

box/, -es, abbr. bx., bxs.

Boycott (to) (cap.).

"Boy's Own Paper,"
abbr. B.O.P.

bozza (It.), printer's proof.

B.P., British Public; Bp.,
Bishop; b.p., below proof,
bill of parcels, bills pay-
able, *bonum publicum* (the
public good); b.p.b., bank
post bills; bpl., birth-
place.

B.Q., *Bene quiescat* (may he,
or she, repose well!).

bque. (naut.), barque.

Br., British, (bot.) R.
Brown; Br (chem.), bro-
mine; br., brig; b.r., bills
receivable.

"Brabançonne (La),"
Belgian national air.

brace*(typ.) ~~~~~

brackets* (typ.), [], *not*
the parentheses or round
form (). (*See* punctua-
tion, IV.)

bradawl* (one word).

bradoon, *use* bri*.

braggadocio* (not ital.).

Brahma*, supreme Hindu
god, *not* -hm, -hme (not
ital.).

brahma*, a domestic fowl.

Brahmapootra*, Indian
river.

Brahmin/* (Hind.), one of
the highest caste, *not* -an;
fem. -ee*, *not* -i.

braies (Fr. typ. f.), spoiled
sheets.

brail*, to haul up.

braille, raised letters for
the blind.

braise* (cook.), *not* -ze
(*see also* braze).

brake*, for wheel, a large
vehicle, etc., *not* break.

Br.Am., British America.

bran/*, -ny*.

Brandes (Georg M. H.),
1842-, Danish writer.

brand-new*, *not* bran-.

brant-geese, *use* brent*.

Brantôme (P. de B.),
1540-1614, French writer.

brasserie (Fr. f.), brewery.

brassy* (Sc.), the wrasse
fish, a golf club, *not* -ie.

bratticing* (arch.), open
carved work.

Brauneberger, a white
wine.

Braunschweig, Ger. for
Brunswick.

brav/a! (It.), "well done!"
to a woman, -o, to a man.

bravado/*, *pl.* -es*.

bravo*, a desperado; *pl.*
-es.

braw* (Sc.), fine.

Brawne (Fanny), loved
by Keats, *not* Bro-.

braze*, to solder, *not* -ise,
-ize (*see also* braise).

Brazil/, -ian, abbr. Braz.

Br.Col., British Columbia.

Breadalbane (Marquess of).

break/* (*see brake*); (typ.) the division into a fresh paragraph; — **-line***, last one of a paragraph: never to begin page, and should have more than five letters, except in narrow measures.

break-down*, a collapse.

b. rec., bills receivable.

breccia* (geol.), *not* -chia.

Brechin, Forfar.

Brecon, *not* Brecknock, -shire.

brech-load/er, -ing, abbr.

B. L.; — **-ing rifle**,

B.L.R.

Breitkopf & Härtel, publishers, Leipzig.

brent-goose*, *not* bra-.

Bretagne, Fr. for **Brittany**; **Grande—**, Great Britain.

Breton, abbr. **Bret.**

brev., brevet, -ed.

brevet d'invention (Fr. m.), a patent.

breveté s.g.d.g. (Fr.), patented without Government guarantee.

brevier* (typ.), a fount about eight point, as this, nine and a half lines to the inch; *pron.* bre-veer'.

brevi manu* (Lat.), off-hand.

briar, *use* -er*.

briable*, *not* -eable.

bric-à-brac* (accent).

Bridge End, Donegal, Fife, Flint, Linlithgow, Perth.

Bridgend, Argyll, Glam, Perth.

Bridgenorth, Salop, *now* **Bridgnorth**.

Bridgeton, Glasgow; New Jersey, U.S.A.

Bridgetown, Barbados, Canada, Devon, Donegal, Somerset, W. Austral., Wexford (one word).

Bridgnorth, Salop.

Bridgwater, Somerset, *not* Bridge-.

bridoon*, a bridle, *not* bra-.

brier/*, — **-root***, —

-rose*, *not* briar-, brere-.

brig (naut.), abbr. **br.**

Brig., brigade, -ier.

Brillat-Savarin (A.), 1755-1826, gastronomist.

brilliant* (typ.). a three and half point fount, as this, nineteen and three-quarter lines to the inch.

bring up (typ.), to underlay or overlay.

Brinvilliers (marquise de), 1630-76, criminal.

brioche* (Fr. f.), blunder, cake.

briquette*, a block of artificial fuel.

Bristol - board*, card-board used by artists.

Brit./, Britain, Britannia, -icus, -ica, British; —

Mus., British Museum.

Briticism* (as Gallicism, Scotticism).

British/, abbr. **Brit.**;

— **Academy**, **B.A.**;

— **America**, **Br. Am.**;

— **India**, **B.I.**; — **Mu-**

seum, **Brit. Mus.**

Britt. (coins), **Britanniarum**.

Brittany, in Fr. **Bretagne**.

britzka*, Polish carriage, *not* the many variations.

bro., **bros.**, brother, -s.

Broad - Churchman* (caps., hyphen).

Broad Heath, Tenbury.

Broadheath, Altrincham.

Broad Oak, Dorset, Hereford, Sussex.

Broad oak, Cornwall, Salop.

Broadwas, Worcester.

Broadway, Wexford, Worcester.

Broadwey, Dorset.

Brobdingnag*, *not* Brobdig-.

brochure*, a "stitched work," *not* bound.

Brockhaus (F. A.), publisher, Leipzig.

BROCKTON — BUCHHANDLUNG

Brockton, Salop; Mass., U.S.A.
 Brocton, Staffs.
 Broglie, an It.-Fr. family.
 bromine*, symbol Br.
*bronchia**, branches of the *bronchi*.
*branch/us** (anat.), a branch of the windpipe; *pl. -i**.
 bronco/*, Mex. horse, *not* -cho; *pl. -s*.
 Brontë (Charlotte), 1816-55, writer.
 brooch*, a dress fastening, *not* -ach.
 Brooke, Norfolk; — (Lord).
 Brookline, Boston, U.S.A.
 Brooklyn, New York.
 Brooks's Club, London, *not* -es's.
 Broomedge, Warrington.
 Broomhedge, Lisburn.
 broomstick* (one word).
 Broomyknowes, Midlothian.
 brother/, abbr. b. or bro., *pl. -s**, brethren*, abbr. bros.; — -german*, "whole" brother; — -in-law* (hyphens).
Brotschrift (Ger.), ordinary, not display, type.
 Broughton (Rhoda), 1840-, novelist.
 Brown (Ford Madox), 1821-93, painter; — (Robert), 1773-1858, botanist; abbr. Br.
 Browne (C. F.), 1834-67, "Artemus Ward," writer.
 Brown-Séquard (C. E.), 1818-94, physiologist.
 browse*, to eat, *not* -ze.
Bruch (Ger. m.), a fraction.
 Brugsch (H. K.), 1827-94, Egyptologist.
 Brummell (G. B., "Beau"), 1778-1840.
 Brunhild (Norse myth.).
 Brünnhilde, Wagnerian heroine.

Brunonian, an *alumnus* of Brown University, U.S.A.
 brusque* (not ital.).
 Brussels, in Flem. Brus-sel, in Fr. Bruxelles.
 brussels sprouts* (not cap., no apos.).
 brutalize*, *not* -ise.
brutum fulmen (Lat.), an empty threat; *pl. bruta fulmina*.
 Bruxelles, Fr. for Brussels.
 Bryn Mawr College, Philadelphia, U.S.A.
 Brynmawr, Brecon.
 bryology, abbr. bryol.
 Brython*, Welsh for Briton.
 B.S.*, Bachelor of Surgery; b.s., balance sheet, bill of sale; B.S.A., Bibliographical Society of America; B.S.C., Bengal Staff Corps; B.Sc., Bachelor of Science; B.Sc.(Econ.), ditto in faculty of Economics; B.Sc. (Eng.), ditto Engineering (London University); B.S.L., Botanical Society of London.
 B.Th., Bachelor of Theology; B.Th.U., British Thermal Unit; B.T.U. (elec.), Board of Trade Unit, or kilowatt-hour.
 B.U., Brown University, Rhode Island, U.S.A.
 bu., bushel.
 buccaneer*, *not* -ier, buca-
 Buccleuch (Duke of), *not* -gh; *pron. būk-loo'*.
 Bucellas*, a white wine.
Buch (Ger. n.), book; *pl. Bücher*.
 Bucharest, *use* Buka-
Buch/binder (Ger. m.), bookbinder; -*binder-kunst*, art of bookbinding; -*drucker*, a printer; -*druckerkunst*, art of printing; -*händler*, book-seller; -*handlung*, book-

seller's shop; **Buchstaben**, letters of the alphabet.
Buckinghamshire, abbr.
Bucks (no point).
Bucknall, Lincs, Staffs.
Bucknell, Oxon, Salop.
buckskin* (one word).
Budapest, Hungary, *not* -pesth (one word).
Buddha* (Skt.), Gautama Sākyasiṃha, died 543 B.C.
buddhi (Skt.), the intelligence.
Buddh/ism*, -ist*; (typ.) if necessary divide at stroke; abbr. **Budd**.
budgerigar, a parakeet.
Buenos Ayres, Argentina, *not* — Ai-.
buffalo/*, *pl.* -es*.
buffer State (cap. *S* only).
buffet/*, -ed*, -ing*.
Buffon (G. L. L.), 1707-88, naturalist.
buhl, *usual*, *but* boule*.
building, abbr. **bldg.**, *pl.* **bldgs**.
Bukarest, *not* Bukh-.
Bukhara, *use* Bo-.
buksheesh, *use* bak*.
bul., bulletin.
bulbul* (Pers.), "the nightingale of the East."
Bulgaria/, -n, abbr. **Bulg**.
bull* (Stock Exchange), a speculator for the rise.
bulletin* (*not* ital.); abbr. **bul**.
bulrush*, *not* bull-.
bumkin* (naut.), *not* bump-.
bumpkin*, countryman.
buncombe*, *not* bunkum.
Bundesrat, *not* -th (*see* **Assemblies—Germany**).
bundle/, -s, abbr. **bdl/**, -s.
bungalow*, a house with one story (*not* ital.).
Bunker Hill (battle of), *not* Bunker's-.
bun/kum, *use* -combe*.
buonamano (It. f.), a gratuity (one word).
Buonaparte, *use* Bona-

bur, *see* burr.
burden*, *not* -then.
Burdett-Coutts (A. G., Baroness), 1814-1906.
bureau/*, *pl.* -x* (*not* ital.).
Bureau Veritas, maritime underwriters' association at Brussels (two caps.).
burgamot, *use* ber*.
burgaudine*, mother of pearl, *not* -ndine.
burgeois, *see* bourgeois (typ.).
burgess, abbr. **burg**.
burgh* (Sc.), a town possessing a charter, *not* borough.
burglar*, *not* -er.
burgomaster* (one word); abbr. **burg**.
burgrave*, a governor, *not* burgg-.
Burgundy*, a wine.
Burial Service (caps.).
burl*, a lump in cloth.
burl., burlesque.
Burlington House, London (caps.).
Burm/a, *not* -ah; -an, native of Burma, *pl.* -ans.
Burne-Jones (Sir Edward), 1833-98, painter (hyphen).
burnous*, Arab cloak, *not* -e, bernouse (ital.).
Burntisland, Fife (one word).
burnt sienna*, orange-red pigment, *not* — siena.
burr*, a rough edge, *not* bur.
Burren, Co. Down.
Burrin, Co. Galway.
burthen, *use* burden*.
bus*, omnibus, *not* 'bus, *pl.* buses: omnibus to be used in print.
bushel*, 2218 cubic inches; in U.S.A. 2150'4; abbr. **bus**.
Bushey/, Herts; — **Park**, Middlesex, *not* -hy.
Bushmills, town in Antrim (one word).

BUSHY — BYZANT

Bushy House, National
 Physical Laboratory.
busybody*, *not* busi-
Butterleigh, Devon.
Butterley, Derby.
buttermilk* (one word).
buyer's option, abbr. b.o.
Buys-Ballot (C. H. D.),
 1817-90, meteorologist.
B.V.*, *Beata Virgo* (the
 Blessed Virgin); **b.v.**,
bene vale (farewell);
B.V.M., *Beata Virgo*
Maria (the Blessed Virgin
 Mary).
B.W.G., Birmingham wire
 gauge.
B.W.I., British West In-
 dies.
B.W.T.A., British Wo-
 men's Temperance Asso-
 ciation.
bx., **bxs.**, box, -es.

by and by* (no hyphens).
bye/, -s (cricket), abbr. b.
bye-bye*, a nursery good-
 bye (hyphen).
by-election* (hyphen).
bygone* (one word).
by-lane* (hyphen).
by-law*, *not* bye-.
byname*, a sobriquet (one
 word).
bypath* (one word).
by-play* (hyphen).
by-plot*, **by-product***,
not bye-.
by-road* (hyphen).
bystander* (one word).
by-street* (hyphen).
by the by* (no hyphens).
by-walk*, a private walk
 (hyphen).
by-way* (hyphen).
byword* (one word).
byzant*, *use* be-*.

C

- C.**, Catholic, centigrade, century, chairman, Chancellor, Chancery, chief, Church, (mus.) common metre, Congress, -ional, Conservative, consul, contralto, counter-tenor, -s, Court, the third in a series, and all proper names with this initial.
- C***, carbon, *centum* (a hundred), 100.
- c.**, cent, -s, centime, chapter, city, conductor, constable, cubic, (cricket) caught, (elec.) current, (naut.) cloudy.
- c.**, *circa*, *circiter*, *circum* (about).
- ⊖** (inverted C), 500.
- C.A.**, Chartered Accountant, Chief Accountant, commercial agent, Confederate Army, Controller of Accounts.
- Ca** (chem.), calcium.
- ca.**, cases, cathode.
- çâ** (Fr.), here.
- Caaba***, the most sacred shrine at Mecca, *not* K-.
- caaing-whale**, *use* ca'ing-—*.
- cabana***, a cigar, *not* -ña.
- cabbala***, Heb. tradition, *not* k-, cabala, -alla.
- cabinet cards**, $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ in.
- cablegram***.
- Cabul**, *use* **Kabul**.
- ca' canny** (Sc.), go easily!
- cachemire**, *use* **cashmere***.
- cache-poussière** (Fr. m.), dust-coat, dust-cloak.
- cachet***, a packet.
- cachet*** (Fr. m.), seal, signet, characteristic.
- cacique***, W. Indian and S. Amer. chief, *not* caz-.
- cacodemon***, an evilspirit, *not* -dæmon.
- cacoethes/*** (Lat.), an evil habit; — **loquendi**, an itch for speaking; — **scribendi**, ditto for writing.
- cact/us*** (bot.), *pl.* -i.
- caddis/***, May-fly larva, *not* -ice; — **-worm***.
- cadeau/*** (Fr. m.), a gift; *pl.* -x.
- cadi***, Oriental judge, *not* k-.
- cadit quæstio** (Lat.), the question falls.
- cadmium***, symbol **Cd***.
- caduce/us***, *pl.* -i*.
- Cadwaladr**, Welsh prince, *not* -allader.
- cæc/um***, the blind gut, *not* ce-; *pl.* -a*.
- Cædmon**, d. 670, poet, *not* Ce-; *pron.* kēd'mon.
- Caermarthen**, *use* **Car-**.
- Caernarvon**, *use* **Car-**.
- cærulean**, *use* **ce-***.
- Cæsar/**, -ean*, *not* -ian.
- Cæsarea Philippi**.
- cæsium***, symbol **Cs***.
- cæsura***, division of a metrical line, *not* ce-.
- cæteris paribus**, *use* **ce-**.
- café*** (Fr. m.), coffee-house (é, *not* ital.).
- café/ au lait** (Fr.), coffee and milk; — **noir**, strong coffee without milk.
- caffè** (It.), coffee-house (é).
- Caffre**, *use* **Kafir***.
- caftan***, Turkish, etc., garment, *not* k-.
- Caher**, Co. Limerick.
- cahier*** (Fr. m.), a paper book, sheets of MS., exercise book.
- Cahir**, Tipperary.
- Caiaphas**, high priest.

CAILLIAUD — CALOTTE

Cailliaud (F.), 1787-1886,
Fr. traveller.
caiman, *use* cay-*.
Cainan, grandson of Seth
(*see also* Canaan).
Caine (T. H. Hall),
1853-, writer.
ca'ing-whale*, a porpoise,
not caa-.
cainozoic* (geol.), *not*
cæno-, ceno-, kai-.
caïque*, a boat, *not* cai-.
"Ca ira," That's the thing!
Fr. song.
Cairene, native of Cairo.
Cairnes (J. E.), 1823-75,
economist.
Cairns (Earl), 1819-85,
Lord Chancellor.
caisson*, ammunition
chest, *not* cassoon; *pron.*
kāsoon.
Caister-on-Sea, Great
Yarmouth.
Caistor, Lincs, Norfolk.
Caius College, Camb,
pron. kēz; abbr. C.C.
cajuput* (bot.), *not* caja-
caje-.
caky, *not* -ey.
Cal., California (official
abbreviation).
cal., calendar.
cal. (mus.), *calando*.
calabrasella, a card game.
calamanco*, a woollen
stuff, *not* cali-, calli-.
calamary*, the squid.
calamus*, a reed, a pen.
calando* (mus.), tone and
rate diminished; abbr.
cal.
calcareous*, *not* -ious.
calcedony, *use* chal-*.
calcium*, symbol Ca*.
calculator*, *not* -er.
calculer (Fr. typ.), to "cast
off" MS.
calcul/us*, internal con-
cretion; *pl.* -i*.
Caldecott (Randolph),
1846-86, artist.
caldron, *use* caul-*.
calendæ, calends, *not* k-.

calendar*, an almanac,
not k-; abbr. cal.
calender*, to make
smooth.
calender* (Pers., Turk.), a
dervish, *not* k-.
calends*, the first day of
the month; the Greek—,
a time that never comes,
not k-.
calf, abbr. cf.
"Caliban upon Sete-
bos," by R. Browning.
calibre*, *not* -er.
Caliburn*, King Arthur's
sword, *not* cala-, cale-.
calico/*, *pl.* -es.
California, official abbr.
Cal.
calig/a, episcopal stocking;
pl. -æ.
caligraphy, *use* calli-*.
calimanco, *use* cala-*.
caliper, *use* calliper*.
caliph/*, -ate*, *not* -if,
kalif, -iph.
calippic, *use* calli-*.
calisaya*, cinchona bark.
calisthenics, *not* call-.
cal/ix, *use* -yx*.
calk, *use* caulk*.
Callander, Perth.
Callendar (Prof. H. L.),
1863-, physicist and
stenographer (*see also*
cale-).
calligraphy*, *not* cali-.
Calliope, muse of elo-
quence; *pron.* kā-ly'ō-pē.
calliper*, *not* cali-.
callippic*, *not* cali-.
Callirrhoe, wife of Alc-
mæon; *pron.* kāl-i-rō'ē.
callisthenics, *use* cali-.
Calmann-Lévy, pub-
lisher, Paris.
calmia (bot.), *use* k-*.
Calmucks, *use* Kal-.
calorescence*.
calori/meter*, heat meas-
urer; -motor*, voltaic
battery.
calotte*, skull-cap, *not*
-ote, callot.

caltrop* (mil.), iron ball with spikes, *not* -thorp, -trap.

calumniator*, *not* -er.

Calvé (Emma), 1866-, Fr. singer.

Calverleigh, S. Devon.

Calverley, Leeds, and Tunbridge Wells; — (C. S.), 1835-84, writer.

calyx*, *not* -ix; *pl.* -ces*.

Camacho's wedding, useless show.

Camaralzaman, in "Arabian Nights."

Camb, Cambridge.

camblet, *use* **camlet***.

Cambodia, near Siam, *not* -oja, Kamboja.

Cambrai, Fr., *not* -ray.

cambrai, machine-made lace.

Cambray stone, moss agate.

Cambridge, *abbr.* **Camb.** **Cantab.**; — University, C.U.

Cambridgeshire, *abbr.* **Cambs.**

Camd. Soc., Camden Society.

camellia*, *not* -elia.

camelopard*, the giraffe, *not* -leopard.

camelot, *use* **camlet***.

Camembert, a cheese.

cameo*, *pl.* -s.

camera*, *pl.* -s; — *obscura**, *not* — *oscura*.

Camera Stellata, the Star Chamber.

Cameroons, Ger. Afr., *use* **Kamerun**.

camlet*, a woollen stuff, *not* -blet, -elot.

Camoens (Luis de), 1524-80, Port. poet, *not* **Camô-**.

camomile* (bot.), *not* **cha-**.

Campagna di Roma, the plain round Rome.

campanile*, a belfry; *pl.* -s.

Campbell - Bannerman

(Sir H.), 1836-1908, statesman (hyphen).

Campbeltown, Argyl.

Campeche Bay, City, or State, Mexico, *not* -peachy.

camp/o (It.), open ground, *pl.* -i; **campo santo** (It., Sp.), a cemetery.

Can., Canada.

can., canon, canto, cantoris.

Canaan, son of Ham (*see also* **Cainan**).

Canada, *abbr.* **Can.**

cañada* (Sp.), a gorge.

canaille* (Fr.f.), the rabble.

Canaker, *use* **Kanaka***.

Canaletto (Antonio), 1697-1768, It. painter.

canalize*, *not* -ise.

Canapitset, Mass., *not* -ett.

Canara, Bombay, *use* **K-**.

canard* (Fr.m.), an absurd story, a duck; — **sauvage**, wild-duck.

canaster*, a tobacco, *not* **k-**.

cancel* (typ.), deleted matter, a reprint correcting error, the signature to be preceded by *.

cancel/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, -ment*.

Candahar, *use* **K-**.

candelabr/um*, a candle-stand; *pl.* -a*.

"**Candide**", by Voltaire.

Candiot, native of Candia, *more usually* **Cretan**.

Candlemas-Day, 2 Feb.

canephor/os* (arch.), *pl.* -i.

caneton (Fr. m.), duckling.

Cannabis*, *not* **Can-**.

Cannes, S. Fr.; *pron.* **kän**.

Canning (George), 1770-1827, statesman; — (C. J., Earl), 1812-62, statesman.

cannon/*, -ade*; in Fr. m. **canon**, -nade.

cannon-bone*, *not* **canon-**.

canny* (Sc.), knowing, *not* -ie.

canon, *abbr.* **can.**

CANON — CAPITALIZATION

canon* (typ.), Eng. forty-four point type, about three-fifths of an inch deep.

cañon* (Sp.), a gorge; *pron.* kā'nyon.

canonize*, *not* -ise.

"Canon's Yeoman's Tale", by Chaucer.

Canosa, Abruzzi, S. Italy.

Canossa, Modena, N. Italy; to go to —, "to eat humble pie".

Canova (Antonio), 1757-1822, It. sculptor.

Canrobert (F. C.), 1809-95, Marshal of France.

canst* (no apos.).

Cant., Canterbury, Canticles.

can't* (typ.), to be set close up.

Cantabrigian*, of Cambridge, *not* -dgian.

Cantabrigiensis, of Cambridge University; abbr. Cantab.

cantaloup*, a musk-melon, *not* -eloup, -eleup.

Canterbury, abbr. Cant.

canticle*, a hymn; abbr. cant.

Canticum Canticorum, "The Song of Songs".

cantilever*, a form of bridge, *not* -alever, -iliver.

cantini~~er~~* , *fem.* -ère*, a canteen-keeper.

Cantire, Argyl, *use* Kintyre.

canto/*, a song; *pl.* -s*, abbr. can.

cantonment*, military quarters; *pron.* kan-toon'-ment.

cantoris, of a precentor; abbr. can.

Cantor Lectures (Royal College of Physicians, and Society of Arts).

Cantuar., *Cantuar*ia, *Cantuariensis* (of Canterbury).

Cantuar: signature Abp. of Canterbury (colon).

Cantuarian, of Canterbury.

Canute, *use* Cnut.

canvas*, coarse linen.

canvass*, to solicit votes.

caoutchouc*, india-rubber.

cap., capital letter, *capitulum* (a small head, or knob), foolscap.

cap., *caput* (head).

cap-à-pie*, from head to foot, *not* — a — (not ital.).

Cape/ (typ.), when with name cap.; — Breton, Nova Scotia, *not* Briton, Britton, Britun, abbr. C.B.; — Haitien, W. Indies, *not* Hay-; — of Good Hope, abbr. C.G.H.

capercaillie*, *not* -caillie.

Capernaite*, inhabitant of Capernaum.

Cape Town, S. Africa (caps., no hyphen).

Cape Verd Islands, *not* — de Verd, — Verde.

capibara, *use* capy-.*.

capitalize*, *not* -ise.

capitalization*. When in doubt use lower case. Initial capitals for:—

Abstract qualities personified: O Fame!

Acts of Parliament (titles of).

Adjectives derived from proper names, as Gargantuan, Homeric, but not those which by use have become common, as brussels sprouts, morocco leather.

Architectural periods: the Renaissance.

Associations, as Charity Organisation Society.

Bible, and synonyms.

Botany, all divisions higher than species, that is, genera, families, orders, classes (*see also* botany).

CAPITALIZATION

capitalization (*cont.*).

Churches, as Wesleyan Church.

Compass point abbreviations, N., N. b E., N.N.E., N.E. b N., etc.

Compound titles, as Assistant-Adjutant-General, Chief Justice, Ex-President, Major-General, Vice-President.

Days, as Christmas Day, Lady Day, Monday, New Year's Day.

Deity (the Christian) synonyms and pronouns, as Almighty, Christ, *Dominus*, Father, God, He, Him, Himself, His, Jehovah, Lord, Me, Mine, the Deity, Thee, the Holy Trinity, Thine, Thy, Who, Whom.

Emphasis—as a means of.

Festivals, as Easter, Whitsuntide.

German substantives, but not adjectives derived from proper names, or denoting a class; also personal pronouns of the second person.

Government (the).

Historic names and phrases, as the Dark Ages, the Plague, etc.

House of Lords, Commons, etc.

Interrogation: the next word following a note of interrogation (?) should generally begin with a capital letter.

MS., MSS., manuscript, -s (one point only).

Nicknames, as the Iron Duke, the Admirable Crichton.

capitalization (*cont.*).

O! and Oh!—the interjections.

Palæontology, all divisions higher than species.

Periods, caps. after all, except abbreviations.

Poetry, beginning of each line in modern English and French; not necessarily in German, Latin, or Greek.

Political bodies, as Assembly, Senate.

Postal district abbreviations, as E.C.

Proper names, including English Christian names, surnames, and names of an individual, family, place, locality, and the like, except initial *ff*. Also verbs formed from them, as to Boycott.

P.S., postscript (two points).

Quotations, complete and intended to be emphatic: "Thou art the man."

Rank, when individuals are referred to or addressed by their rank, as "the Squire said", "Good evening, General".

Religious denominations, Nonconformist.

Roads, Gardens, Gates, Groves, Hills, Parks, Squares, Streets, Terraces, etc., when with name.

Sects, as the Primitive Methodists.

Sovereign (the), in proclamations, all personal pronouns referring to, as Him, His, etc.

Speeches, first letter of cited.

State (the).

CAPITALIZATION — CARAWAY

capitalization (*cont.*).

Titles, and Sub-titles, of books, the important words only, as "Compromise", "I Forbid the Banns".

Titles of corporations, Board of Trade.

Titles of courtesy and of honour: H.R.H., T.R.H., President Roosevelt, His Grace, Sir John Smith, J. Smith, Esq., Mr. J. Smith, etc.

Titles of distinction, as F.R.S., LL.D., are usually put in large caps. Even s.caps often improve general effect.

Titles of periodicals, pictures, plays, etc.: "The Times"; "Chill October"; "Hamlet."

Titles of poems and songs, when formed from the first line, to be similarly capitalized, as "I Fear no Foe", "Where the Bee Sucks".

Trade Association Titles: Ironfounders Engineers (no apos. used by this Assoc.).

Zoology, all divisions higher than species: genera, families, orders.

capital letter, abbr. cap.

capitals (large), indicated in MS. by three lines underneath the letter; abbr. cap. (*See also capitalization.*)

capitals (small), USUALLY ABOUT TWO-THIRDS SIZE OF LARGE CAPS., AS THIS TYPE, indicated in MS. by two lines underneath; may be used (with initials in large caps.) in printed letters for the address, date, and signature, and for name of newspaper in

paper itself; they should *not* be used for side-headings in catalogues, dictionaries, and educational works. They are not used in German or Gr. Abbr. s.cap., *pl.* s.caps.; even s.caps, ditto without large initials.

capitulum (Lat.), a small head, or knob; abbr. cap.

câpres (Fr. *pl. f.*), capers. caps. and smalls (typ.), to set in small capitals with the initial letters in large capitals; abbr. c. and s.c.

capsize*, *not* -ise.

Captain, abbr. Capt.

caption*(typ.), the heading of a chapter, section, or page (used mostly in America).

Captivity (the) of the Jews (cap. C).

capucine*, dark-orange colour.

caput/* (Lat.), head, abbr. cap.; — *mortuum**, worthless residue.

capybara*, largest living rodent, *not* capi.

Car., Carolus (Charles).

car, bog, pool, *use* carr*.

car., carat.

carabiniers, *not* carb.

Caracci, family of painters, 1550-1619, *not* Carr.

Caractacus, *fl.* A.D. 50, King of Silures.

carafe*, water-bottle, *not* -ff, -ffe.

caramba! (Sp.), wonderful! how strange!

carat*, a weight, *not* caract, carrat, karat; abbr. K., or car.

*caratch** (Turk.), tax on Christians, *not* -ach, -age.

Caravaggio (M. A. A.), 1569-1609, painter.

caravanserai*, *not* -sary, -sera, -sery.

caraway*, *not* carra-

carbineers, *use* carabiniers.

carbolize*, *not* -ise.

carbon*, symbol C*.

carbonize*, *not* -ise.

carburetted*, *not* -eted.

carburettor*, *not* -er.

carcass*, *not* -ase; *pl.* -es.

carcinom/a*, *pl.* -ata*.

card., cardinal.

cardamom*, *not* -on.

cards (sizes of):

cabinet, $6\frac{5}{8} \times 4\frac{5}{16}$ in.

carte de visite, $4\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$

double large, $6 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

„ small, $4\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{5}{8}$

extra thirds, $3\frac{1}{16} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$

half large, $3\frac{1}{16} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$

„ small, $2\frac{7}{16} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$

large, $4\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{16}$

quad large, $9 \times 6\frac{1}{8}$

„ small, $7\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{15}{16}$

reduced small, $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$

small, $2\frac{7}{16} \times 3\frac{9}{16}$

thirds, $3\frac{1}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$

carême (Fr. m.), Lent.

care of, abbr. c/o.

Care Sunday* (Sc.), fifth in Lent.

caret*, insertion mark (∧).

car/ex*, sedge; *pl.* -ices*.

Carey (Henry), d. 1743,

poet and composer; —

(Matthew), 1760-1839,

publicist; — (Rosa N.),

writer; — Lane, E. C.,

— Road, N. E., — Street,

W. C. (*see also* Cary).

carfax*, the intersection of streets, *not* -fox.

cargo/*, *pl.* -es*.

Caribbean* Sea, *not* Carr-.

Cariboo, Brit. Columbia.

caribou*, American reindeer, *not* -boo.

Caribou Mountain, Idaho.

cariole, *use* carr-*

Carisbrooke, I. W.

carità (It. art), representation of maternal love.

Carleton, Yorks.

Carlile (Richard), 1790-

1843, politician; Carlile (Rev. W.), 1847-, head of Church Army (*see also* Carlisle, Carlyle).

carling* (naut.), a short beam, *not* -line.

Carling Sunday*, fifth in Lent, *not* -lin.

Carlisle, Cumberland; — (Earl of); — (J. G.), 1835-, American statesman (*see also* Carlile, Carlyle).

Carlovingian*, *not* K-.

Carlovitz, Austria, *not* Karlowitz.

Carlsbad, -krona, -ruhe, *use* K-.

Carlton, Beds, Cambs, Notts, Yorks.

Carlyle (Thomas), 1795-1881, writer (*see also* Carlile, Carlisle).

Carlylean*, *not* -eian, -ian.

Carmagnola, Piedmont.

“Carmagnole”*, Fr. song and dance.

Carmarthen, *not* Caer-.

Carnarvon, *not* Caer-.

Carnatic, India, *use* K-.

“Carnaval de Venise,” popular air.

Carnegie (Andrew), 1837-, millionaire; *pron.* kar-nā'gē.

carnelian, *use* cor*.

car'nival*, in Fr. m. -aval, in Ger. n. Carneval.

Carnoustie, Forfar; *pron.* -oosty.

carol/*, -er*, -ing*.

Carolus*, Charles; abbr. Car.

Carpathian Mts., *use* K-.

carpe diem (Lat.), enjoy the day.

carpet/*, -ed, -ing*.

carp/us*, the wrist; *pl.* -i.

carr*, bog, pool, *not* car.

Carracci, *use* Caracci.

carrageen*, Irish moss, *not* — moss, -gheen.

Carrara marble.

carrat, *use* carat*.

CARRAWAY — CASSOON

- carraway**, *use* cara-*.
carrelet (Fr. cook. m.), flounder.
Carribbean, *use* Cari-*.
Carrigtwohill, Cork (one word).
Carrington (Earl, *not* of).
carriole*, a carriage, *not* cariole.
carrot*, in French f. *carotte*.
Carrousel (Place du), Paris.
Carrutherstown, Dumfries (one word).
Carsebreck, Scotch curling centre.
Carse o' Gowrie, Perth.
carte*(fencing), *not* *quarte*.
carte blanche*, full discretion (not ital.); abbr. c.bl.
carte-de-visite/*, *pl.* *cartes-de-visite**; abbr. c.d.v.; — cards, 4¹/₈ × 2¹/₂ in.
cartel*, a challenge, *not* ch.
Carter, Paterson & Co., carriers, London.
cartography*, *not* ch.
cartouche* (arch.), scroll ornament, (archæol.) enclosing line on ancient Egyptian monuments, *not* -ch.
Cartouche (L. D.), 1693-1721, Fr. Dick Turpin.
carvel-built* (naut.), with smooth planking.
Cary (H. F.), 1772-1844, translator of Dante; — (Lucius), Lord Falkland, 1610-43; — (Phœbe), 1824-71, writer (*see also* Carey).
caryatid/*, female figure as a column; *pl.* -es*.
caryop/sis*, a fruit; *pl.* -sides*.
C.A.S., Connecticutensis Academia Socius (Fellow of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences).
"Casa Guidi Windows," by Mrs. Browning.
Casaubon (Isaac), 1559-1614, scholar.
cascara/* (Sp.), a bark canoe; — *sagrada*, a drug.
casein*, *not* -ine.
cases, abbr. ca.
cash*, Chinese coin, 1¹/₁₁d.; Sumatran —, 1¹/₂d. (not ital.).
cash., cashier.
Cashmer, India, *use* K-.
cashmere*, soft wool fabric, *not* -meer, *cache-mere*, -ire (*see also* *cassimere*).
Casimir-Perier (J.P.P.), 1847-1907, French Pres. 1894-5 (no accent).
casing, a brown paper, 46 × 36 in.
casino/*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).
cask/*, -s, abbr. ck.
Caslon type, an "old-faced" type as cut by W. Caslon, 1692-1766.
cassareep*, a condiment, *not* -ireepe.
Cassation (Cour de)* (f.), highest court of France.
cassava* (bot.), the manioc, *not* -e, *casava*.
Cassegrainian*, a form of telescope (cap.).
Cassel, Ger., *use* K-.
casse paper* (typ.), outside quires of a ream, *not* *cassie* —.
cassetur billa (law), let the bill be quashed.
Cassim Baba, in "Arabian Nights."
cassimere*, twilled woollen cloth, *not* *casi*-, *karsimer*, *kerseymere* (*see also* *cashmere*).
Cassiopeia (astr.), a constellation.
Cassivellaunus, fl. 50 B.C., British prince.
cassoon, an ammunition chest, *use* *caisson**.

cast (typ.), a direction that the proof is passed and the plate may be made.

Castellammare (2 *m*'s).

caster*, one who casts (*see also -or*).

Castle Cary, Somerset.

Castlecary, Dumbarton, Londonderry.

Castlerea, *pron. -ray*.

Castlereagh, *pron. -ray*.

Castleton, Derby.

Castletown, I. of Man.

cast/ off (typ.), to estimate amount of printed matter MS. would make; — up, to estimate cost of composition.

castor*, a beaver or its fur, a wheel for furniture (*see also -er*).

Castor and Pollux, stars, also patrons of sailors.

casus belli (Lat.), the cause of war; — *fœderis*, case stipulated by treaty; — *omissus*, case unprovided for by statute.

cat., catalogue, cataplasma, catechism.

catachthonian*, subterranean.

cataclysmist*, *not*-matist.

Catalan*, of Catalonia; abbr. *Cat*.

Catalani (Angelica), 1782-1849, singer.

Cataline, *not* Cati-.

catalogu/e*, abbr. *cat.*; -ed*, -er*, -ing*, -ize*.

catalogue raisonné (Fr. *m.*), an explanatory catalogue.

catalytic*, *not* k-.

catamaran*, a raft.

cataplasma*, abbr. *cat*.

catarrhine*, a section of the monkeys, *not* -arhine.

Catch (Jack), *use* *Ke*.*.

catch-line* (typ.), a temporary head-line on proofs, etc.

catchpole*, a sheriff's officer, *not* -poll.

catchup*, a sauce, *usually* ketchup*, *not* catsup, katsup, ketsup.

catchword* (typ.), the heading of each article in a dictionary, etc. (*see also* headings, index, etc.).

catechism, abbr. *cat*.

catechiz/e*, -er*, -ing*.

catechu*, an astringent, *not* cascheu, caschu.

categorize*, to classify.

caten/a*, a chain; *pl. -æ*.

catenati, chained books.

cater/* (campan.), changes on nine bells; — -cornered*, sheets of paper not cut square; — -cousin*, a good friend.

Cath., Catherine, Catholic.

cath., cathedral.

Catharine/, Kansas, New York, Pennsylvania; — de' Medici, 1519-89, Queen of France, *not* -erine.

Cathay, poetical for China, *not* K-.

cathedral, when with name cap., as Ely Cathedral; abbr. *cath*.

Catherine, abbr. *Cath*.

cathism/a, Gr. Ch. Psalter; *pl. -ata*.

cathod/e*, abbr. *ca.*; -ic, -ograph; *not* k-.

Catholic, abbr. *C.*, or *Cath*.

catholicize*, *not* -ise.

Catholikos*, Patriarch of Armenia, *not* -kos.

cation* (elec.), electro-positive element, *not* k-; *pron. kât'i-ôn*.

cat-o'-nine-tails* (hyphens).

cat's-cradle*, a children's game, *not* cratch-, scratch-.

Catskill Mountains, New York.

cat's paw* (naut.), a light air, *not* catspaw.

catsup, *see* catchup*.

Cattegat, W. of Sweden; in Dan. *Kattegat*.

CATTERMOLE — C.C.A.

- Cattermole** (George), 1800-68, painter.
- Cattleya**, an orchid genus.
- caubeen***, the Irish hat.
- Cauchy** (A. L.), 1789-1857, French mathematician.
- caught** (cricket), abbr. **c.**
- cauldron***, *not* cal-.
- caulk***, to make water-tight, *not* calk.
- caus.**, causation, -tive.
- causa/ causans*** (Lat.), a primary cause; — **causata***, a secondary cause; — **mali**, a cause of mischief; **vera** —*, a true cause.
- causati/on**, -ve, abbr. **caus.**
- cause célèbre** (Fr. f.), famous law case.
- causerie** (not ital.).
- causeur** (Fr. m.), a conversationalist, tattler.
- causeuse*** (Fr. f.), a small sofa.
- cauterize***, *not* -ise.
- cautery*** (actual), by hot iron; electric —, by platinum wire; potential —, by caustics.
- cautionnement** (Fr. m.), bail.
- cav.**, cavalry.
- c.a.v.** (law), *curia advisare vult* (the court desires to consider).
- cava**, *use* k-.*
- Cavagnari** (Sir L.), 1841-79.
- Cavalcaselle** (G. B.), 1820-97, It. writer on art.
- "Cavalleria Rusticana"** (Rustic Gallantry), opera by Mascagni 1890; *pron.* ka-val-ā-rē-ā —.
- cavalry**, abbr. **cav.**
- cavass**, Turkish police officer, *use* k-.*
- caveat/actor** (Lat.), let the doer beware; — **emptor**, ditto buyer; — **viator**, ditto traveller.
- caveator***, one who enters a caveat.
- cave canem** (Lat.), beware of the dog.
- cavel** (naut.), a cleat, *not* -il, kevil.
- cavesson***, a nose-band for horses, *not* -zon.
- caviare***, *not* -ar, -arre, -er, -ere (not ital.).
- cavil/***, -led, -ler*, -ling*.
- cavo-riliev/o*** (It.), hollow relief; *pl.* — **-i**.
- Cavour** (count C.), 1810-61, It. statesman.
- Cawnpore**, India, *not* -pur.
- Caxton** (William), 1422-91, first English printer; a genuine book of his has no title page, no roman or italic type, no commas of ordinary shape, no catchwords.
- Cayenne**, or **Fr. Guiana**.
- Cayley** (Arthur), 1821-95, mathematician.
- cayman/***, Amer. alligator, *not* cai-, kai-; *pl.* -s.
- cazique**, *use* cacique*.
- C.B.**, Cape Breton, Cavalry Brigade, Chief Baron, Common Bench, Companion of the Bath, Confined to Barracks; **c.bl.**, carte blanche; **C.B.S.**, Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament.
- C.C.**, Caius College, Cape Colony, Chess Club, Christ Church, Circuit Court, City Council, -lor, Civil Court, Common Councilman, Consular Clerk, County Clerk, —Commissioner, —Council, -lor, — court, Cricket Club, Crown Clerk, Curate in Charge, Cycling Club; **CC**, 200; **c.c.**, *compte courant* (account current), cubic centimeter; **cc.**, *capita* (chapters); **C.C.A.**

- Chief Clerk of the Admiralty; C.C.C., Corpus Christi College; CCC, 300; CCCC, or CD, 400; C.C.C.S., Colonial and Continental Church Society; C.C.P., Code of Civil Procedure, Court of Common Pleas; C.Cr.P., Code of Criminal Procedure; C.C.S., Ceylon Civil Service.
- CD, 400; Cd (chem.), cadmium; c.d., cum dividend (with dividend); C.D.S.O., Companion of the Distinguished Service Order, *usually* D.S.O.; c.d.v., carte-de-visite.
- C.E., Canada East, Chief Engineer, Church of England, Civil Engineer.
- Ce (chem.), cerium.
- Cead mile failte ro-mhat (Irish), a hundred thousand welcomes before thee.
- Cecidomyia destructor*, the Hessian fly.
- cedar*, a tree.
- ceder*, one who cedes.
- cedilla* c (typ.), the ç.
- cel., celebrated.
- cela/est selon* (Fr.), that depends on circumstances (*use c'est selon*); — *va sans dire*, that is a matter of course; — *vien-dra*, that will come.
- celebrated, abbr. cel.
- celebrator*, not -er.
- célèbre* (Fr.), famous.
- céleri* (Fr. m.), celery.
- celestialize*, not -ise.
- celiac, *use* coeliac*.
- célibataire** (Fr. m. or f.), a bachelor or spinster.
- cellar*, not -er.
- 'celli, *see* 'cello.
- Cellini (Benvenuto), 1500-71, sculptor and engraver.
- 'cellist (mus.), a violoncello player; *pron.* chél'ist.
- 'cell/o*, violoncello; *pron.* chél'o, *pl.* -i.
- Cels., Celsius (temperature scale same as centigrade).
- Celt/*, -ic*, -icism*, not K-; abbr. Celt.
- cembalist*, orchestral piano-player.
- Cene Thursday*, day before Good Friday.
- cenogamy, *use* cœ-.*.
- cenozoic, *use* caino-.*.
- censer*, incense vessel.
- ensor*, Roman magistrate.
- censor morum* (Lat.), a regulator of morals.
- cent., centigrade, central, century.
- cent/, -s, American coin; abbr. c., ct., or cts.
- cental/, -s, abbr. ctl.
- centauromachy, a battle between centaurs.
- centen/ary*, -nial*.
- centering*, framing for an arch, not -reing (*see also* centre).
- centigrade* (not cap.); abbr. C.*, or cent.
- centigram, off.spell. Board of Trade, not -gramme; abbr. c., or cg.
- centilitre*, 'o7 gill, not -er; abbr. cl.
- centime/, -s, abbr. c., or cts.
- centimetre*, '394 inch, not -er; abbr. s. and *pl.* cm.
- Centner*, in Ger. 110¹/₄ lb.; in U.S.A. 100 lb.
- central, abbr. cent.
- centralize*, not -ise.
- centr/e*, -ed*, -ing* (*see also* centering).
- centre-notes (typ.), those between columns.
- Centrist*, member of Fr. Central party; or of Ger. Ultramontanes.
- cents, abbr. c., or cts.
- centum*, a hundred; abbr. C, or cent (no point).

CENTUMVIR — CHADAR

centumvir/*, Roman commissioner; *pl.* -i*.
 century (typ.), spell out in bookwork; abbr. C., or cent. (*See also* nineteenth century.)
 cephalic*, *not* k-.
 ceramic*, etc., *not* k-; abbr. ceram.
 Cerberus* (Greek myth.).
 cerebellum*, the hinder brain; *pl.* -a.
 cerebrum*, the brain proper; *pl.* -a.
 cere/cloths*, -ments*, grave-clothes; *pron.* seer-
 cereous*, waxy.
 cerge, *use* cie-*.
 ceriph (typ.), *use* serif.
 cerise (Fr. f.), cherry.
 cerise*, a colour.
 cerium*, symbol Ce*.
 cern*, to inherit.
 cerne*, to surround.
 cert., certificate, certify.
 certiorari*, a writ (*not* ital.).
 cerulean*, *not* cae-, cæ-, cœ-.
 Cervantes Saavedra (Miguel de), 1547-1616, author of "Don Quixote."
 Cesarean, *use* Cæ-*.
 Cesarevitch, heir to Russian throne, *use* Ts-.
 Cesarewitch, horse-race.
 cespititious*, cespititious*, turfen.
 cesser* (law), the coming to an end.
 c'est/-à-dire (Fr.), that is to say; — *à vous à parler*, it is your turn to speak; — *à vous de parler*, it is your duty to speak; — *bien ça*, that's just it; — *la guerre*, it's according to the customs of war; — *le premier pas qui coûte*, it is the first step that is difficult.
 Cestr., signature of Bishop of Chester (full point).
 Cestrian*, of Chester.

c'est/selon (Fr.), that depends on circumstances; — *tout dire*, that's saying everything.
 cestui que/ trust* (law), a beneficiary, *pl.* cestuis — — (*not* trustent); — *viè**, he on whose life land is held, *pl.* cestuis — —.
 c'est une autre chose*, that's another matter.
 cestus*, a girdle, *not* -os, -on.
 cesura, *use* cæ-*.
 cetera/ desiderantur or — desunt (Lat.), the rest are wanting.
 ceteris paribus* (Lat.), other things being equal, *not* cæ-.
 Cetinje, capital of Montenegro, *not* Cettin, Cetingé, Cettinje, Zetinje.
 C.E.T.S., Church of England Temperance Society.
 C.F., Chaplain to the Forces; cf., calf, confer (compare); c.f.i., cost, freight, and insurance.
 C.G., Captain-General, Captain of the Guard, coast-guard, Coldstream Guards, Commissary - General, Consul-General; eg., centigram; C.G.H., Cape of Good Hope; C.G.S., centimetre - gramme - second system, Commissary-General of Subsistence.
 C.H., Captain of the Horse, court - house, custom house; Ch., China, -ese, Church, and proper names with this beginning, (Lat.) *Chirurgiæ* (of surgery); ch., chapter, chief, child, -ren, surgeon, (mus.) choir organ.
 chaconne*, dance.
 chacun son goût (à) (Fr.), every one to his taste.
 Chad (Lake), *use* Tchad.
 chadar (Ind.), *use* chud-dar*.

chairman (m. and f.),
abbr. C., or chn.

chaise-longue*, a couch.

chal*, a gipsy; *fem.* **chai***.

chalaz/a* (biol.), *pl.* -æ*.

chalcedony*, a quartz, *not*
calce-, chalci-; *pron.* kal-

Chald/aic*, -aism* (*not*
-æism), -ean*, -ee*;
abbr. Chald.

chalet*, a Swiss cottage,
not châ- (*not* ital.).

Challemel-Lacour (P.
A.), 1827-96, French
statesman.

chamb., chamberlain.

"Chambers's Encyclo-
pædia", etc.

Chambertin*, a Burgundy
wine.

chambre/ à coucher
(Fr. f.), bedroom, *pl.*

chambres — —; —

d'ami, spare bedroom.

chameleon*, *not* chamæ-

chamfer*, to bevel.

chamois-leather*, *not*
shammy- —.

chamomile, *use* cam-*

Chamonix, *dép.* Haute-
Savoie, *not* -ouni, -ounix,
-ouny.

champagne*, a wine.

champaign*, a flat open
country.

champerty*, an illegal
agreement, *not* -arty.

champignon* (Fr. m.), a
mushroom, *not* -pinion.

champlevé, an enamel.

Champollion (J. F.),
1791-1831, Egyptol.

Champs Élysées, Paris.

Chancellor, abbr. C., or
Chanc.

chance-medley* (law), a
form of homicide(hyphen).

Chancery, abbr. C.

change/able*, -ability*.

channel/*, -led*, -ling*.

chanson/* (Fr. f.), a song;
-nette*, a little song.

chant/*, singing; -er*, of
bagpipes, *not* chau-.

chantey (naut.), a sailor's
song, *not* -ty.

Chantilly, *dép.* Oise.

Chantrey/ (Sir F.), 1781-
1841, sculptor; — Fund,
Royal Academy of Arts,
London.

chap/*, a skin-crack, *not*
chop.

chap., chaplain, chapter.

chapeau/* (Fr. m.), a hat, *pl.*
-x; **chapeaux bas**! hats
off! **chapeau rouge**, red
cap of the Republic.

chapel* (typ.), an associa-
tion of journeymen in a
printing office.

Chapel Hill, Lincs and
Yorks (two words).

Chapelhill, Perth (one
word).

chapelie ardente (Fr. f.), a
chapel lighted for a lying
in state (no hyphen).

chapelonians (typ.), mem-
bers of a "chapel."

Chapel Royal, *pl.* Chap-
els —.

Chapel Town, Monmouth.

Chapeltown, Banff, Co.
Down, Kerry, Yorks
(one word).

chaperon*, *not* -one, -onne.

chaplain, abbr. chap.

Chappell (William),
1809-88, music publisher,
London.

Chaptal (J. A.), 1756-
1832, introduced metric
system.

chapter/, -s, abbr. c., ch.,
or chap.; (typ.) first
word s.caps. With fancy
initial, rest of word to
be in caps. If first two
words a proper name,
both to be in s.caps.;
— (cited titles of), to
be roman double-quoted.

chapter-headings (typ.),
type a matter of taste; no
general rule can be stated.

char/*, -red*, -ring*.

char-à-banc*, an open

CHARACTERIZE — CHEMISTRY

carriage with transverse seats; *pl.* chars-à-bancs.
characteriz/e*, *not* -ise;
-able*, -ation*, -er*.

charbon* (Fr. m.), coal,
also anthrax.

chargé*, *more fully* chargé
d'affaires* (not ital.).

Charity Organisation
Society, off., *not* organiz-;
abbr. C.O.S.

Charlemagne, A.D. 744-
814.

Charles, abbr. C., or Chas.

Charlottenburg, Berlin.

Charlotte Russe* (cook.),
a custard.

Charon* (class. myth.), the
ferryman; *pron.* kā'ron.

charpoy* (Ang.-Ind.), bed-
stead, *not* -ai.

chartel, *use* car-*.

Chartered Accountant,
abbr. C.A.

Charteris, *pron.* char'ters.

charter-party* (naut.)
(hyphen).

chartography, *use* ca-*.

chart paper, machine-
made from best rags.

Chartreuse* (Fr. f.), a
liqueur.

Chartreux*, a Carthusian
monk.

Chas., Charles.

Chasles (Michel), 1793-
1880, mathematician.

chasse/* (Fr. f.), a liqueur
glassful, hunt; — **-marée**,
coasting or fishing vessel.

chassé (Fr. m.), a dancing
step.

châsse (Fr. f.), a shrine.

chasseu/r* (Fr.), a hunts-
man; *fem.* -se.

chassis*, window sash, a
framework as of motor-
car (not ital.).

Chaste Week, one after
Quinquagesima Sunday.

chastis/e*, *not* -ize;
-ement*, -ing*.

château/* (Fr. m.), a castle;
pl. -x* (not ital.).

Chateaubriand (F.R.A.,
vicomte de), 1768-1848,
writer and statesman.

•Châteaubriant, dép.
Loire-Inférieure.

Châteaudun, dép. Eure-et-
Loir.

châteaux en Espagne
(Fr.), "castles in the air."

Chateauguay, Quebec.

Château-Laffitte, a claret
(hyphen, 2 f's, 2 s's).

châtelain/*, lord of the
manor; *fem.* -e*.

Chaucer (Geoffrey),
1340-1400.

chauffeur, motor - car
driver.

chaunt/, -er, *use* chant*.

chaussée* (Fr. f.), a cause-
way, the ground level.

chaussures* (Fr. f.), boots,
shoes, etc.

Chautauqua, New York
State, celebrated resort.

Ch.B., *Baccalaureus Chi-
rurgiae* (Bachelor of
Surgery).

Ch. Ch., Christ Church,
Oxford.

check*, to stop (*see also*
cheque).

checker, *use* chequer*.

Cheddar cheese*, *not* -er.

cheeper*, partridge- or
grouse-chick.

Cheeryble Brothers, in
"Nicholas Nickleby."

cheetah*, hunting leopard,
not chet-.

chef/* (Fr. m.), a cook;
— **de cuisine**, head cook;

— **d'orchestre**, leader
of the orchestra; —

-d'œuvre*, a master-
piece, *pl.* chefs.—*

Cheiroptera*, *not* Chir-.

chemical*, -ist*, *not* chy-;
abbr. chem.

chemin de fer (Fr. m.), rail-
way; *pl.* chemins —.

chemistry* (typ.), caps. for
initial letters of symbols,
no point at end, or be-

tween symbols of compounds. Full names in roman, not caps., *not* chy-; abbr. chem.

Chemulpo, Korea, *not*-pho. cheque*, a written order (*see also* check).

chequeen*, Ind. gold coin, *not*-quin.

cheque paper (typ.), hand-made from best rags.

chequer*, *not* checker.

Cherbourg, dép. Manche.

cherchez la femme (Fr.), look for the woman.

chère amie (Fr. f.), a sweetheart (è).

chér/i (Fr.), *fem. -ie*, darling (é).

Chersonese*, a peninsula.

cherub/*, *pl. -s**, *-im**.

cherubim*, the barn owl.

Cherubini (M. L. C.

Z. S.), 1760-1842, composer; *pron. kě-ru-bě'ně*.

Cheshire, abbr. Ches.

che sarà sarà (It.), what will be, will be.

Chesil Beach, Dorset.

chess (masters of): Albin, Blackburne, Charousek, Janowski, Lasker, Marco, Maroczy, Morphy, Philidor, Pillsbury, Popiel, Schlechter, Staunton, Steinitz, Tarrasch, Taubenhaus, Tchigorin, Teichmann, Walbrodt, Winawer, Zukertort.

"Chesse (The Game and Playe of)," the second book printed by Caxton.

chestnut*, *not* chesnut.

chetah, *use* chee-*

chetvert, a Russian dry measure, *not* tzetver, tschetwert.

chetvertak, Russian silver coin, *not* tschetwertak, tchetverka.

*cheval** (Fr. m.), a horse, *pl. chevaux*; *cheval de bataille*, a favourite subject; — *de frise**

(mil.), obstacle to advance, *usually in the pl. chevaux de frise*; *cheval de retour*, ticket-of-leave man.

chevalet* (mus.), the bridge of a stringed instrument.

*chevalier d'industrie**

(Fr. m.), a swindler.

chevance* (law), usury.

chevaster*, chin bandage, *not* -tre, -vestre, -vêtre.

cheville*, violin peg.

chevrette*, glove leather.

chevreuil (Fr. m.), roebuck.

Chevreul (M. E.), 1786-1889, French chemist.

Cheyne Walk, Chelsea; *pron. chā'ně*.

Chi., Chicago.

Chianti, It. wine; *pron. kě-ant'ě*.

chiaroscuro*, light and shade, *not* chiaro-oscuro.

chibouk*, a Turkish pipe, *not* -que, -buk.

chic*, "style" (*not* ital.).

Chicago, abbr. Chi.; *pron. shī-kar'go*.

Chichele, Oxford professorship; *pron. -ělē, not* -eel.

*chick** (Ang.-Ind.), a screen-blind, *not* check, cheek.

chickabiddy*, a term of endearment, *not* chu-.

Chickahominy (battles of the).

chicory*, *not* chiccory.

chief, abbr. C., or ch.;

Chief/ Accountant,

C.A.; — Baron, C.B.;

— Justice* (caps., *no* hyphen), abbr. C.J.

child* (Sc.), a young man.

chiffon*, dress fabric or ornaments.

chiffonier*, a sideboard, *not* -nnier (*not* ital.).

chiffonn/ier (Fr.), *fem. -ière*, rag collector (ital.).

chiffre (Fr. m.), figure, numeral, monogram.

chignon*, a coil of hair.

CHIGOE — CHRIST

chigoe*, W. Indian parasite, *not* jigger.

chih (China), 14·1 Eng. in., *not* chee, cheh, chik.

child/, -ren, -ren's, abbr. ch.

"Childe Harold's Pilgrimage," by Byron, 1811-17.

Childermas*, 28 Dec.

childlike* (one word).

Chile, S. America, *not* Chili; *but* Chilian.

Chilianwallah, Punjab, *not* Chill-, Killianwala.

chilli/*, red, or Guinea, pepper, *not* chile, chili, chilly; *pl.* -es*.

chillness*.

chilográmma (It.), kilogram.

Chimborazo, Ecuador.

chimer*, a bishop's garment, *not* -ere.

chimera*, a creation of the imagination, *not* -æra; *pron.* kī-me'ra.

Chin/a, -ese, abbr. Chin.

chincapin*, dwarf chestnut, *not* -kapin, -quapin.

Chinchas, ancient Peruvians.

chinchona, *use* cin-.*

chiné (Fr.), coloured in Chinese fashion.

Chinese/, abbr. Ch., *or* Chin.; — Classics, the sacred books.

ching (China), 121 sq. ft.

ch'ing (China), 72,600 sq. ft.

chip/*, -ped*, -ping*.

chipmuck*, a N. American squirrel, *not* -munk.

chiromancy*, *not* cheiro-

Chiron, the centaur, *not* Cheir-.

chiropodist*, *not* -ped-; *pron.* kī-.

Chiroptera, *use* Cheir-.*

chirosophy*, palmistry, *not* cheir-.

chirrup/*, -ed, -ing*.

chirurgiæ (Lat.), of surgery; abbr. Ch.

chit*, chitty* (Ang.-Ind.), a letter.

Chittagong, Bengal.

chlorine*, symbol Cl*.

chloroformize*, *not* -ise.

chlorophyll* (bot.), *not* -il, -yl.

Ch.M., *Chirurgiæ Magister* (Master of Surgery).

chn., chairman.

chock-full*, *not* choke-.

Choctaw, N. American Indians, *not* Chacatos, Chactaws, Chakta.

choir*, part of a church, *or* singers, *not* quire.

choke-full, *use* chock-.*

cholera morbus, cholera disease.

Cholmeley, Cholmondeley, Chomley, *all pron.* chum'lē.

Cholmondeley (**Marquess of**); — (**Mary**), writer; — -Pennell (**H.**), 1837-, writer.

chop, *see* chap.

Chopin (**F. F.**), 1810-49, Polish composer.

"Chops of the Channel"* , west entrance to English Channel.

chorus/*, *pl.* -es*; -ed*.

chose* (law), a thing.

Chose (**Monsieur**) (Fr.), Mr. So-and-so.

chota-hazri (Ang.-Ind.), early breakfast.

Chota Nagpore, Bengal.

chou/ (Fr. cook. m.), cabbage, puff (pastry), a dress rosette; — **-fleur**, cauliflower (hyphen), *pl.* **choux-fleurs**; **choux de Bruxelles**, brussels sprouts; **chou marin**, seakale.

Chr. Coll. Cam., Christ's College, Cambridge.

Christ Church, abbr. Ch. Ch.

Christ-cross-row*, the alphabet, *not* criss — —.

Christe eleison, "Christ, have mercy."

Christian/*, -ity* (cap.).

Christianize*, *not* -ise.

Christie, Manson, & Woods, auctioneers, London.

Christmas Day (caps.); Old — —, 6 January.

Christ's College, Cambridge; abbr. **Chr. Coll. Cam.**

chromatosphere*(astr.), *same as* **chromosphere***.

chromium*, symbol **Cr***.

chromolithography* (one word).

chron., chronology, -ical, -ly.

Chronicles, abbr. **1 Chron.**, or **2 Chron.**

chronologize*, to arrange chronologically, *not* -ise.

chronopher*, apparatus for electric time-signals.

chrysal (archery), a defect in a bow.

chrysalis*, *pl.* -ides*.

Chrysaor, son of Neptune.

Chryseis, dau. of Chryses.

chrysoprase*, *not* -phrase.

Chrysos, patron of art.

Chrysostom (St. John), A.D. 347-407.

chthonian*, subterranean; *pron.* thō'ni-an.

chthononosology*, geography of diseases.

chuddar* (Ang.-Ind.), female over-garment, *not* the many variations.

Chur, Ger. and off. Swiss for **Coire**.

Church (typ.), initial cap. when referring to a body of people, as the Wesleyan Church; lower-case for building; abbr. **C.**, or **Ch.**

church/-scot*, church tribute; — -text* (typ.), slender and tall form of black letter.

churchwarden* (one word).

chute*, slide, etc.; *pron.* sh-.

chutney*, *not* -nee, -ny.

chymist, *use* **che**-*.

C.I., Channel Isles, (Order of the) Crown of India.

Cibber (Colley), 1671-1757, Poet Laureate.

cicad/a*, the tree cricket; *pl.* -æ.

cical/a* (It.), the grasshopper; *pl.* -e*.

cicatri/x*, *pl.* -ces*.

cicatrize*, *not* -ise.

Cicero, 106-43 B.C.; abbr. **Cic.**

ciceron/e*, a guide, *pl.* -i*; *pron.* chĭch-er-o'nĕ.

Cicestr., signature Bishop of Chichester (full point).

C.I.D., Criminal Investigation Department.

Cid Campeador, 1040-99, Spanish warrior.

cider*, *not* cy-.

ci-devant*, formerly (not ital.).

C.I.E., Companion of (the Order of) the Indian Empire.

Cie (Fr.), *compagnie* (company) (no point).

cierge*, large candle, *not* cer-, ser-.

c.i.f., cost, insurance, and freight.

cigala, *use* **cicada*** or **cicala***.

ci-gît (Fr.), here lies.

cili/um*, a hair-like appendage; *pl.* -a*.

Cimabue (G.), 1240-1300, It. painter; *pron.* cheem-a-boo'ā.

cim/eter, -itar, -iter, *use* **scimitar***.

cim/ex*, bed-bug; *pl.* -ices*.

Cimmerian*, intense darkness (cap.).




cinchona*(bot.), *not* chin-.

cinematograph, *use* **k.**

cineraria/* (bot.), *pl.* -s*.

- cinerarium***, a place for cremation residue.
- Cingalese***, Ceylon native; *pl.* same, *not* Singhalese.
- cingulum***, a girdle or zone; *pl.* -a.
- Cinquecento***, Renaissance period from 1501.
- cipher***, *not* cy-.
- cipollino**, veined white and green Italian marble.
- Cipriani** (Giambattista), R.A., 1727-85, painter.
- circ**, a prehistoric stone circle.
- circ.**, *circiter*, *circum* (about).
- circa*** (Lat.), about; abbr. **c.**
- Circean***, of Circe, *not* -æan.
- circiter** (Lat.), about; abbr. **c.**, or **circ.**
- circle**, sign **O**; arc of circle, **∩**.
- Circuit Court**, abbr. **C.C.**
- circuit edges** (binding), covers turned over to protect the leaves.
- circulariz/e***, to issue circulars, *not* -ise; -ing*.
- circum** (Lat.), about; abbr. **c.**, or **circ.**
- circumcise***, *not* -ize.
- circumflex*** (typ.), the accent, *â, ê, î, ô, û*.
- circumflexion***, *not* -flect-.
- circumstance**: mere situation is expressed by "in the circumstances", action affected is performed "under the circumstances" (O.E.D.).
- Cirencester**, *pron.* *ciz'i-ter*.
- cirque***, a circus (not ital.).
- cirrhosis***, a liver disease.
- cirrus***, a curl-like tuft, a cloud, *not* -rhus.
- Cisalpine***, on the Roman side of the Alps (cap., one word).
- ciseau/** (Fr. m.), chisel; *pl.* -x, scissors.
- cisel/eur** (Fr. m.), a metal-chaser; -ure (f.), art of chasing.
- Cis-leithan/*** (adj.), -ia (noun), Austria-Hungary.
- cist** (archæol.), *but* **cyst*** (biol.).
- cit.**, citation, cited, citizen.
- citations**, *see* authorities, *also* quotations.
- cities/** (typ.), names of, not to be abbreviated if avoidable; — of Refuge: east of Jordan, Bezer, Ramoth, Golan; west of Jordan, Hebron, Shechem, Kedesh.
- citizen**, abbr. **cit.**
- cito** (Lat.), quickly.
- citoyen/** (Fr.), *fem.* -ne, *citiz-en*.
- citrinous***, lemon-coloured.
- cittadin/o** (It.), a citizen, *pl.* -i; *fem.* -a, *pl.* -e.
- city**, abbr. **c.**; City Editor, the supervisor of financial matters (*see also* cities).
- ciudad** (Sp.), city, *not* cui-.
- C.I.V.**, City Imperial Volunteers.
- civ.**, civil, -ian.
- civics***, the science of citizenship.
- Civil/ Court**, abbr. **C.C.**; — Engineer, abbr. **C.E.**
- civiliz/e***, *not* -ise; -able*.
- Civil/ Servants**, — Service (caps.), abbr. **C.S.**
- C.J.**, Chief Justice.
- ck.**, cask, -s.
- C.L.**, Commander (of the Order) of Leopold.
- Cl**, chlorine.
- cl.**, centilitre, class, clause, clergyman, cloth.
- Clackmannan**, Scotland (three *n*'s).
- Clairaut** (A. C.), 1713-65, Fr. math., *not* -ault.
- claire-cole**, *use* clear-*
- clairvoyant/***, *fem.* -e* (not ital.).
- clam/***, -miness*, -my*.
- clamjamphrie*** (Sc.), rubbish, *also* a mob, *not* the many variations.

clang*, quality of musical sound; in Ger. *Klang*.
 clangor*, *not* -our.
 Clanricarde (Marquess, *not* of).
 clans/man*, *pl.* -men.
 Claparède (J. L. R. A. E.), 1832-70, naturalist.
 claptrap* (one word).
 claquer*, hired applauder; in Fr. m. *claqueur**.
 clar. (mus.), clarinet.
 clarabella* (mus.), an organ stop, *not* clari-
 Clarenceux*, the second King-of-Arms, *not* -cieux.
 clarendon type, thick-faced, as this; indicated in MS. by a waved line underneath; abbr. clar.
 Claretie (Jules), 1840-, writer.
 clarinet/*, -tist*, *not* -ionet; abbr. clar.
 "Clarissa Harlowe," by Richardson.
 Clark/ (Alvan), optician; — (Sir Andrew), 1826-93, physician; — lecture, Cambridge.
 Clarke (Mrs. Cowden), 1809-98, Shak. scholar; — (Sir Edward), 1841-, K.C.; — (Sir G. Sydenham), 1848-, writer (*see also* Clerke).
 class, abbr. cl.
 class., classic, -al, classification.
 classes (bot., zool.), (typ.) to have caps.
 class/is*, a presbytery; *pl.* -es.
 clat*, noisy talk, a tattler.
 Claude Lorraine, 1600-82, Fr. painter, *not* — -ain.
 clause so-and-so (typ.), to have cap. C; of paragraphs thus, (1), (2), (3); abbr. cl.
 clav/is*, a key; *pl.* -es.
 cld., cleared (goods or shipping), coloured.
 clean (typ.), said of proofs

or revises with few errors, or pulled after matter has been corrected.
 clear-cole*, a coating of size, *not* claire-.
 clear days, time to be reckoned exclusive of the first and last.
 cleared (goods or shipping), abbr. cld.
 clearstory, *use* clere-*.
 Cleator Moor, town in Cumberland.
 clef (mus.),  bass,  tenor,  treble.
 cleistogamous*, *not* k-.
 Clemenceau (E.), 1841-, Fr. politician, *not* Clé-.
 Clemens (S. L.), 1835-, pen-name "Mark Twain."
 clench* (to) the fist or fingers, grasp firmly, fix, settle (*see also* clinch).
 clenge* (Sc.), to clean; (Sc. law) to acquit.
 clepsydra/*, a time measurer, *not* k-; *pl.* -s*.
 cleptomania, *use* k-*.
 clerestory*, a special upper row of windows, *not* clear-.
 clergy/man, -men, abbr. cl., or clerg.
 clericalize*, *not* -ise.
 clerk, abbr. clk.
 Clerke (Agnes M.), 1842-1907, astr.
 Clerk-Maxwell (James), 1831-79, physicist, *should be* J. C. Maxwell.
 Clerk/ of Parliaments (caps.); — of the Peace, abbr. C.P.; — of the Privy Council, abbr. C.P.C.
 clevis*, a link or swivel, *not* clives, clives.
 clew*, of a sail, *but* to follow a clue*.
 cliché* (typ.), a stereo or electro block (not ital.); -eur, stereo-maker.

clicker* (typ.), a foreman compositor, or maker-up.
 Clicquot (Veuve), a brand of champagne.

clientele*, clients collectively (no accent, not ital.).

clinch* (to), a nail, to make fast a rope in a special way, to make firm and sure—as an argument (*see also* clench).

clinic*, not clinique.

"Clinker (Humphry", not -ey), by Smollett.

clinometer*, not k-.

clique*, -ism*, -y*, not -eism, -ey (not ital.).

clish-ma-claver* (Sc.), gossip.

Clitheroe, Lancs.

clitor/is* (anat.), pl. -ides.
 clk., clerk.

Cloaca Maxima, sewer of ancient Rome (caps.).

cloak*, not cloke.

cloche* (hort.), bell-glass.

clocher*, a belfry (not ital.).

Cloch Point, Clyde, not -k.

clod/*, -ded*, -ding.

Clodd (Edward), 1840-, writer.

cloff*, an allowance on commodities, not clough.

cloisonné*, enamel (not ital.).

cloke, *use* cloak*.

close (typ.), the second member of any pair, as "]); *pron.* clōz.

close up (typ.), to push together, to remove spacing-out leads; close matter, unleaded, or thinly spaced.

closure*, in Fr. f. *clôture**.

Clos Vougeot, a Burgundy wine.

clot-bur* (bot.), burdock, not clote-, cloth-.

cloth/, abbr. cl.; — of Bruges, gold brocade.

clotted cream, not clouted cream.

*clôture** (Fr. f.), closure.

clouds, kinds of: (1) cirrus, (2) cirro-cumulus, (3) cirro-stratus, (4) alto-cumulus, (5) alto-stratus, (6) strato-cumulus, (7) cumulus, (8) cumulo-nimbus, (9) nimbus, (10) stratus.

cloudy (naut.), abbr. c.

clough, *use* cloff*.

clouted cream, *use* clot-
 ted —.

clove-hitch*, a knot (hyphen).

C.L.P.A., Common Law Procedure Act.

C.L.R., Central London Railway.

clubbable*, not clubable.

clue* (to follow a), *but* clew* of a sail.

Clun/iac*, -ist*, of Cluny.

Cluny, France, not -i.

Clwyd, river, N. Wales.

Clydebank, Dumbarton, a town.

clypeiform*, shield-like.

Clytemnestra, wife of Agamemnon, not Clytæ-.

C.M., Certificated Master or Mistress, *Chirurgiæ Magister* (Master of Surgery), Church Missionary, (mus.) common metre, Corresponding Member; c.m., *causa mortis* (by reason of death); cm., centimetre; C.M.D. (mus.), common metre double; cmdg., commanding; C.M.G., Companion of (the Order of)

St. Michael and St. George; cml., commercial; C.M.S., Church Missionary Society; C.M.Z.S., Corresponding Member of the Zoological Society.

Cnut, not Canute, Knut.

C.O., Colonial Office, Commanding Officer, Criminal Office, Crown Office; Co, cobalt; Co., Colon, Company, county; c/o, care of.

coad, coadjutor.
 coagul/um*, a clot; *pl.* -a*.
 coak*, a dowel, also "bush"
 of a sheave.
 Coalbrookdale, Salop.
 coal-field* (hyphen).
 coalmouse* (ornith.), the
 coal titmouse, *not* cole-
 coal-pit* (hyphen).
 coarticulate*, to articulate
 together (no hyphen).
 coast-guard* (hyphen);
 abbr. C.G.
 cob*, Spanish dollar.
 cobalt*, symbol Co*.
 Cobb (Thomas), 1854-,
 writer; — (W.F.), 1857-,
 writer.
 Cobbe (Frances Power),
 1822-1904, writer.
 cobb paper, that used for
 the sides of books.
 coble*, boat, *not* cobble.
 Coblenz, *not* -tz, K-.
 cobra de capello*, the
 snake, *not* da, di.
 Coburg, Iowa; Saxe—,
not -ourg, -urgh.
 cocaine*, *not* -ain.
 coco*(bot.), Jamaica plant
 tuber, *not* cocoa, coco.
*Cocculus indicus** (bot.).
 Cochin-China (hyphen).
 cochle/a*, the ear passage;
pl. -æ.
cochon de lait (Fr. m.),
 sucking pig.
 Cockaigne*, London, *not*
 Cocagne, Cockayne.
 cockatiel*, Australian
 cockatoo, *not* -teel.
 cockatoo/*, *pl.* -s.
 cockee* (curling), the
 "tee."
 Cocker (Edward), 1631-
 75, wrote "Arithmetic."
 cockie-leekie, *use* cocky-
 leeky*.
 Cockney (cap.).
 cockscomb*, a plant;
 cox-*, a fop.
 cockswain, *use* cox-*.
 cock-up* (typ.), a superior
 letter or number, as *r* in M^r.

cocky-leeky* (Sc.), hotch-
 potch, a soup, *not* cockie-
 leekie, cock-a-leeky.
 Cocles (Horatius), *pron.*
 kôk'lēs.
 cocoa-bay*, a W. Indian
 disease.
 coco-nut*, *not* cocoa-,
 coker-, koker-.
 Cocos Isles, B. of Bengal.
 cocotte (Fr. f.), a prosti-
 tute.
 cocq-cigrues, *see* coque-
 Cocytus, a river in Hades.
 C.O.D., cash, or collect,
 on delivery.
 cod., codex.
 coddle*, *not* codle.
 Code Napoléon (Fr. m.),
 civil code promulgated
 1804-10.
 cod/ex*, ancient MS., abbr.
 cod.; *pl.* -ices*, abbr.
 codd.
 cod-fish* (hyphen).
 codling*, a fish, also apple,
not -in.
 codon, the bell-shaped
 mouth of trumpets, etc.
 co-education*, education
 of the two sexes to-
 gether.
 coefficient* (one word).
 "Coelebs in Search of a
 Wife," by Hannah More.
 Cœlenterata*, a zool. sub-
 kingdom (not ital.).
 cœliac, abdominal, *not* ce-
 cœnogamy, community of
 wives, *not* ce-
 cœrulean, *use* ce-*.
 coetaneous*, of the same
 age, *not* cœ-
 coeternal (one word).
 coeval* (one word).
 coexist* (one word).
 coextensive* (one word).
 coffer-dam*, a watertight
 enclosure.
 cognate, abbr. cog.
cognati (law), relations by
 mother's side.
cognit/um, any object of
 cognition; *pl.* -a.

- cogniz/e*, *not* -ise; -able*,
 -ance*, -ant*.
cognoscent/e* (It.), a con-
 noisseur; *pron.* ko-nyo-
 shen'tă, *pl.* -i.
cognovit actionem* (law),
 an acknowledgment.
 coheir/*, -ess* (one word).
 Cohnheim (J. F.), 1839-
 84, German pathologist.
 cohow*, Bermudian shear-
 water, *not* cahow, cohoo.
coiff/eur* (Fr. m.), hair-
 dresser; -ure* (f.), head-
 dress.
 coignye, *use* coynye*.
 Coire, Grisons, Switz.; Ger.
 and offic. Swiss, Chur.
 coits, *use* quoits*.
 Col., Colonel, Columbia Dis-
 trict (U.S.A.), Colossians.
 col., colonial, column.
 colander*, a strainer, *not*
 colla-, culle-.
 colecannon*, an Irish dish,
not cale-, cole-.
 colchyte* (Egypt. antiq.),
 a ritual reader, *not* chol-.
 Col.-Corp., Colour-Cor-
 poral.
 Coldstream/, Berwick, a
 town; — Guards, *not* The
 Coldstreams, abbr. C.G.
 cole-pixy, *use* colt-pixie*.
 Colerain, N. Carolina.
 Coleraine, Londonderry.
 Coleridge (Sara, *not* -ah),
 1802-52, writer.
 cole-slaw* (U.S.A.), a
 salad.
 colic/*, -ky*.
 coliform*, sieve-like.
 Colin/Clout, pastoral name
 in "Faerie Queene"; —
 Tampon, nickname of a
 Swiss (*see also* Colyn).
 Coliseum, London (*see also*
 Coloss-*).
 coll., colleague, collection,
 collector, college.
collaborateur* (Fr. m.)
 (ital.).
 collaborator* (*not* ital.).
colla/ parte or — voce
- (mus.), adapt to principal
 part or voice; abbr. **col.**
p., or **col. vo.**
 collapsible*, *not* -able.
 collat., collateral, -ly.
 collat/e* (typ.), to put the
 sheets of a book in right
 sequence, to compare
 critically; -or*, *not* -er.
 colleague, abbr. coll.
 collect., collectively.
 collectable*, *not* -ible.
collectanea*, collected
 notes.
 collect/ion, -or, abbr. coll.
 Collections, an Oxford
 examination.
 colleen* (Ang.-Irish), a girl.
 college, abbr. coll.
 Collège de France (m.).
 College of Justice*, Sc.
 supreme courts.
collegi/um, an ecclesias-
 tical body uncontrolled by
 the State; *pl.* -a.
 collie*, a dog, *not* -y.
 Collinge axle, *not* Collins.
 collodionize*, *not* -ise.
 collop*, a piece of meat.
 colloq., colloquial, -ly, -ism.
colloqui/um*, talk; *pl.* -a.
 collotype*, a gelatine-pro-
 cess plate.
 Colo., off. abbr. Colorado.
colombelle (Fr. typ. f.), a
 column-rule.
 Colombia (Republic of),
 S. Amer. (*see also* Colu-).
 colombier paper, *use*
 colum-*.
 Colombo, cap. of Ceylon,
not Colu-.
 Colon, Cent. Amer.; abbr.
 Co. (*see also* Columbus).
 colon, in Fr. m. **deux**
points, in Ger. m. **Dop-**
pelpunkt, or (n.) **Kolon**
 (*see* punctuation, VI).
 Colonel/, abbr. Col.; —
 Bogie (golf), the imagin-
 ary player.
 colonial, abbr. col.
 Colonial Office, abbr.
 C.O.

coloniz/e*, *not* -ise; -able*,
-ation*.
colophon* (typ.), the im-
print of a book.
Colorado, off. abbr. Colo.
coloration*, *not* colour-
Colosseum*, Rome (*see*
also Colis-).
Colossians, abbr. Col.
Colossus* of Rhodes.
Colour (trooping of the),
not colours.
Colour-Corporal, abbr.
Col.-Corp.
coloured, abbr. cld.
colourist*, *not* colorist.
Colour - Serjeant, *not*
-geant; abbr. Col.-Serj.
col. p. (mus.), *colla parte*
(adapt to principal part).
Colquhoun, *pron.* ko-hoon'.
Colston's Day, Bristol,
13 Nov.
colter, *use* cou-*.
colt-pixie*, a mischievous
fairy, *not* cole-pixy.
columbari/um*, a dove-
cot, place for cremation
urns; *pl.* -a*.
Columbia District,
U.S.A., abbr. Col. (*see also*
Colo-).
cumbier*, a drawing
paper, $34\frac{1}{2} \times 23\frac{1}{2}$ in., *not*
colombia, -ier.
columbium*, symbol Cb*,
now called niobium*.
Columbus (Christo-
pher), 1436-1506; in Sp.
Cristóval Colon.
column, abbr. col.
column/a* (anat.), *pl.* -æ*.
colure (astr.), each of two
great circles.
Colville (Sir H. E.),
1852-1907, Maj.-Gen.
Colville (Lieut.-Col. A.
E. W.), Rifle Brigade; —
(Sir W. J.), 1827-; —
of Culross (Viscount).
col. vo. (mus.), *colla voce*
(adapt to principal voice).
"Colyn Cloute," by John
Skelton (*see also* Colin).

Com., Commander.
com., comedy, comic, com-
mission, -er, committee,
common, -er, -ly, com-
mune, -ity, communicate,
-ed, -tion.
com/a* (astr., bot., med.),
pl. -æ.
comb., combine, -ed, -ing.
combat/*, -ed*, -ing*,
-ive*.
Combermere (Viscount).
combin/e, -ed, -ing, abbr.
comb.
Comdt., Commandant.
come-at-able*, accessible.
Comédie française,
official name of *Le*
Théâtre français (l.c. f).
comédien/* (Fr.), actor;
fem. -ne*.
comedy, abbr. com.
comendador (Sp.), a
knight commander.
come/ prima (It. mus.), as
at first; — *sopra*, as
above, abbr. *co. sa.*
comfiture*, *not* con-
comfrey* (bot.), *not* cu-
comic, abbr. com.
Com.-in-Chf., Comman-
der-in-Chief.
comitatus*, a retinue, a
county or shire; *pl.* same.
Comitia/*, a meeting of the
Senate of Dublin Univer-
sity; — *Æstivalia*, ditto
in summer; — *Hiemalia*,
ditto in winter; — *Ver-*
nalia, ditto in spring.
comm., commentary, com-
merce, commonwealth.
comma/*, *pl.* -s* (*see*
punctuation, VII,
scratch comma).
Commandant* (accent on
first syll.); abbr. Comdt.
commandeer*, to seize
for military service.
Commander/, abbr. Com.;
— -in-Chief (hyphens),
abbr. Com.-in-Chf.; —
of the Faithful, the Sul-
tan of Ottoman Empire.

COMMANDING — COMPARISON

commanding, abbr. cmdg.; Commanding Officer, abbr. C.O.
commanditaire* (Fr. m.), a sleeping partner.
commandite* (Fr. f.), limited liability.
commando/* (S. Afr.), a party for military purposes; *pl.* -s.
comme ci, comme ça (Fr.), indifferently, so-so.
comme il faut (Fr.), as it should be.
commendam*, ecclesiastical benefice.
commentary, abbr. comm.
commenter*, *not* -or.
commerce, abbr. comm.
commercial/, abbr. cml.; — **A** (typ.), @ = at; — agent, abbr. C.A.; — envelopes, $5\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$ in.; — letter, folded writing-paper, $11 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$ in.; — note, ditto, 8×5 in.; — stroke (typ.), as in 5/-.
commis/ (Fr. m.), a clerk; — **voyageur**, commercial traveller.
Commissary - General (hyphen); abbr. C.G.
commission/, -er, abbr. com.
commissio/naire* (not ital.); in Fr. m. -**nnaire**.
commit/*, -table* (*not* -ible), -ted*, -ting*.
committee* meets, *not* meet; abbr. com.
committ/er*, one who commits; -or* (law), a judge.
common/, -er, -ly, abbr. com.
Common Bench, abbr. C.B.
common metre/ (mus.), abbr. C., or C.M.; — — double, C.M.D.
commonplace* (adj.) (one word).
Common/ Pleas, abbr. C.P. — Prayer, C.P.

common - sense* (adj.) (hyphen).
common sense*, adj. with noun (no hyphen).
Common Serjeant*, *not* -geant; abbr. C.S., or Com.-Serj.
Common Version, abbr. C.V., or Com. Ver.
commonwealth (not cap.); abbr. comm.
commorient* (law), dying together, as by shipwreck.
communaliz/e*, -ation*.
commune, abbr. com.
commune bonum (Lat.), a benefit to all.
communibus annis (Lat.), in average years.
communicat/e, -ion, -ed, abbr. com.
communi consensu (Lat.), by common consent.
communiqué (Fr. m.), an official report.
community, abbr. com.
communize*, to make common.
comp., comparative, comparison, compile, -ed, -er, -ation, composer, -ition, -itor, compound, -ed.
compactor*, one who compacts, *not* -er.
compagnie (Fr. f.), company; abbr. **Cie** (no point).
compagnon (Fr. typ. m.), a journeyman.
Companion of the Bath*, abbr. C.B.
company, abbr. Co. (*see also* **compagnie**).
comparative, abbr. comp.
comparator*, an apparatus for comparing.
compare one thing *with* another (to note agreement or difference); — one thing *to* another (which it is believed to resemble); abbr. cf. (*confer*), or cp.
comparison, abbr. comp.

compass*(typ.), the points, when printed in full, to be hyphenated without caps., as north-by-east, north-north-east, north-east-by-north. Abbreviations to be caps. with full point after each letter, except b, as N., N. b E., N.N.E., N.E. b N., N.E.

competit/or*, *fem.* -ress*.

Compiègne, dép. Oise.

compil/e, -ed, -er, -ation, abbr. comp.

complacent*, self-satisfied.

complainant, abbr. complt.

complaisant*, obliging.

"Compleat Angler," by Izaak Walton, 1653.

complement*, to make complete, a completion.

completori/um*, complin; *pl.* -a.

completory*, complin.

complexion*, *not* -ction.

compliment*, flattery.

complin*(R.C.C.), *not* -ne. complt., complainant.

"Complutensian Polyglot"*, the earliest complete polyglot Bible.

compo*, composition (no point).

compos/er, -ition, -itor, abbr. comp.

compositeur (Fr. m.), composer, compositor.

compos mentis* (Lat.) in one's right mind.

compote* (Fr. f.), fruit stew.

compound/, -ed, abbr. comp.

compound ranks or titles, each word to have cap., as Assistant-Adjutant-General, Vice-President.

comprecation*, joint supplications.

compris/e*, *not* -ize; -ed*, -ing*.

compromise*, *not* -ize.

compte/ (Fr. m.), an account; — *rendu*, official report, *pl.* *comptes rendus*.

"Comptes Rendus," of Fr. Academy (caps.).

comptoir* (Fr. m.), commercial agency, also shop counter.

comptroller*, "erroneous spelling of controller*."

Comptroller General* of Patent Office (caps., two words).

Com.-Serj., Common Serjeant, *not* -geant.

Comt/e (Auguste), 1798-1857, philosopher; -ian*, -ism*, -ist*.

comte* (Fr.), Count; *fem.* *comtesse* (not cap.).

Com. Ver., Common Version (of the Bible).

Con., Consul.

con/*, to direct a ship's course, to examine, *not* -nn, -un; -ning*.

con., conclusion, conversation.

con., *conjux* (consort), *contra* (against, in opposition to).

con amore* (It.), with affection.

consensus, *use* conse-*

Concepcion, name of many S. Amer. places.

Concert/, -meister, -stück (Ger. mus.), *now* *Konzert/* (cap.).

concerto, abbr. etc.

cessionnaire* (Fr. m.).

conch/*, a shell; *pl.* -s.

conch., conchology.

conciere/g* (Fr. m. or f.), -erie* (f., no accent).

conclusion, abbr. con.

concombre (Fr. m.), cucumber.

concordat*, an agreement (not ital.).

concours (Fr. m.), a competition.

CONCRETER — CONSERVATOIRE

concreter*, sugar evaporator, *not* -or.

concur/*, -red, -ring*.

conde* (Sp.), a count, *not* -dec.

Condé ("The Great"), 1621-86.

condottier/e* (It.), a captain of mercenaries; *pl.* -i*.

conductor, *not* -er; abbr. c.

cones*, fine white flour.

con espressione (mus.), with expression, *not* ex-; abbr. **con esp.**

coney, *use* cony*.

conf., conference.

Confederate Army, abbr. C.A.

confer (Lat.), compare; abbr. cf.

conference, abbr. conf.

conférence (Fr. f.), lecture.

conferrable*, *not* -erable.

Conferv/a* (bot.), *pl.* -æ*.

"Confessio Amantis," by Gower, 1393.

confett/i (It.), bits of coloured paper, etc.; -o, a sweetmeat (*not* ital.).

confidant/*, a trusted friend, *fem.* -e; in Fr.

confident, *fem.* -e.

confiture, *use* com-*.

confiture (Fr. f.), jam.

conformator*, apparatus for taking conformation.

confrère (Fr. m.) (accent, *not* ital.).

Confucius, 551-478 B.C.

cong., congregation, -al, -alist, -ist, congress, -ional.

congé (Fr. m.), leave; — **d'accorder**, leave to agree; — **d'aller**, ditto depart; — **d'appel**, ditto appeal; — **d'élire***, ditto elect, *not* — de lire.

congou*, a black tea, *not* -o, kongo.

congregation/, -al, -alist, -ist, abbr. cong.

Congregationalism, representative in U.S.A.

"The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions."

congregationalize*, *not* -ise.

Congress*, U.S.A., the legislative body (cap.); spell out number, as fifty-fourth, *not* 54th.

congress/, -ional, abbr. C., or cong.

congru/ism*, -ist* (theol.).

Coniston, Yorks, Lancs.

Conistone, Shipton, Yorks.

conjugation, abbr. conj.

conjunction, -ive, abbr. conj.

conjunction (astr.), sign ☿.

conjunctiv/a* of the eye; *pl.* -æ (*not* ital.).

conjurer*, a juggler.

conjuror, one bound by oath.

Conn., Connecticut.

Conna, Cork.

Connah's Quay, Flint.

connaturalize*, *not* -ise (*no* hyphen).

connector*, *not* -or.

Connecticut, off. abbr.

Conn.; *pron.* ko-net'i-kut.

connexion*, *not* -ection.

connivence*, *not* -ance.

connoisseur* (*not* ital.).

conoscente, *use* **cogno**-*.

conquistador/* (Sp.), a conqueror; *pl.* -es.

Conrad, *not* K-.

cons., consonant, constable, constitution, -al.

Conscience (Hendrik), 1812-83, Fl. writer.

conscience' sake, etc.

consenescence*, general decay.

consensus*, *not* -ensus.

Conservat/ive, abbr. C.

conservatize*, *not* -ise.

conservat/oire* (Fr. m.); -orio (It., Port., Sp.);

Konservatorium (Ger. n., cap.).

consol., consolidated.
 Consolidated Funds*,
 abbr. Consols.
consommé/* (Fr. m.),
 broth;— **de tête de veau**,
 mock-turtle soup.
 consonant, abbr. cons.
 consonantize*, to make
 consonantal.
 conspectus* (Lat.), a gen-
 eral view (not ital.).
 constable, abbr. c., or
 cons.
 Constans, mythical King
 of Britain.
 Constant (Benjamin),
 1841-1902, Fr. painter.
 Constantino/ple, in Turk.
 Stambul; -politan*.
 Constitution of a country
 (cap. C).
 constitution/, -al, abbr.
 cons.
 constitutionalize*, not
 -ise.
 construction, abbr.
 constr.
 constru/e, -ed, abbr.
 constr.
 "Consuelo," by George
 Sand, 1842.
 Consul, abbr. C., or Con.;
 Lat. *pl. consules*, abbr.
coss.
 Consular Clerk, abbr.
 C.C.
 Consul-General, abbr.
 C.G.
 consumah (Ang.-Ind.),
 indoor servant, *use* *khan-*
*sama**.
consummatum est(Lat.),
 it is finished.
 cont., containing, contents,
 continent, continue, -ed.
contadin/o*, It. peasant,
*pl. -i**; *fem. -a**, *pl.*
*-e**.
contagi/um* (Lat.), con-
 tagion; *pl. -a**.
 containing, abbr. cont.
contaki/on* (Gr. Ch.), a
 service book; *pl. -a*.
 contango* (Stock Ex-

change), charge for carry-
 ing over.
cont. bon. mor., *contra*
bonos mores (contrary to
 good manners).
 contemporize*, not -ise.
 contents, abbr. cont.;—
 (tables of) (typ.), set in
 lower-case of text type
 but one size smaller, not
 to be in s.caps. Not
 to have comma after last
 word. To be run out with
 leaders.
 conterminous*, not cot-.
 "Contes Drolatiques,"
 1832-7, by Balzac.
 Continent/ (the) (cap.);
 — of Europe, etc. (not
 cap.); abbr. cont.
 continu/e, -ed, abbr. cont.
continu/um*, a continuous
 quantity; *pl. -a**.
 cont-line* (naut.), spiral
 space between rope
 strands.
 contr., contract, -ed, -ion,
 -s, contrary.
contra* (Lat.), against;
 abbr. *con.*
contrabandista* (Sp.), a
 smuggler.
contra bonos mores
 (Lat.), contrary to good
 manners; abbr. *cont.*
bon. mor.
 contract/, -ed, -ion, -s,
 abbr. contr.
 contracting-out (hy-
 phen).
 contractions, *see* abbrev-
 iations.
 contractor*, not -er.
 contracts for Govern-
 ment (typ.), copy to be
 strictly followed.
 contrafagotto*, bass bas-
 soon (one word).
contrainte par corps
 (Fr. law), arrest for debt.
contrajus gentium (Lat.),
 against the law of nations.
 contralt/o* (mus.), *pl.*
*-os**, It. *pl. -i**; abbr. C.

CONTRA — COQUET

contra mundum (Lat.), against the world; — **pacem** (law), against the peace.
contraria contrariis curantur (Lat.), opposites are cured by opposites.
contrariwise *.
contrary, abbr. **contr.**
contrat/aléatoire (Fr. law), conditional contract; — **de vente**, contract of sale; — **synallagmatique**, reciprocal contract.
“Contrat Social (Le),” by J.-J. Rousseau, 1762.
contraviolin/o * (It. mus.), the double-bass; *pl.* -i.
contre-dance, *use* **country-dance** *.
contretemps * (not ital.).
contributor *, *not* -er.
control *, -led *, -ling *.
contrôlé (Fr.), hall-marked, registered.
controller *, *not* comp-.
Controller-General *, *but* **Comptroller General** * of Patent Office.
Controller of Accounts, abbr. **C.A.**
convent /, -ion, abbr. **conv.**
conventionalize *, *not* -ise.
conversation (typ.), every new speech to begin new par.; abbr. **con.**
conversazione / *, *pl.* -s * (not ital.).
converter *, *not* -or.
conveyer *, *not* -or.
convictor *, a messmate.
convolvulus / *, *pl.* -es *.
cony / *, a rabbit, *not* coney, *pl.* conies *; — -garth *, a rabbit-warren.
CoochBehar, *use* **Kuch** —.
cooe *, a bush call, *not* -ey, -hee, -ie.
cookie * (Sc. and U.S.A.), a small cake, *not* -ey, -y.
coolie * (Ind., Ch.), native hired labourer, *not* -y.
Coomassie, W. Afr., *use* **Kumassi**.

Cooninxloo (G. van), 1544-1600, Fl. painter.
Cooper (Fenimore, one n), 1787-1851, writer.
co-operate * (hyphen).
Coopers Hill Engineering College (no apostrophe or hyphen).
co-ordinate * (hyphen).
Cop., Copernican.
cop., copper.
coparcenary * (law), joint heirship, *not* -ery.
copeck * (Russ.), about a farthing, *not* -ec, kopeck.
Copenhagen, in Dan. **Kjøbenhavn**.
Copernican, abbr. **Cop.**
“Cophetua and Penelophon” (the beggar maid).
copia verborum * (Lat.), a full vocabulary.
Coppée (François), 1842-, Fr. poet.
copper, abbr. **cop.**; symbol **Cu** * (*cuprum*).
copperas *, protosulphate of iron.
copperize *, to impregnate with copper, *not* -ise.
coprolith *, -te *, *not* k-.
Copt., Coptic.
copul/a * (gram.), *pl.* -æ.
copy * (typ.), matter to be reproduced in type (*see* **manuscript**).
copy-book * (hyphen).
copy paper, a writing-paper, 20 x 16 in.
coq / (Fr. m.), cock; — **de bruyère**, black game.
coque (Fr. f.), egg-shell.
coquecigrues (to the coming of the), the golden period when all mysteries will be cleared up; i.e. never; *not* cocqui-.
Coquelin (B. C.), 1841-1909; — (E. A. H.), 1848-1909; — (Jean), 1865-, actors.
coquet / *, *fem.* -te *, a flirt; -ry *, -ting *, -tish *.

coquille (Fr. typ. f.), a wrong letter in a proof, (paper) post.

Cor., Corinthians, Cornelia, Cornelius, Coroner.

cor., corpus, correction, -ive, correlative, (mus.) cornet, horn.

corah* (Ind.), a silk.

coram* (Lat.), in presence of; — **judice*** (law), before a judge; — **nobis***, before us; — **paribus***, before one's equals; — **populo***, before the people.

Coran, use Koran*.

cor anglais*, tenor oboe.

Corday (Charlotte), 1768-93, Fr. revolutionist.

cordillera/* (Sp.), a mountain chain; *pl.* -s.

cordite*, an explosive.

Cordoba, offic. Sp. for Cordova.

cordwain*, Sp. leather.

Corea/, -n, *use K-*.

co-respondent*, the man charged with adultery in a divorce case (hyphen).

corf*, a basket; *pl.* **corves***.

Corfe Castle, Dorset, a village (two words, caps.).

Corflambo, the giant in "Faerie Queene."

Corinthians, abbr. 1 **Cor.**, 2 **Cor.**

Corliss engine.

Corn, Cornwall (no point).

Corn., Cornish.

corn-crake*, the landrail (hyphen).

corne/a*, the eyeball covering; *pl.* -æ.

Cornille (Pierre), 1606-84, Fr. dramatist.

Cornel/ia, -ius, abbr. **Cor.**

cornelian*, red quartz, *not* carnelian, -ion.

cornet (mus.), abbr. **cor.**

cornfield* (one word).

Corniche (La), coast road from Nice to Genoa; in It. **La Cornice**.

Cornish/, abbr. **Corn.**; — **gilliflower***, an apple.

Corn Laws (caps.).

corn/o* (It. mus.), a horn, *pl.* -i*; **corno inglese***, tenor oboe.

cornu/* (anat.), hornlike process; *pl.* -a*.

Cornubia*, Cornwall.

cornucopia/*, *pl.* -s.

Cornwall, abbr. **Corn** (no point); in Fr. f. **Cor-nouailles**.

coroll., corollary.

corolla/* (bot.), *pl.* -s*.

Coroner, abbr. **Cor.**

coronis*, Greek mark of contraction'.

Corot (J. B. C.), 1796-1875, Fr. painter.

Corporal, abbr. **Corp.**

corporealize*, to materialize, *not* -ise.

corposant*, St. Elmo's fire, *not* cour-.

corps*, *sing.* and *pl.*

corps/ d'armée*, army corps; — **de ballet***, com-

pany of ballet-dancers; — **de bataille***, central

part of an army; — **de bâtiment**, or — **de**

logis, the main building;

— **des lettres** (typ.), the body of the type;

— **diplomatique***, diplomatic circle; —

dramatique, dramatic body; — **législatif**, re-

presentative assembly; — **volant***, flying corps.

corp/us*, the body; *pl.* -ora*, abbr. **cor.**

Corpus Christi Col-lege, abbr. **C.C.C.**

corp/us vil/e, worthless substance; *pl.* -ora -la.

corr., correspond, -ence, -ent, -ing, corrupt, -ed, -tion.

correcteur (Fr. typ. m.), corrector of the press.

correct/ion, -ive, abbr. **cor.**

CORRECTION — CÔTE

correction of proofs,
see proof correction
marks.

Correctur (Ger. typ. f.),
corrected proof, *now*
Korrektur.

Correggio (A. A.), 1494-
1534, It. painter.

corregidor* (Sp.), a magis-
trate.

correlate* (one word, 2nds).

correlative, abbr. **cor**.

correspond/, -ence, -ent,
in Fr. **-re**, **-ance**, **-ant**,
fem. **-ante**; -ing, abbr.
corr.

correspondence (news-
paper) (typ.), TO THE
EDITOR OF THE TIMES, etc.,
SIR,— and SIGNATURE to
be caps. and s.caps. (*see*
also letters [printed]).

Corresponding Mem-
ber, abbr. **C.M.**, or **Corr.**
Mem.

Corrèze, Fr. department.

Corrievrechan, tide-race
off Argyllshire, *not* -kin,
Coryvreckan.

corrigend/um*, *pl.* **-a***.

Corr. Mem., Correspond-
ing Member.

corroboree*, Austral. ab-
original dance, *not* -bery,
-borie, -bory.

corrupt/, -ed, -ion, abbr.
corr.

corrupter*, *not* -or.

corselet (Fr. dress. m.), a
kind of external corset.

Corsica, abbr. **Cors.**; in
Fr. f. **Corse**.

corslet*, *not* -elet.

Corstorphine, near Edin-
burgh.

cort., **cortex**.

cortège* (accent, *not* ital.).

Cortes*, the two legisla-
tive houses of Spain, also
Portugal; *pron.* kor'tez.

Cortés (Hernando), 1485-
1547, conqueror of Mexico.

cort/ex*, bark; *pl.* **-ices***,
abbr. **cort**.

Corunna, in Sp. **Coruña**.

corvée* (Fr. f.), feudal
forced labour, drudgery.

corvette*, a small frigate.

corybant/*, a Phrygian
priest; *pl.* **-es*** (*not* ital.).

Corycian nymphs, the
Muses.

coryphæ/us*, a chorus
leader, *not* -eus; *pl.* **-i**.

coryphée* (Fr. m.), chief
ballet-dancer.

Coryvreckan, *use* **Cor-**
rievrechan.

C.O.S., Charity Organisa-
tion Society.

cos (math.), cosine (no
point).

co. sa. (mus.), *come sopra*
(as above).

cosec (math.), cosecant.

cosey, *use* **cosy***.

cosh/ar, -er (Jew.), *use*
kosher*.

coshering*, rack-rent.

coshery* (Ir.), feasting.

"**Così fan tutti**," opera
by Mozart.

cosine* (no hyphen), abbr.
cos (no point).

cosmography, abbr. **cos-**
mog.

cosmopolitanize*.

COSS., *consules* (consuls).

Coster (Laurens Jans-
zoons), according to the
Dutch, invented printing
about 1440.

costum/er*, a dealer in
costumes; in Fr. **-ier**.

cosy*, *not* -sey, -zey, -zy.

cotangent* (no hyphen),
abbr. **cot** (no point).

cote (Fr. f.), market quota-
tion, figure, mark, share.

côte (Fr. f.), hill, shore.

côté (Fr. m.), a side.

Côte-d'Or, dépt. France.

côtelette* (Fr. f.), a cutlet.

coterie*, a "set" of persons
(*not* ital.).

coterminous, *use* **cont**-*.

Côte-rôtie (Fr. f.), a red
wine.

côtes de bœuf (Fr. f.), ribs of beef.

Côtes-du-Nord, dép. Fr. cotillion*, a dance; in Fr. m. **cotillon**.

Cotswold, Glos, *not* Cotes-. cottar*, peasant, *not* -er.

"Cottar's Saturday Night," by Burns, 1786.

cotter*, pin, wedge, etc. Cottian Alps, Savoy and

Piedmont.

cotton, in Fr. m. **coton**.

Cottonian Library, in British Museum.

cottonize*, to make cotton-like, *not* -ise.

coudé (astr.), telescope bent at an angle.

couldn't (typ.), to be set close up.

couldst (no apos.).

coulé (mus.), a slur.

coulée*, a lava-flow, a ravine.

couleur/* (Fr. f.), colour; — **de rose***, roseate (figurative).

couloir*, a gully.

Coulomb (C. A. de), 1736-1806, physicist.

coulter*, a plough blade, *not* col-.

council/*, assembly; -lor*, member of a council.

counsel/*, advice, barrister; -led*, -ling*; -lor*, one who counsels.

Count, abbr. Ct.

counterbalance* (one word).

counter-carte* (fencing), *not* -quarte (hyphen).

counter-cheer*, — -claim* (hyphens).

counter-clockwise*, contrary to a clock hand's motion.

counter-tenor, abbr. C.

Counties palatine*, Cheshire and Lancs (cap. C only).

countrify*, -ied*, *not* country-.

country-dance*, *not* contre-dance, contra-danse.

country-side* (hyphen).

county, abbr. Co.; (typ.) abbrs. of name as Hants, Yorks, Salop, etc., to have no point at end.

County Council/, -lor, abbr. C.C.

County court* (one cap.); abbr. C.C.

coup* (Fr. m.), a stroke.

coup/ d'aile (Fr. m.), flap (of the wings), a flight of imagination; —

d'archet (mus.), a stroke of the bow; — **de**

chapeau, salute with the hat; — **d'éclat***,

a sensational stroke; — **d'essai***, first attempt;

— **d'état***, sudden stroke of State policy;

— **de fouet** (fencing), a "beat"; — **de grâce***,

a finishing stroke; — **de main***, sudden attack to

gain a position; — **de maître***, a master-stroke; —

d'œil*, a glance, wink; — **de pied**, a kick; —

de poing, blow with the fist; — **de soleil***, sun-

stroke; — **de théâtre***, sudden sensational act;

— **de vent**, a gale; — **de vin**, sip of wine.

coupé*, a front seat, a carriage, a fencing move-

ment (accent, *not* ital.).

coupee*, a dance step (no accent).

couper* (Sc.), a dealer.

coup manqué (Fr. m.), a failure.

Cour de Cassation, supreme Fr. tribunal.

courge (Fr. f.), gourd; — **à la moelle**, vegetable

marrow.

courier, in Fr. m. **courrier**. **couronne de tasses** (electricity), voltaic battery, *not* — des —.

COURT — CRANCH

Court, abbr. C., or Ct.

courtage*, brokerage.

Courtenay, family name of Earl of Devon (*see also* Courtney).

courtesan*, *not* -zan.

court-house*, abbr. C.H.

Court leet*, a court of record.

court martial* (two words); *pl.* courts —*.

Courtney (Baron), 1832-, politician; — (William Leonard), 1850-, writer (*see also* Courtenay).

Court of/ Common Pleas, abbr. C.C.P.; — — Guestling, of Cinque Ports; — — Lode-manage, ditto; — — Probate, abbr. C.P.; — — St. James's (apos.); — — Session, C.S.

Courtrai, Belgium, *not* -ay.

Courts of Justice (caps.).

couscous*, W. Afr. dish, also bird (*see also* cuscus).

cousin-german*, *not* -aine, -ane; *pl.* cousins*.

Cousin Michael, nickname of a German, as John Bull of Englishman.

Cousins of the Sovereign (law), Peers.

coûte que coûte (Fr.), at any cost, *not* — qui —.

couturière (Fr. f.), a dress-maker.

couvade*, "man-childbed."

couveuse, apparatus for preserving infant life.

Covenanter* (Sc. hist.).

covenantor* (law).

Coverley (Sir Roger de).

covert/* (sport), a place of protection, *not* cover; — -baron* (law), a married woman.

Cowling, Yorks.

Cowlinge, Cambs.

Cowper-Coles & Co. (Sherard).

Cowper (William), 1731-1800, poet; *pron.* koo'per.

cowrie*, the shell, *not* -ry. In Africa 50 equal about 4s.; in Siam, 6000 about 1s. 4d. (*see also* kauri).

coxcomb*, a fop; cocks-*, a plant.

coxswain* (naut.), *not* cocks-; *pron.* kox'n, abbr. cox (no point).

coynye* (Ir. hist.), the billeting of soldiers upon persons, *not* coignye.

cozey, cozy, *use* cosy*.

C.P., Chief Patriarch, Civil Power, Clerk of the Peace, Code of Procedure, College of Preceptors, Common Pleas, Common Prayer, *Congregatio Passionis* (Passionist Fathers), convicted poacher, Court of Probate; *cp.*, compare; C.P.C., Clerk of the Privy Council; C.P.M. (mus.), common particular metre; C.P.R., Canadian Pacific Railway; C.P.S., Congregational Publishing Society, *Custos Privati Sigilli* (Keeper of the Privy Seal).

C.R., Caledonian Railway, *Carolina Regina* (Queen Caroline), *Carolus Rex* (King Charles), *Civis Romanus* (a Roman citizen), *Custos Rotulorum* (Keeper of the Rolls); Cr., credit, -or, Crown; Cr, chromium; cr., created; C.R.A. (Officer) Commanding Royal Artillery.

crabe (Fr. m.), crab.

cracklin*, crackle-ware.

Cracow, Poland, *use* Krakow.

Craig Cefn Parc, Glam, a village.

Craigenputtock, Dumfries, Thomas Carlyle's residence 1828.

Crankourn Street, W.C.

cranch, *use* crunch*.

crane's-bill*, the geraniums, *not* cranesbill.
 craniol., craniology.
 craniom., craniometry.
 cranium*, skull; *pl.* -a*.
 Cranleigh, Surrey, *formerly* Cranley.
 Crapaud (Johnny), nickname of a Frenchman.
 crap/e*, gauze-like fabric, -y; in Fr. m. *crêpe*.
crassa negligentia (law), criminal negligence.
 Craufurd (Sir C. W. F.), 1847- (*see also* Crawford).
 craunch, *use* crunch*.
 crawfish*, U.S.A. and prov. Eng. for crayfish*.
 Crawford and Balcarres (Earl of), 1847-.
 Crawford (F. Marion), 1854-1909, writer.
 Crawford (Oswald), writer (*see also* Crau-).
 crayfish*, *not* crawl-.
 C.R.E., (Officer) Commanding Royal Engineers.
 cream/-laid*, a writing paper with wire marks; — -wove*, ditto without.
 created, abbr. cr.
 Creation (the) (cap.).
 crèche*, a public nursery.
 Crécy (battle of), *not* Cressy, Créci.
 credit/, -or, abbr. Cr.
Crédit Foncier de France, a financial corporation; — *Lyonnais*; — *Mobilier*, Fr. banking corporations.
 creese*, a Malay dagger, *not* kr-, crease.
 Crefeld, Ger.; off. K-.
 Creighton (H. Mandell), 1843-1900, Bp. and hist.
crème de la crème (Fr. f.), the very best, *not* crê-.
 Cremona*, any violin made there (cap.).
 Cremonese*, of Cremona.
 creolize*, *not* -ise.
 creosote*, *not* k-.

crêpe/* (Fr. m.), crape, (f.) pancake; — *de Chine**, raw silk crape; — *lisse**, glossy crape.
*crépé** (Fr.), frizzled.
*crépon** (Fr. m.), crapy fabric.
*crescendo** (mus.), growing in force; abbr. *cresc.**
*cresson** (Fr. m.), cress, water-cress.
 Cretan, of Crete.
 cretin*, Swiss idiot; in Fr. *crétin*.
 cretonne*, a cotton cloth.
 Creusot (Le), dép. Saône-et-Loire, *not* -zot.
crève-cœur (Fr. m.), heart-sore, variety of fowl.
crevette (Fr. f.), prawn.
 Crewe (Earl of).
 Crichton (James), 1560-91, "the Admirable C—"; *pron.* kry'tn.
 cricket/*, -ed, -ing*.
 crim. con.* (law), criminal conversation, adultery.
crimen falsi (law), forgery; — *læsæ majestatis*, treason.
 Criminal Office, abbr. C.O.
 cring/e*, -ing*.
 crink*, a, or to, twist.
 crinkum - crankum*, a zigzag, *not* -cum -cum.
 cris/is*, *pl.* -es*.
 criss-cross, *see* Christ-.
 crit., critical, -ized.
 criteri/on*, *pl.* -a*.
 criticaster*, a petty critic.
 criticize*, *not* -ise.
 critique* (not ital.).
 "Critique of Pure Reason," in German "Kritik der reinen Vernunft," by Kant, 1781.
 Croat, a native of Croatia; *pron.* kro-at.
 croc*, a hook, *not* -ck.
 crochet*, hooked-needle work; *pron.* krō'shā.
 crocus/* (bot.), *pl.* -es.

CRÆSUS — C.S.C.

Cræsus, King of Lydia.
 Crofton, Yorks.
 Croft Town, Cambs.
 Cro-Magnon (anthrop.).
 cromesquis (Fr. cook. pl.),
not the many variations
 (not ital.).
 croo* (Ir., Sc.), a hovel.
 Crook, Dur, Westmor.
 Crooke, Lancs.
 Crookes (Sir W.), 1832—,
 physicist.
 Crookes's tubes (phys.).
 Crookhaven, Cork.
 Crookston, Paisley.
 Crookstown, Cork.
 Croonian Lecture, of
 Royal Society.
 croquet*, game (not ital.).
croquette* (Fr. f.), rissole
 (ital.).
 crore* (E. Ind.), ten mil-
 lions, usually of rupees.
 crosier*, Abp.'s staff, *not*
 -zier.
 cross, sign in Prayer
 Book ✕; Latin — † (see
also crux).
 cross (typ.), in proof cor-
 rections, a faulty letter.
 Cross-bench* (Parl.) (cap.
 C only, hyphen).
 cross-bill* (law), a pro-
 missory note (hyphen).
 crossbill*, a passerine bird.
 crossette* (arch.), a ledge,
not crose-.
 Crossgates, Fife.
 Cross Gates, Yorks.
 Crosshill, Ayr, Renfrew.
 Cross Hill, Workington,
 Cumberland.
 Crosskeys, Antrim, Cavan.
 Cross Keys, Monmouth.
 crosslet*, *not* croslet.
 crotch, *or* crotch^{et}* (typ.),
 the square bracket [.
 crotch^{et}/*, -ed*, -ing, -y*.
 croupier*, gaming-table
 attendant.
croûton (Fr. m.), a bit of
 crust, or toast.
 Crowland, Lincs, *not*
 Croy.

Crown (the) (cap. C); abbr.
 Cr.
 crown, *see* books, paper.
 Crowner's quest, dialect-
 tal for Coroner's in-
 quest (cap. C only).
 Crown Office, abbr. C.O.
 crozier, *use* cros-*.
 C.R.P., *Calendarium Rotu-*
lorum Patentium (Calen-
 dar of the Patent Rolls).
 cru (wine), growth (no
 accent).
 crucian*, Ger. carp, *not*
 crusian.
 Crucifixion (the) (cap. C).
 Cruikshank (George),
 1792-1878, caricaturist.
 crumb*, of bread, *not* crum.
 crunch*, *not* cran-, craun-.
 cruse*, a jar, *not* cruise.
 Cruso, N. Carolina.
 "Crusoe (Robinson),"
 by Defoe, 1719.
 crux*, of an argument;
pl. cruces (not ital.).
crux/* (astr.), the Southern
 Cross; — **ansata***, the
 cross with a handle; —
commissa, the tau cross,
 †; — **decussata**, cross
 of St. Andrew, or St.
 Patrick ×; — **stellata**, the
 cross with arms ending in
 stars (*see also* cross).
 crypton (chem.), *use* k-*.
 cryptonym*, a private
 name.
 crystal., crystallography.
 crystalliz/e*, *not* -ise;
 -ed*, -ing*.
 C.S., Civil Service, Clerk
 of Session, Clerk to the
 Signet, Commissary of
 Subsistence, Common Ser-
 jeant, Court of Session,
Custos Sigilli (keeper of
 the seal); Cs*, cæsium;
 cs., *communis* (com-
 mon); C.S.A., Confed-
 erate States Army, ditto
 of America; Csar, etc.,
use Ts-; C.S.C., Con-
 spicuous Service Cross;

- C.S.I.**, Companion of the (Order of the) Star of India; **C.S.N.**, Confederate States Navy; **C.S.O.**, Chief Signal Officer (U.S.A.), — Staff Officer; **C.Ss.R.**, *Congregatio Sanctissimi Redemptoris* (Redemptorist Fathers).
- C.T.**, Certificated Teacher; **Ct.**, Count, Court; **ct.**, cent; **C.T.A.U.**, Catholic Total Abstinence Union; **C.T.C.**, Cyclists' Touring Club; **C.Theod.**, *Codex Theodosianus* (Theodosian Code); **ctl.**, cental, -s; **cto.** (mus.), concerto; **cts.**, centimes, cents.
- Cu***, *cuprum* (copper); **C.U.**, Cambridge University; **C.U.A.C.**, Cambridge University Athletic Club; **C.U.A.F.C.**, ditto Association Football; **C.U.B.C.**, ditto Boat; **C.U.C.C.**, ditto Cricket; **C.U.R.U.F.C.**, ditto Rugby Union Football.
- cuartill/a** (Sp.), about 6 lb. weight; -o, a pint; Mexican coin, three halfpence.
- cuarto** (Sp.), three farthings.
- cubic**, abbr. **c.**, or **cub.**
- cubicul/um***, cubicle or dormitory; *pl.* -a.
- cubile**, lowest course of a building.
- Cuddesdon**, Bishop of Oxford's residence.
- cue**, persons in line, *use* queue*.
- cuerda**, of Castile, 22-3 feet; — Valencia, 122 feet; — Buenos Ayres, 420 feet 1 in.
- Cufic***, of Cufa, *not* K-, Cuphic, Kuphic.
- cui bono?*** (Lat.), who gains by it?
- cuidad**, *erron. for ciudad.*
- cuisine***, cookery (*not* ital.).
- cujus/** (Lat.), of which, abbr. **cuj.**; — **-libet**, of any, abbr. **cujusl.**
- culch***, oyster spawn, *not* cultch.
- cul-de/-four*** (arch.), oven-like, *pl.* **culs-de-four***; — — **-lampe***, tail-piece, *pl.* **culs-de-lampe***; **cul-de-sac***, a blind alley, a trap, *pl.* **culs-de-sac***; *pron.* ku-, etc.
- cul/ex***, a gnat; *pl.* **-ices.**
- Cullen** (William), 1710-90, Sc. physician.
- cullender**, *use* colan-.*.
- culpa/** (law), a fault; — **lata**, gross neglect; — **levis**, excusable neglect.
- Culpeper**, Virginia; — (Sir T. J. and N.), *not* -pper.
- C.U.M.**, Cambridge University Mission.
- cum*** (Lat.), with (*not* ital.).
- Cumæan**, of Cumæ.
- Cumb**, Cumberland.
- Cumbraes**, Clyde.
- cum**, dividend*, with dividend; abbr. **c.d.**
- cum grano salis*** (Lat.), with allowance for exaggeration.
- cumin***, oil of, *not* cummin.
- Cuming** (E. W. D.), 1862-, writer.
- cummerbund***, a waist-belt, *not* ka-, ku-.
- cum multis aliis** (Lat.), with many others.
- cumshaw*** (Ch.), a gratuity, *not* ku-.
- cumul/us*** (meteor.), a cloud form; *pl.* **-i***, abbr. **k.**
- cun**, *use* con*.
- cuneiform***, wedge-shaped, *not* cuni-, cune-.
- Cunningham** (Sir W. J.), 1848-, I.C.S.
- Cunninghame** (Sir T. A. A. Montgomery-), 1877-, Rifle Brig.
- Cunningham** (Sir A. F. D.), 1852-, I.C.S.

Cunyngham (Sir W. Dick-), 1871-, Black Watch.

Cunynghame (Sir Percy), 1867-, I.C.S.

Cupar/; — -Angus, *use* Coupar- —.

cuppa, a chalice bowl.

cur., currency, current.

curaçao, liqueur, *not* -oa.

curare*, a drug, *not* -a, -i.

curarize*, to administer curare, *not* -ise.

curb*, *more usually* ke-.

curbstone, *use* kerb-.

curé*, Fr. rector, or vicar.

Curia/*, the papal court (cap.); — *advīsare vult*, the court desires to consider; abbr. *C.A.V.*

curio/*, an object of art; *pl.* -s (*not* ital.).

curiologic/*, -al*, *not* k-.

curiosa felicitas, agreeable style due to care.

curioso/*, a curio admirer; *pl.* -i*.

curlicue*, a fantastic curl, *not* -eque, -ycue.

curly n (typ.) (ñ), in Spanish tilde.

currach*, a coracle.

currack* (Sc.), pannier.

curren/t, -cy, abbr. cur.; electric current, abbr. c.

currente calamo (Lat.), easily, fluently.

curriculum*, *pl.* -a*.

Currie, Midlothian.

Curry, Sligo.

curry (cook.), in Fr. m. *karl*, or *à l'indienne*.

Curschmann (K. F.), 1805-41, composer.

curse of/ Canaan, negro slavery; — — Scotland, the nine of diamonds.

Cursivschrift (Ger. typ. f.), italic type, *use* K-.

curtsy/*, *not* -sey; -ing*.

curveting*, *not* -tting.

Curwen (John), 1816-80, inventor of Tonic Sol-fa.

cuscus/*, a marsupial; — -grass*, of India (*see also* couscous).

cushat*, cushie-doo* (Sc.), the ring-dove.

cushla machree (Ir.), my heart's delight.

cuspidor* (Port.), a spittoon, *not* -adore, -idore.

custodia legis (Lat.), in the custody of the law.

custom-house* (hyphen); abbr. C.H.

cust/os*, a custodian, *pl.* -odes*; *custos/ brevium**, keeper of the briefs; — *morum*, guardian of morals; *Custos/ Privati Sigilli*, Keeper of the Privy Seal, abbr. C.P.S.; — *Regni*, a regent; — *Rotulorum**, Keeper of the Rolls, abbr. C.R.; — *Sigilli**, ditto seal, abbr. C.S.

cut-and-dried (adj.) (hyphens).

Cutch, India, *not* K-.

cutch*, catechu, *not* k-.

cute*, *not* 'cute.

cut edges, *see* edges.

cut-in/ letter (typ.), one of large size, as at the beginning of a chapter, also drop-letter; — *notes*, those set into the text at the outer edge; (typ.) to be in roman lower-case three sizes smaller than text, in a square of white space.

cutis/* (anat.), skin; — *anserina*, the skin roughened by cold.

cutt/y* (Sc.), anything short, *pl.* -ies; cutty stool, stool of repentance.

cuvée (Fr. f.), a vatful, or sort, of wine (*not* ital.).

Cuvier (G. L. C. D., baron), 1769-1832, Fr. naturalist.

Cuyp, Dutch artists, *not* K-. C.V., Common Version (of the Bible).

C.V.O., Commander (of the Royal) Victorian Order.

C.W., Canada West.

c.w.o., cash with order.

cwt., hundredweight, -s.

cyan-blue*, greenish-blue.

cyc., cyclopædia, -ic.

Cycle of the Saros, 6585 $\frac{1}{3}$ days.

cyclopædia*, -ic*, *not* -pedia; abbr. *cyc.*

Cyclop/s*, a giant with one eye; *pl.* -es*.

cycnean*, of swans, *not* cyg-.

cyder, *use* cider*.

Cyfarthfa, Glamorgan ironworks.

Cyllaros, the horse of Castor and Pollux.

Cym., Cymric.

cyma*, a moulding.

cymbiform*, boat-shaped. *not* cymbæ-.

Cymmrodorion (Honourable Society of).

Cymric*, Welsh, *not* K-; *pron.* cum-rik.

Cymru, Wales.

Cymry, the Welsh nation.

Cynewulf, Anglo-Saxon poet.

cynocephalus*, a dog-headed creature.

Cynthia*, the moon.

Cynthius, Apollo.

cypher, *use* cipher*.

cy près* (law), as near as practicable.

Cyprian*, of Cyprus.

Cypriote, inhabitant or language of Cyprus.

Cyric (Saint), patron of sailors.

cyst/*, -ic*, *not* ci-.

czakan (mus.), Bohemian flageolet.

Czar/ of Russia, -evitch, -evna, -ina, *use* Tsar/.

Czech*, *not* the many variations; *pron.* check.

Czerny (Karl), 1791-1857. Austrian composer; *pron* tcher'ně.

D

- D.**, democrat, -ic, doctor, Duke, (Lat.) *Deus* (God), *Dominus* (Lord), the fourth in a series, all proper names with this initial.
- D**, 500.
- d.**, date, daughter, day, dead, degree, deserted, -er, died, dime, diopter, dollar, dose, (Fr.) *douane* (customs), *droite* (the right hand), (It.) *destra* (right), (Lat.) *decretum* (a decree), denarii (pence), denarius (penny), (naut.) drizzling.
- d'** (typ.), as prefix to a not anglicized proper name should, in accordance with continental practice, be lower case and *not* cap., as d'Arsonval. Signatures to be copied.
- ð** (typ.), *deleatur* (omit).
- Da.***, Danish.
- D.A.A.G.**, Deputy-Assistant-Adjutant-General.
- da/ ballo** (It. mus.), dance style; — **cappella**, or — **chiesa**, church style; — **capo***, or — **capo al fine**, repeat to the word *fine*; — **capo dal segno**, repeat from the sign *S*; abbr. **D.C.**, or **da capo**.
- dachshund***, badger-dog.
- dacoit***, Indian robber, *not* dak-, dec-.
- daddy-long-legs***, the crane-fly (hyphens).
- daffadowndilly***, a daffodil, *not* daffi-, daffo-, daffy- (one word).
- D.A.G.**, Deputy-Adjutant-General.
- dagger** (†), (typ.), the second reference mark, coming after the asterisk.
- In Eng. before, in Ger. after, a person's name, signifies "dead" or "died."
- daggle-tail**, *use* drag-.*.
- Dagonet**, pen-name of G. R. Sims; — (Sir), King Arthur's fool; *not* Dagenet.
- daguerreotype*** (not cap.).
- dahabeeyah***, Nile boat, *not* the many variations.
- d'ailleurs** (Fr.), besides.
- daimio***/Jap. noble; *pl.* -s.
- Daimler** motor.
- dais***, *not* daïs.
- dakoit**, *use* dac-.*.
- Dakota**, off. abbr. **Dak**.
- Dalai Lama**, the Grand Lama of Tibet.
- d'Alembert** (J. le R.), 1717-83, math.
- Dallmeyer** (J. H.), optician, London.
- Dalzell**, family name of Earl of Carnwath.
- Dalziel**, *pron.* dee-el.
- damageable***, *not* -gable.
- Damaraland**, Ger. S.W. Africa (one word).
- damascen/e***, -er*, *not* -keen, -kin.
- "Dame aux Camélias (La)"**, play by Dumas fils.
- dame/decompagnie** (Fr.), lady's paid companion; — **d'honneur**, maid of honour; — **du palais**, lady-in-waiting; — **quêteuse**, one who collects for the poor.
- damnosa hæreditas** (Lat.), a legacy involving loss.
- damnum absque injuria** (Lat.), damage without wrong.

- Damon and Pythias**, model friends.
- Dan.**, Daniel, Book of Daniel.
- Dan/aë**, mother of Perseus, also asteroid; -æa, fern genus; -aid*, dau. of Danaus; -aus, son of Belus.
- Dandie Dinmont**, breed of dogs; **Andrew Dinmont**, farmer in "Guy Mannering."
- dandruff***, scurf, *not* -riff.
- danegeld***, land-tax, *not* -lt.
- Danicism***, a peculiarity of the Danish language (like Scotticism).
- Daniel** (Book of), abbr. **Dan.**
- Daniel** (Canon E.), 1837-1904, writer.
- Daniell** (A. E.), 1864-, writer.
- Daniell's battery** (elec.).
- Danish/**, abbr. **Da.***; — alphabet (typ.), the special letters are æ and ø, which follow in alphabetical order. Printing generally in roman characters.
- Dannebrog***, Danish national standard, also order of knighthood, *not* Dane-.
- d'Annunzio** (Gabriele), 1864-, It. writer.
- danse macabre** (Fr. f.), dance of death.
- danseuse***, a female dancer (not ital.).
- Dant/e** Alighieri, 1265-1321, It. poet; -ean*, -ist*.
- Danubian Principalities**, Moldavia and Wallachia (*now* Rumania).
- Danzig**, *not* -tsic, -tzig.
- daou**, *use* dhow*.
- D.A.Q.M.G.**, Deputy-Assistant-Quartermaster-General.
- d'Arc** (Jeanne), Joan of Arc, 1412-31; properly **Darc.**
- daren't** (typ.), to be close up.
- dare say*** (two words).
- Darfur**, S.E. Sahara, *not* -foor, -for, -four.
- Darjeeling**, *not* Darji-.
- Dark Ages** (the) (caps.).
- Darmstadt**, Germany.
- Darthula**, "fairest of Erin's maidens."
- Darwen**, Lancs.
- Darwin** (Charles Robert), 1809-82, author of "Origin of Species"; — (Erasmus), 1731-1802.
- D.A.S.**, Dramatic Authors' Society.
- dash**, *see* punctuation, IX, X.
- das/ heisst** (Ger.), that is to say, abbr. **d.h.**; — *ist*, that is, abbr. **d.i.**
- dat.***, dative.
- dat/a***, s. -um* (not ital.).
- datable***, capable of being dated, *not* -eable.
- date**, abbr. **d.**; (typ.) in printed letters to be even small caps. and arabic figures, except in legal work, where they must be spelled out in full. The order should be—day, month, year—as 12 June, 1903, *not* June 12, 1903. No comma between figures of year. For periods of years use as few figures as suffice, thus 1850-75; 1890-1903 (en rules, not hyphens). Names of days and months to be in full; inst., prox., ult., to be printed full out.
- dative**, abbr. **dat.***
- Daudet** (Alphonse), 1840-97, Fr. writer.
- daughter**, abbr. **d.**, or **dau.**
- d'aujourd'hui en huit** (Fr.), this day week.

d'Aumale (duc).
 Dauphiné, S.W. France.
 Dav., David.
 Davey (Baron), 1833-; —
 (Henry), 1843-, engineer; — (R. P. D.), 1848-,
 writer (*see also* Davy).
 da Vinci (Leonardo),
 1452-1519, It. painter,
 etc.; *pron.* vîn'ché.
 Davis (Jefferson), 1808-
 89, Pres. Conf. States.
 Davout (L. A. F. M.,
 baron), 1773-1820,
 General; — (L. N.), 1770-
 1823, Fr. Marshal, *not* -st.
Davus sum, non Œdipus
 (Lat.), that is beyond me.
 Davy (Sir Humphry,
not -ey), 1778-1829,
 chemist (*see also* Davey).
 Davy Jones's locker.
 day, abbr. d.; (typ.) of
 the week, and of fasts,
 feasts, festivals, holidays,
 to have initial caps.
 Dayak, *use* Dyak.
 daybook* (one word);
 abbr. d.b.
 daylight* (one word).
 days after/ date, abbr.
 d.d.; — — sight, d.s.
 day's/ date, abbr. d.d.; —
 journey (Heb.), 16'95
 miles; — sight, abbr. d.s.
 D.B., Domesday Book.
 d.b., daybook.
 dbk., drawback.
 DC, 600; DC. (bot.), de Can-
 dolle; D.C., deputy-con-
 sul, District Court, District
 of Columbia, (mus.) *da*
capo (repeat); d.C. (It.)
dopo Cristo (A.D.);
 D.C.L.*, Doctor of Civil
 Law; D.C.L.I., Duke of
 Cornwall's Light Infantry;
 D.Cn.L., Doctor of
 Canon Law; D.C.R.
 (Ancient Order of For-
 esters), District Chief
 Ranger; D.C.S., Deputy-
 Clerk of Session.
 D.D., *Divinitatis Doctor*

(Doctor of Divinity);
D.d., *Deo dedit* (gave to
 God); dd., delivered;
 d.d., days after date,
 day's date, *dono dedit*
 (given); D.D.D., *dat,*
dicat, dedicat (he gives,
 devotes, and dedicates);
dono dedit dedicavit (he
 gave and consecrated as
 a gift); D.D.S., Doctor
 of Dental Surgery.
 de (typ.), prefix to a proper
 name, in accordance
 with continental practice,
 should *not* have initial
 cap., as de Candolle; ex-
 cept when anglicized, as
 De Vinne. Signatures to
 be copied.
 deaconate, *use* di*.
 dead, abbr. d. (*see also*
 dagger).
 Dead Letter Office, *now*
 Returned ditto; dead/
 reckoning (naut.), abbr.
 D.R.; — reprint (typ.),
 an absolute facsimile.
 de Amicis (Edmondo),
 1846-, It. writer.
 Dean of Faculty, *not* of
 the; abbr. D.F.
 de-anthropomorphize*,
not -ise (hyphen).
 Dear Sir, in printed letter
 indent one em (caps.,
 comma, no dash).
 deasil*, righthandwise, as
 the hands of a clock, *not*
 deiseal.
 death/-bed*, -rate*
 (hyphens).
 deb., debenture.
 debacle*, a downfall (not
 ital.); in Fr. f. **débâcle**.
 debatable*, *not* -eable.
 debauchee*, in Fr. **débau-**
ch/é, fem. -ée.
 debenture/, abbr. deb.; —
 -holder* (hyphen).
débloquer (Fr. typ.), to
 rectify letters placed up-
 side down as substitutes
 for the proper ones, the

supply of which has been insufficient.
debonair*, *not* -aire, good-natured; in Fr. **débonnaire**.
de bonne/ grâce (Fr.), willingly; — — **part**, or **source**, on good authority.
déboutonné (Fr.), careless.
debris*, ruins (no accent); in Fr. m. **débris**.
debtor, abbr. **Dr.**
debut/*, -ant*, *fem.* -ante* (not ital.).
de but en blanc (Fr.), bluntly.
Dec., December.
dec., declaration, declension, declination, decorative.
dec. (mus.), *decrescendo*.
déc. (Fr.), **décéd/é**, *fem.* -ée (deceased), **décembre** (not cap.) (December).
decade*, a group of ten, *not* -ad.
"Decameron (The)", by Boccaccio, 1352.
Decan, Ind., *use* **Decc.**
de Candolle (A.), 1806-93, bot., abbr. **DC.**; — (A.P.), 1778-1841, bot.
decani*, of a dean; (mus.) the south side of a choir.
Deccan, India, *not* **Decan**.
décéd/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, deceased; abbr. **déc.**
December, abbr. **Dec.**; in Fr. m. **décembre**, abbr. **déc.** (not cap.).
décence (Fr. f.), comeliness, decency.
decenni/um*, a decade; *pl.* -a.
decentralize*, *not* -ise.
decern*, to judge (*see also* discern).
déchéance (Fr. f.), forfeiture, expiry.
déchirant/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, heart-rending.
Decies (Baron), *pron.* dee'shees.

decigram*, 1.54 grain, official spelling Board of Trade, *not* -mme; abbr. **dg.**
decimal fractions, no decimal can be plural, or take verb in *pl.*, however many figures it contains; (typ.) print in figures. The decimal point in all cases to be a full point turned.
decimalize*, *not* -ise.
decimator*, *not* -er.
décime* (Fr. m.), ten centimes, a penny.
decimetre, 3.937 in., *not* -er; in Fr. m. **décimètre**.
decimo-octavo (typ.), 18mo; **sexto-** —*, 16mo (not ital.).
decivilize*, *not* -ise.
deckle edge*, the ragged edge of hand-made paper, *not* -el.
declaration, abbr. **dec.**
déclaration de faillite (Fr. f.), adjudication in bankruptcy.
Declaration of Independence, U.S.A., 4 July, 1776.
déclass/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, of inferior status.
declension, abbr. **dec.**
declination, abbr. **dec.**
decohere (Marconi), to fall apart.
decoit, *use* **dac***.
decollate*, to behead; decollation of St. John*, 29 August.
décollet/é*, *fem.* -ée (Fr.), with low-necked dress.
decol/our*, to render colourless; *but* -orize*, *not* -ourize, -ise.
decorat/e*, -or*.
Decoration Day*, U.S.A., 30 May.
decorative, abbr. **dec.**
décor/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, wearing an order of merit.
decorum* (not ital.).

décousu (Fr.), *fem.* -e, unsewed, loose.
decree *nisi** (law), a decree upon condition.
decrepit*, *not* -id.
decrescendo* (mus.); decreasing in loudness; abbr. **dec.**, or **decres.**
decretum (Lat.), a decree; *pl.* -a; abbr. d.
décrotté (Fr.), brushed up.
dedans* (tennis) (not ital.).
dédicace (Fr. typ. f.), the dedication.
dedications (typ.), usually even s. caps. wide leaded.
de die in diem (Lat.), continuously; abbr. **de d. in d.**
Dedikation (Ger. f.), the dedication (cap.).
dédit (Fr. m.), penalty for breach of contract, retraction.
deducible*, *not* -eable.
deemster*, *not* demp-.
def., defendant, defined, definite, definition.
defaceable*, *not* -eable.
de facto* (Lat.), really.
defecat/e*, -or*, *not* defæ-.
défectueux (Fr. typ.), spoiled.
defectus sanguinis (law), failure of issue.
defekt (Ger. typ.), spoiled; **Defektbogen**, imperfect sheets.
defence*, *not* -se.
defendant, abbr. def.
défense | **d'afficher** (Fr.), stick no bills; — **d'entrer**, no admittance.
defensible*, *not* -ceable, -sable.
defensor*, *not* -cer, -ser.
defensor fidei (Lat.), Defender of the Faith; abbr. D.F.
defer*, -ence*, -red*, -rer*, -ring*.
défets (Fr. typ. m. pl.), waste sheets.
de fide* (Lat.), authentic.

definable*, *not* -eable.
defined, -ite, -ition; abbr. def.
definitum (Lat.), a thing defined; *pl.* -a.
deflate*, to remove air.
deflect*, to bend downwards; -**xed***, -**xion***.
deflower*, *not* -ore, -our.
Defoe (Daniel), 1661-1731, writer, *not* de Foe.
deg., degree.
dégagé* (Fr. m.), *fem.* -ée*, unconstrained.
dégager (Fr. typ.), to unlock a forme or galley.
d'égal à égal (Fr.), on equal terms.
dégoût (Fr. m.), disgust.
degree, 69 statute, or 60 geog. miles, also part of circle; sign °, abbr. d., or deg.
degrees of inclination (typ.), to be in words, as "an angle of forty-five degrees"; — **temperature**, to be in figures, as 70° F. (*see also* titles of honour).
de haut en bas* (Fr.), contemptuously; — **haute lutte**, with a high hand.
Dehli, India, *use* Delhi.
dehors* (Fr.), foreign to; (law) outside.
Deianeira, wife of Hercules, also an asteroid.
Dei gratia, by the grace of God; abbr. D.G.; — **judicium**, the judgment of God (*see also* Deo).
Deity (the Christian) (typ.), synonyms and pronouns to have initial caps., as Christ, *Dominus*, Father, God, He, Him, Himself, His, Jehovah, Lord, Me, Mine, the Deity, Thee, Thine, Thy, Who, Whom.
déjeuner* (Fr. m.), breakfast; — **à la fourchette***, luncheon.

- de jure*** (Lat.), by right.
Del., Delaware (off. abbr.).
del., delegate, *delineavit* (he, or she, drew it).
Delacroix (Eugène), 1799-1863, Fr. painter.
Delambre (J.B.J.), 1749-1822, astr. (one word).
de la Ramée (Louise), pen-name "Ouida."
Delaware, off. abbr. **Del.**
De La Warr (Earl).
deleatur* (Lat.), omit; abbr. **dele**, or **§**. To delete anything in a proof, mark it through with ink, and write in the margin opposite, **§**.
delegate, abbr. **del.**
delenda* (Lat.), things to be deleted.
delf*, Dutch glazed earthenware, *not* **delft**.
Delft, Holland; *pron.* **del'-eft**.
Delhi, N. India, *not* **Dehli**, **Delli**; *pron.* **dělē**.
deliberate *on* preferred, but also *upon*, *about*, *concerning*.
delicatesse*, delicacy (*not* *ital.*); in Fr. f. **délicatesse**.
délié (Fr. typ. m.), the serif.
déliér (Fr. typ.), to untie.
delineavit (Lat.), he, or she, drew it; abbr. **del.**
delirium/*, *pl.* **-s***; — **tremens**, abbr. **d.t.** (*not* *ital.*).
De Lisle (Baron), *pron.* **de lyl**.
délit (Fr. m.), a transgression.
Delitzsch (Franz), 1813-90, Hebraist; — (Friedrich), 1850-, Assyriologist.
delivered, abbr. **dd.**
deliverer*, *not* **-or**.
de luxe (Fr.), luxurious.
Delyannis (Theodore), 1826-1905, Gr. statesman.
dem/ain, *use* **-esne***.
demarcate*, *not* **demark-**.
demeanour*.
démenti (Fr. m.), contradiction.
dementia* (*not* *ital.*).
demesne*, *not* **-ain**.
demeure (Fr. f.), dwelling.
demi/-feuille (Fr. typ. f.), a half-sheet; — **-monde***, prostitutes (*ital.*, hyphen); — **-saison**, spring or autumn fabric.
demise*, *not* **-ize**.
demobilize*, *not* **-ise**.
democrat/, **-ic**, abbr. **D.**
democratiz/e*, to render democratic; **-er***.
Democrit/us, **-ean***.
démod/é (Fr.), *fem.* **-ée**, out of fashion.
demoiselle*, young lady (*not* *ital.*).
Demoivre (A.), 1667-1754, mathematician (one word).
demon., demonstrative.
demonetize*, to divest of value as currency, *not* **-ise**.
demon/ic*, **-ize***, *not* **dæ-**.
demoralize*, *not* **-ise**.
de mortuis nil nisi bonum (Lat.), speak well of the dead.
demos*, the people (*not* *ital.*).
dempster, *use* **deem-***.
demy*, a scholar at Magdalen Coll., Oxford; *pron.* **dě-my'**; *pl.* **demies***.
demy/ paper (typ.), *pron.* **dě-my'**.
 — drawing, 20 × 15½ in.
 — printing, 22½ × 17½
 — writing, 20 × 15½
Den., Denmark.
denar*, a coin, *not* **-are**.
denar/ius* (Lat.), penny; *pl.* **-ii***, pence; abbr. **d.**
denationalize*, *not* **-ise**.
dengue*, *not* — fever, **denga**, **-gey**.
Denholm, Roxburgh.
Denholme, Yorks.

DENMARK — DESIDERATUM

Denmark, abbr. Den. (*see also Assemblies*).

dénouement* (Fr. m.), unravelling, *not* dénoum-.

de nouveau (Fr.), afresh.

de novo* (Lat.), afresh.

denshire*, to burn stubble, *not* -her.

dent., dental, -ist, -istry.

dentalize*, to make dental, *not* -ise.

dentelle*, lace.

dentil*, a moulding with cubes, *not* -el, -ile.

deodoriz/e*, *not* -ise; -er*.

Deo| favente (Lat.), with God's favour; — **gratias**, thanks to God; — **volente**, God willing, abbr. D.V. (*see also Dei*).

de omnibus rebus (Lat.), concerning all things.

de omni scibili (Lat.), concerning every knowable thing.

deoxidiz/e*, *not* -ise; -er*.

deoxygenize*, to deprive of oxygen, *not* -ise.

dep., departs, deposed, deputy.

dép. (Fr.), *département* (province), *député* (deputy).

de par le roi (Fr.), in the king's name.

département (Fr. m.), province; abbr. **dép.**

department, abbr. **dept.**

departmentalize*, *not* -ise.

depauperize*, *not* -ise.

dépêche (Fr. f.), message.

dependable*, *not* -ible.

depend/ent* (noun), -ence*, -ent* (adj.), *not* -ant.

Depew (Chauncey M.), 1834-, Amer. politician.

dephosphorize*, *not* -ise.

depicter*, *not* -or.

depilatory*, hair removing, or remover.

de pis en pis (Fr.), from bad to worse.

déplacé (Fr.), out of place.

de plano (law), clearly.

de plein gré (Fr.), voluntarily.

deponent, abbr. **dpt.**

depopularize*, *not* -ise.

deposed, abbr. **dep.**

depository*, a person.

depository*, a place.

depot*, in Fr. m. **dépôt.**

depressible*.

de proprio motu (Lat.), spontaneously.

dept., department.

député, a member of the lower French Chamber.

deputy, abbr. **dep.**; — -consul, D.C.; Deputy-Lieutenant, D.L.*

De Quincey (Thomas), 1785-1859, writer.

der., derivation, -ive, -ived.

dérang|é (Fr.), out of order; -ement, confusion.

derangeable*.

Derbyshire, abbr. **Derby.**

de règle (Fr.), in order.

de rigueur* (Fr.), according to etiquette.

derisible*.

deriv|ation, -ative, -ed; abbr. **der.**

derm*, **derm|a***, -is*, the skin.

dernier|* (Fr.), last; — **ressort***, a last resource.

Déroulède (Paul), 1846-, writer, politician.

derring do*, daring action, *not* — doe (no hyphen).

dervish*, *not* -is (not ital.).

des (Fr.), of the (*pl.*).

dès (Fr.), since.

désagrément| (Fr. m.), unpleasantness; *pl.* -s.

Desart (Earl of), *also* **Dy-**.

descendant*, *not* -ent.

desert*, a wilderness; to abandon (*see also* **desert**).

desert|ed, -er, abbr. **d.**

deshabille, *not* dis-; in Fr. m. **déshabillé.**

desiccate*, *not* dess-.

desiderat|um*, something desired; *pl.* -a* (not ital.).

desilverize*, to extract silver from, *not* -ise.
 desirable*, *not* -eable.
 desistance*, *not* -ence.
 desition*, ending.
*désœuvr/é** (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, unoccupied; -*ement** (m.), lack of occupation.
 desolator*, *not* -er.
de son état (Fr.), by trade.
désorient/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, confused as to direction.
 despatch, *use* dis-*.
 desperado/*, a desperate man; *pl.* -es (not ital.).
 despiritualize*, *not* -ise.
 despise*, *not* dis-.
 despotize*, to act the despot, *not* -ise.
dessein (Fr. m.), design.
 dessert*, a dinner course (*see also* desert).
 dessertspoonful/, *pl.* -s, two drams (one word).
 dessicate, *use* desicc-*.
dessin (Fr. m.), drawing.
dessous/ (Fr.), below, under; — *des cartes*, a secret.
dessus (Fr.), on, upon, (mus.) soprano.
destra/ (It.), right-hand side, abbr. d.; — *mano*, the right hand, abbr. D.M.
 destructor*, *not* -er.
 desuetude*, *pron.* des'wē-tude; in Fr. f. *désuē-*.
 desulphuriz/e*, *not* -ise.
desunt/ cetera (Lat.), the rest wanting; — *multa*, many things are wanting.
 Detaille (J. B. É.), 1848—, Fr. painter (no accent).
 detant*, part of a gun-lock (*see also* detent).
 detector, *not* -er.
 detent*, a catch (*see also* detant).
*détenu/** (Fr.), *fem.* -e*, one detained in custody.
 deterrent*, *not* -ant.
 detonat/e*, -or*.
 detour*, in Fr. m. *détour*.
 detract/or*, *fem.* -ress.

detritus*, debris (not ital.).
*de trop** (Fr.), not wanted.
Deus/ (Lat.), God, abbr. D.; — *avertat!* God forbid! — *det*, God grant; — *ex machina*, "a god from a machine," from Gr. theatre where one was shown at an elevation to work humanly insoluble problems; — *misereatur*, God be merciful.
 Deuteronomy, abbr. Deut.
*deux-temps** (Fr. m. sing. and pl.), waltz.
 develop/*, -ment*, *not* -pe.
 divest, *use* divest*.
 deviat/e*, -or*, *not* -er.
 devil (typ.), cap. for Devil of the Bible, not cap. when an expletive.
 deviling*, a young devil.
 devilling*, working as a hack.
 devilry*, *not* -try.
 De Vinne (Theodore Low), 1828—, Amer. printer and writer; *pron.* vīn'ē.
 devise*, *not* -ize.
 devis/ee*, -or*, the correlatives, *not* -er (*see also* di-).
 devitalize*, to render lifeless, *not* -ise.
 devocalize*, to make voiceless, *not* -ise.
 devoir*, an act of civility (not ital.).
 Devonshire, abbr. Devon.
dévol/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, a devotee.
 Dewey (Melvil), Amer. librarian.
 dexterous*, *not* -trous.
dextra (Lat.), right.
 D.F., *defensor fidei* (Defender of the Faith), Dean of Faculty.
 D.F.M.S., Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society.
 dft., draft.

D.G.*, *Dei gratia* (by the grace of God), *Deo gratias* (thanks to God), Director-General, Dragoon Guards.

dg., decigram.

d.h. (Ger.), *das heisst* (that is to say).

dhobi*, Ind. washerman.

dhooly, *use* doolie*.

dhoti*, a Hindu's loin-cloth, *not* -ee, -ootie.

dhow*, an Arab vessel, *not* daou, daw, dow.

Dhuleep, *use* Du-.

dhurrie*, Indian carpet, *not* durrie.

D.Hy., Doctor of Hygiene.

Di* (chem.), didymium.

d.i. (Ger.), *das ist* (that is).

diablerie*, devilry, *not* -ry (not ital.).

diachylon*, a plaster, *not* -um, -culum.

diaconate*, office of deacon, *not* de-.

diæresis* (typ.), the sign (¨) over the second of two vowels to show that they are to be sounded separately. It may be omitted when the vowels are divided by the end of the line. *Not* die-; *pron.* di-ēr'e-sis.

diagnos/is*, *pl.* -es*.

dialect/*, -al*, -ic*, -ical*; *abbr.* dial.

dialling*, *not* dialing.

dialogize*, to discuss, *not* -ise, -uize.

dialys/e* (chem.), -er*, *not* -ize; -is*, *pl.* -es*.

diameter, *abbr.* diam.

diamond/ dash (typ.),

— ; — type,
the smallest regularly cast, four and a half
point, sixteen lines to the inch, as this.

diapason normal* (mus.),
Fr. standard pitch.

diarrhœa*, *not* -ea.

Diatessaron*, a harmony
of the four Gospels.

diathes/is*, a habit of body,
pl. -es*; *pron.* dy-ath'-
e-sis.

dichotomize*, to divide
into two parts, *not* -ise.

Dichter (Ger. m.), a poet
(cap.).

"Dichtung und Wahr-
heit," by Goethe, *not*
W- und D-.

Dicksee (Frank), 1853-,
painter.

dicky*, *not* -ey.

dict., dictator, dictionary.

dictionnaire (Fr. m., two
n's), dictionary.

dict/um*, a saying; *pl.* -a*.

dictum sapienti (Lat.), a
word to the wise.

didactyl*, two-fingered,
not -le.

Diderot (Denis), 1713-84,
Fr. writer.

didn't (typ.), to be close up.

didst (no apos.).

didymium*, symbol Di*.

diecious, *use* dice*.

died, *abbr.* d. (*see also*
dagger).

dieresis, *use* diæ*.

dies/* (Lat.), day; — *fausti*,
auspicious days; — *in-*
fausti, inauspicious days;
— *iræ**, day of wrath.

dies/is* (typ.), the double
dagger †; *pl.* -es.

dies/ *juridicus** (Lat.), a
day on which courts sit;
— *nefasti*, blank days;
— *non** (law), a day
when no business is done.

Dieu et mon droit, God
and my right (*Eng.* royal
motto).

differ/, -ence, *abbr.* dif.

different *from*, *not to*, *with*.

differenti/a*, a distinguish-
ing mark; *pl.* -æ*.

digestible*, *not* -able.

digraph, *see* diphthongs.

dii/ *majores* (Lat.), men of
the first rank; — *minores*,
men of the second rank.

dike*, *not* dyke.

dilatable*, *not* -eable.
 dilatation*, "more correct than dilation" (O.E.D.).
 dilator*, *not* -er.
 dilemma/*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).
 dilettant/e* (It.), a lover of the fine arts; *pl.* -i*.
 diligence*, a stage-coach (not ital.).
 diluvi/um* (geol.), aqueous deposit; *pl.* -a (ital.).
 D.I.M., District Inspector of Musketry.
 dim., *dimidium* (one-half), diminutive.
 dime* (U.S.A.), ten cents; *abbr.* d.
*diminuendo** (It. mus.), less loud; *abbr.* *dim.*
 Dinan, *dép.* Côtes-du-Nord.
 Dinant, Belgium.
 Dinard, Brittany.
dindon/ (Fr. m.), a turkey; -*neau*, turkey poult.
dîner/ (Fr.), to dine, (m.) dinner; — *par cœur*, to go dinnerless.
 dinghy*, small boat, *not* -gey, -gy.
 dining-room* (hyphen).
 dioces/e, -an; *abbr.* dioc.
 dioecious* (bot.), *not* die-
 Diogenes Laertius, about A.D. 200.
 dionym*, a binomial name, as *Homo sapiens*.
 Dionysius, of Syracuse.
 Dionysus, Gr. god Bacchus.
 diopter*, lens measure, in Lat. *dioptra*; *abbr.* d.
 Dioscuri (the), Castor and Pollux.
 diphtheria*, *not* diphth-
 diphthongize*, to turn into a diphthong, *not* -ise.
 diphthongs (typ.), *Æ, æ*, *Œ, œ*, for single sounds, are in English employed in English, French, Greek, Latin, and Old-English words, instead of the separate letters *ae, oe*. *ae* and *oe* should be restricted to works for

classical scholars and students (*see also* German).
 diplomat*, a diplomatist; *abbr.* *dipl.* (not ital.).
 diplomate*, one holding a diploma; in Fr. *diplômé*.
 diplomatize*, *not* -ise.
 dipsomania/*, -c*.
 Director-General, *abbr.* D.G.
 directress*, a female director, *not* -oress, -trix.
 dirigible*.
 dis., discipline, discount, (typ.) distribute.
dis aliter visum (Lat.), the gods have thought otherwise.
 disarrangement*, *not* -gment.
 disburden*, *not* -then.
 disbursement*, *not* -sment.
 disc, *use* disk*.
 disc., discovered, -er.
 discern/*, to see; -ible* (*see also* decern).
 disciplinary*, *not* -ery.
 discipline, *abbr.* dis.
 discipular*, disciple-like.
 discobol/us*, a disk-thrower, *not* -ulus; *pl.* -i*.
 discoloration*, *not* discolour-
 discolour/*, -ed*, -ment*, *not* discolor-
 discomfit/*, -ed*, -ing*.
 disconnexion*, *not* -ction.
 discount, *abbr.* dis.
 discover/ed, -er; *abbr.* disc.
 discreet*, judicious.
 discrete*, separate.
 disenthral/*, *not* -enthrall, -inthal, -inthrall; -led*, -ment*.
 disenthron/e*, *not* disin-; -ing*, -ement*.
 disfavour*, *not* -vor.
 disfranchise*, *not* -ize.
 disguis/e*, -er*.
 dishabille, *use* de-; in Fr. m. *déshabillé*.
 disharmonize*, *not* -ise.

DISHEVELLED — DIVISOR

- dishevelled*, *not* -eled.
disillusionize*, *not* -ise.
disinthral, *use* disen-*.
disinthrone, *use* disen-*.
disjecta membra* (Lat.),
scattered remains, *but*
"disjecti membra poetæ"
(Horace).
disk*, *not* disc.
dislodgment*, *not* -ement.
dismissible*, *not* -able.
disorganiz[e]*, -er*, *not* -ise.
dispatch/*, -er*, *not* des-.
dispensable*, *not* -ible.
dispensary*, abbr. disp.
dispise, *use* des-*.
Disraeli (B.), 1804-81,
Earl of Beaconsfield.
d'Israeli (Isaac), 1766-
1848, writer, father of
above.
disseis/e*, to dispossess
wrongfully, *not* -ze; -ee*,
-in*, -or*, -oress*.
Dissenter (cap.).
dissertation, abbr. diss.
dissip/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
dissipated.
dissoluble*, *not* -uable.
dissolvable*, *not* -ible.
dissyllable, *use* disy-*.
dist., distance, distinguish,
-ed, district.
distastable*, *not* -eable.
distension*, *not* -tion.*
distil*, *not* -ill.
distinction (titles of)
(typ.), as F.R.S., LL.D.,
are usually put in large
caps. Even s.caps. often
improve general effect.
distingu/é* (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
distinguished.
distinguish/, -ed; abbr.
dist.
Dist. R., District Railway
(London).
distract/*, *fem.* -e, absent-
minded (not ital.).
distribute (typ.), to put
back each letter and space
into its proper compart-
ment in the cases; abbr.
dis.
distributing machine
(typ.), one for distributing
type.
district, abbr. dist.
District/ Court, — of Co-
lumbia, abbr. D.C.; —
Railway, D.R.; — Re-
gistry, D.R.
disyllab/le*, -ic*, -ize*,
of two syllables, *not*
diss-.
ditto*, abbr. do.
dittogram* (typ.), a letter
repeated by mistake.
div., divide, -d, dividend,
divine, division, divisor,
Fr. *divers* (diverse).
divde. (Fr. m.), *dividende*
(dividend).
diverticul/um*, a by-
way; *pl.* -a*.
divertiment/o* (It.), a kind
of ballet, *pl.* -i*; *also*
(Fr.) **divertissement***.
divest*, *not* de-.
divid/e, -ed, -end, divi-
sion, divisor; abbr.
div.; sign for divide ÷.
divide et impera (Lat.),
divide and govern.
"Divina Commedia,"
1300-18, by Dante, *not*
Come-.
Divine (typ.), when used
directly of the Deity cap.
D; abbr. div.
Divine Spirit, as title of
Deity (caps.).
Divis (Ger. typ. n.), the
hyphen.
division of words: never
separate a group of letters
representing a single
sound; and so divide a
word that each part
retains its present sound.
Examples: at-mos-
phere, con-di-tion, cred-it-
able, de-light-ful, de-sert
(abandon), des-sert (after
dinner), di-shev-el, mul-
ti-plic-a-tion, pho-tog-ra-
phy, sub-trac-tion.
divisor* (math.), a factor.

divorc/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, a divorced person.
Dixie's Land, the Southern States, U.S.A.
djinn, *use j-**.
D.L.*, Deputy-Lieutenant; **D.L.I.**, Durham Light Infantry; **D. Lit.***, Doctor of Literature; *but* **Litt.D.**, Doctor of Letters; **D.L.O.**, Dead Letter Office, *now* Returned — —; **D.L.S.** (U.S.A.), Doctor of Library Science.
D.M., Deputy Master, Doctor of Medicine (Oxford), (Fr.) *Docteur en Médecine* (Doctor of Medicine), (It. *mus.*) *destra mano* (the right hand).
D.N., *Dominus noster* (our Lord).
D.N.B., Dictionary of National Biography.
Dniepr River, S. Russia, *not -per*, Dnyepr.
Dniester River, S. Russia, *not -tr*, Dnyestr.
D.N.P.P., *Dominus Noster Papa Pontifex* (Our Lord the Pope).
D.O. (U.S.A.), Doctor of Oratory.
do., ditto, the same.
doat, *use dote**.
doc., documents.
Docent (Ger.), a university teacher, *now* **Doz-**.
docket*, -ed*, -ing*.
dockyard* (one word).
Doctor/, abbr. **D.**, *or* **Dr.**; — of Canon Law, **D.Cn.L.**; — Civil Law, **D.C.L.**; — Dental Surgery, **D.D.S.**; — Divinity, **D.D.**; — Hygiene, **D.Hy.**; — Letters, **Litt.D.**; — Library Science (U.S.A.), **D.L.S.**; — Literature, **D.Lit.**; — Medicine (Oxford), **D.M.**; — Music, **D.Mus.**, *or*

Mus.Doc.; Doctor of Oratory (U.S.A.), **D.O.**; — Philosophy, **Ph.D.**, *or* **D.Ph.**; — Science, **D.Sc.**; — Theology, **D.Th.**; — University of Paris, **Dr. Univ. Par.**; — Veterinary Medicine (U.S.A.), **D.V.M.**; — Zoology, **D.Z.**
Doctors' Commons*, London (apos.).
doctress*, *not -oress*.
doctrinaire* (not ital.).
doctrinize*, to theorize, *not -ise*.
documents (typ.), to be an exact reprint; abbr. **doc.**
Doddington, Cambs, Kent, Northumb, Northants (*see also* **Dodi-**).
Döderlein (Ludwig), 1791-1863, philologist.
Dodington, Somerset (*see also* **Dodd-**).
dogana* (It. *f.*), custom-house.
dogate*, office of doge, *not -eate* (not ital.).
dog-days* (hyphen).
doge*, chief magistrate of Venice (not ital.).
doggerel*, *not -grel*.
dogma/*, *pl. -s**.
dogmatize*, *not -ise*.
dog's letter*, *R.*
Dohnányi (E. von), 1877-, pianist.
Dohrn (Anton), 1840-1909, zoologist.
doily*, a napkin, *not -ey*, doyley, -ly, d'oyley, -ie.
dol., dollar.
dolce/ far niente* (It.), delightful idleness; — **maniera**, — manners; — **-piccante**, bitter-sweet.
doleful*, *not -ll*.
dollar/, abbr. **d.**, *or* **dol.**; — mark (typ.), \$, to be before, and close up to, the figures, as \$50.

Döllinger (J. J. I.), 1799-1890, theologian.

Dollond (J.), 1706-61, optician, *not* -and.

dolorous*, *but* **dolour***.

D.O.M., *Deo optimo maximo* (To God the best and greatest).

Dom (Ger.), cathedral; (Russ.) house; (Port.) title of nobility, also title of certain monks, as Dom Gasquet; *not* Don.

dom., domestic, dominion.

Domenichino, *or* **Domenico Zampieri**, 1581-1641, painter.

"Domesday Book"*, *not* Dooms-; abbr. **D.B.**

domestic, abbr. **dom.**

Domine dirige nos (Lat.), O Lord, direct us (motto of the City of London).

Dominica, Haiti, in Sp. San Domingo.

dominica *ad palmas*, Palm Sunday; — **de Passione**, Passion —; — **dies**, Sunday; — **in albis**, Low —.

dominie*(old Sc.), teacher, preacher.

dominion, abbr. **dom.**

Dominion Day*, Canada, 1 July.

domino/*, *pl.* -es*.

Dominus (Lat.), Lord; abbr. **D.**; — **noster**, our Lord, **D.N.**

Domus Procerum (law), the House of Lords; abbr. **D.P.**, *or* **Dom. Proc.**

Donegal, Ireland.

Donegall (Marquess of).

Donizetti (G.), 1797-1848, composer.

donna* (It.), a lady (ital.).

Donne (John), 1573-1631, poet.

don't (typ.), to be close up.

doolie* (Ind.), a litter, *not* dhooley, -lie, -ly, dooly.

"Doomsday Book," *use* **Domesday** —*.

doorshek (Arab.), Moham-medan prayer-carpet.

dopo Cristo (It.), A.D.; abbr. **d.C.**

Doppelpunkt (Ger. m.), the colon.

Dor., Doric.

Doré (P. Gustave), 1833-83, painter.

dormeuse* (Fr. f.), a settee, nightcap, traveling sleeping carriage.

dormy* (golf), *not* -ie.

d'Orsay (A. G. G., count), 1801-52, "the last dandy."

Dorset, *not* Dorsetshire.

Dory (John), fish, *not* -ey.

dosage* (med.), *not* -eage.

dose (med.), abbr. **d.**

dosiology*, science of doses, *not* dosol-.

dossier*, papers referring to some matter (*not* ital.).

Dostoieffsky (F. M.), 1818-81, Russ. writer.

dot/e*, to show great love, *not* doat; -age*.

dotterel*, plover, *not* -trel.

Douai, dép. Nord, *not* -y; *but* **Douay Bible**.

douane* (Fr. f.), customs; abbr. **d.**

double (typ.), a word, etc., erroneously repeated.

doubl/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, lined.

double-barrelled*, *not* -eled (hyphen).

double-bass (mus.) (hyphen).

double (approximate sizes of unfolded) —

— crown paper, 30 × 20 in.

— demy, 35 × 22¹/₂

— elephant, 40 × 27

— foolscapprinting, 27 × 17

— writing, 27 × 17

— imperial, 44 × 30

— large cards, 6 × 4¹/₂

— post, 31¹/₂ × 19¹/₂

— royal, 40 × 25

— small cards, 4³/₄ × 3⁵/₈

— (*see also* books, paper).

D double english type, 28-point, $2\frac{1}{2}$ lines to an inch, as this initial.

double entente (*un mot à*) (Fr.), a word with two meanings, *not* entendre.

D double paragon type, 40-point, $\frac{5}{8}$ " in depth, as this initial.

D double pica type, 24-point, $3\frac{1}{3}$ lines to an inch, as this initial.

doublure* (Fr. typ. f.), ornamental lining to a book-cover.

douceur* (Fr. f.), a gratuity.

douche* (not ital.).

dough (naut.), a pudding, *use* duff*.

Doukhobors, *use* Duk-

douse*, to drench with water (*see also* dowse).

douzaine (Fr. f.), dozen; abbr. **dzne**.

dovecot*, *not* -cote.

Dovedale, Derby.

dow, *use* dhow*.

dowager, abbr. **dow**.

Down, Ireland.

Downe (Viscount).

down/fall*, **-stairs*** (one word).

dowse*, to use a divining rod (*see also* douse).

doyen*, the senior member of a society (not ital.).

d'oyl/ey, **-ie**, *use* doily*.

doze*, to sleep.

dozen/, **-s**, abbr. **doz**.

Dozent (Ger. m.), a university teacher, *not* now Doc- (cap.).

D.P. (law), *Domus Procerum* (the House of Lords);

D.P.H., Diploma in Public Health; **D.Ph.**, Doctor of Philosophy, usually **Ph.D.**; **D.P.O.**,

Distributing Post Office; dpt., deponent.

D.R. (naut.), dead reckoning, District Railway, District Registry, (Ger.) *Deutsches Reich* (German Empire); **Dr.***, debtor, doctor; **dr.**, drachma (a dram), dram, **-s**, drawer.

drachm, *use* dram*.

drachma/*, a dram, various coins; *pl.* **-s***, abbr. **dr**.

draft*, a deduction in weighing, a military party, a money order, a rough sketch; to draw off, to sketch; abbr. **dft.** (*see also* draught).

draftsman*, one who drafts documents (*see also* draughtsman).

dragée*, a sweetmeat containing medicine, *not* -gé.

draggel-tail*, *not* daggle-.

dragoman/*; *pl.* **-s***, *not* -men (not ital.).

dragonnade*, Fr. Protestant persecution in 1681, *not* -onade, -oonade.

Dragoon Guards, abbr.

D.G.; these are not "Guardsmen."

draisine*, earliest bicycle, 1818, *not* -sene, -snene.

dram*, sixty grains, one teaspoonful, sixty minims, *not* drachm; *pl.* **-s**, abbr.

dr., sign 3.

dramat/ic, **-ist**, abbr. **dram**.

dramatis personæ*, abbr. **dram. pers.**

dramatize*, *not* -ise.

draught*, act of drawing, a take of fish, 20 lb. of eels, act of drinking, a dose, a vessel's depth in water, a current of air, liquor "on draught" (*see also* draft).

draughtsman*, one who makes drawings, plans, etc. (*see also* draftsman).

drawback, abbr. **dbk**.

DRAWER — DUMAS

drawer, abbr. *dr.*
drawing-room* (hyphen).
Dred Scott, U.S. law case.
Dreibund (der), the Triple Alliance.
dressmaking, abbr. *dress.*
dribble*, *not* dribb-.
dri/er*, -est*, *but* dryly*.
drivell/er*, -ing* (two l's).
drizzling (naut.), abbr. *d.*
droit* (Fr. m.), moral and legal right.
droite (Fr. f.), the right hand; abbr. *d.*
Drøntheim, *use* Trondhjem.
dropped heads (typ.), the first pages of chapters, etc., beginning lower than others.
droshky* (Russ.), a four-wheeled vehicle, *not* -sky.
drought/*, -y*, aridity, *not* drouth.
Drouyn de Lhuys (I.), 1805-81, Fr. statesman.
D.R.P., *Deutsches Reichspatent* (German patent); *Deutsche Reichspost* (Ger. Imperial post).
Druck (Ger. typ. m.), a proof; -er, a printer; -fehler, s. and pl., misprint.
Drumlea, Newtown Stewart.
Drumlee, Co. Down.
Dr. Univ. Par., Doctor of the University of Paris.
drunkenness*, *not* -eness.
Druse*, one of a Moham-medan sect, *not* -ze.
dryasdust* (one word).
dryly*, *but* dri/er*, -est*.
d.s., days' sight, days after sight; **D.Sc.**, Doctor of Science; **D.S.O.**, Distinguished Service Order; **d.s.p.**, *decessit sine prole* (died without issue); **d.s.q.**, discharged to sick quarters.
Ds., *dominus*; at Cambridge, a graduate.

d.t., delirium tremens.
D.Ter., Dakota Territory; offic. abbr. *Dak.*
D.Th., Doctor of Theology.
Du., Dutch.
du (typ.), as prefix to a proper name, in accordance with continental practice, should *not* have initial cap., as *du Chatelet*, except when anglicized.
Signatures to be copied.
dualize*, *not* -ise.
Dual Monarchy (caps.).
dub., *dubitans* (doubting), *dubius* (dubious).
du Barry (M. J. G. de V., comtesse), 1746-93.
Dublin, abbr. *Dubl.*
Dubois - Reymond (Emil), 1818-96, physiologist, *not* du Bois.
duc (Fr. m.), Duke (*not* cap.).
duces tecum*, a subpoena.
du Chaillu (P. B.), 1837-1904, traveller.
Duchesne, *pron.* dūk'sn.
ductus, a duct; *pl.* same.
duell/er*, -ing* (two l's).
duello* (It.), a duel.
duenna* (*not* ital.).
due punti (It. typ.), the colon.
duff* (naut.), a pudding, *not* dough.
Duguesclin (B.), 1314-80, Fr. soldier.
Duke, abbr. *D.*; in Fr. ***duc*** (*not* cap.).
Duke of York's School, soldiers' orphan asylum.
Dukhobors, Russian sect, *not* Douk-.
Duleep Singh, *not* Dhu-leep, Dulip.
dullness*, *not* dulness.
Dulong and Petit (law of) (physics).
Dumas (Davy de la Pailleterie — "Alexandre"), 1803-70, Fr. writer; — (Alexandre), his son, 1824-95, also

- writer; **Dumas** (J. B.), 1805-84, chemist.
- Du Maurier** (George L. P. B.), 1834-96, artist.
- Dumbarton**, *not* Dun-
dumb-bell* (hyphen).
- dumbfound**/*, -ed*, -er*,
not dumf-.
- dum sola** (law), while
unmarried.
- Dunblane**, *not* Dum-.
- dun cow*** (Devon), a ray
fish.
- Dunelm.**, signature Bp. of
Durham (full point).
- dungaree***, coarse calico,
not -eree.
- duniwassal*** (Sc.), a
Highland gentleman, *not*
dunni-.
- Dunkirk**, dép. Nord; in
Fr. **Dunkerque**.
- Dunn** (Sir W.), 1833-.
- Dunne** (Sir J.), 1835-.
- Dunnottar Castle**, Kin-
cardine (two *n*'s and *t*'s).
- Duns Scotus** (Johan-
nes), 1265 or 1274-1308,
metaphysician.
- duodecimo*** (typ.), $7\frac{1}{2} \times$
 $4\frac{1}{2}$ in., abbr. 12mo (no
point).
- Duodez** (Ger. typ. n.),
12mo.
- Dupuytren** (G., baron),
1777-1835, anatomist.
- durchschossen** (Ger.
typ.), to lead or space;
durchschossen, leaded
(type), interleaved
(books); **Durchschüsse**,
leads; **durchsehen**, to
revise.
- Dürer** (Albrecht), 1471-
1528, German painter;
Dureresque*, his style.
- duress***, constraint, *not* -e.
- Durham**, abbr. **Dur**.
- durrie**, *use* dhurrie*.
- Dussek** (J. L.), 1761-1812,
composer.
- Düsseldorf**, Germany.
- Dutch**/, abbr. **Du.**; —
alphabet (typ.), same
as English. No accented
or marked letters. *ij* =
Eng. *y*; — paper, van
Gelder's, hand-made in
Holland.
- duumvir**/*, magistrate;
Eng. *pl.* -s*.
- dux** (Lat.), a leader, *pl.*
duces; **dux gregis**,
leader of the flock.
- D.V.***, *Deo volente* (God
willing).
- D.V.M.** (U.S.A.), Doctor of
Veterinary Medicine.
- Dvořák** (Antonin),
1841-1904, composer,
pron. dvor'zhék.
- d.v.p.**, *decessit vita patris*
(died during his, or her,
father's lifetime).
- Dwina**, N. Russia, *not*
Dvina, Duna.
- dwt.**, pennyweight, -s,
24 troy grains, *not*
pwt.
- Dyak**, of Borneo, *not* Dayak.
- dyeing***.
- dygogram***, a magnetic
deviation curve.
- dying***.
- dyke**, *use* dike*.
- Dymoke** (F. S.), 1862-,
Eng. Sovereign's Cham-
pion, *not* Di-, Dimock,
Dymock.
- dynamics**, is *singular*;
abbr. **dyn.**
- dynamo**/*, *pl.* -s.
- dyotheism**, the doctrine
that there are two
gods.
- Dysart** (Earl of), *also*
Desart.
- D.Z.**, Doctor of Zoology.
- dzne.**, *douzaine* (dozen).
- D.-Zug** (Ger. m.), *Durch-*
gang-Zug (a through
train).

E

E., Earl, Earth, east, Eastern postal district, London, engineer, second-class merchant ship at Lloyd's, (Royal Navy) engineering, fifth in a series, all proper names with this initial.

E* (chem.), erbium.

e, eccentricity of ellipse, (dyn.) coefficient of elasticity, (elec.) electromotive force of cell.

e, or **ε** (math.), base of Napierian logarithms.

e (It., Port.), and.

é (Port.), is.

è (It.), is.

è (e grave accent), to be used for the last syllable of past tenses and participles when that otherwise mute syllable is to be separately pronounced, as, "Hence, loathèd melancholy!"

each (gram.) must be followed by verb and pronoun in sing., as "each person *knows his* own property." Abbr. **ea**.

eagre*, tidal wave, *not*-er.

E. & O. E.*, errors and omissions excepted.

Earl, abbr. **E**.

earlier, correlative of *later*.

ear-ring* (hyphen).

Earth (the), abbr. **E.**, sign \oplus .

east, abbr. **E.** (*see also* compass).

East End, London (caps.).

Easter Sunday*, first after the calendar full moon on, or next after, 21 March.

East Indies*, "include Hindustan, Further India, and the islands beyond" (O.E.D.); abbr. **E.I.**

easy chair* (two words).

easygoing (one word).

eau/-de-Cologne*, — **-devie*** (hyphens); — **forte***, nitric acid, *also* an etching; — **-fortiste**, an etcher; — **sucrée**, sugar and water (*not* ital.).

E.B., "Encyclopædia Britannica."

E.B. (Ger.), *Eisenbahn* (railway).

Eblis, *not* I-.

ebonize*, *not* -ise.

Ebor., *Eboracum* (York), *Eboracensis*, signature of Abp. of York (full point).

E. b S., east-by-south.

eburnean*, like ivory, *not* -ian.

E.C., Established Church, Eastern - Central postal district, London.

écart (Fr. m.), error.

écarté*, a game of cards.

Ecce/ Homo*, "Behold the Man"; — **signum***, here is the proof.

Ecclefechan, birthplace of Carlyle, 4. 12. 1795.

Ecclesiastes, abbr. **Eccl.**

ecclesiastical/, abbr.

eccles.; — **signs**:—

Maltese cross ✙ used in R.C. service books to

notify "make the sign of the cross," also before signatures of certain R.C. dignitaries; Latin cross ✝ ; St. Andrew's cross X ; in service books, R response, V versicle, * words to be intoned.

Ecclesiasticus, abbr. **Ecclus.**

échalote (Fr. f.), a shallot, *not* esch-.

échantillon (Fr. m.), a sample.
Echegaray (José), 1832-, Sp. dramatist.
echelon* (mil.), a troop formation (not ital., no accent).
echo/*, *pl.* -es*, *not* -os.
éclaircissement* (Fr. m.), explanation.
éclat*, renown (not ital.).
economize*, *not* -ise.
econom/y, -ical, -ics, -ist, abbr. **econ.**
écossais/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, Scotch (not cap.); *also* **écossaise***, a dance.
ecraseur*, surgical instrument (no accent).
écrevisse (Fr. f.), crayfish, lobster.
ecru*, unbleached linen colour (no accent, not ital.).
ecstasy*, *not* -cy, ex-
ecstatic*, *not* extatic.
E.C.U., English Church Union.
Ecuador, *not* Eq-; abbr. **Ecu.**
ecumenic/, -al, *use* œcu-*.
E.D.D., "English Dialect Dictionary."
"Edda"/*, a collection of Icelandic legends; *pl.* -s.
Eddystone Lighthouse.
edelweiss*, Alpine plant.
edema/, -tous, *use* œd-*.
edge-bolt (binding), the closed folds of a sheet as shown in an uncut book.
edges (binding): **circuit** —, covers turned over to protect the edges of the paper; **cut** —, the three edges cut solid by a cutting machine; **gilt** —, the three edges cut solid and gilt; **gilt-top** —, top edge cut solid and gilt, others trimmed only; **marbled** —, all edges cut solid, and stained like marble; **opened** —, cut with a hand paper-knife; **red** —, the cut edges col-

edges (binding) (*cont.*).
oured red and burnished; **sprinkled** —, the cut edges finely sprinkled with colour; **tooled** —, those with impressed designs; **trimmed** —, top edge untouched, and inequalities only removed from the others, the folds are not opened; **uncut, unopened, or untouched** —, all edges quite untouched, being left as they are folded; **white** —, cut, not coloured or gilt (*see also* margins).
edge-tool*, *not* edged —.
edgeways*, *not* -y, -wise.
Edgeworth (Prof. F. Y.), econ.; — (**Maria**), 1767-1849, writer.
Edgware Road, London, *not* Edge-.
edidit (Lat.), he, or she, edited.
edile, *use* œdile*.
Edinburgh, abbr. **Edin.**
Edipus, *use* Œ-*.
éditeur (Fr. m.), publisher, *not* editor.
edition, abbr. **ed.** (*see also* title pages).
édition de luxe, a sumptuous edition (not ital.).
edition (limited), where a smaller number than usual of a book is printed. Each copy should contain a printed certificate somewhat as this: "250 copies of this book have been printed, of which this is No. —" (the number being written in ink).
editio/ princeps, a first printed edition; *pl.* -nes **principes.**
editor, abbr. **ed.**, *pl.* eds.; in Fr. m. **directeur, rédacteur en chef, or gérant.**
editorial*, newspaper article with the editor's views.

editress*, a fem. editor, *not* -toress.

Edmund, abbr. **Edm.**

E.D.S., English Dialect Society.

educationist*, *not* -alist.

Edward, abbr. **E.**, *or* **Ed.**

E.E., Early English, errors excepted, (Ger.) *Euer Ehrwürden* (your Reverence).

ee (Sc.), eye; *pl.* **een**.

E.E. & M.P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

eerie*, weird, *not* -y.

E.E.T.S., Early English Text Society.

effector*, *not* -or.

Effendi*, Turkish title of respect, *not* -dee.

effluvi/um*, *pl.* -a* (*not* ital.).

effluxion*, *not* -ction.

e.g.*, *exempli gratia* (for example) (l.c., *not* ital., preceded by comma). Use "for example" rather than e.g.

égarement/ (Fr.m.), error; *pl.* -s.

Eginhard, *use* **Ein-**.

egis, *use* æ-*

egotize*, to act egotistically, *not* -ise.

egret*, the lesser white heron (*see also* **aigrette***).

Egypt/, -ian, abbr. **Egy.**; — Exploration Fund, *not* Egyptian —.

egyptian* (typ.), **a type with thick stems, as this.**

Egyptian pound, in Eng. £1. os. 6¹/₄d.; abbr. **£E.**

Egyptienne (Ger. typ. f.), same type as "English."

Egyptologist, -y, abbr. **Egyptol.**

eh (typ.), when exclamation, to be followed by exclamation point; when question, by note of interrogation.

E.H.P., electrical horsepower.

Ehrenbreitstein, on the Rhine, *not* -enstein.

E.I., East India, -n, -ies.

-ei-, in words, the pronunciation of which does not imply the spelling:—being, ceiling, conceit, conceive, counterfeit, cuneiform, deceit, deceive, deign, eider, eidograph, eight, eighth (etc.), eirenicon, either, feign, feint, foreign, forfeit, freight, heifer, heightho, height, heinous, heir, -ess, inveigh, inveigle, kaleidoscope, leisure, meiosis, neigh, -bour, -bourhood, neither, nonpareil, obeisance, perceive, plebeian, receipt, receive, reign, reindeer, reins, Seidlitz, *seigneur*, seize, skein, sleight, sovereign, surfeit, their, tireing, veil, vein, weigh, -t, weir, weird (*see also* -ie-).

E.I.C., East India Company.

eiconic, *use* **iconic***.

E.I.C.S., East India Civil Service; *frequently* **I.C.S.**

eidol/on*, a phantom; *pl.* -a*.

Eifel Mountains, Ger.

Eiffel/ (A. G.), 1832-, Fr. engineer; — Tower, Paris.

eighteenmo* (typ.), decimo-octavo, abbr. **18mo** (no point); demy **18mo**, about 6 × 3³/₄ in.

eigret/, -te, *use* **aigrette*** (*see also* egret).

eikon, *use* **icon***.

"**Eikon Basilike**," a work of Charles I (?).

einbringen (Ger. typ.), to put a word into the preceding line.

ein Drittel (Ger.), one-third; (typ.) thick space, one-third em.

Einhard, 770-840, writer,
not Egin-.

Einfleitung (Ger. typ. f.),
introduction.

eirenicon*, a peace pro-
posal, *not* ir-.

Eisteddfod/*, a congress
of bards; *pron.* ice-teth'-
vod, *pl.* -au.

either (gram.), correctly
used for two only and
must be followed by verb
and pronoun in sing., as
"either is to be taken."

Correlative *or*, *not* *nor*.

ejusdem (Lat.), of the same,
abbr. **ejusd.**; — **generis**,
of the same kind.

El (Heb.), God.

el (Sp. m.), the.

él (Sp.), he.

Elagabalus, *not* Helio-.

élan*, dash, spirit (not ital.).

elater/*, *not* -or; *pl.* -s.

Elburz (Mount), Cauca-
sus, *not* -ruz.

elchee* (Turk.), an am-
bassador, *not* -i, elchi.

Elder Brethren of Trinity
House (caps.).

El Dorado*, the golden
land (two words, *not* ital.).

elec., electricity, electrical,
electuary.

elector*, *not* -er.

electress*, *not* -toress.

electrocute, to carry out
a death sentence by elec-
tricity.

electrolier*, a cluster of
electric lamps (*not* ital.).

electrolyze*, *not* -yse.

electro/meter*, electricity
measurer; -motive*;
-motor*, electric loco-
motive (one word).

electrotype* (one word);
abbr. **electro** (no point).

electuary, abbr. **elec.**

eleemosynary*, charitable.

élégant (Fr.), a fashion-
able man; *fem.* -e*.

elegist*, writer of an
elegy, *not* -giast.

eleme*, a dried fig (*not*
ital., no accent).

elementary, abbr. **elem.**

elements (chemical), no
point after symbols; *see*
also under each name.

elemi*, a resin.

elench/us* (logic), *pl.* -i*.

elenctic/*, of refutation,
not -ctic.

elephanta*, a violent
storm, *not* -er (*not* ital.).

elephant-paper*, 28 x 23
in.; double ditto*, 40 x
26³/₄ in.

elevator*, *not* -er.

élève (Fr. m. and f.), a
pupil, scholar.

elf*, a sprite; *pl.* **elves***.

Elgin Marbles (caps.).

Elia, pen-name of Charles
Lamb, 1775-1834.

eligible*, *not* -able.

Eliogabalus, *use* **Ela**-.

Eliot, fam. name of Earl of
St. Germans; — (Sir
C. N. E.), 1864-; —
(George), 1819-80, pen-
name of Mary Ann, or
Marian, Evans; — (Sir
John), 1839-, F.R.S. (*see*
also **Ell**-).

Eliott (General George),
1779-83, defender of Gib-
raltar; — (Sir W. F. A.),
1827- (*see also* **Eliot**,
Ell-).

elision (typ.), suppression
of a vowel or syllable, as
e'en for even. In Eng.
generally and Fr. always,
letters to be close up. In
Gr., It., Lat., Sp. to be
spaced (*see also* **ellip-
sis**).

elisor* (law), one who
selects a jury.

élite* (Fr. f.), a select part
(*not* ital.).

elixir* (*not* ital.).

Elizabeth, abbr. **Eliz**.

Ellichpur, Ind., *not* Ilich-.

Elliot, fam. name of Earl of
Minto; — (Sir A. J. H.),

- 1825-; Elliot (Sir E. L.),
 1850-; — (Sir George),
 1867-; — (Sir H. G.),
 1817-, P.C.; — (Sir H.
 G.), 1826-, K.C.M.G.
 Elliott (Sir C. A.), 1835-;
 — (Sir C. B.), 1841-;
 — (Sir T. H.), 1854- (*see*
also Eli-).
 ellipsis^{*}, the omission of
 words, *pl. -es^{*}*; (typ.)
 three periods (*not* aster-
 isks) separated by em
 quads (en in narrow
 measures) are sufficient
 to mark omissions in *all*
 cases. When the pre-
 ceding sentence has been
 brought to a close, four
 should be used; the first
 to be close up; *not* illi-
 (*see also* elision).
 elege^{*}, an oration (no ac-
 cent, *not* ital.); in Fr.
m. éloge.
 Elohim^{*} (Heb.), the Deity.
 eloin^{*} (law), to abscond,
not -gn.
 E. long., east longitude.
 Elsass-Lothringen, Ger.
 for Fr. *Alsace-Lor-*
raine, *now* the Reichs-
 land.
 Elsinore, Dan. for Hel-
 singør.
 elucidator^{*}, *not -er*.
 Élysée palace, Paris.
 Elysium^{*} (cap., *not* ital.).
 elytr/on^{*}, a covering; *pl.*
-a^{}* (*not* ital.).
 Elzevir type^{*}, a style of type
 condensed or compressed in
 appearance, as this.
 E.M., Earl Marshal, *Equitum*
Magister (Master of the
 Horse).
 Em., Emmanuel, Emily,
 Emma.
 em/ (typ.), the unit of meas-
 urement, the square of
 the body of any size of
 type; — quad, a space
 used after each period and
 before the first word of
 new paragraph; em rule,
see punctuation, IX.
 embalmment^{*} (3 *m*'s).
 embank^{*}, *not* im-.
 embargo^{*}, *not* im-; *pl. -es*
 (*not* ital.).
 embarkation^{*}, *not*-cation.
 embarras^{*} (noun).
 embarras des richesses
 (Fr.), a superfluity of good
 things.
 embarrass^{*} (verb).
 ambassador^{*}, used only
 in America.
 embassy^{*}, *not* am-.
 embathe^{*}, *not* im-.
 embed^{*}, -ded^{*}, -ding^{*},
not im-.
 embezzlement^{*}, *not*
 -lment.
 embitter^{*}, *not* im-.
 emblaz/e^{*}, -onry^{*}, *not* im-.
 emblemize^{*}, *not* -ise.
 emblossom^{*}, *not* im-.
 embody^{*}, -ied^{*}, -ier^{*},
 -iment^{*}, *not* im-.
 embolden^{*}, *not* im-.
 embonpoint^{*} (Fr. *m.*),
 plump, plumpness.
 embosom^{*}, *not* im-.
 emboss^{*}, *not* im-.
 embouchement^{*}, a river-
 mouth.
 embouchure^{*} (mus.),
 mouthpiece (*not* ital.).
 embound^{*}, *not* im-.
 embowelled^{*}, *not* -eled.
 embower^{*}, *not* im-.
 embrangle^{*}, *not* im-.
 embrasure^{*}, *not* -zure.
 embroglio, *use* im-^{*}.
 embroil^{*}, *not* im-.
 embrue, *use* im-^{*}.
 embrute, *use* im-^{*}.
 embryo^{*}, *pl. -s*.
 embue, *use* im-^{*}.
 E.M.D.P., electromotive
 difference of potential.
 emend^{*}, to remove errors.
 emerald (typ.), a type as this,
 about six and a half point, 128
 lines to the foot.
 emerit/us^{*}, honourably re-
 tired; *pl. -i*.

emeu, *use* emu*.
émeute* (Fr. f.), insurrection.
E.M.F., electromotive force.
émigr/é* (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, an emigrant.
Emir, use Ameer*.
E.M.K. (Ger.), *elektromotorische Kraft* (electromotive force).
Emmanuel/ College, Cambridge; — **III**, King of Italy (two *m*'s).
Emp., Emperor, Empress.
empæstic*, embossed, *not* -estic.
empair, use im-*.
empale, use im-*.
empanel/*, to enrol*; -led*, -ling*, *not* im-.
empassion, use im-*.
Emperor/, abbr. **Emp.**; — of Germany, *use* German Emperor.
emphas/is*, *pl.* -es*.
emphasize*, *not* -ise.
empicture*, *not* im-.
empierce/*, -ing*, *not* im-.
emplacement* (*not* ital.).
employ/é*, *frequently* employee (no accent), *fem.* -ée*; *pl.* -és, *fem.* -ées (*not* ital.).
emporium*, *pl.* -a.
empress/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, keen, eager.
empressement* (Fr. m.), eagerness.
emprise*, *not* -ize.
emptiness*, *not* -tyness.
emptor*, a purchaser.
empyreum/a*, the "burnt" smell of organic matter, *not* -ruma; *pl.* -ata*.
emu*, *not* emeu.
emulator*, *not* -er.
en/ (typ.), half the width of an em; — **quad**, a space usually inserted after a colon, semicolon, note of exclamation, and of interrogation, when not ending a sentence; — **rule** (*see* punctuation, XII).

enactor*, *not* -er.
en amateur (Fr.), like an amateur.
enamell/ed*, -er*, -ing*, -ist*, *not* -eler, etc.
enamorado, use in-*.
en/ arrière (Fr.), behind; — **attendant**, meanwhile; — **avant**, forward; — **bloc**, in the mass; — **bon français**, without mincing matters; — **cachette**, in hiding.
Encænia*, Commemoration at Oxford, *not* -cenia (*not* ital.).
encage*, *not* in-.
encase*, *not* in-.
enceinte*, pregnant, an enclosure (*not* ital.).
enchase*, *not* in-.
enchère (Fr. f.), auction.
en cheveux (Fr.), (of a woman) bare-headed.
enchiridi/on*, handbook or manual; *pl.* -a (*not* ital.).
enclasp*, *not* in-.
enclave*, territory surrounded by foreign dominions.
encloister*, *not* in-.
enclose*, *not* in-.
en cœur (Fr.), heart-shaped.
encomium/*, a eulogy; *pl.* -s (*not* ital.).
encore*, again (*not* ital.).
encouragement*, *not* -gment.
encroach*, *not* in-.
encrust*, *not* in-.
encrystal, use in-*.
encumber*, *not* in-.
encyclopæd/ia*, -iac*, -iacal*, -ial*, -ian*, -ic*, -ical*, -ism*, -ist*, -ize*, *not* -pedia; abbr. **ency**.
"Encyclopædia Britannica," abbr. **Ency. Brit.**
end a break (typ.), in composing, to fill up last line with quads.

- endemn/ify, -ity, *use in* *.
 endent/, -ure, *use in* *.
en/ dernier ressort (Fr.),
 as a last resource; —
déshabillé, in undress;
 — **deux mots**, to cut a
 long story short.
 end even (typ.), in com-
 posing, the last word of
 a "take" of copy to end
 a full line: opposed to
 "end a break."
 endite, *use in* *.
 endleaves (typ.), the blank
 fly-leaves at the beginning
 and end of a book.
 endors/e*, -able*, -ee*,
 -er*, -ement*, *not in* *.
 end papers, *see* end
 leaves.
 endu/e*, -able*, -ing*,
not in *.
 endure/e*, -able*, -ed*,
 -er*, -ing*, *not in* *.
 endways*, *not* -wise.
 Endymion, Gr. legend.
 E.N.E., east-north-east
 (*see also* compass).
en échelle (Fr.), ladder-
 like.
 Eneid, *use* Æneid*.
 enema/*, an injection; *pl.*
 -s* (*not ital.*).
 energize*, *not* -ise.
en famille (Fr.), with one's
 family.
enfant gâté (Fr. m.), spoilt
 child.
enfants perdus (mil.),
 forlorn hope.
 enfeeblement*.
 enfeoff*, *not* -fief.
en fête (Fr.), in festivity;
enfin, finally (one word);
en/ fin de compte, when
 all is told; — **flagrant**
délit, in the very act.
 enfold*, *not in* *.
 enforce/*, -able*, *not in* *.
 enfranchis/e*, -able*,
 -ement*, -ing*, *not* -ize.
 Eng., England, English.
 eng., engineer, -ing, en-
 graved, -er, -ing.
 Engadine, Switz.; in Ger.
 Engadin.
 engagement*, *not* -gment.
en garçon (Fr.), as a
 bachelor.
 engineer, -ing, abbr. E.,
 or eng.
 Engl/and, -ish, abbr.
 Eng.
 English* (typ.), a
 fourteen-point type, as
 first line above, sixty-four
 lines to the foot. Used in
 Scotland for legal reports.
 English translation,
 abbr. E.T.
 engorgement*, *not*
 -gment.
 engraft*, *not in* *.
 engrain*, *not in* *.
en grande tenue, or —
 — **toilette** (Fr.), in full
 dress; **en grand sei-**
gneur, magnificently.
 engrav/ed, -er, -ing, abbr.
 eng.
 engroove*, *not in* *.
 engross*, *not in* *.
 engulf*, *not in* -, -golph.
 enherit, *use in* *.
 enigma/, *pl.* -s.
 enisle*, *not in* *.
 enlargement*, *not* -gment.
en masse* (Fr.), in a body.
 enmesh*, *not* emm-, imm-.
 Enniskillen, Ireland; —
 (Earl of), *but* Innis-
 killing Dragoons and
 Fusiliers.
 ennui*, boredom (*not ital.*).
 ennuy/é*, *fem.* -ée, bored
 (*not ital.*).
 enoculate, *use in* *.
en/ passant* (Fr.), by the
 way; — **petit**, on a small
 scale; — **plein jour**, in
 broad daylight; — **prince**,
 in princely style.
 enquête (Fr. f.), inquiry.
 enquir/e, -y, *use in* *.
en/ rapport* (Fr.), in sym-
 pathy; — **règle**, as it
 should be; — **résumé**, to

sum up; **en revanche**, in revenge.
 enrol/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, -ment*, *not* enroll, inroll.
en route* (Fr.), on the way.
 en rule (typ.) (-), *see* punctuation, XII.
ens* (Lat.), an entity; *pl. entia**.
 ensconce*, *not* in-.
 ensculpture, *use* in-*.
enseigne (Fr. m.), mid-shipman; (f.) signboard.
 ensemble*, general effect (*not* ital.).
 ensheath*, *not* -the.
 ensilage* (*not* ital.).
 ensnare/*, -ment*, *not* in-.
en somme (Fr.), in the main.
 ensoul*, *not* in-.
 enstall, *use* install*.
 ensuing*, *not* -eing.
en suite* (Fr.), to match.
 ensure*, to make safe (*see also* assurance, insurance).
 enswathe*, *not* in-.
en tablier (Fr.), apron-like.
 entailed* estate, *not* in-.
entente/ (Fr. f.), meaning; — **cordiale**, cordial understanding; — (**un mot à double**), a word, or phrase, with two meanings, *pl. mots à double entente*, *not* entendre.
 enteric* (*not* ital.).
 enterpose, *use* in-*.
 enterpret, *use* in-*.
 enterprise*, *not* -ize.
entêt/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, infatuated, obstinate.
 enthral/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, -ment*, *not* in-, -thrall.
 entitle*, *but* intitule*.
 entomology, abbr. entom.
 entourage*, surroundings (*not* ital.).
 entozo/on*, internal parasite; *pl. -a** (*not* ital.).
entr'acte/*, the interval between two acts; *pl. -s*.

entrain*, heartiness (*not* ital.), also to put in a railway train.
en train (Fr.), in progress.
 entrap/*, -ped*, -ping*, *not* in-.
 entreat*, *not* in-.
entrecôte (Fr. cook. m.), the "undercut."
entre deux/ (Fr.), betwixt and between two; — — **feux**, between two fires; — — **vins**, half-drunk.
 entrée*, a made dish (*not* ital.).
entrefilet (Fr. typ. m.), a short paragraph.
 entremets*, side dishes (*not* ital.).
 entrench*, *not* in-.
entre/ nous (Fr.), confidentially; — **quatre yeux**, between ourselves.
 entrepôt*, a mart (*not* ital.).
 entrepreneur* (mus.), a contractor.
 entresalle*, ante-room (*not* ital.).
 entresol*, a story between ground-floor and first-floor (*not* ital.).
 entrust*, *not* in-.
 Ent. Sta. Hall, Entered at Stationers' Hall.
 entwine*, *not* in-.
 entwist*, *not* in-.
 enunciat/e*, -or*.
 enure (law), *but use* in-*.
 enveigh, *use* in-*.
 enveigle, *use* in-*.
en vélin (Fr.), in vellum.
 envelop/* (verb); -ed*, -ment.
 envelope* (noun).
en vérité (Fr.), in truth.
envoy/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, a messenger.
 enwall*, *not* in-.
 enweave, *use* in-*.
 enwind*, *not* in-.
 enwrap/*, -ped*, -ping*, *not* in-.
 enwreathe*, *not* in-.

EOCENE — ERG

Eocene (cap., not ital.).
eo/ instanti (Lat.), at that instant; — **nomine**, under that name.
eolian, etc., use **æo**-.
eon, use **æon**-.
e.o.o.e. (Fr.), *erreur ou omission exceptée* (error or omission excepted).
"Eöthen," by Kinglake.
Eötvös (J., baron), 1813-71, Hungarian writer.
épaulet*, not -ette.
éperdu (Fr.), fem. -e, distracted.
epergne* (not ital., no accent).
éperlans (Fr. m.), smelts.
Épernay, Fr. white wine.
Eph., Ephesians, Ephraim.
ephah*, Heb. measure, not epha.
ephemer/a*, same as -on; pl. -æ* (not ital.).
ephemer/is*, a calendar; pl. -ides*.
ephemer/on*, pl. -a* (not ital.).
Ephesians, abbr. Eph.
ephphatha (Aram.), "Be opened."
épi (Fr. m.), roof finial (not ital.).
épice (Fr. f.), spice.
epicentrum*, of earthquake.
epideictic*, adapted for display, not -ktic.
epigram*, a pointed saying; pl. -s (not ital.).
épigramme* (Fr. cook. f.), small cutlets, etc. (ital.).
épinard (Fr. m.), spinach.
epiornis, use **æpy**-.
Epiphany, abbr. Epiph.
episcopal, abbr. **episc.**
epithalami/um*, a nuptial song; pl. -a*.
epitheli/um*, pl. -a.
epitomize*, not -ise.
epizo/on* (zool.), pl. -a*.
e pluribus unum (Lat.), many made one (motto of U.S.A.).

eppur si muove (It.), and yet it moves; **e pur si** — often used.
épreuve (Fr. typ. f.), a proof; — **d'artiste**, artist's proof.
épris (Fr.), fem. -e, enamoured.
éprouvette*, gunpowder tester.
Epsom-salt*, not — -salts (hyphen).
épuis/é (Fr.), fem. -ée, exhausted; (typ.) out of print.
eq., equal.
Equador, use **Ecu**-.
equal/ to (no longer with); -led*, -ling*.
equaliz/e*, -ation*.
equal mark (typ.), = (a hair-space before and after).
equanimity*, not "of mind."
Equator/, -ial, abbr. **Eq.**
equerry*, not -ery.
equestri/an*, fem. -enne*.
equiangular, sign \sphericalangle .
equilateral, sign \triangle .
equinoctial*, not -xial.
equinox/*, pl. -es*.
equisetum*, (bot.), pl. -s* (not ital.).
equivalent, abbr. **equiv.**
equivocator*, not -er.
equivoque* (not ital.).
E.R., **Eduardus Rex** (King Edward).
E.R.A. (R. Navy), Engineer-room Artificer.
Eragry Press, of L. Pissarro.
erbium, symbol **Er***.
Erckmann - Chatrian, two Fr. writers collaborating from 1848-70.
erector*, not -er.
erethism* (path.), excitement, not ery-.
E. R. et L., **Eduardus Rex et Imperator** (Edward King and Emperor).
erg*, unit of work (not ital.).

ergo* (Lat.), therefore (ital.).
Erichsen (Sir J. E.), 1818-96, surgeon.
Ericsson (John), 1802-89, engineer.
Eros, god of love; *pl.* **Erotes**.
erpetology, -ist, *use* h-*.
erratum*, *pl.* -a* (not ital.).
erstens (Ger.), in the first place; **erstgeboren**, first-born.
erysipelas* (not ital.).
erythism, *use* ere-*.
Erzerûm, Turk. Armenia, *not* -oum, -um.
E.S. (paper), engine-sized.
escalop, *use* scallop*.
escarp*, -ment*, a steep slope, *not* -pe.
eschalot, *use* shallot*.
escheator*, *not* -er.
Eschscholtzia* (bot.), *pron.* e-shôlt'se-a.
Escorial, Spain, *not* Escu-
escritoire*, *not* -oir (not ital.).
Esculap/ius, -ian, *use* Æ-.
escutcheon*, plate for keyhole, etc., *not* scut-.
Esdras, not to be abbreviated.
E.S.E., east-south-east (*see also* compass).
Eskimo/, *not* Esquimaux; *pl.* -s.
esophagus, -eal, *use* œs-*.
esp., especially.
espagnolette*, French-window fastening.
espalier*, a lattice-work, a trained fruit-tree (not ital.).
especially, abbr. esp.
Esperanto, new universal language.
espiègle*(Fr.), frolicsome; -erie*, -ness (not ital.).
espionage* (not ital.).
espressivo* (It. mus.), with expression, *not* ex-

esprit/* (Fr. m.), genius, wit;—**de corps***, respect for a society by its members;—**fort***, a strong-minded person, *pl.* **esprits forts*** (not ital.).
Esquimalt, Vancouver, *not* -ault.
Esquimaux, *use* Eskimo.
Esquire, abbr. Esq.*; J. Smith, jun., Esq., *not* Esq., jun.
esquisse* (Fr. f.), a sketch.
ess*, name of the letter s; *pl.* **esses***.
ess., essences.
essays (typ.), cited titles to be roman double-quoted; caps. as in title.
Essouan, *use* Assuan.
established, abbr. est.
Established Church (caps.); abbr. E.C.
estamin*, a woollen fabric, *not* ét-.
estaminet* (Fr. m.), a café.
estanci/a* (Sp.-Amer.), a cattle farm; -ero*, its keeper.
Esterházy de Galantha, Hungarian family.
esthet/e, -ic, *use* æs-*.
estimator*, *not* -er.
estiv/al, -ation, *use* æs-*.
esto perpetua! (Lat.), may it endure for ever!
estoppel* (law), *not* -ple.
estrangement*, *not* -gment.
esturgeon (Fr. m.), sturgeon.
E.T., electric telegraph, English translation.
étage (Fr. m.), floor; **étagère*** (f.), a piece of furniture.
et alibi (Lat.), and elsewhere; abbr. **et al.**
et alii (Lat.), and others; abbr. **et al.**, *not* et als.
état-major (Fr. m.), a staff of military officers.
E.T.C., Eastern Telegraph Co.

et cetera* (not ital.), abbr. etc., or &c.; (typ.) abbreviate in bookwork to "etc."; no comma between "etc. etc." or "&c. &c.," a duplication to be avoided.

etceteras*, extras, sundries (one word).

été (Fr.), been, (m.) summer.

eth, the Anglo-Saxon Ð, ð (distinguish from "thorn" Þ, þ).

ether*, medium filling all space, not æ-.

ethereal/*, -ity*, -ly*, not -ial.

etherializ/e*, -ation*, not -ise.

etherize*, to convert into ether, not -ise.

ethnolog/y, -ical, abbr. ethnol.

etiology, use æ-*

etiquette* (not ital.).

Etna, Sicily, not Æ-.

étoile (Fr. typ. f.), asterisk.

et sequen/s, and the following; abbr. *et seq.*, *pl.* — *-tes*, abbr. *et sqq.*

étude/ (Fr. f.), a study; — *de concert* (mus.), study of exceptional value.

étui*, case for small articles, not etwee (not ital.).

étuvée (Fr. cook. f.), stew.

etymologize*, to trace the etymology of, not -ise.

etymolog/y, -ical, -ically, -ist; abbr. etym.

etymon*, a root-word.

E.U., Evangelical Union.

eucalypt/us* (bot.), *pl.* -i*.

euchre*, a card game, not euecre.

Euclid (cap.)

eudemon/*, a good angel; -ize*, not eudæ-.

Euer (Ger. m.), your; abbr. Ew.

Eugène, French Christian name (è).

Eugénie (Empress), widow of Napoleon III (é).

eulogium/*, eulogy; *pl.* -s.

eulogize*, not -ise.

eulogy (a, not an).

euphem/ism* (a, not an), -istic*, -istical*; abbr.

euphem.

euphemize*, not -ise.

euphonize*, not -ise.

euphony (a, not an).

euphroe* (a, not an)

(naut.), a crowfoot, not uphroe, uvrow.

euphuism*.

"Euphues"* , by Lyly.

auraquilo*, a N.E. Levant wind, not euro-aquilo.

Eure-et-Loir, Fr. dép., not — — — Loire.

Eureka*, I have found [it]! not Heu- (not ital.).

Europe, abbr. Eur.

European (a, not an); abbr. Eur.

europeanize*, not -ise.

evadable*, not -ible.

evangel*, not -ile.

Evangelical Union, abbr.

E.U.

evangelize*, not -ise.

evaporimeter*, not -ometer.

evaporize*, not -ise.

événement (Fr. m.), event.

even pages (typ.), the left-hand, or verso, pages, those usually bearing the even numbers, 2, 4, etc.

even s.caps. (typ.), s.caps. without cap. initials.

every must be followed by verb and pronoun in sing., as "every bird tries to protect its young."

every/body*, -day* (one word).

every one* (two words).

every/thing*, -way*,

-where* (one word).

evolvable*, not -ible.

evviva* (It.), shout of applause.

ewe/, -r (a, not an).
Ewigkeit (Ger.f.), eternity.
ex* (Lat.), out of (not ital.).
ex., examined, example,
 exchange, excursion, executed, executive.
exactor*, not -er.
exaggeration, in Fr. f. **exagér**-.
exalter*, not -or.
examined, abbr. **ex**.
exemplar, use **exem**-*.
example, abbr. **ex.**; in Fr. m. **exemple**.
ex animo* (Lat.), heartily.
exasperator*, not -er.
Exc., Excellency.
exc., excellent, except, -ed, -tion, **excudit** (he, or she, engraved it).
Excalibur*, King Arthur's sword, not -bar, -bour (not ital.).
ex capite (Lat.), from memory.
ex cathedra* (Lat.) (not -â), with authority; *pron.* — *kă-thē'dra* (O.E.D.) (not ital.).
excavator*, not -er.
excellence/*, superiority; *pl.* -s, not -cies.
Excellency, *pl.* -ies (persons), abbr. **Exc.**
excellent, abbr. **exc.**
except/, -ed, -ion, abbr. **exc.**; -er*, not -or.
excerpt/*, an extract; *pl.* -a*.
exchange, abbr. **ex.**, or **exch.**; **Stock**—(caps.), abbr. **St. Ex.**
exchangeable*, not -gable.
exchequer, abbr. **exch.**
excisable*, not -eable.
excise*, not -ize.
excitability*, not -ibility.
exciter*, one who excites, a stimulant.
excitor* nerve, not -er.
exclamation, -ory, abbr. **excl.**, or **exclam.**
exclamation point (!), see **punctuation**, XVII.

ex/ commodo (Lat.), conveniently; — **concesso**, from what has been granted.
ex coupon, without coupon; abbr. **x.cp.**
excreta*, excreted matters (not ital.).
excudit (Lat.), he, or she, engraved it; abbr. **exc.**
ex curia (Lat.), out of court, not -â.
excursion, abbr. **ex.**
excursus/*, a digression; *pl.* -es* (not ital.).
ex dividend*, without next dividend; abbr. **ex div.***, or **x.d.***
exeat*, let him leave, *pl.* -s; **exeant***, let them leave (not ital.) (see also **exit**, **exeunt**).
execut/ed, -ive, abbr. **ex.**
execut/er*, one who executes; -or* (law), abbr. **exor.**; *fem.* -rix*, abbr. **exrx.**, *pl.* -rices*.
exeges/is*, explanation; *pl.* -es (not ital.).
exemplaire (Fr. m.), a specimen, a copy; in Ger. n. **Exemplar**.
exemplar*, not **exa**-.
exemple (Fr. m.), example.
exempli gratia (Lat.), for example; abbr. **e.g.**, or **ex. gr.** (l.c., not ital., comma before). "For example" better than **e.g.**
exemplum (Lat.), a copy.
exequatur*, an official permission (not ital.).
exequies*, funeral ceremony (not ital.).
exercise*, not -ize.
Exeter, in Lat. **Exonia**, abbr. **Exon**.
exeunt omnes* (Lat.), they all leave, not **exeant** — (see also **exeat**, **exit**).
ex facie* (Lat.) (Sc. law), according to document.
ex. gr., see **exempli gratia**.

EXHIBITOR — EXTRACTOR

exhibitor*, *not* -er.
 exigeant/*, *fem.* -e*, exact-
 ing (no accent).
 exigency*.
 exigent*, urgent.
 ex interest*, without next
 interest; abbr. *ex int.**,
 or *x.i.**
 existence*, *not* -ance.
 exist/ible*, -ibility*, *not*
 -able.
 exit/*, *pl.* -s.
 exit* (Lat.), he, or she, goes
 out; *pl.* *exeunt* (ital.)
 (see also *exeat*, *exeunt*).
 ex lege (Lat.), arising from
 law.
 ex-libris* (*s.* and *pl.*), a
 book-plate (*not* ital.).
 ex *necessitate* (Lat.),
 necessarily.
 ex new*, without the right
 to new shares; abbr. *ex*
*n.**, or *x.n.**
 exodi/um*, conclusion of
 a play; *pl.* -a* (see also
 exord-).
 Exodus, abbr. *Exod.*
 ex officio* (Lat.), officially
 (no hyphen, except as
 adj.).
 exon*, officer, yeoman of
 the guard.
 Exon., signature of Bp. of
 Exeter (full point).
 exor., executor.
 exorcize*, *not* -ise.
 exordium/*, the begin-
 ning; *pl.* -s* (see also
 exod-).
 exp., export, -ation, -ed,
 express.
 expanded type (typ.), a
 type of unusually wide
 face, as *ABCD*.
 ex parte* (Lat.), one-sided
 (no hyphen, except as adj.).
 expectable*, *not* -ible.
 expecter*, *not* -or.
 ex pede *Herculem* (Lat.),
 judge from the sample.
 expense*, *not* -ce.
 experimentalize*, *not*
 -ise.

experimenter*, *not* -or.
 experiment/um (Lat.), an
 experiment, *pl.* -a; *ex-*
perimentum crucis, a
 crucial test.
 experto crede! (Lat.), be-
 lieve one who has tried it!
 explanation*, abbr. *expl.*
 exploiter*, *not* -or.
 explorer*, *not* -er.
 export/, -ation, -ed, abbr.
 exp.
 exposé*, explanation, ex-
 posure (*not* ital.).
 expositor*, *not* -er.
 ex post facto* (Lat.), after
 the fact.
 expostulator*, *not* -er.
 Ex-President (caps.).
 express, abbr. *exp.*
 expresser*, *not* -or.
 expressible*, *not* -able.
expressivo (mus.), with
 expression, use *es* -*.
 ex/professo (Lat.), by pro-
 fession; — *proprio motu*
 (Lat.), of his own accord.
 exrx., executrix.
 exsiccatae (bot.), dried
 plants, *not* -ti.
 ext., external, -ly, extinct,
 extra, extract.
 extasy, extatic, use *ecs* -*.
 extempore* (*not* ital.).
 ex tempore (Lat.), at the
 time.
 extemporize*, *not* -ise.
 extender*, *not* -or.
 extendible*, *not* -able.
 extensor*, a muscle, *not* -er.
 external/, -ly, abbr. *ext.*
 externalize*, *not* -ise.
 externat* (Fr. m.), a day
 school.
 extinct, abbr. *ext.*
 extincteur*, a fire ex-
 tinguisher (*not* ital.).
 extirpator*, *not* -er.
 extol/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*.
 extorter*, *not* -or.
 extortioner*, *not* -or.
 extra, extract, abbr. *ext.*
 extractable*, *not* -ible.
 extractor*, *not* -er.

extracts, *see* authorities, quotations.

extramural* (one word).

extravaganza* (not ital.).

ex usu (Lat.), by use.

exuviæ*, cast coverings of animals.

ex-voto*, an offering made in pursuance of a vow.

Exzellenz (Ger. f.), Excellency; abbr. *Exz.*, not *Exc.*

Eyck (Van), family of Flemish painters.

eye/ball, -brow*, -ful*, not -full; -glass (one word).

eyeing*, not eying.

eyelash, -lid*, -piece* (optics) (one word).

eyerie, *use* aerie*.

eye/sight*, -sore*, -witness* (one word).

eyot*, not ait.

eyrie, eyry, *use* aerie*.

Ezekiel, abbr. *Ezek.*

Ezra, not to be abbreviated.

F

F., Fahrenheit, Father (R.C. priest), (Univ.) Fellow, felon, (naut.) fog, formula, -æ, Friday, the sixth in a series, all proper names with this initial except *ff*.

F, fluorine, (math.) function, (pencils) fine.

f., farthing, fathom, feet, feminine, following, foot, franc, furlong, (Ger.) *folgende Seite* (next page), *für* (for).

*f** (mus.), *forte* (loud).

F.A., Football Association.

f.a.a.*, free of all average.

fabliau/*, a metrical tale; *pl.* -**x**.*

fac.*, facsimile.

façade* (not ital.).

face* (typ.), the printing surface of type, etc.

facet/*, -ed*, -ing*, not -tt-.

facetiae*, humorous anecdotes (not ital.).

facia*, shop-front tablet (not ital.).

facies* (nat. hist.), general aspect (ital.).

facile princeps (Lat.), easily best.

facilis descensus Averni (not Averno), easy is the descent to Avernus.

facine, *use* fascine*.

Facit (Ger. arith. n.), product, result.

façon de parler (Fr. f.), manner of speaking.

facsimile* (one word, not ital.); *pl.* -**s***, abbr. **fac.***

facta, non verba (Lat.), deeds, not words.

factotum* (not ital.).

factum est (Lat.), it is done.

facul/a*, bright solar spot; *pl.* -**æ***, not *fæ*-.

fæc/es*, -al*, not *fe*-.

fæcul/a*, sediment; *pl.* -**æ***, not *fe*-.

"Faerie Queene," by Spenser, 1590-6.

Faeroe Isles, *use* Faroe.

fæx populi (Lat.), dregs of the people.

fag-end* (hyphen).

faggot*, not *fagot*.

Fahrenheit*, temperature scale; abbr. **F.***, or **Fahr.**

faience*, glazed pottery, not *faï*-, *fay*-.

fainéant*, idle, idler (not ital.).

faint* ruled (paper), not *fe*-.

fair copy (typ.), transcript free from corrections; abbr. **f. co.**

faire/ des frais (Fr.), to make efforts to please;

— **ses frais**, to cover expenses; — **école**, to

found a school of art, etc.; — **une école**, to make a

blunder; — **feu**, to fire guns, etc.; — **du feu**, to

light a fire; — **son paquet**, to pack up and go;

— **un paquet**, to make a parcel; — **sulvre**, to

be forwarded, abbr. **F.S.**

fair play* (two words).

fairway*, not *fare*- (one word).

faisan (Fr. m.), pheasant.

fait accompli(un) (Fr. m.), a thing done.

faithful/*, -ly*.

Faithfull (Emily), 1835-95, writer.

Faizabad, Oudh, not *Fyz*-.

Fakenham, Norfolk, *also* Suffolk.

fakir*, not -*keer*, -*kier*, -*queer*, -*quir* (not ital.).

falderal*, song refrain, *not* fal de rol, folderol.
faldetta*, Maltese hooded cape.
faldstool*, *not* fold- (one word).
Falk Laws, Germany.
fal-lal*, finery, *not* fallol.
fallible*, *not* -able.
falsa lectio (Lat.), a false reading; abbr. f.l.
falucca, *use* felucca*.
falutin, *use* highfalutin* (one word).
F.A.M., Free and Accepted Masons.
fam., familiar, family.
familiarize*, *not* -ise.
family, abbr. fam.; (bot., zool.) to have cap., *not* ital.
fanaticize*, to infuriate, *not* -ise.
fandango* (Sp.), a dance or its music (*not* ital.).
fanfare* (mus.), a flourish.
fanfaronade*, brag, *not* -nnade, -farronade.
fantaisies (Fr. typ. f.), fancy types.
fantasia* (mus.), a fancy composition (*not* ital.).
fantast*, a dreamer, *not* ph-
fantasy*, *not* ph-
fantoccini* (It.), marionettes.
fantom, *use* ph-*.
faqu/eer, -ir, *use* fakir*.
far., farad, -aic, farriery, farthing.
farad/* (elec.), unit of capacity; symbol Φ ; -aic*, *not* -ic; abbr. far.
Faraday (Michael), 1791-1867, chemist.
faradization*, application of med. elec.; *not* faradais-
farce (Fr. f.), force-meat.
farceu/r* (Fr.), *fem.* -se, a joker.
fareway, *use* fair-*.
farewell* (one word).
far-fetched* (hyphen).
farinaceous*, *not* -ious.

Faringdon, Berks (*see also* Farr-).
farm-house* (hyphen).
Farne Islands, N. Sea, *not* Farn, Fearne, Ferne.
far niente (It.), doing nothing.
Faroe Isles, *not* Fae-.
Farquhar, *pron.* fark'wer.
farrago*, *not* fara-.
Farrar (F. W., Dean), 1831-1903, writer; — (Sir G. H.), 1859- (*see also* Fay-).
Farrer (Baron), 1859-; — (Sir W. J.), 1822-.
farriery, abbr. far.
Farringdon, Hants (*see also* Fari-).
farth/er*, -est*, comp. and superl. of far: further means in addition to, and is used when the notion of far, or distance in space, is altogether absent.
farthing*, abbr. f., *or* far.
fascēs* (*pl.*), a bundle of rods (*ital.*).
fasci/a* (arch.); *pl.* -æ* (*not* ital.).
fascicle*, *also* fascicule*, part of a book or volume.
fascicul/us* (Lat.), a bundle; *pl.* -i* (*ital.*), abbr. *fasc.*
fascine*, a bundle, *not* fa-cine (*not* ital.).
F.A.S.E., Fellow of the Antiquarian Society, Edinburgh.
Fastens/-een*, -eve*, -even* (Sc.), Shrove Tuesday, *not* Feastings-
fata Morgana*, mirage (*ital.*).
fat face type, one with thick stems and fine hair-lines, as this.
Father (R.C.), abbr. F.*
fathom, abbr. f., *or* fm.
fatigable*, *not* -guable.
faubourg* (Fr. m.), a suburb, cap. *F* when with name (*not* ital.).

FAUCIT — FELUCCA

Faucit (Helen), Lady Martin, 1820-98, actress.
Faulkland, in "The Rivals," by Sheridan.
fault-finding* (hyphen).
faun/* (myth.), *pl. -s* (see also *fawn*).
fauna/*, *pl. -s** (not ital.).
fausse tortue (Fr. *f.*), mock-turtle.
faute de mieux (Fr.), for want of better.
fauteuil/*, arm-chair; *pl. -s* (not ital.).
faux/(Fr. *m.*), a forgery; (*f.*) a scythe; — **jour** (astr.), false light; — **pas*** (Fr. *m.*), a blunder (two words).
Fawkes (Guy), 1570-1606, conspirator.
fawn*, a colour (see also *faun*).
fayence, use *faience**.
Fayrer (Sir Joseph), 1824-, physician (see also *Farr*-).
F.B., Fenian Brotherhood, Free Baptist; **F.B.A.**, Fellow of the British Academy, not *F.R.B.A.*; **F.B.S.**, Fellow of the Botanical Society; **F.B.S.E.**, Fellow of the Botanical Society, Edin.
F.C., Football Club, Free Church (of Scotland); **f.c.**, *fidei-commissum* (bequeathed in trust); **F.C.A.**, Fellow of the Chartered Accountants (off. description); **F.C.C.**, First Class Certificate; **F.C.O.**, use **F.R.C.O.**; **fco.**, *franco* (free); **f. co.**, fair copy; **F.C.P.**, Fellow of the College of Preceptors; **fcp.**, foolscap; **F.C.S.**, Fellow of the Chemical Society.
F.D., *fidei defensor* (Defender of the Faith).
Fe, *ferrum* (iron).
Fearne Isles, use *Farne*—.

fearnought*, a woollen cloth, not -naught.
feasible*, not -able.
Feastings-, see *Fastens*-.
featherfew, use *fever*-.
February*, abbr. *Feb.*
fecal, *feces*, use *fæ*-.
fecerunt (Lat.), they made it; abbr. *ff.*
fecial, use *fetial**.
fecit (Lat.), he, or she, made it; abbr. *fec.*
fecula, sediment, use *fæ*-.
federal associations, see *Assemblies*.
Federalist*, abbr. *Fed.**
federalize*, not -ise.
Feejeean, use *Fijian*.
feeff/, -ee, use *feo*-.
feet, use only for two feet and over, not for one and a half foot, etc.; abbr. *f.*, or *ft.*, sign 'f'.
feff/, -ment, use *feoff**.
Fehmgericht, use *V*-.
Feilding, fam. name of Earl of Denbigh (see also *Fie*-).
feint*, to pretend.
feint ruled, use *fai*-* —.
F.E.I.S., Fellow of the Educational Institute of Scotland.
felds/par*, -pathic*, not *fels*-.
feliciter (Lat.), happily.
fellah/*, Egyptian peasant; *pl. -een**, not -s, -in (see also *Fulahs*).
fellmonger*, hide-dealer.
felloe*, wheel rim, not *felly*.
Fellow* (Univ.), abbr. *F.**; in Lat. *socius**; or, in the Royal Society, *sodalis**.
fellow-citizen* (hyphen).
fell/y, use -oe*.
felo-de-se* (Ang.-Lat.), suicide; *pl. felos-de-se*.
felon, abbr. *F*.
Fels-naptha, not *naph*-.
fels/par, -pathic, use *felds*-.
felucca*, a vessel, not *fa*-, *fi*-, *-lucca*, *-louk*.

fem., feminine.

female (bot., zool.), sign ♀.

feme/* (law), wife, *not* femme; — **covert***, married woman (no hyphen); — **-sole***, unmarried woman (hyphen) (*see also* femme).

Femgericht, *use* Vehm-.

feminine, abbr. f., *or* fem.

feminize*, to make feminine, *not* -ise.

femme/ de chambre*

(Fr. f.), chambermaid, *pl.*

femmes — —; — **ga-**

lante, a prostitute; —

incomprise, an unap-

preciated woman; —

savante, learned — (*see also* feme).

fem/ur*, thigh bone, *pl.*

-ora* (not ital.); **-oral**.

fencible*, *not* -able.

fencing*, abbr. fenc.

fendable*, *not* -ible.

fend/u (Fr.), *fem. -ue*, cut open.

Fénelon (F. de S. de la M.), 1651-1715, writer, *not* Fénelon.

fenestr/a* (Lat.), a small hole; *pl. -æ**.

fenugreek*, a plant, *not* fœnu-.

feoff/*, **-ee***, *not* feeo-, feff.

feoffor* (law), *not* -er.

feræ naturæ (law), wild animals.

Ferd., Ferdinand.

Ferdausi, Persian poet, *use* Fir-.

fer-de-lance*, viper.

feridgi* (Turk.), woman's cloak, *not* -ijah.

fermentescible*, *not* -isc-.

Fernando Noronha, Brazil.

Ferne Islands, *use* Farne —.

Ferrara (Andrea), sword-smith, 16th cent.

Ferrari (Paolo), 1822-89, It. dramatist.

ferret/*, **-ed***, **-er***, **-ing***.

ferrule*, *not* ferrel, ferule.

ferrum (iron), symbol Fe.

fertilize*, *not* -ise.

fervour*, *not* -or.

F.E.S., Fellow of the Entomological Society.

fesse* (her.), *not* fess.

fest* (It.), a festival.

festina lente (Lat.), hasten slowly.

fêt/ø*, entertainment, **-ed*** (not ital.); **fête-cham-**

pêtre*, outdoor entertain-

ment; **Fête-Dieu**, feast

of Corpus Christi, *pl.*

Fêtes — (ital., hyphen).

fêt/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, well entertained (ital.).

fetial*, ambassadorial, *not* fec-.

fetid*, *not* fœ-.

fetish/*, *not* -ich, -iche;

-eer*, **-ism***, **-ist*** (not

ital.).

fetor*, bad smell, *not* fœ-.

fetus, *use* fœ-*

feu/* (Scot.), ground rent, *pron.* few; *pl. -s*.

feu/ (Fr.), late, deceased; *fem. e*.

feud., feudal.

feudalize*, to make feudal.

feu/d'artifice (Fr.m.), fire-

work, *pl. feux* —; — **de**

joie*, a salute, *pl. feux*

— —*.

feu-duty* (hyphen).

feuille (Fr. typ. f.), a sheet.

Feuillet (Octave), 1821-90, Fr. writer.

feuille/ (Fr. typ. m.), a leaf; — **blanc**, blank leaf.

feuille/age (Fr. cook. m.), puff-pastry.

feuilleton* (Fr. m.), light literature; in Fr. a con-

tinuous story printed at

the bottom of a newspaper

page (not ital.).

feverfew* (bot.), *pyreth-*

rum, *not* feather-, fetter-

foe.

fez/*, a cap; *pl. -es* (not ital.).

F.F. — FIGURES

F.F., *Felicissimi Fratres* (Most Fortunate Brothers), (naut.) thick fog.

F.f. (Ger.), *Fortsetzung folgt* (to be continued).

ff., *fecerunt* (they made it), (Ger.) *folgende Seiten* (following pages), following (preferred to *et seq.*).

ff (typ.), as initials for proper name, *not* **Ff** (see **ffolkes**).

ff* (mus.), *fortissimo* (very loud).

F.F.A., Fellow of the Faculty of Actuaries.

fff* (mus.), *fortissimo* (as loud as possible).

ffolkes (Sir W. H. B.) (l.c. **ff**).

F.F.P.S., Fellow of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons; **F.F.P.S.G.**, ditto, Glasgow.

F.G., Foot-guards, (leather) fine grain, (paper) friction glazed; **f.g.a.***, free of general average; **F.G.O.**, Fellow of the Guild of Organists; **F.G.S.**, Fellow of the Geological Society.

f.i., for instance.

F.I.A., Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries.

fiacre* (Fr. m.), a four-wheeled cab.

fiancé*, *fem.* -ée*, one betrothed (not ital.).

fiasco*, a failure; *pl.* -s.

fibre*, *not* -er.

fibrill/a*, a small fibre; *pl.* -æ* (not ital.).

fibrin*, *not* -ine.

F.I.C., Fellow of the Institute of Chemistry.

fichu*, shoulder cape.

fict., *fictilis* (made of pottery).

fiction, abbr. **fict.**

F.I.D., Field Intelligence Department.

fidalgo* (Port.), a noble.

fiddlededee!* nonsense! (one word).

fidei-commisum* (Lat.), bequeathed in trust; **fidei defensor**, Defender of the Faith, abbr. **F.D.**, or **fid. def.**

fidget/*, -ed*, -ily*, -ing*, -y* (one *t* only).

fi donc! (Fr.) for shame!

fidus Achates (Lat.), a trusty friend.

fie-fie*, improper, *not* **fi-fi**.

Fielding (Henry), 1707-54, novelist (see also **Fei**).

Field-Marshal (hyphen, caps.); abbr. **F.M.**

Field Officer (no hyphen); abbr. **F.O.**

Fiennes, *pron.* fynz.

fieri-facias*, a writ; abbr.

fi. fa.*

fift/y, -ieth, symbol **L**.

fig., figurative, -ly, figure.

Figuièr (L.), 1819-94, writer.

figurant/*, an actor, *fem.* -e*; *m. and f. pl.* -i*, *not* -es.

figures, to be used for: —ages, but “he died in his eightieth year”; bookwork, rarely, and only those over 100; dates; degrees, of heat; distances; dollars, omit the ciphers for cents when there are none, as \$100, *not* \$100.00; measures; money, omit ciphers for shillings and pence, when there are none, as £50, *not* £50.0s. od.; narrow measure (works of); numbers with vulgar or decimal fractions; races, distance and time; scores, of games and matches; specific gravity; statistics; time of day when followed by a.m. or p.m.; votes; weights; not to be combined with words, for one amount: use all figures, or spell all out; commas to separate

each three consecutive figures from the right when five or more, except in math. work; number of a house in road or street, etc., not to be followed by comma as "it does not make the meaning clearer." One-and-twenty, etc. (hyphens).

figures, spell out for:— accuracy — when important; book-work generally, always under too; beginning of sentences; degrees of inclination; indefinite amounts, as two or three miles; legal work, *always*; street names (numerical), as First Street, Fifth Avenue (*see also* fractions).

figures/ (arabic), 1, 2, 3, etc.; — and plates, references to be "Plate II, fig. 4"; caps. on the plate to be s.caps. in the text; — (dotted), 1̇, 2̇, 3̇, may indicate repeating decimals; — (roman numerals), i, ii, iii, etc., to be used for folios of preliminary matter (no point after), not to be used for date on title page; — (scratched), 2̄, 3̄, etc., indicate figures cancelled, but which are to be printed (*see also* authorities, lac, numerals).

F.I.Inst., Fellow of the Imperial Institute.

F.I.J., *use* F.J.I.

Fiji/, -an, *not* Feejee, -an, Viji.

Fildes (Sir Luke), 1844-, painter.

filemot*, a yellowish-brown, *not* filamort, filmot.

filet (Fr. cook. m.), fillet.

filibeg* (Sc.), *not* filli-, fly-, phila-, phili-, philli-.

filibuster*, *not* filli-.

filigree/*, *not* fila-, filla-, filli-; — letter (typ.), an initial with filigree background.

Filipinas, Sp. for Philippine Islands.

fille de/ *chambre* (Fr. f.), chambermaid, *pl.* *filles* — —; — — *joie*, a prostitute.

fillet/*, in Fr. m. *filet*; -ed*, -ing*.

filibeg, *use* fili-.*

fillip*, a stimulus.

filipeen, game of forfeits, *use* philippine*.

filmot, *use* filemot*.

filoselle*, floss silk (not ital.).

fil (Fr. m.), son, as Dumas fil (not ital.).

fluca, *use* felucca*.

Fin., Finland, Finnish.

finable*, liable to a fine.

finale*, conclusion (not ital.).

F. Inc. S. T., Fellow of the Incorporated Society of Shorthand Teachers.

findon-haddock, *use* finnan-.*

fine-paper edition, abbr. F.P.

finesse* (not ital.).

finan* (Turk.), coffee-cup, *not* -jan.

finger-end*, *pl.* finger-ends* (hyphen, no apos.).

finicking*, fastidious, *not* finikin.

finis*, the end (not ital.); (typ.) use of this on the last page dying out; if used, separate by blank lines, and set in even s.caps.

Finistère, dép. France (accent, one r).

Finisterre (Cape), Spain (no accent, two r's).

finnan-haddock*, *not* the many variations.

Finnish/, abbr. Fin.; — language (typ.), is set in ordinary roman characters

Fin. Sec., Financial Secretary.

fiord* (Norw.), arm of the sea, *not* fj- (not ital.).

F.I.P.S., Fellow of the Incorporated Phonographic Society.

fir., firkin, -s.

Firdausi, 930(?)–1020, Persian poet, *not* Ferdausi, Firdousi, Firdusi.

fire/-arms*, — **-escape***, — **-fly***, — **-place***, — **-plug*** (abbr. F.P.), — **-proof*** (hyphens).

fireside* (one word).

firkin/, -s, abbr. **fir**.

firman*, an edict.

firn* (Alps), former years' snow (ital.).

first-born* (hyphen).

firstfruit/, -s (one word).

first proof (typ.), the first impression taken, and corrected by the "copy."

firth*, an estuary, *not* fri.

fist* (typ.), the ~~ear~~.

fisticuffs*, *not* fisty.

fistula* (not ital.).

fitchew*, a polecat.

fivefold* (one word).

FitzGerald (Edward), 1809–83, poet and translator (one word), cap *G*.

fixed star, sign **☆** or **★**.

fizgig*, *not* fis-, fizz-.

fizz*, a sound, *not* fiz.

fjeld* (Norw.), mountain (not ital.).

F.J.I., Fellow of the Institute of Journalists, *not* F.I.J.

fjord, *use* fiord*.

F.K.Q.C.P.I., Fellow of the King's and Queen's College of Physicians, Ireland, *now* F.R.C.P.I.

Fl., Flanders, Flemish.

fl., florin, fluid, (Aus.) Gulden.

fl., *flores* (flowers), *floruit* (flourished).

f.l., *falsa lectio* (a false reading).

Fla., Florida (off. abbr.).

flabbergast*, *not* flaba-, flaber-.

flabellum* (Lat.), a fan; *pl.* -a*.

flacon*, a small bottle.

flagellum* (zool.), a whip-like appendage; *pl.* -a*.

flageolet* (mus.), *not* -elet (not ital.).

flageolet* (Fr. m.), a kidney-bean (ital.).

flagon*, large wine bottle.

flagrantel bello (Lat.), during hostilities; — **delicto**, during the crime.

flagship*, -staff* (one word).

flair*, a ray fish (not ital.).

flair* (Fr. m.), scent (ital.).

flambeau/*, a torch; *pl.* -x (not ital.).

flamboyant* (not ital.).

flamingo/, *pl.* -s.

flan (Fr. cook. m.), custard.

flanconade* (fenc.), *not* -nnade.

Flanders, abbr. **Fl**.

flâne/rie* (Fr. f.), lounging; -ur*, *fem.* -use, an idler.

flannelette*, *not* -ellette.

flannelled*, *not* -eled.

flat-cap*, writing paper 17 × 14 in.

flat/ impression* or — **pull*** (typ.), a simple proof without over- or underlaying.

flatus/*, *pl.* -es* (not ital.).

Flaubert (Gustave), 1821–80, Fr. writer.

flautist*, a flute-player, *not* flu-.

flavour*, *but* flavorful*.

flawy*, with flaws, *not* -ey.

flèche* (Fr. f.), an arrow, a slender spire.

flection, *use* flexion*.

fledgeling*, *not* -gling.

fleet (the) *has*, *not* *have*.

Flemish, abbr. **Fl.**; (typ.) resembles Dutch, but *y* often used for *ij*.

flesher* (Sc.), a butcher.

fleur-de-lis*, heraldic lily,
not — — *lys*, *nor* flower-
de-luce; *pl.* **fleurs-de-**
lis (not *ital.*).

fleuret* (Fr. m.), a fencing-
 foil.

fleuron* (Fr. typ. m.), a
 tail-piece.

flexible*, *not* -able.

flexion*, *not* -ction.

flibbertigibbet*, a chat-
 terer.

"Fliegende Holländer
(Der)" (The Flying
 Dutchman), opera by
 Wagner, 1843.

Fliegenköpfe (Ger. typ.
 m.), turned letters.

flier, *use* **flyer***.

floatage*, *not* **flot-**.

floatation, *use* **flot-***.

floccul/us* (Lat.), a small
 tuft; *pl.* -*i**.

Floirac, a claret.

fiong* (typ.), paper for
 stereo-moulding.

Flood (the) (cap.).

flor., **floruit** (flourished).

flora/* (bot.), *pl.* -*s* (not
ital.).

flores (Lat.), flowers; abbr.
fl.

floriat/e*, -*ed**, florally
 decorated, *not* -eate.

Florida, offic. abbr. **Fla.**

florin, abbr. **fl.**

floruit* (Lat.), flourished;
 abbr. **fl.**, or **flor.**

flotation*, *not* **float-**.

flotsam and jetsam*
 (naut.), *not* **float-**.

flourished, abbr. **fl.**

F.L.S., Fellow of the Lin-
 nean Society (off. spell-
 ing), *not* **Linnæ-**.

fluent (math. typ.), the sign
 of integration \int .

Flügel (**J. G.**), 1788-1855,
 lexicographer.

flugelman, *use* **fugle-***.

fluid, abbr. **fl.**

fluidus (Lat.), liquid.

fluky*, *not* -ey.

flummox*, to confound,
not -ix, -ux.

flunkey/*, *not* -ky; *pl.* -*s*.
fluorine*, *not* -in; symbol

F*.

fluoroscope, X-ray
 screen.

Flustr/a*, a seaweed; *pl.*
 -*æ** (not *ital.*).

flutist, *use* **flautist***.

fluty*, flute-like, *not* -ey.

fluxions* (math.), *not*
 -ctions.

fly*, *pl.* **fies***.

flyer*, *not* **flier**.

fly/-leaf* (typ.), a blank leaf
 at the beginning or end of
 a book, also blank leaf of
 a circular; — **-sheet***, a
 two- or four-page tract;
 — **-title***, the half-title in
 front of the full title, or
 the one dividing sections
 of a work (hyphens).

fly-wheel* (hyphen).

F.M., Field-Marshal, For-
 eign Mission.

fm., fathom.

F.M.D., foot - and - mouth
 disease.

F.O., Field Officer, Foreign
 Office, (mus.) full organ.

fo., folio.

f.o.b.*, free on board.

focalize*, *not* -ise.

fo'c'sle*, *also* **forecastle***.

foc/us*, *pl.* -*i*.

focus/ed*, -*es**, -*ing**, *not*
 -uss-.

foenugreek, *use* **fe-***.

foetid, *use* **fe-***.

foetor, *use* **fe-***.

foet/us*, -*al**, -*ation**,
 -*icide**, *not* **fe-**.

fog (naut.), abbr. **F.***;
 thick —, abbr. **F.F.***

foggy*, misty.

fog/y*, one with antiquated
 notions, *not* -ey, -ie;
pl. -*ies*.

Föhn*, Alpine south wind.

foie (Fr. m.), liver.

fol., following.

folderol, *use* **falderal***.

FOLDSTOOL — FOOT-NOTES

foldstool, *use* fald-.*.

folgende (Ger.), the following; — *Seite*, next page; abbr. f., *pl.* ff.

foliaceous*, leaf-like, *not* -ious.

folio, a book, etc., composed of sheets folded but once, and so having two leaves to the sheet; a sheet of paper folded in two leaves only; number of a page at top or bottom (for prefatory matter to be in roman numerals); 72 words in English parliamentary procedure and English law, 100 words in America by U.S.A. Act; abbr. fo.

folio (untrimmed leaf) — atlas —, 26 × 17 in.

crown or post —, 15 × 10

demy —, 17½ × 11¼

elephant —, 23 × 14

foolscap —, 13½ × 8½

imperial —, 22 × 15

medium —, 18 × 11½

royal —, 20 × 12½

folio verso, on the back of the leaf; abbr. f.v.

*follium** (Lat.), a leaf; *pl.* -a.

Folketing, lower house of Danish Parliament or Rigsdag; *not* -thing.

folk-lore* (hyphen).

folklor/ism*, -ist*, -istic* (no hyphen).

follicle*, *not* -cule.

following, abbr. f., or fol.

*fonda** (Sp.), an inn.

fondant*, a sweetmeat (*not* ital.).

*fondue** (Fr. cook. f.), melted cheese, eggs, etc., *not* fondu (*ital.*).

fons et origo (Lat.), source and origin; *pron.* — — ð-rī'go.

font* (Amer. typ.), Eng. fount*.

Fontainebleau, dép. Seine-et-Marne.

fonte (Fr. typ. f.), fount.

food-stuff* (hyphen).

foolscap (paper) —

folio, 13½ × 8½ in.

octavo, 6¾ × 4¼

quarto, 8½ × 6¾

writing paper, 17 × 13½

abbr. cap., or fcp.

foos* (bot.), the house-leek, *not* fews, foose, fooz, fouse.

foot, *pl.* feet, one and a half *foot*, etc., *not* feet until two are reached; abbr. f., or ft., sign '.

foot-and-mouthdisease* (hyphens), abbr. F.M.D.

football* (one word).

Foot-guards* (in order of precedence), the Grenadier, Coldstream, Scots, and Irish Guards (hyphen); abbr. F.G.

foothold* (one word).

foothook (naut.), *use* futtock*.

footlights* (one word).

foot-line* (typ.), the bottom line of a page, *always* blank, except for "signature" of sheet, etc.

foot-notes*, in MS. should be written immediately after the word to which they refer, and not at the bottom of the MS. page; each to make a paragraph; all references to be by superior figures outside the final point, or quotes. In math. works, where figures might mislead, use *, †, etc. A white line, or rule, should separate foot-notes from the text (*see also* authorities, reference marks).

foot-pound*, abbr. f.p.
 for., foreign.
 f.o.r., free on rail.
foram/en* (Lat.), an orifice;
*pl. -ina**.
 forasmuch* (one word).
 foray*, *not* forray.
 forbade*, *not* -bad.
 forbear*, an ancestor, *not*
 fore-.
 for/bear*, -bore*, -borne*.
force majeure (Fr. f.),
 circumstances beyond
 one's control.
 force-meat*, *not* forced-
 (hyphen).
 forceps*, *pl.* same.
 forcible*, *not* -eable.
 forcite*, a dynamite, *not*
 -site.
 forearm* (one word).
 forecast*.
 forecastle*, *also* fo'c'sle*.
 fore-edge*, the edge of
 a book opposite the bind-
 ing (*see also* margins).
 fore-end*, *not* forend.
 Forefathers' Day*
 (U.S.A.), 21 December.
 forefinger* (one word).
 foregather, *use* forg-*.
 forego*, to go before;
 forgo*, to abstain from,
 relinquish, etc.
 forehead*.
 foreign, abbr. for.
 Foreign/ Mission, abbr.
 F.M.; — Office (caps.),
 abbr. F.O.
 forejudge*; to judge be-
 forehand; forjudge*
 (law), to exclude.
 forel*, a covering, *not*
 forr-.
 fore-run* (hyphen), *but*
 forerunner*.
 fore/said*, -see*, -short-
 en*, -sight*, -stall*,
 -warn*, *not* for- (one
 word).
 foret (Fr. m.), a gimlet.
 forêt (Fr. f.); a forest.
 foretell*, *not* fort-, fortel.
 for ever* (two words).

forfend*, *not* fore-.
 forgather*, *not* fore-.
 forget-me-not* (botany).
 forgettable*, *not* -etable.
 forgivable*, *not* -eable.
 forgo*, to abstain from, re-
 linquish, etc.; forego*, to
 go before.
 for instance, abbr. f.i.
 forjudge* (law), to ex-
 clude; forejudge*, to
 judge beforehand.
forma pauperis (*in*)
 (Lat.), as a pauper.
 format*, the shape and
 size of a book, as thin
 quarto, thick octavo, etc.
 (not ital.).
 form*, a body of type
 secured in the frame called
 a chase, *not* forme.
 former*, correlative of
 latter.
 formul/a*, *pl. -æ** (not
 ital.); abbr. F.
 formularize*, to formu-
 late, *not* -ise.
 fornent* (Sc.), facing, *not*
 -nst.
 forray, *use* foray*.
 forsaid, *use* fore-*.
 "Fors Clavigera," by
 Ruskin.
 forspeak*, *not* fore-.
 forspend*, *not* fore-.
 Forster (John), 1812-76,
 biographer (*see also*
 Foster).
 forswear*, -ore*, -orn*.
 Fort, cap. *F* when with
 name, as Fort South-
 wick, Tilbury Fort; abbr.
 Ft.
 fort., fortification, fortified.
 forte/* (mus.), strong and
 loud, abbr. *f**; — *piano**
 loud, then immediately
 soft, abbr. *fp*; — *-pos-*
sibile, as loud as possible.
 fortell, *use* fore-*.
 fortissimo*, very loud;
 abbr. *ff** or *fff** (ital.).
 fortiter in re (Lat.), un-
 yielding in action.

Fortsetzung/ folgt (Ger.), to be continued, abbr. *F. f.*;
— **und Schluss folgen** (Ger.), to be continued and concluded, abbr. *F. u. S. f.*

Fort William, Inverness (two words).

forzando* (It. mus.), forced; abbr. *sfz.*

foss/a* (Lat.), a cavity; *pl. -æ**.

fosse*, a ditch, *not* foss.

fossilize*, *not* -ise.

Foster (Birket), 1825-99, painter; — (John), 1770-1843, essayist; — (Sir Michael), 1836-, physiologist (*see also* Forster).

Foucault (J. B. L.), 1819-68, Fr. physicist.

Foulahs, *use* Fulahs.

foulard*, a fabric (*not* ital.).

fouly*.

foul proof* (typ.), one marked with many errors.

foundry*, *not* -ery.

fount* (typ.), a complete set of type of one particular face and size; in Amer. *font**; in Fr. *f. fonte*.

fourfold* (one word).

Fourth of July, U.S.A. (caps.).

Fox (C. J.), 1749-1806, politician; — (George), 1624-91, Quaker.

Foxe (John), 1516-87, martyrologist.

foxed* paper, stained yellowish-brown.

foxhound (one word).

foyer*, theatre lounge (*not* ital.).

F.P., Fine Paper (the best edition of a work); fire-plug.

f.p. (mech.), foot-pound.

fp (mus.), *forte-piano*.

f.p.a., free of particular average.

F.R., *Forum Romanum* (the Roman Forum).

Fr., France, French, Friar, Friday, and proper names thus beginning; (Ger.) Frau (Mrs., wife); (It.) *Fratelli* (Brothers).

fr., franc, from; (Ger.) *frei* (free).

fracas* (*not* ital.).

fractionize*, *not* -ise.

fractions (typ.), are more legible with the stroke oblique, as $\frac{1}{2}$ (*not* $\frac{1}{2}$), and should be so printed; — when they cannot be supplied in type, to be spelt out; **compound** —, as eight thirty-seconds or forty-seven sixty-fourths, to take hyphen for the compounded numeral; — as one-half, two-thirds, half-crown, half-past, quarter-day, should take the hyphen; **decimal** —, point to be a full point turned up; **isolated** —, spell out, as one-eighth, *not* $\frac{1}{8}$; **split** — (typ.), those with the dividing line attached to the denominator, and the numerator justified over it (*see also* figures).

frænum*, *not* fre-.

Fragezeichen (Ger. typ. n.), interrogation mark (?).

frais (Fr. m. pl.), cost, expenses; (adj.) fresh.

Fraktur (Ger. typ. f.), text or black letter, *as this*.

F.R.A.M., Fellow of the Royal Academy of Music.

framable*, *not* -eable.

framboise* (Fr. f.), rasp-berry.

franc* (Fr. m.), coin (*not* ital.); abbr. *f.* or *fr.*, *pl. f.* or *frs.*, to be put *after* the figures, as 10 f. 50 c., or 10.50 fr.

France, abbr. **Fr.**

franchise*, *not* -ize.

franco, free; abbr. *fco.*

franc-tireur* (Fr. m.),
a light infantryman; *pl.*
francs-tireurs.

frangipane*, a cake, also
perfume, *not* -ni.

Frankenstein, the hero
who constructed a mon-
ster, *not* the monster.

"Frankfurter Zeitung,"
not Frankfor-, -fü-.

Franz - Josef Land,
Arctic Ocean.

frappant* (Fr.), striking.

frappé* (Fr.), iced.

F.R.A.S., Fellow of the
Royal Astronomical So-
ciety.

Fraser, fam. name of Barons
Lovat and Saltoun; —
(A. C.), 1819-, philos.
writer (*see also* Frazer).

"Fraser's Magazine."

frat/e* (It.), a friar; *pl.* -i*.

fraternize*, *not* -ise.

Frau* (Ger. f.), Mrs., wife,
not Fräü; *pron.* frow; abbr.

Fr.; *pl.* Frauen.

Frauenhofer (J. von),
1787-1826, physicist.

Fräulein* (Ger. n.),
"Miss," young lady, *pron.*
froi'line; *pl.* same; abbr.
Frl.

Frazer (J. G.), 1854-,
folklorist (*see also* Fraser).

F.R.C.I., Fellow of the
Royal Colonial Institute;

F.R.C.O., Fellow of the
Royal College of Organ-

ists; **F.R.C.P.**, ditto

Physicians; **F.R.C.P.E.**,

ditto Physicians, Edin-

burgh; **F.R.C.P.I.**, ditto

Physicians of Ireland;

F.R.C.S., ditto Surgeons,

London; **F.R.C.S.E.**,

ditto Surgeons, Edin-

burgh; **F.R.C.S.I.**,

ditto Surgeons of Ireland;

F.R.C.S.L., ditto Sur-

geons, London (L. rarely

added); **F.R.C.V.S.L.**,

ditto Veterinary Sur-

geons, London.

Freacadan Dubh (Gael.),
the Black Watch (regi-
ment).

F.R.Econ.Soc., Fellow
of the Royal Economic
Society.

Fred., Frederic, Frederick.
When it is the full name,
or a diminutive of famili-
arity, it takes no point.

free/ of all average, abbr.
f.a.a.*; ditto general
average, **f.g.a.**; ditto
particular average,
f.p.a.; — on board,
f.o.b.*; — on rail, **f.o.r.**

Freemason's Tavern,
London, W.C., apos.

free/ - thinker*, —
-thought* (hyphens).

free will* (two words).

freeze* (*see also* frieze).

frei (Ger.), free; abbr. **fr.**

Freiberg, near Dresden.

Freiburg, or **Fribourg**,
Switz.

Freiburg/ im Breisgau;
German abbr. — **i. B.**

Freherr, Ger. title; abbr.
Frhr.

"Freischütz (Der),"
opera by Weber, 1819.

freize, erron. for **frieze***.

Fremantle, W. Australia,
not Free-.

French (typ.), alphabet as
Eng.; acute accent (')
used only over *e*, giving
sound of *a* in Eng. date;
when two *e*'s come to-
gether, the first *always* has
acute accent, as *née*; ad-
jectives of nationality,
the first personal pronoun,
months, and days of week,
have *not* caps., as *anglais*,
je, *mars*, *lundi*; cedilla *c*
(ç) only used before *a*, *o*,
and *u*; circumflex ac-
cent (^) is used over any
vowel; diæresis, as in
Eng.; grave accent (̀) used
over *a*, *e*, and *u*; the
digraphs *x*, *œ*, not to be

- separated; **hyphen** need not be used with compound adjectives, nouns, verbs, or numerals; abbr. **Fr.**
- frenchified***, French-like (not cap.).
- french polish/***, -er (two words, not cap.).
- frenum**, *use* **fræ-***.
- frenzy***, not ph-.
- freq.**, frequent, -ly, -ative.
- frère** (Fr. m.), brother, friar.
- fresco/***, *pl.* -es* (not ital.).
- freshwater***, adjective (one word), noun (two words).
- Fresnel (A.J.)**, 1788-1827, physicist.
- F.R.G.S.**, Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society.
- F.R.Hist.Soc.**, Fellow of the Royal Historical Society.
- Frhr.** (Ger.), *Freiherr* (a title).
- F.R.H.S.**, Fellow of the Royal Horticultural Society.
- Fri.**, Friday.
- Friar**, abbr. **Fr.**
- friar*** (typ.), a light or imperfectly inked patch in printed matter.
- friar's balsam***, not friars' balsam.
- F.R.I.B.A.**, Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects.
- Fribourg**, *see* **Freiburg**.
- fricandeau/***, braised and larded fillet of veal; *pl.* -x* (not ital.).
- fricasse***, a white stew (not ital., no accent).
- frictionize***, to rub, not -ise.
- Friday**, abbr. **F.**, or **Fri.**; (astr.) sign ♀.
- Friedrichsruh**, Bismarck's residence.
- frier**, *use* **fryer***.
- frieze***, cloth, also part below cornice, not frei; *pron.* frēz.
- frip/ler*** (Fr.), *fem.* -ière, dealer in old clothes, not fripp-.
- Fris.**, Frisia (Friesland), Frisian.
- frisette***, curls on forehead, not -tt, friz-.
- frit/** (Fr. cook.), *fem.* -e, fried.
- frizz***, to roughen, not friz.
- Frl.** (Ger.), *Fräulein* (Miss).
- F.R.Met.Soc.**, Fellow of the Royal Meteorological Society; **F.R.M.S.**, ditto Microscopical Society.
- fro** (no point).
- Froebel (F. W. A.)**, 1782-1852, educationist.
- frolic/***, -ked*, -king*.
- fromage** (Fr. m.), cheese.
- Frontignac***, a muscat grape or wine (not ital.).
- frontis/piece*** (typ.), faces title (one word); in Fr. m. -pice.
- Froude (J. A.)**, 1818-94, historian; *pron.* frood.
- "Froufrou"**, comedy by Meilhac and Halévy.
- frou-frou*** (Fr. m.), a rustling.
- Frowde (H.)**, publisher, London; *pron.* frowd.
- frowzy***, musty, not frous-, frouz-, frowsy.
- F.R.S.**, Fellow of the Royal Society, in Lat. **S.R.S.** (*Societatis Regiæ Sodalit*); **frs.**, francs; **F.R.S.A.I.**, Fellow of the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Ireland; **F.R.S.C.**, ditto Royal Society, Canada; **F.R.S.E.**, ditto Edinburgh; **F.R.S.G.S.**, ditto Geog. Society of Scotland; **F.R.S.L.**, ditto of Literature; ditto Royal Society, London, *usually* **F.R.S.** only; **F.R.S.S.**, ditto Statistical Society; **F.R.S.S.A.**, ditto Scot-

tish Society of Arts;
F.R.S.S.S., ditto Statistical Society of Scotland.
frumenty*, boiled wheat with milk, sugar, etc., *not* the many variations.
frustum* (geometry), *not* -rum; *pl.* -a*.
fryer*, *not* frier.
F.S. (Fr.), *faire suivre* (to be forwarded); **F.S.A.**, Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries; **F.S.A.L.**, ditto of London, *usually* **F.S.A.** only; **F.S.A.Scot.**, ditto of Scotland; **F.S.I.**, Fellow of the Sanitary Institute, Fellow of the Surveyors' Institution, Free Sons of Israel; **F. S. S.**, *now* **F.R.S.S.**; **F.S.S.I.**, Fellow of the Statistical Society of Ireland.
Ft., fert; **ft.**, faint, feet, (paper) flat, foot, fortified; **F.T.C.D.**, Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin.
fuchsia* (bot.) (not ital.).
fuc/us* (Lat.), a seaweed; *pl.* -i*.
fuelled*, *not* -eled.
fuggy* (Sc.), foggy.
fugleman*, leader in military exercises, *not* flugel-, flugle-, fugal-, fugel-.
fugue* (mus.) (not ital.).
Fujiyama, volcano, Japan, *not* the many variations.
Fulahs, Sudanese, *not* Felláh, Fellani, Feulhs, Foulahs, Fulbe (*see also* fellah).
fuler/um*, a prop; *pl.* -a* (not ital.).
fulgor*, splendour, *not* -gour.
full-bound*, bound entirely in leather (hyphen).
full-faced (typ.), A
FOUNT OF CAPITALS OCCUPYING THE WHOLE DEPTH OF THE BODY, AS THIS.

fullness*, *not* fulness.
full point* (typ.), the full stop or period (*see* punctuation, XXI).
fulmar*, a petrel.
fumatory*, a place for smoking (*see also* fumi-).
fumigator*, *not* -er.
fumitory* (bot.), a plant (*see also* fuma-).
function (math.), abbr. **F** (no point).
fung/us*, *pl.* -i* (not ital.).
funny-bone*, at elbow (hyphen).
fur., furlong.
für (Ger.), for; abbr. **f**.
furbelow, a flounce, *not* -llow.
furfur/*, dandruff; *pl.* -es* (not ital.).
furlong, abbr. **f.**, or **fur**.
furmenty, *use* fru*.
Furness (Sir C.), 1852-.
Furniss (Harry), 1854-, caricaturist.
furniture (typ.), the material used in making margins, etc., for a printed sheet.
furor* (Lat.), rage (ital.).
furore* (It.), enthusiastic admiration (not ital.).
furry*, fur-like.
Fürst von Bismarck, Prince Bismarck.
further*, in addition to. To be used only when the notion of far, or distance in space, is altogether absent (*see also* farther).
fusain*, a special crayon.
fus/e*, -ee, *not* fuz-.
F.u.S.f. (Ger.), *Fortsetzung und Schluss folgen* (to be continued and concluded).
fusible*, *not* -able.
fusil*, *not* -zil.
fusilier*, *not* -leer.
fusillade*, *not* -ilade.
Fusi-yama, volcano, Japan, *use* Fujiyama.

FUSK — F.Z.S.

fusk*, dark-brown, *not* fusc.
 fut., future.
 futhore*, runic alphabet,
not -ark, -ork.
 futtock* (naut.), *not*
 foothook, -oak.
 fuz/e, -ee, -il, *use* fus-*.
 f.v., *folio verso* (on the back
 of the page).

F.W.A., Factories and
 Workshops Act; F.W.B.,
 Free Will Baptists.
 Fyzabad, *use* Faizabad.
 F.Z.A. (Amer.), Fellow of
 the Zoological Academy.
 F.Z.S., Fellow of the
 Zoological Society.

G

G., Grand, Gulf, (naval) gunnery, the seventh in a series, all proper names with this initial.

g., guinea, -s, (Fr.) *gauche* (left), *gros*, -se (big), (naut.), gloomy.

g* (dyn.), acceleration of gravity.

G.A., General Assembly.

Ga., Gallic, Georgia (off.).

Ga (chem.), gallium.

gabbro/* (geol.), *pl.* -s.

gaberdine*, a loose cloak, *not* gaba-.

Gaboriau (É.), 1835-73, Fr. writer.

gaby*, a simpleton, *not* -ey, gabbey, gawby.

Gadarene swine.

Gaddi, family of Florentine painters, 1259-1396.

Gadhelic*, of the Scotch Gaels.

Gaditanian*, of Cadiz.

gadolinum, symbol **Gd**.

Gadshill, Charles Dickens's residence, 1860-70 (one word).

Gaekwar, *not* Guico-.

Gaelic, abbr. **Gael.**;—alphabet, same as English, but no *j, k, q, v, w, x, y, z*.

gage*, a, or to, pledge (*see also* gauge).

gage d'amour (Fr. m.), love-token.

gaieté de cœur (Fr. f.), light - heartedness (*not* gaité).

gaiety*, *not* gay-.

Gaikwar, *use* **Gaek**-.

gaillarde (Fr. typ. f.), a size of type between eight and nine point, or about bourgeois.

gaillardia* (botany), a plant.

gaily*, *not* gayly.

gainsay* (one word).

Gairdner (James), 1828-, hist.; — (Sir W. T.), 1824-, physician; *pron.* gard'ner (*see also* Gard-).

gairfish, *use* gar-*.

gairfowl, *use* gare-*.

Gair Loch, Clyde, *use* Gare—.

Gal., Galatians.

gal., gallon, -s.

gala/*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

galantine* (cook.), *not* gall- (not ital.).

Galantuomo (*Il Re*), King Victor Emmanuel I.

galanty show*, a shadow pantomime, *not* -tee, gallantee, -ty.

Galatea (Acis and).

Galatia, Asia Minor.

Galatz, *not* -acz, -atch.

galavant, *use* galli-*.

gale (meteor.), wind moving 40-70 miles per hour.

galée (Fr. typ. f.), a galley.

galeeny*, a guinea-fowl, *not* -aney, -ainy, -eny, -ina, -iny, -llini.

galena* (mineral.), *not* -æna.

galera (Sp. typ.), a galley.

galère (*qu'allait il faire dans cette*) (Fr.), what business had he there?

galerie (Fr. f.), gallery.

Galilean*, of Galilee, or of Galileo.

Galileo [Galilei], 1564-1642, astr. etc.; in Fr. **Galilée**, It. **Galilei**.

galingale*, a sedge, *not* gala-.

galiot, a vessel, *use* gall-*.

galipot*, a resin.

Galitzin, Russ. family, *not* Gall-, Galy-, Goly-.

- gallantyshow, *use gala*.*
galloway, *see gallo*-.
Galle (Point de), Ceylon.
gallery, in Fr. f. *galerie*.
Galles (Fr. f. sing.), Wales.
galley/* (typ.), a flat oblong tray for holding composed type; — *proofs**, those supplied in "slips" about 18 in. long (*see proof*).
Gallic, abbr. *Ga*.
gallicize*, to make Gallic or French, *not -ise*.
galligaskins*, *not -in*.
gallimaufry*, a medley.
Gallio, a typical sceptic.
galliot*, a vessel, *not gali*-.
Gallipoli, S. Italy, Turkey.
gallipot*, a small jar.
gallium*, symbol *Ga*.
gallivant*, *not gala-*, *gali*-.
gallon/, -s, abbr. *gal*.
galloon*, a dress trimming.
gallop/*, a horse's movement; -ed*, -er*, -ing* (*see also galop*).
gallopade*, Hungarian dance, *not galop-*, *galopp*-.
Gallovidian*, of Galloway.
Galloway, S.W. Scot.
galloway*, a horse, also breed of cattle, *not galla*-.
Gallwey (Sir Ralph Payne), 1848—, writer (*see also Galway*).
galoot* (U.S.A.), an awkward fellow, *not gall*-, *geel*-.
galop/*, a dance (*see also gallop*).
galore*, in abundance (*not ital.*).
galosh/*, an overshoe, *not -oche*, -oeshoe, -oshe, goloshe; -ed*; in boot-trade golosh.
galumph*, to galop triumpant.
galv., galvanic, -ism.
Galvani (Luigi), 1737-98, discoverer of galvanism.
galvaniser (Fr. typ.), to electrotype.
galvanize*, *not -ise*.
Galvanoplastik (Ger. f.), electrotyping.
Galway, W. Ireland (*see also Galloway*).
Galwegian*, of Galloway.
Gama (Vasco da), 1467-1524, navigator.
gambier*, a gum, *not -beer*, -bir.
gambit (chess opening), Allgaier, Kieseritzki, Muzio, Salvio, Steinitz.
gamboge*, *not -booge*.
gambol/*, -led*, -ling*.
"Game and Playe of Chesse (The)," 1475.
gamekeeper* (one word).
gamin*, a street arab (*not ital.*).
gammon*, a cured ham, *not gamon*.
gamy*, of game, *not -ey*.
Gand, Fr. for Ghent.
Gandamak, Afghanistan, *not Gundamuk*.
G. & S.W.R., Glasgow and South-Western Railway.
gangli/on*, *pl. -a**.
gangway* (one word).
ganister*, a hard stone, *not gann*-.
Gänsefüsschen (Ger. typ. n. pl.), quotation marks (cap.) (*see also German*).
gantlet, *use gaun*-*.
gantry*, a beer-stand, *not gaun*-.
gaol/, -er, *but jail*/*, -er* preferred (*see also goal*).
G.A.R., Grand Army of the Republic.
garage (Fr. m.), coach-house for motor-car, dock, siding (*not ital.*).
garamond (Fr. typ.), a ten-point type.
Garay (János), 1812-53, Hungarian poet.
Garcilasso/ de la Vega, 1503-36, Sp. poet; — "the Inca," 1540-1616.
Garcke (Emil), 1856—, electrician.

garçon* (Fr. m.), bachelor, boy, waiter (ital.).

garde (Fr. m.), a keeper; (f.) a sick-nurse; (typ. m.), endpapers; — **à cheval** (m.), mounted guard; — **cham-pêtre**, rural policeman, *pl. gardes champêtres* (no hyphen); — **-chiourme**, convict warder; — **-côte**, coast-guard, *pl. gardes-côtes*; — **-fou** (m.), a parapet.

Garde nationale (Fr.), national guard (l.c. *n*).

"Gardeners' Chronicle (The)," abbr. G.Ch.

gardenia* (bot.) (not ital.).

Gardens, abbr. Gdns.

Gardiner (Samuel Rawson), 1829-1902, historian; — (Stephen), 1483-1555, Bp. of Winchester (*see also* Gair-).

Gardner (E. A.), 1862-, archæologist; — (Percy), 1846-, archæologist; — (Wells), Darton & Co., publishers, London (*see also* Gair-).

gare (Fr. f.), railway station.

gare-fowl*, the great auk, *not* gair-, gar- (hyphen).

Gare Loch, Clyde, *not* Gair —.

garfish*, *not* gair-, gare-.

gargarize*, *not* -ise.

gargoyle*, *not* -ile.

Garhwal, N.W. India.

gari, *use gharry**.

garish*, *not* gair-.

garlic*, *but* garlicky*.

Garlies (Lord), 1892-, son of Earl of Galloway.

Garnet (Henry), 1555-1606, of the Gunpowder Plot.

garnet*, a stone.

Garnett (Dr. Richard), 1835-1906, author, librarian.

garn/i (Fr.), *fem. -ie*, furnished.

garron*, a horse, *not* -an.

garrott/e*, to throttle; -er*, *not* -ote, garotte.

Garter King-of-Arms*, *not* — — at — (caps., hyphens).

gasconade*, boasting, to boast, *not* gasconn-.

gaselier*, *not* gasa-, gaso-.

gasification*, *not* gase-, gassi-.

Gaskell (Mrs.), 1810-65, writer.

gasogene, *use* gazo-*

gasolene*, *not* -leine, -line, gazoline.

gasometer, *use* gasholder.

gaspill/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, squandered.

Gasserian ganglion*, *not* C- —.

gasteropod*, a mollusc, *not* -tropod (not ital.).

Gasteropoda*, the mollusc class, *not* -tropoda (not ital.).

Gast/haus (Ger. n.), an inn; *pl. -häuser* (cap.).

Gast/hof (Ger. m.), an hotel; *pl. -höfe* (cap.).

gastronome*, a judge of good eating (not ital.).

gât/é (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, spoiled.

gâteau (Fr. m.), a cake.

gate/-keeper*, — -post* (hyphens).

gateway* (one word).

gather* (typ.), to place the printed sheets of a book in proper sequence.

Gattung (Ger. f.), genus; *pl. -en* (cap.).

Gau (Ger. m.), county, or district (cap.).

gauch/e*, awkward; -erie*, awkwardness (not ital.).

gauche (Fr.), left; abbr. g. (ital.).

gaucho/*, a native of the pampas, *not* gua-; *pl. -s*.

gaudeamus*, college-students' merry-making.

Gaudichaud (C.), 1789–1864, botanist; abbr. Gaud.

gauffer, *use* goffer*.

gaug/e*, a measure; -ing*, *not* guage (*see also* gage).

gauntlet*, a long glove, *not* gant-; -ted.

gauntr/ee, -y, *use* gantry*.

gaur*, Indian ox, *not* gore, gour (*not* ital.).

Gauss (J. K. F.), 1777–1855, mathematician.

Gautama Buddha, founder of Buddhism.

gauzy*, *not* -ey.

gavel*, a president's mallet.

gavotte*, a dance or music, *not* -ot, -ott.

gawby, *use* gaby*.

gay/ity, -ly, *use* gaiety*, gaily*.

Gay-Lussac (L. J.), 1778–1850, chemist.

gaz., gazette, -er.

gazel, *use* ghazal*.

gazelle*, antelope, *not* -el.

gazett/e*, -eer*, abbr. gaz.

gazogene*, aerated-water apparatus, *not* -en, gasogene (*not* ital.).

G.B., Great Britain; G. B. & I., Great Britain and Ireland; *gbr.* (German), *gebräuchlich* (usual).

G.C., Gentleman Cadet, Grand Chancellor, — Chapter, — Conductor; G.C.B., Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; g.c.f. (math.), greatest common factor; G.C.H., Knight Grand Cross of Hanover; G.Ch., "The Gardeners' Chronicle"; G.C.I.E., Knight Grand Commander of the Indian Empire; G.C.L.H., Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour; g.c.m. (math.), greatest common measure; G.C.M.G., Knight Grand Cross of St. Michael

and St. George; G.C.R., Great Central Railway; G.C.S.I., Knight Grand Commander of the Star of India; G.C.V.O., Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order.

G.D., Grand duchess, — duchy, — duke; Gd (chem.), gadolinum; Gdns., Gardens.

Ge (chem.), germanium; g.e. (binding), gilt edges.

Geb. (Ger.), *Gebrüder* (Brothers).

geb. (Ger.), *geboren* (born), *gebunden* (bound).

Gebirge (Ger. n.), mountain chain (cap.).

Gebrüder (Ger.), Brothers; abbr. *Geb.* (cap.).

gecko*, a house-lizard; *pl.* -s.

Gedankenstrich (Ger. m. typ.), pause, dash, em rule (cap.).

gee/-ho*, — -up*, call to horses, *not* je-.

Geheimrat (Ger. m.), privy councillor, *not* -ath; abbr. *Geh.* (cap.).

Geibel (E. von), 1815–84, German poet.

Geikie (Sir A.), 1835–, geologist; *pron.* gēk'ē.

Geisenheimer, a white Rhine wine.

geisha*, Jap. dancing-girl; *pl.* same, *pron.* gā'-shā.

Geissler (H.), 1814–79, inventor of vacuum tube named after him (*see also* Giesler).

gekrönter Dichter (Ger.), Poet Laureate (one cap.).

gelatine*, *not* -in.

gelatinize*, *not* -ise.

Geld (Ger. n.), money (cap.).

Gelderland, *use* Gue-.

gelder rose, *use* gue- —*.

gelée (Fr. f.), frost, jelly.

Gelert, of Welsh legend.

gelinotte*, hazel-hen, *not* -ote.
 Gellert (C. F.), 1715-69, German poet.
 gelsemium* (bot.), *not* -inum; *pl.* -s.
 gem (typ.), ^{four and a half point type, eighteen and a half lines to the inch as this.}
 gemel*, finger-ring, hinge, etc., *not* gemew, gimbal, gimmel, gimmer.
 Gemini* (astr.), Castor and Pollux, symbol Π (not ital.).
 gemm/a*, a bud; *pl.* -æ*.
 gemsbok*, S. African antelope, *not* -buck.
 Gen., General, Genesis, Geneva.
 gen., gender, genera, general, -ly, generic, genitive, genus.
 gendarme/* (Fr. m.), *pl.* -s*.
 gendarmery*, in Fr. f. *gendarmarie**, body of soldiers used as police.
 gender, abbr. gen.
 gên/e (Fr. f.), constraint; -é, *fem.* -ée, constrained.
 genealogize*, to trace descent, *not* -ise.
 génépi (Fr. m.), "Swiss" absinth.
 genera, *see* genus.
 General, abbr. Gen.
 General Assembly (Sc. Ch.), abbr. G.A.
 general election (not caps.).
 generalia*, general principles.
 Generalissimo*, supreme commander.
 generalize*, *not* -ise.
 generator*, *not* -er.
 Gênes, Fr. for Genoa.
 Genesis, abbr. Gen.
 genes/is, *pl.* -es.
 genet*, one of the cats (*see also* jennet).
 Genevan*, of Geneva, *not* -ian.
 Genève, Fr. for Geneva.

Gene/vese*, s. and *pl.*, of Geneva; in Fr. -vois/, *f.* -e.
 Geneviève (Sainte), patron of Paris; *pron.* zhen'vy-äv.
 Genf, Ger. for Geneva.
 genet, *see* genet, jennet.
 genitive, abbr. gen., or genet.
 gen/ius*, *pl.* -ii*, -iuses*.
 genius loci* (Lat.), the pervading spirit of a place.
 Gennesaret (Sea of).
 gennett, *see* genet, jennet.
 Genoese*, of Genoa, *not* -ovese.
 genre* (art), a painting of the ordinary scenes of life (not ital.).
 gens*, a clan; *pl.* gentes*.
 gens de la même famille (Fr. m.), birds of a feather.
 Gens de Lettres (Société des), Fr. soc. of authors.
 Gensfleisch, *see* Gutenberg.
 gent., gentleman, -men.
 Gentele's green, a colour.
 gentill (Fr.), *fem.* -le, gentle; *pron.* zhahn'tee.
 Gentile (cap.).
 gentilhomme (Fr. m.), gentleman; *pl.* gentils-hommes.
 gentilize*, *not* -ise.
 gentleman/-at-arms*;
 — -at-large*; — of the Chapel Royal, a lay singer there (no hyphen).
 gentleman's card (typ.), or "thirds," $3\frac{1}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ in.
 Gentlemen, for printed letters, to be indented one em (cap., comma, no dash; s.caps. for circulars); abbr. Gent.
 genuflexion*, *not* -ction.
 genus*, *pl.* genera*, abbr. gen. (*see also* botany, zoology, etc.).
 Geo., George.

geod., geodesy.

Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire
(É.), 1772-1844, zoologist
(one hyphen only).

geog., geographer, -ical, -y.
geogeny*, study of the
earth formation, *not* -ony.

Geoghegan, *pron.* gay'gan.

geographic/ abbrevia-
tions, usually consist of
first syllable, as Eng. Eng-
land, but it is better *not*
to abbreviate names of
cities, places, towns; —
qualifiers, used before
nouns, as common every-
day terms, do not need
caps., as chinese blue,
indian ink, roman type.

geol., geological, -ist, -y.

geologize*, *not* -ise.

geology, names of forma-
tions to have caps., as Old
Red Sandstone (*see also*
botany, capitaliza-
tion, italic, zoology).

geom., geometer, -trical,
-try.

geometry, *see* mathema-
tics.

Georg, Ger. for George.

Georgia, U.S.A., off. abbr.
Ga.

Georgium sidus* (astr.),
old name for Uranus.

G.E.R., Great Eastern
Railway.

Ger., German, Germany.

ger., gerund.

geranium/* (bot.), *pl.* -s
(*not* ital.).

gérant (Fr. m.), editor,
manager.

Gerard (John), 1545-
1612, botanist, *not* -arde.

gerfalcon*, *not* gyr-, jer-.

Gering (Ulric), d. 1570,
first printer in Paris.

gerkin, *use* ghe-*

German, abbr. Ger.; (typ.)
same letters as English.
There are elaborate rules
for capitalization, division
of words, compounding,

etc. The following must
here suffice. The German
character is "*Fraktur*,"
the roman "*Antiqua*."
Fraktur has no small caps.
or italics: emphasis being
given by interspacing each
letter. *Ae*, *Oe*, *Ue*,
except in some proper
names, are now always
rendered *Ä*, *Ö*, *Ü*. The
ligatures *æ*, *œ*, are not gen-
erally used. *t* is now used
for *th* in all but proper
names and foreign words,
as *Tal*, *not Thal*, *Rat*, *not*
Rath. The plural of many
words is formed by chang-
ing *a*, *o*, *u*, to *ä*, *ö*, *ü*, as *Vater*
(father), *Väter* (fathers).
Division of words is by
sound, but prefixed nouns,
prepositions, etc., remain
intact, as *Erb|recht*, *hin|aus*,
ent|erben; also suffixes be-
ginning with a consonant,
as -*chen*, -*keit*, -*lein*, -*ling*,
-*nis*. ALL NOUNS AND
WORDS USED AS SUCH
HAVE CAPITAL INITIALS.
So also the personal pro-
nouns of the second per-
son, *Ihnen*, *Ihr*, *Sie* (to
you, your, you), and
adjectives from names
of places and persons, as
Leipziger Messe, *Kantische*
Philosophie; but adject-
ives of countries l.c., as
russische Sprache, *deutsche*
Industrie. The quotation
marks are two straight
commas before and two
turned ditto at end, " and
", or as in French.

german* *to*, relevant; —
(cousin-), *not* -ane, -ain.

German Emperor, *not*
Emperor of Germany.

germanium*, symbol Ge.

germanize*, *not* -ise.

German text, a style
of type as this.

- germantown*** (U.S.A.), a wagon.
- Germany**, abbr. **Ger.**
- germon*** (ichth.), the long-finned tunny.
- Gérôme** (J. L.), 1824-1904, Fr. painter.
- gerrymander***, to manipulate unfairly, *not* je-; *pron.* g as in go.
- Gerstäcker** (F.), 1816-72, Ger. writer.
- Ges.** (Ger.), *Gesellschaft* (a company or society) (cap.).
- Geschichte** (Ger. f.), history; abbr. **Gesch.** (cap.).
- Geschlecht** (Ger. n.), species, sex (cap.).
- Gesellschaft** (Ger. f.), a company or society (cap.); abbr. **Ges.**
- gespaltener Satz** (Ger. typ.), matter set in columns.
- "Gesta Romanorum"** (Lat.), medieval collection of anecdotes.
- gesticulator***, *not* -er.
- gestorben** (Ger.), deceased; abbr. **gest.**, sign †.
- get-at-able*** (hyphens).
- gettable***, *not* geta-, getti-.
- Gettysburg** (battle of), Pennsylvania, 1863.
- Geulinx** (Arnold), 1625-69, philosopher; *pron.* ge'-links.
- Gevierte** (Ger. typ. n.), em quadrat (cap.); **halbes** —, en quadrat.
- Gewandhaus**, concert-hall, Leipzig.
- gewgaw*** (one word).
- geyser***, hot spring, *not* -ir; *pron.* gy'sr (not ital.).
- G.F.S.**, Girls' Friendly Society.
- G.G.**, Grenadier Guards.
- g.gr.**, a great gross, or 144 dozen.
- gharry***, a vehicle in India, *usually* gari.
- ghaut*** (Ang.-Ind.), mountain pass, *not* ghat, ghât, ghât.
- ghawazee** (Arab.), dancer, *not* -zi, gaziyah; *pl.* same.
- ghazal***, poetic metre, *not* gazel, ghazel, -sel, -zul.
- Gheel**, Belgium, insane colony.
- Ghent**, Belg., in Fr. **Gand**, Fl. and Ger. **Gent**.
- gherkin***, a small cucumber, *not* ge-, gi-, gu-.
- Ghetto***, Jewish quarter; *pl.* -es (not ital.).
- ghiaour**, *use* gi-*
- Ghibelline***, *not* -in, Gibeline, Guibeline.
- Ghiberti** (L.), 1378-1455, goldsmith.
- ghillie**, *use* gi-*
- Ghirlandajo** (D. C.), 1449-94, It. painter.
- Ghizeh**, *use* Gizeh.
- Ghoorkas**, *use* Gurkhas.
- ghoul***, an evil spirit, *not* -ool, -oule, -owl; *pron.* gool.
- giallo antico*** (It.), a rich-yellow marble.
- Giant's Causeway**, Antrim, *not* -ts'.
- giaour***, a Turk. term of reproach, *not* ghiaour, giaur; *pron.* jowr.
- Gib.**, Gibraltar.
- gibber***, to chatter, *not* j-.
- gibbet/***, -ed*, -ing*.
- Gibbins** (H. de B.), 1865-, economist.
- Gibbon** (C.), 1840-90, writer; — (Edward), 1737-94, historian.
- Gibbons** (Grinling), 1648-1720, carver.
- gib/e***, to sneer; -er*, -ing* (*see also* gybe, jib).
- Gibeline**, *use* Ghibeline*.
- gibelotte** (Fr. f.), rabbit stew.
- Giberne** (Agnes), writer.
- gibler*** (Fr. m.), game, wild-fowl.

- giblet*, *not* ji.
gibus*, opera hat (not ital.).
Giesler, a brand of champagne (*see also* Geissler).
Giessen University, Germany.
Giesserei (Ger. typ. f.), foundry (cap.).
Giffen (Sir R.), 1837-, statistician; *pron.* g as in go.
*gigot** (Fr. cook. m.), leg of mutton, *not* *gigot de mouton*; (dress.) leg-of-mutton sleeve; *not* j-.
"Gil Blas," by Le Sage, 1715.
gild, *use* guild*.
Gilfillan (G.), 1813-78, writer.
gill (typ.), to put a gloss on paper by hot-rolling; *pron.* g as in go.
Gill (Jack and)*, *not* Jill.
gillaroo*, rainbow trout; *pron.* g as in go (not ital.).
Gillett (William), 1839-, a founder of Bachelors' Club, London.
Gillette (William), 1857-, actor, writer.
gillie* (Scot.), a man servant, *not* ghillie, gilly.
Gillott (Joseph), 1799-1873, pen-maker; *pron.* j-.
Gillray (James), 1757-1815, caricaturist; *pron.* g as in go.
gillyflower*, *not* jilli- (not ital.).
gilt, abbr. gt.
gimcrack*, *not* j-.
gimlet*, a tool, *not* gimb-.
gimp*, a trimming, a fishing line, *not* gui-, gy-.
ginger-beer* (hyphen).
ginglymoid*, hinge-like, *not* gingli- (not ital.).
ginn, *use* j-*.
Ginn & Co., publishers, London; Boston, U.S.A.
ginnle* (Scot.), to tickle the gills of a fish, *not* ginle, ginnel.
Ginsburg (C. D.), 1831-, Biblical writer.
Giorgione, 1477-1511, Venetian painter; *pron.* jor-jo'ně.
Giottesque*, of or like Giotto (not ital.).
Gippsland (Bishop of).
gipsy*, *not* -sey, gypsey, -sy.
"Gipsy Tents (In)," by F. H. Groome, *not* -sey.
girandole*, a firework (not ital.).
girasol*, a fire-opal, *not* -ole.
girkin, *use* ghe-*.
Gironde, dép. S.W. Fr.
*girouette** (Fr. f.), a weathercock.
*gitan/o** (Sp.), *fem.* -a, a gipsy.
gite*, a stopping-place; in Fr. m. *gîte*.
gitter* (optics), a diffraction grating.
Giulia, It. for Julia.
giuoco piano, a chess opening.
Giuseppe, It. for Joseph.
giveable*, *not* giva-.
gives, *use* gy-*.
Gizeh, Egypt, *not* Ghizeh.
G.L. (Freemasonry), Grand Lodge.
Gl* (chem.), glucinum.
glace (Fr. cook. f.), ice.
*glacé** (Fr.), glazed.
glacialized*, *not* -sed.
glacier* (not ital.).
glacière (Fr. f.), an ice-chamber.
gladiol/us* (bot.), *pl.* -i*.
Gladstonian*, *not* -ean.
glaive*, a weapon, *not* -ave.
Glam, Glamorganshire (no point).
Glamis, *pron.* glahms.
glam/our*, *but* -orous*.
glary*, dazzling, *not* -ey.
glaserian fissure* (anat.), *not* glass-.
Glasgwa (Lat.); Glasgow.
Glasnevin, Dublin.

Glasse (Mrs. Hannah), wrote "The Art of Cookery" in 1747, *not* Glass.

glassful, *pl.* glassfuls.

Glaswegian, of Glasgow.

Glauber (J. R.), 1604-68, chemist.

Glauber's salt* (apos.).

glaucous* (bot.), covered with bloom.

glaucus*, a gull, a mollusc.

glave, a weapon, *use* glaive*.

glazer*, a polisher.

glazier*, a window-glass fitter.

Glenalmond, Perth.

Glencoe, Argyl.

Glendower (Owen), *not* Glyndwr.

Glenealy, Wicklow.

Gleneely, Londonderry.

glengarry*, a Scotch cap.

Glenlivet*, a whisky, *not* -at, -it (one word).

Glentilt, Perth (one word).

glissade* (not ital.).

glob/e*, -y*, *not* -ey.

globigerin/a*, a foraminifer; *pl.* -æ* (ital.).

glockenspiel, a set of mus. bells or bars.

Gloria/* (liturgy), *pl.* -s*, abbr. *gl.*; "*— in excelsis*," "*— Patri*," hymns; — *Tibi*, glory be to Thee (cap. T).

Glos, Gloucester, -shire (no point).

glose over (to), *use* -ze*.

gloss*, a note, *not* -oze.

gloss., glossary.

Gloucester, abbr. **Glos**.

glou-morceau*, a pear, *not* glout.—

glower*, to gaze angrily, *not* glour.

glow-worm* (hyphen).

gloxinia/*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

gloze, a note, *use* gloss*.

gloze over* (to), *not* glose.

glucinum* (chem.), sym-

bol **Gl***, *called also* beryllium*, symbol **Be***.

Gluck (C. W. R. von), 1714-87, composer, *not* Glü-.

Glück (Ger. n.), luck.

Glückwunsch (Ger. m.), congratulation.

glu/e*, -ey*, -ing*.

glut/en*, *not* -in, -ine, *but* -inize*, -inous.

glycerine*, *not* -in.

Glyndwr (Owen), *use* Glendower.

G.M.*, Grand Master; **G.M.B.*** (metal.), Good Merchantable Brand.

Gmelin (L.), 1788-1853, chemist.

G.M.I.E., Grand Master of the Indian Empire.

G.M.K.P., Grand Master of the Knights of St. Patrick; **G.M.M.G.**, ditto (of the Order of) St. Michael and St. George; **G.M.S.I.**, ditto Star of India; **G.M.T.**, Greenwich Mean Time.

gnar*, to snarl, *not* gnarl, gnarr, knar.

gneiss* (geol.), *pron.* nice (not ital.).

gnom/e*, *fem.* -ide*.

gnosiology*, philosophy of cognition, *not* -eology.

gnos/is*, *pl.* -es, Gnostic philosophy.

G.N.R., Great Northern Railway.

gnu/*, antelope; *pl.* -s.

G.O., general order, grand organ.

goal*, the objective at games (*see also* gaol).

goatherd (one word).

goatskin* (one word).

goatsucker*, a bird (one word).

goaty*, goat-like.

gobang*, a game (one word).

Gobbo (Launcelot), in "Merchant of Venice."

Gobelin tapestry*, *not* -ins —.
gobe-mouches (Fr. m. s. and pl.), a credulous person.
Goblet d'Alviella (E. count), 1846-, Belgian writer.
goby*, a fish (*not* ital.).
godchild (one word).
godfather* (one word).
God-fearing* (hyphen, cap. G).
Godhead* (one word, cap.).
Godlee (Rickman J.), 1848-, surgeon.
Godley (Sir Arthur, now Baron Godley), 1847-.
god/mother*, -parent (one word).
God's acre*, a burial-ground (apos., one cap.).
god/send*, -son* (one word).
God-speed* (cap., hyphen).
Godwin (Mary Wollstonecraft), 1759-97, writer (*see also* Good-).
godwit*, a marsh bird.
Goethe (J. W. von), 1749-1832, writer, etc., *not* Gæ-, Gō-, Gæ-; *pron.* Guh'teh.
gofer*, a thin batter-cake.
goffer*, to flute, *not* gau-.
goi (Heb.), a Gentile; *pl.* **goim**.
goitre*, a neck swelling, *not* goi-; *pron.* goy'tr.
goldfield (one word).
Goliath*, giant, *not* -iah.
Gollancz (Israel), 1864-, writer.
golosh, boot-trade spelling of galosh*.
Goluchowski (count), Chancellor of Austria.
gombeen-man* (Ir.), a usurer.
gombroon*, Pers. pottery, *not* gomroon.

Gomorr/ah (O. Test.); -ha (N. Test.).
gondola/*, *pl.* -s (*not* ital.).
Gonds, Indian tribe, *not* Gh-.
Góngora y Argote, 1561-1627, Sp. poet.
good-bye* (hyphen).
good/ day*, — **evening***, — **morning***, salutations (two words, no hyphen).
Good Friday* (caps.).
good night*, a salutation (two words, no hyphen).
Good/ Samaritan, — **Templar*** (caps.).
goodwill*, of a business, etc. (one word).
Goodwin (Harvey), 1818-91, Bp. of Carlisle, writer (*see also* God-).
Goodwin Sands, North Sea, *not* God-.
gool, *use* ghoul*.
goonhilly*, Cornish pony.
Goorkhas, *use* Gur-.
goosey*, dim. of goose, *not* -sie, -sy.
Gordian knot* (the).
Gorgonzola, a cheese.
Gorky (Maxime), 1868-, pen-name of A. M. Pieshkov, Russ. writer.
gormand, *use* gour-*.
gormandize*, *not* gour-.
Görres (J. J. von), 1776-1848, Ger. writer.
gorse*, furze, *but* gorsy*.
Gortschakoff, Russian family, *not* -tchakoff, Gorchakov.
Goschen (Viscount), 1831-1907.
Göschén (G. J.), 1752-1828, German publisher, grandfather of above.
Goshen, a land of plenty.
Gospodin (Russ.), Lord, Mr.; *fem.* **Gospozha**.
Goss (Sir John), 1800-80, composer.
Gosse (Edmund), 1849-, writer; — (P. H.), 1810-88, naturalist.

- gossip/*, -ed, -er*, -ing*,
-y* (one *p*).
gossoon* (Ang.-Ir.), a
youth.
Gotham (wise men of)*.
Gothic*, architecture, etc.
(cap.); abbr. Goth.
gothic (typ.), a sturdy type
without serif or hair-line.
gothicize*, to render
medieval, *not* -ise.
"Götterdämmerung"
(Twilight of the Gods),
by Wagner.
Göttingen University,
province of Hanover.
Gottselbeius (der)
(Ger.), the devil! (*lit.* God
be with us).
gouache*, a method of
water-colour painting;
pron. guash.
Gouda, a cheese.
gouge*, a concave chisel.
goujon (Fr. m.), gudgeon
fish.
gouk, *use* gowk*.
goulard water*, a lotion.
Gould, family name, *pron.*
goold (*see also* Baring-
Gould).
goule, *use* ghoul*.
gour, Ind. ox, *use* gaur*.
gourmand*, a glutton,
but gormandize* (*not*
ital.).
gourmet*, an epicure (*not*
ital.).
goût* (Fr. m.), taste.
GouÛte d'or, a white Bur-
gundy wine.
gouvern/eur (Fr.), gov-
ernor; *fem.* -ante*.
gov., governor, -ment.
Government, meaning
the State (cap.).
Government contracts
(typ.), copy to be strictly
followed, and charged at
schedule prices, in which
reading is not allowed
for.
Governor - General,
abbr. Gov.-Gen.
- Gower, *pron.* gor.
gowk*, a fool, *not* gouk.
gowl, *use* ghoul*.
Goya y Lucientes (F.),
1746-1828, Sp. painter.
G.P., general paralysis, —
practitioner, Graduate in
Pharmacy, "*Gloria Patri*"
(glory be to the Father);
g.p. (typ.), great primer;
G.P.M. (Freemasonry),
Grand Past Master;
G.P.O., General Post
Office; G.P.R., *Genio*
Populi Romani (to the
genius of the Roman
people).
G.R., *Georgius*, or *Guliel-*
mus, *Rex* (King George,
or William); Grand Re-
corder; Gr., Grand,
(bot.) Asa Gray, (entom.)
J. L. K. Gravenhorst,
Greece, Grecian, Greek;
gr., grain, -s.
Graal, *use* Grail*.
grace-note* (mus.), an
appoggiatura (hyphen).
gradatim* (Lat.), step by
step.
Græc/ism*, a Greek char-
acteristic; -ize*, -ophil*,
not Gre-.
Graetz (H.), 1817-91,
hist. (*see also* Gratz).
Graf* (Ger.), a count; *fem.*
Gräfin (cap.).
graffit/o* (It.), writing on
a wall, etc.; *pl.* -i*.
Grahamize, to open post
letters in transit (cap.).
Grajan Alps, Savoy.
Grail* (the Holy), *not*
Graal, Graile.
grain, apothecaries', avoird-
upois, or troy weight,
all the same, being .0648
gramme; abbr. gr.
gralloch* (noun and
verb), *not* -ock (*not*
ital.).
gram, *use* gramme*.
gram., grammar, -ian,
-atical.

GRAMINIVOROUS — GRAVESTONE

graminivorous*, feeding on grass, *not* gramen.
 gramm/ar*, -arian, -atical, abbr. gram.
 grammaticize*, *not* -ise.
 gramme*, 15.432 grains, official Board of Trade spelling, *not* gram; abbr. grm. (not ital.).
 grammetre*, a unit of work (not ital.).
 Grammont, E. Flanders.
 Gramont (P. comte de), 1621-1707, *not* Gramm-.
 gramophone*, *not* grama-, grammo-.
 granadilla*, one of the passion-flowers, *not* gren- (not ital.).
 Gran Chaco (El), S. America.
 Grand, abbr. G.
 grandam*, grandmother, old woman, *not* -dame.
 grand/child*, -daughter (one word).
 Grand/ duchess*, — duchy*, — duke* (cap. G only), abbr. G.D.
 grandes capitales (Fr. typ. f.), capitals.
 grande/ tenue, or — toilette (Fr.), full dress.
 grandeur naturelle (Fr. f.), life-size.
 grandfather* (one word).
 grand jury (not caps.).
 Grand (Sarah), writer.
 Grand Master (caps.), abbr. G.M.
 grand' mère (Fr. f.), grandmother; *pl.* -'mères.
 grand' messe (Fr. f.), high mass.
 Grand Monarque (le), Louis XIV.
 grand monde (le) (Fr.), the Court and nobility.
 grandmother* (one word).
 grand/ -nephew*, — -niece* (hyphens).
 grand papier (Fr. m.), large paper.

grandparent* (one word).
 grand-père (Fr. m.), grandfather; *pl.* grands-pères.
 grand/ signior*, one of high rank; caps. the Sultan of Turkey; in Fr. — *seigneur*; It. *gran signore*; Sp. *gran señor*.
 grandson* (one word), abbr. g.s.
 Grangerize*, to add illustrations to a book, *not* -ise (cap.).
 grannom*, angler's fly, *not* granam.
 "Granta," a Cambridge periodical.
 Grant Duff (Sir M. E.), 1829-1906 (no hyphen).
 granter*, one who grants.
 Granton, Firth of Forth.
 grantor* (law), one who makes a grant.
 Grantown, Elgin.
 graphology*, *not* graphio-.
 grapy*, of grapes, *not* -ey.
 gras (Fr.), *fem.* grasse, fat (*see also* gros).
 grass/* (typ.), casual work; — hand*, one casually employed.
 Grasse, France, dép. Alpes-Maritimes.
 gratia Dei (Lat.), by the grace of God.
 gratin* (Fr. cook. m.), a dish prepared with bread-crumbs.
 gratis* (not ital.).
 Grattan (Henry), 1746-1820, politician.
 Gratz, capital of Styria, *use* Graz (*see also* Graetz).
 Grätz, Prussia.
 graupel*, soft hail.
 grauwacke, *use* grey-*.
 gravam/en*, *pl.* -ina*.
 grave accent (').
 gravelled*, *not* -eled.
 Graves, a Bordeaux wine.
 graves, *use* grea-*.
 gravestone* (one word).

graveur (Fr. m.), en-graver.

graveyard* (one word).

Gravis (Ger. m.), grave accent (cap.).

gravure (Fr. f.), engraving.

gray, use grey*.

Gray (Annabel), 1853-, writer; — (**Asa**), 1810-88, bot., abbr. **Gr.**; — (**Maxwell**), pen-name of M. G. Tuttiett, writer; — (**Thomas**), 1716-71, poet (*see also Grey*).

grayling*, a fish, *not grey*-.

Gray's Inn, London.

Graz, capital of Styria, *not Gratz*.

grazier*, *not -zer*.

gré à gré (de) (Fr.), by private contract.

greasy*, *not -ey*.

Great Britain, abbr. **G.B.**

great gross*, 144 dozen; abbr. **g.gr.**

Greathead (Bertie), 1759-1826, dramatist; — (**Henry**), 1757-1816, inventor of lifeboat.

Greathed (W. W. H.), 1826-78, Major-General.

Great Powers (the) (caps.).

great primer (typ.),

an eighteen-point type, as

this, four lines and

a quarter to the inch;

pron. — prim'er, abbr.

g.p. In Fr. m. **gros**

romain, Ger. **Tertia**.

greaves*, tallow refuse, *not gra*-.

Grecian*, of Greece; abbr. **Gr.**

Grec/ism, -ize, -ophil, *use Græ**.

Greco, a chess opening.

gredalin, use gride*.

Greece, abbr. **Gr.**

Greek (typ.), classical and modern printed the same; alphabet, 17 consonants, 7 vowels, 2 breathings, 3 accents (acute, grave, and circumflex), 1 apostrophe, 1 diæresis; note of interrogation same as English semicolon; the colon or semicolon same as turned point (·); comma, exclamation point, and period, as in English. There are many detailed rules for composing, but the following must here suffice: grave accent only on last syllable; diphthongs, accents, or breathings on second vowel; all vowels or diphthongs commencing a word have either asper (') or lenis (') breathings; the sigma (σ) when final is always s; in dividing words ending in κτος, the κ is turned over; space after elision. Abbr. **Gr.**

Greek calends, never.

Greeley (Horace), 1811-72, Amer. journalist and politician.

Greely (A. W.), 1844-, Arctic explorer.

Green (John Richard), 1837-83, historian (*see also Greene, Grein*).

greenback*, U.S.A. bank-note.

Greene (Sir Conyng-ham), 1854-, diplomatist; — (**Plunket**), 1865-, singer; — (**Robert**), 1560-92, dramatist (*see also Green, Grein*).

greengage*, a plum (one word).

green laver*, edible seaweed (two words).

green-room* (hyphen).

GREEN — GROSSETESTE

Green-sand* (geol.),
(cap., hyphen).
gregale*, the Mediter-
ranean N.E. wind, *not*
-cale, grigale.
Gregory's Day (St.),
12 March.
Greiffenhagen (Maur-
ice), painter.
Greifswald, German
university.
Grein (J. T.), dramatic
critic (*see also* Green/, -e).
grenadine*, a fabric,
(cook.) a fancy dish.
grès/ (Fr. m.), stoneware;
— *de Flandre*, Rhine
stoneware.
Grétry (A. E. M.), 1741-
1813, composer.
Grévy (F. P. J.), 1807-91,
Fr. President, 1879-87.
grey*, *not* gray.
Grey/ (Earl), 1851-;
— (Earl de), 1852-;
— (Lady Jane), 1537-54;
— (Sir Edward), 1862-
politician; — *de Ruthyn*
(Baron), 1858-; —
de Wilton (Viscount),
1896- (*see also* Gray).
grey-hen*, *fem.* of black-
cock (hyphen).
greyhound* (one word).
greyling, *use* gra-*.
greywacke* (geol.), *not*
grau- (*not* ital.).
Griboyèdoff (A. S.),
1793-1829, Russ. poet.
gridelin*, pale purple, *not*
gredalin, -e, gridalin.
Grieg (Edvard, *not* Edw-),
1843-, composer.
griffin*, a fabulous animal,
not -on, gryphon.
Griffith (R. T. H.),
1826-, Orientalist.
Griffiths (Major Ar-
thur), 1838-, writer.
grigale, *use* gre-*.
grill*, to broil.
grillatalpa, *use* gryllo-*.
grille*, grating (*not* ital.).
grillé (Fr. cook.), broiled.

Grillparzer (Franz),
1791-1872, Aus. dram.
grimalkin*, a cat.
Grimm (Jakob), 1785-
1863; — (Wilhelm),
1786-1859.
Grimm's law, philology.
grimy*, begrimed, *not* -ey.
Grindelwald, Switz., *not*
Grindle-.
grippe (la), Fr. for in-
fluenza, also the grip*,
not the grippe.
Griqualand, S. Africa.
grisaille*, a method of
decorative painting (*not*
ital.).
Griselda, a model of
patience, *not* -ilda.
grisette* (Fr. f.), a working
girl.
Gris-nez (Cape), Pas-de-
Calais (hyphen).
Grizel*, a proverbial meek
wife.
grizzly bear*, *not* gris- —.
grm., gramme, -s.
gro., gross.
grogram*, silk fabric (*not*
ital.).
groin* (arch., med.) (*see*
also groyne).
Grolier (Jean), 1479-
1565, Fr. bibliophile.
gros/ (Fr.), *fem.* -se, big,
abbr. g.; *une grosse*
femme, a stout woman;
une femme grosse, a
pregnant woman (*see also*
gras).
grosbeak*, the hawfinch.
gros bleu (Fr. m.), dark
blue.
Groschen* (m.), old Ger.
coin, about a penny; *pl.*
same.
gros de/ Naples*, or — —
Tours, heavy silk fabric.
groseille (Fr. f.), currant,
gooseberry.
gross, is s. and *pl.*; abbr.
gro.
Grosseteste (Robert),
1175-1253, Bp. of Lincoln.

grotesque* (typ.), a square-cut letter without serifs, as this.
 grotesquerie*, *not* -ery (not ital.).
 grotto/*, *pl.* -s*.
 ground-rent* (hyphen).
 grovel/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, *not* -eler, -eling.
 groyn/e*, a breakwater; -ing* (*see also* groin).
 Grtn. (bot.), J. Gärtner.
 Grubb (Sir Howard), 1844-, optician.
 Grub Street, London, *now* Milton Street.
 gruesome*, *not* grew-.
 Gruffydd (Thomas), 1815-87, harpist.
 grummet* (naut.), a rope ring, *not* gro-.
 Grundtvig (N. F. S.), 1783-1872, Danish poet; — (S. H.), 1824-83, philologist.
 Grundy (Mrs.)*, personification of social opinion.
 Grunth, the Sikh scriptures.
 Gruyère* (Fr. m.), a cheese.
 gryllotalpa*, a mole cricket, *not* grilla- (not ital.).
 gryphon, *use* griffin*.
 Gryptinus (Sebastian), 1493-1556, printer.
 G.S., General Secretary, Grand Scribe, — Secretary, — Sentinel, — Sentry.
 g.s., grandson.
 G.S. & W.R., Great Southern and Western Railway (Ireland).
 Gsell-Fels (Theodor), 1819-, topog.
 g.t. (binding), gilt top.
 gt., gilt, great, gutta.
 guacho, *use* gaucho.
 Guadeloupe, W. Indies.
 guage, *see* gau-.
 guaiacum* (bot.).
 Guaira (La), Venezuela, *not* Guayra.

Guam, Ladrone Islands, *not* Guaham.
 guana*, a lizard (not ital.).
 guano* (not ital.).
 guarant/ee*, a warrant, or to make sure; -or*, *not* -er; -y*, a basis of security.
 guards (binding), strips of paper, etc., inserted in the backs of books for plates, or additional leaves, to be pasted on (*see also* Foot-guards).
 guardship* (one word).
 Garnieri, violin makers, *not* -neri.
 Guatemala, Cent. Amer.
 Guayaquil, Ecuador.
 Guayra, *use* La Guaira.
 guazzo* (It.), a method of water-colour painting.
 Guelderland, Netherlands, *not* Geld-.
 guelderrose*, *not* gelder— (not ital.).
 Guelph*, *not* Guelf.
 Guelph and Ghibelline*.
 guerdon*, a reward.
 guère (*ne...*) (Fr.), hardly.
 Guernsey*, a Channel Island.
 guernsey*, a knitted woollen shirt.
 guerre (Fr. f.), war.
 guerrilla* warfare (2 *l*'s, 2 *r*'s).
 Guesclin (Bertrand du), 1314-80, Constable of France.
 guess-work* (hyphen).
 guestling*, a Cinque Port assembly, *not* ges-.
 Guglielmo, It. for William.
 Guiana (British).
 Guibelline, *use* Ghi-*.
 Guicowar, *use* Gaekwar.
 guide-book* (hyphen).
 Guido, It. for Guy.
 Guignet's green, a deep rich green.
 Guilbert (Yvette), 1869-, actress.

GUILD — GYVES

guild*, an association, *not* gild.
 Guildford, Surrey, *not* Guilf.
 guild-hall*, *not* gi- (hyphen).
 Guilford/ (Earl of); — Street, W.C., *not* Guild-
guillemets (Fr. typ. m.), the Fr. quotation marks « ».
 guillemot*, a bird.
 guillotine*, a beheading apparatus, also paper-cutting machine (not ital.).
 guimp, *use* gimp*.
 Guinea (New).
 guinea/, -s, abbr. g.
 Guinevere, wife of King Arthur, *not* -er.
 Gujarat, India, *use* Guzerat.
 Gujranwala, Punjab.
 Gulden* (Aus., Du., Ger.), silver florin; *pl.* same, Aus. abbr. fl.
 Gulf/ (typ.), cap. when with name, as Gulf of Corinth, Persian Gulf; abbr. G.; — Stream* (no hyphen).
 Gulielmus, Lat. for William.
 gullible*, easily cheated, *not* -able.
 "Gulliver's Travels," by Swift, 1726.
 gully*, a channel, *not* -ey.
 Gully (Rt. Hon. W. C.), 1835-, Speaker of H.C.
 gumboil*, *not* -bile (one word).
 gumption*, mother-wit, *not* -shion.
 gun., gunnery.
 gunboat* (one word).
 Gundamuk, Afghanistan, *use* Gandamak.
 Gungl (Josef), 1810-89, composer.
 gunnery (naval), abbr. G., *or* gun.
 gunny*, sacking.
 Gunter's chain*, etc.

Günther (A. C. L. G.), 1830-, ichthyologist.
 gunwale* (naut.), *not* gunnel; *pron.* gun'l.
 gup* (Ang.-Ind.), gossip.
 Gurkhas, Indian soldiers, *not* Ghoor-, Goor-.
 gurkin, *use* gher*.
 gurnard*, a fish, *not* -net.
 Güssfeldt (Paul), 1840-, Ger. traveller.
 Gutenberg *or* Gensfleisch (Johannes), 1399-1468, inventor of printing from movable metal types.
 Guts Muths (J. C. F.), 1759-1839, Ger. teacher.
 gutt/a*, a drop, abbr. gt.*; *pl.* -æ*, abbr. gtt.*
 gutta-percha* (hyphen, not ital.).
 Gutzkow (K.F.), 1811-78, Ger. writer.
 Gützkow, Prussia.
 g.u.v. (Ger.), *gerecht und vollkommen* (correct and complete).
 Guyot (Yves), 1843-, Fr. econ.
 Guzerat, India, *not* Guja-
 G.W.R., Great Western Railway.
 Gwydyr (Baron).
 Gwynn (Stephen), 1864-, writer.
 gybe* (naut.) (*see also* gibe, jib).
 gymkhana*, an athletic display, *not* -kana (not ital.).
 gymnasi/um*, *pl.* -a* (not ital.).
 gymnot/us*, the electric eel; *pl.* -i*.
 gymp, *use* gimp*.
 gynæceum* (bot.), *not* -ium, gynœ-
 gynæcology*, study of women's diseases, *not* gynec-
 gypsy, *use* gipsy*.
 gyrfalcon, *use* ger*.
 gyves*, fetters, *not* gi-

E

H

- H.**, harbour, (naut.) hoy, the eighth in a series, all proper names with this initial.
- H.**, (anal. mech.) the total energy, (chem.) hydrogen, (lead pencils) hard, horizontal force of earth's magnetism, (mus.) B natural in Ger. system.
- h.**, hardness, height, hour, -s, husband, (naut.) hail.
- h*** (math.), a small increment.
- H.A.**, Horse-Artillery.
- h.a.**, *hoc anno* (this year), *hujus anni* (this year's).
- Haarlem**, Holland (*see also* Har-).
- Haarstrich** (Ger. typ. m.), hair-stroke, serif, up-stroke (cap.).
- Habakkuk** (the Prophecy of), abbr. **Hab.**
- Habana**, Sp. for Havana.
- habeas corpus***, a writ; abbr. **hab. corp.** (not ital.).
- Habeas Corpus Act*** (caps., not ital.).
- habendum*** (law), part of a deed.
- habile***, ready, *not* -lle (not ital.).
- habitat*** (not ital.).
- habitu/é*** (Fr.), *fem.* -ée*, a frequenter (not ital.).
- Habsburg** (House of), Aus. Imp. family, *not* Hap-.
- H.A.C.**, Honourable Artillery Company.
- Hachette et Cie**, publishers, Paris and London.
- hachis** (Fr. cook. m.), minced meat.
- hachisch**, *use* hashish*.
- hachure***, line used in map hill-shading.
- Häckel** (Ernst H.), 1834-, nat., *not* Hae-.
- Hackländer** (F.W. von), 1816-77, Ger. writer.
- hacklet***, the kittiwake, *not* hag-.
- Hackluyt**, *use* Hak-.
- hackney/***, -ed*.
- hac lege** (Lat.), with this proviso.
- Hadden**, Best, & Co., publishers, London.
- Haddon** (John) & Co., type-founders.
- Haden** (Sir F. Seymour), 1818-1910, etcher and surgeon (*see also* Hay-).
- Hades***, abode of the dead (cap.).
- hadji***, title of a Mecca pilgrim, *not* hajji.
- Hadleigh**, Essex, Suffolk.
- Hadley**, Middlesex, Salop, Worcester.
- hadst** (no apostrophe).
- Haeckel**, *use* Häc-.
- hæma-***, the prefix, as in **hæmatite***, *not* he-.
- hæmatin***, *not* he-, -ine.
- hæmo-***, the prefix, as in **hæmorrhage***, *not* he-.
- hafiz** (Arab., Pers.), a Moham. who knows the Koran by heart.
- Háfiz**, d. A. D. 1388, Persian poet.
- Hag.**, Haggai.
- hagberry***, the bird-cherry, *not* hack-, heck-, heg-.
- hagere Schrift** (Ger. typ. f.), lean-faced type.
- Haggadah***, legendary part of the Talmud, *not* Agadah, Hagada, -ah.
- Haggai** (the Prophecy of), abbr. **Hag.**

HAGGARD — HALLE

haggard, in Fr. *hagard*.
haggis* (Sc. cook.), *not* -ess,
 -ies.

Hague (La), N.W. France.
Hague (The), capital of
 Netherlands; in Dutch 's
Gravenhage (caps.).

ha ha*, laughter (two
 words).

ha-ha*, a sunk fence, *not*
 aha, haw-haw (not ital.).

Hahnemann (C. F. S.),
 1755-1843, homœopath.

Haidarabad, India, *not*
 Haider-, Hydar-.

haik*, an Arab garment,
not -ck.

Haileybury College,
 Herts.

hailstone* (one word).

hair/breadth*, -brush*,
 -dresser*, -dressing*
 (one word).

hair/-lead* (typ.), a very
 thin lead for spacing out
 printed matter; — **-line**
letter*, a type of hair-
 lines only; a very thin-faced
 type, as this: — **-space***,
 the thinnest space; —
-stroke*, serif (hy-
 phens).

Haiti, W. Indies, *not*
 Hayti; in Sp. San
Domingo.

haji, hajji, use hadji*.

Häkchen (Ger. typ. n.),
 apostrophe, cedilla (cap.).

hakeem*, Oriental medi-
 cal man, *not* -kim.

hakim*, Oriental ruler.

Hakluyt/ (R.), 1553-1616,
 geog.; — **Society**; *not*
 Hack-.

halb (Ger.), half, semi-;

Halb/franzband, half-
 bound calf, abbr. **Hfrz.**; —
-juchtenband, half-
 bound russia; — **-lein-**
wand, half-bound cloth,
 abbr. **Hlw.**; — **-saffian**,
 half-roan; — **-seite**, half-
 page (each one word).

halberd/*, *not* -ert; -ier*.

Halévy (J. F. F. É.),
 1799-1862, composer;
 — (Joseph), 1827-
 traveller.

half, *see also* fractions.

half/a dozen, — an hour,
 — an inch (no hy-
 phens).

half/-binding*, -bound,
 leather back and corners,
 paper or cloth sides, abbr.
hf.-bd.; — **-calf***, calf
 back and corners ditto,
 abbr. **hf.-cf.**; — **-cloth**,
 cloth sides, abbr. **hf.-cl.**
 (hyphens).

half/-caste*, a half-breed,
not -cast (not ital.); —
-crown*; — **-dime***
 (U.S.A.), five cents (not
 ital.); — **-dozen***; —
-holiday*; — **-hour***;
 — **-inch***; — **-minute***;
 — **-moon***; — **-past**; —
-pay*, abbr. **H.P.** (all
 hyphens).

halfpenny* (one word).

halfpennyworth* (one
 word), abbr. **ha'p'orth***.

half/-price*, — **-sove-**
reign* (hyphens).

Hälfte (Ger. f.), moiety,
 half.

half-title* (typ.), the short
 title before the full title.

half-tone* block, one in
 which the various tones
 are made by dots.

half-way* (hyphen).

half-year/*, -ly* (hy-
 phens).

Haliburton (Thomas
 C.), 1796-1865, writer;
 pen-name Sam Slick.

halibut*, a fish, *not* hol-.

halieutic*, of fishing.

hallabaloo, *use* hulla-*

Halle (la) (Fr.), the
 market; *pl.* **les Halles**.

Hallé (Sir Charles),
 1819-95, pianist; —

(Lady), 1839-, violinist.

Halle an der Saale, Ger.;
 abbr. **Halle a/S**.

- Hallelujah***, *preferred to Alleluia**, a song of praise, *not* -luiah.
- Haller (A. von)**, 1708-77, anatomist, etc.
- Halley (Edmond)**, *not* -und), 1656-1742, astr.
- Halliwell - Phillipps (James O.)**, 1820-89, Shakespearean scholar.
- hall-mark*** (hyphen).
- hallmote***, a court, *not* halm-.
- hallo***, to call attention or express surprise, *preferred to* halloa, -oo, hillo, -oa, holla, -o, -oa, -ow, hullo, -oa, -oo.
- halloo-baloo**, *use* hulla-.*.
- Hallow/-Day**, All Saints' Day, 1 Nov.; — -e'en*, last night of October (one cap., hyphen).
- hall/ux***, the great toe; *pl. -uces**.
- halm**, stalk or stem, *use* haulm*.
- halo/***, *pl. -es**.
- Hals (Franz)**, 1580 *or* '84-1666, painter.
- halyard*** (naut.), a rope for elevating, *not* halli-, hauly-.
- hamadryad/***, a wood-nymph, serpent, or baboon; *pl. -s**, Lat. *pl. -es**.
- Hambleden**, Bucks; — (Viscountess).
- Hambledon**, Hants, Surrey.
- Hambleton**, Lancs, Rutland, Yorks.
- Hamburg***, a grape, also a fowl, *not* -gh.
- "Hamelin (Pied Piper of)"**, by R. Browning.
- Hamilton (Sir William)**, 1788-1856, metaphysician; — (Sir William Rowan), 1805-65, mathematician.
- hammal***, an Oriental porter, *not* hummaul.
- hammam***, Turk. bath, *not* hummum, -aum.
- Hammergafferstein (Hans)**, pen-name of Henry W. Longfellow.
- hammy***, ham-like, *not* hamy.
- Hampden (John)**, 1594-1643, statesman.
- Hampe-Allgaier**, a chess opening.
- Hampshire**, abbr. **Hants** (no point).
- Hanafite***, one of a Moham. sect, *not* -efite, -ifite.
- H. & B. (bot.)**, Humboldt and Bonpland.
- hand (typ.)**, ~~for~~, called fist.
- hand/bell***, -bill*, -book* (one word).
- Handbuch** (Ger.), manual (cap.).
- Händel (G. F.)**, 1685-1759, composer; in Eng. *usually* Ha-.
- Handelsblatt** (Ger. n.), trade journal (cap.).
- Handelshochschule** (Ger. f.), commercial college (one word, cap.).
- handful/***, *not* -ll; *pl. -s*.
- handicap/***, -per*, -ping*.
- handiwork***, *not* handy-.
- handjar*** (Pers.), a dagger, *not* hanjar.
- handkerchief***, abbr. hdkf.
- Händler** (Ger. m.), dealer (cap.).
- hand-made/***, abbr. **H.M.** (hyphen); — paper, abbr. **H.M.P.**
- handmaid/***, -en* (one word).
- hand-paper***, that with a hand as water-mark.
- Handpapier** (Ger. n.), hand-made paper (cap.).
- Handschrift** (Ger. f.), MS., *not* Manuskript; abbr. **Hs.** (cap.).
- handsel/***, earnest-money; -ling*, *not* hans-.

Handwörterbuch (Ger. n.), handy dictionary (cap.); abbr. **Hwb.**
handwriting* (one word).
handy-man* (hyphen).
handywork, *use* **handi-***.
hangar* (Fr. m.), a shed.
hanger*, one who, or that which, hangs; also a sword, a wood.
hanging paragraph (typ.), first line full out, following ones indented, as this.
Hanover*, in Ger. **Hanover**, Fr. **Hanovre**.
Hans/* (Du., Ger.), John; — **Niemand**, "Mr. Nobody."
hansel, *use* **hand-***.
Hanska (Madame), friend of Balzac.
hansom*, a cab.
Hants (no point), Hampshire.
haphazard* (one word).
ha'p'orth*, a halfpenny-worth.
happy-go-lucky* (hyphens).
happy hunting-ground* (one hyphen).
Hapsburg, Imperial House of Austria, *use* **Hab-**.
hara-kiri* (Jap.), suicide, *not* hari-kari, hurry-curry.
haram, *use* -em*.
harangue*, *pron.* hä-rang'.
harass*, *not* harr-.
harbour, abbr. **H.**
hard (pencils), abbr. **H.**
hard/-a-lee*, — -a-port*, — -a-starboard*, — -a-weather* (two hyphens each).
harden*, a coarse fabric, *not* her-, hur-.
hardiesse* (Fr. f.), hardihood.
Hardinge (Viscount); *pron.* -ing, *not* -inj.
hardness (mineral.), abbr. **h.**

hards*, coarse flax, *not* hur-.
Hardt Mountains, Bavaria (*see also* **Harz** —).
Hardwicke (Earl of).
hardwood* (one word), *but* hard-wooded*.
hard-working* (hyphen).
harebell* (bot.), *not* hair- (one word).
hare/-brain*, — -lip*, *not* hair- (hyphens).
harem* (Arab.), the women's part of a house, *not* -am, -eem, -im (*not* ital.).
hareng/ (Fr. m.), herring; — **pec**, salted herring.
Hargraves (E. H.), 1816-91, discoverer of the Australian goldfields.
Hargreaves (James), 1720-78, inventor of the spinning-jenny.
haricot* (Fr. m. cook.), any thick stew; **haricots verts**, French beans.
haridan, *use* **harridan***.
harier, *use* **harrier***.
hari-kari, *use* **hara-kiri***.
har/im, *use* -em*.
Häring (Wilhelm), 1797-1871, Ger. writer; pen-name Wilibald Alexis.
Harington (Sir John), 1561-1612, writer (*see also* **Harr-**).
hark*, listen, *not* hea-.
harken, *use* **hear-***.
harl*, a fibre, *not* -le.
Harland & Wolff, ship-builders, Belfast.
Harlech, Merioneth, *not* -ck.
Harleian*, of Harley.
Harlem, New York (*see also* **Haar-**).
Harlesden, Middlesex.
Harleston, Norfolk.
Harlestone, Northants.
Harlow (G. H.), 1787-1819, painter.
"Harlowe (Clarissa)," by Richardson, 1748.
harmattan*, W. Afr. wind.

harmonie (Fr., Ger. mus. f.), wind instruments.

harmoniphon*, mus. instrument, *not* -ne.

harmonize*, *not* -ise.

Haroun al - Raschid, 763-809, a caliph (one hyphen).

Harper & Brothers, publishers, New York.

harquebus/*, a portable gun, *not* -ss, arquebus; -ier.

Harraden (Beatrice), 1864-, writer.

harridan*, a haggard old woman, *not* hari-.

harrier*, *not* harier.

Harrington (Earl of) (*see also* Hari-).

Harrison (Frederic, *not* -k), 1831-, Positivist.

Harris (Henri), 1830-, writer.

Harrogate, Yorks, *not* Harrow-.

Harry-long-legs*, the crane-fly (cap., hyphens).

"**Harry Lorrequer**," by Lever, 1839.

Harte (Francis Bret), 1839-1903, American writer.

hartebeest*, antelope, *not* hartb-.

Hartleian*, of Hartley, *not* -leyan, -leyian.

Hartmann (K. R. E. von), 1842-, metaphysician.

hartshorn*, ammonia (one word).

Hartzenbusch (Juan E.), 1806-80, Sp. dram.

Hartz Mountains, *use* Harz — (*see also* Hardt).

harum-scarum* (hyphen), *not* harem-scarem.

Harvard University, abbr. H.U.

Harvey (William), 1578-1657, discovered blood circulation; -eian, *not* -eyan.

Harz Mountains, *not* Hartz — (*see also* Hardt).

hasard (Fr. f.), hazard.

has-been (a)*, one that has been (hyphen).

Hase (K. A. von), 1800-90, theologian.

hashish*, *not* hachisch, -shish, -eesh, haschisch, -ish.

Haslar Hospital, Hants.

Haslemere, Surrey (*see also* Haz-).

hassagai, *use* assagai*.

Hasse (J. A.), 1699-1783, composer.

hatband* (one word).

hatchel*, to dress flax; -led*, -ler*, -ling*.

hatchway* (one word).

hâte (Fr. f.), haste.

hatti-humayun, Turk. edict in Sultan's handwriting; **hatti-sherif***, Sultan's own decree.

Hatzfeld, Hungary.

Hauck (Minnie), 1852-, singer.

Haug (Martin), 1827-76, Orientalist.

Haulbowline, Cork.

hauler*, *not* -ier.

haulm* (bot.), a stalk or stem, *not* halm.

Hauptmann (Gerhart), 1862-, dramatist; —

(Moritz), 1792-1868, composer.

Hauptredakteur (Ger. m.), chief editor (cap.).

Hauptzeile (Ger. typ. f.), head-line, *but* **Kopfzeile** (f.) *more usual* (cap.).

Hausa, Cent. Sudan, *not* -ssa, Housa.

Haus/höhe (Ger. typ. f.), height of type adopted by a printing office; -**kegel** (m.), depth of same; -**korrektor** (m.), indoor reader; -**orthographie** (f.), "Rules of the House."

haussier (Fr. m.), speculator for a rise, "a bull."

HAUSSMANN — HEAD

Haussmann (G. E., baron), 1809-91, Paris architect.

haussmannize*, to open out and rebuild.

haut/bois, -boy (mus.), *use* oboe*.

haute/bourgeoisie (Fr. f.), upper middle-class; — **nouveauté**, latest fashion.

Hautes/-Alpes, dép. S.E. Fr.; — **-Pyrénées**, dép. S.W. France; **Haute-Saône**, dép. E. France; *pron. sōn* (hyphens).

haut et bon (Fr.), great and good.

hauteur*, haughty demeanour (not ital.).

haute volée (Fr. f.), the upper ten.

haut/-goût* (Fr. m.), high flavour; — **-ton**, high fashion.

Haüy (R. J.), 1743-1822, crystallographer.

Havana*, *not* -ah, -annah; in Sp. **Habana**.

hâve (Fr.), emaciated.

havener*, a harbour-master, *not* -or.

haver* (Sc. law), the holder of a document.

Haverfordwest, Pembroke (one word).

Havergal (F. R.), 1836-79, hymn writer.

haversack*, *not* havre-, -sac.

havildar*, highest Indian N.C. officer.

havoc*, *not* -ck.

Hawai/i, N. Pacific, formerly Sandwich Islands; -an, *pron. ha-wy'yan*.

Haweis (H. R.), 1838-1901, writer; *pron. hois*.

haw-haw, *use* ha-ha*.

Hawke (Baron).

hawk's-bill*, a turtle, *not* hawkbill.

hawse* (naut.), a part in the bows of a ship.

hawthorn* (one word).

Hawthorne (Julian), 1846-, Amer. writer; — (Nathaniel), 1804-64, Amer. writer.

hay*, a country-dance, *not* hey.

Hayden (George), fl. 1723, composer (*see also* Had-).

Haydn (Joseph), 1732-1809, Ger. composer, *pron. hy'dn*; — (Joseph), d. 1856, compiled "Dictionary of Dates."

Haydon (Benjamin R.), 1786-1846, painter (*see also* Had-).

hay/maker*, -rick*, -stack* (one word).

Hayti, *use* Haiti.

hazard*, in Fr. m. **has-**.

hazel-hen* (hyphen).

hazle*, to dry superficially, *not* hazz-.

Hazlemere, Bucks (*see also* Has-).

Hazlitt (W.), 1778-1830, writer; — (William Carew), 1834-, writer.

hazy*, *not* -ey.

HB* (pencils), hard and black; **H.B. & K.** (bot.), Humboldt, Bonpland, and Kunth; **H.B.C.***, Hudson Bay Company; **H.B.M.***, His, or Her, Britannic Majesty.

H.C., habitual criminal, Heralds' College, High Church, House of Commons, ditto Correction; **h.c.f.** (math.), highest common factor; **H.C.M.**, His, or Her, Catholic Majesty; **H.C.S.**, Home Civil Service.

hdkf., handkerchief.

hdqrs., head-quarters.

H.E., His Eminence, — Excellency.

He*, helium.

head* (typ.), the blank space at the top of a page (*see also* margins).

HEADACHE — HECTOGRAM

- headache*** (one word).
headachy*, *not* -ey.
headband* (binding), the narrow ornament fastened inside the back of the head and tail of a bound book.
head/-dress*, — **-gear***, — **-work*** (hyphens).
headings (typ.), to be caps. (*see also* index); — (sub-), *first*, to be cap. initials and s.caps.; *second*, even s.caps.; *third*, italic in centre; *fourth*, italic run-in. To be numbered I, A, (1), (i), (a).
Headless Cross, Worcs.
head-lines* (typ.), those at top of page with running title, pagination, etc. Name, or abbreviated form of title, on left-hand page, chapter heading on right-hand page, or contents of the two pages open. Latter preferred. To be read and re-read by correctors, as errors here, and in the folios, are easily overlooked.
head-man*, a chief (hyphen).
head/ master*, — **mistress*** (two words).
head/-page* (typ.), the one beginning a book, chapter, etc.; — **-piece***, a decorative block at top of first page of a book, chapter, etc. (hyphens).
head-quarters* (hyphen); abbr. **H.Q.**, or **hdqrs.**
head-sail*, one before the fore-mast (hyphen).
headsman* (one word).
headstock* (mech.) (one word).
headway*, motion forward (one word).
head-word* (typ.), a word forming a heading (hyphen).
healthful*, *not* -ull.
Heap, *see* **Heep**.
hearken*, *not* har-.
heart-break/*, — **-er***, — **-ing***, **heart-broken*** (hyphens).
heartburn* (one word).
hearthstone* (one word).
heart-rending* (hyphen).
heartsease*, the pansy (one word).
heat (degrees of), (typ.) to be in arabic figures, as 71° F.
heathenize*, *not* -ise.
heather-bell* (bot.), an Erica (hyphen).
heave ho!* (two words).
Heaven, cap. when equivalent to the Deity; l.c. when a place, as "heaven is our home."
heaven-born* (hyphen).
heavy-weight* (boxing) (hyphen).
Heb., Hebrew, -s.
hebdomad*, a week, *not* -ade.
hebraize*, to make Hebrew, *not* -ise, -aicize.
Hebrew (typ.), 22 letters, and many accents, points, etc. There is the ordinary square fount, and the "rabbinical." It is read from right to left: hence if any passage is divided, the right-hand words must go in the first line, and the left-hand in the second. Set with the nicks downwards. Abbr. **Heb.**
Hebridean, *not* -ian.
Hecat/e*, a Gr. goddess, *pron.* hek'a-tě; *adj.* -æan*.
Heckmondwike, Yorks.
Heccla, volcano, Iceland, *not* Hek-.
hectogram*, 100 grammes, off. Board of Trade spelling, *not* -me,

HECTOLITRE — HELLO

- abbr. hectog.; hecto-
litre*, 100 litres, *not* -ter,
abbr. hectol.; -metre*,
100 metres, *not* -er, abbr.
Hm. (not ital.).
- H.E.D.**, incorrect abbr. for
"Historical (*now* Oxford)
English Dictionary," *use*
O.E.D.
- "**Hedda Gabler**," play
by Ibsen, 1890.
- hedgerow* (one word).
- Hedgrah**, *use* **Hegira***.
- Hedin** (Sven Anders),
1865-, Sw. traveller.
- hee-haw*, a, or to, bray,
not he-, hui-.
- Heep** (Uriah), in "David
Copperfield," *not* Heap.
- Heer** (Ger. n.), army (cap.).
- heer** (Du. n.), Mr., Sir.
- Heft** (Ger. typ. n.), *fasci-
culus*, part, also ten sheets
of paper (cap.); abbr.
Hft., *pl.* **Hefte**.
- heften** (Ger. typ.), to stitch.
- Hegel** (Georg, *not* -e, W.
F.), 1770-1831, metaph.
- Hegira***, the flight of
Mohammed from Mecca
to Medinah, A.D. 622, *not*
Hedgrah, Hejira, Hijra, -h.
- H.E.I.C.***, Honourable
East India Company;
H.E.I.C.N., ditto Navy;
H.E.I.C.S., ditto Service.
- Heidelberg**, German uni-
versity town.
- Heidsieck**, a champagne.
- heighday, *use* hey-*.
- heigh-ho*, an audible sigh
(*see also* hey-).
- height to paper (typ.),
height of type, '9185 inch,
or the diam. of a worn
shilling.
- Heiland** (*der*) (Ger.), the
Saviour (cap.).
- Heilanstalt** (Ger. f.), sana-
torium, *not* Heils- (cap.).
- "**Heil dir im Sieger-
kranz**" (Hail to thee in
the conqueror's wreath),
Pruss. national hymn.
- heilig** (Ger.), holy; abbr. **hl.**
- heilige Schrift** (Ger. f.),
Holy Scripture (one cap.);
abbr. **hl.S.**
- Heim|at** (Ger. f.), birth-
place, *not* -ath; **-gang**
(m.), death (cap.).
- "**Heimskringla**," Norse
history.
- Heine** (Heinrich, but
signed Henri), 1797-
1856, Ger. poet; *pron.*
hy'né; adj. Heineian.
- Heinemann** (William),
publisher, London.
- heinous*.
- Heinrich, Ger. for Henry.
- Heinz, Ger. for Harry.
- heir (an, *not* a).
- heir apparent* (two
words); abbr. heir app.
- heirloom* (an, *not* a) (one
word).
- heir presumptive (two
words); abbr. heir pres.
- Hejira**, *use* **Hegira***.
- Hekla**, *use* **Hec**-.
- Hel** (North. myth.), the
goddess of the dead.
- Hel.**, Helvetia (Switz.).
- hélas!** (Fr.), alas! (s
sounded).
- Helensburgh**, Dumbar-
ton, *not* -borough.
- Helicon***, a mountain, *not*
fountain or lake.
- Heliogabalus**, *use* **Elag**-.
- heliogravure*, a photo-
gravure (not ital.).
- helium*, symbol He*.
- hel|ix*, a spiral; *pl.* -ices*.
- hell (not cap.); in Ger. f.
Hölle (*see also* Hel).
- hell** (Ger.), clear, bright.
- Hell** (Maximilian), 1720-
92, Austrian astronomer.
- Hellen** (Gr. myth.), king
of Phthia, Thessaly.
- Hellen/e***, a modern
Greek; *pl.* -es, *pron.*
hel'enz.
- hellenize*, to make
Greek, *not* -ise.
- hello, *use* hallo*.

Helmholtz (**Hermann**
L. F. von), 1821-94,
physicist.

helmsman*, one who
steers (one word).

Héloïse, 1101-64, and
Abélard, *not* **El**-.

help/mate*, -**meet*** (one
word).

helter-skelter* (hyphen).
Helvellyn, mountain,
Cumberland.

Hely-Hutchinson, Irish
name (hyphen).

hema-, prefix, *use* **hæ**-*.

Hemel **Hempstead**,
Herts (two words).

hemistich* (prosody),
pron. **he'mis-tik**.

hemo-, prefix, *use* **hæ**-*.

hempseed* (one word).

hem-stitch* (hyphen).

hence/forth*, -**forward***
(one word).

Henle (**F. G. J.**), 1809-85,
anatomist.

Henley (**W. E.**), 1845-
1903, writer.

henna* (bot.), Egyptian
privet, *not* -**ah** (not ital.).

hen-peck/*, -**ed*** (hyphen).

Henri, Fr. for **Henry**.

Henslow (**George**),
1835-, bot.; — (**J. S.**),
1796-1861, bot.

Henslowe (**Philip**), d.
1616, wrote "Diary."

her., heraldry.

her., *heres* (heir).

Heracleon*, of **Hercules**,
not -**ian**.

Heracleid*, descendant
of **Hercules**, *not* -**lid**.

heraldry, abbr. **her**.

Heralds' College*, abbr.
H.C. (apos.).

Herausgeber (Ger. m.),
editor, publisher (cap.).

herb/*, -**al*** (**a**, *not* **an**).

herbarium*, a collection
of dried plants; *pl.* -**a**
(not ital.).

Herbart (**J. F.**), 1776-
1841, educationist.

herborize*, *not* -**ise**.

Herculean* (**a**, *not* **an**)
(cap.).

Hercules*, in Gr. **Hera-**
kles.

herd-book* (hyphen).

here/about*, -**s***, -**after***,
-**by***, -**in***, -**of***, -**on***,
-**out***, -**to***, -**tofore***,
-**under***, -**upon***,
-**with*** (one word).

herein/above*, — **after***,
— **before*** (two words).

here/s (Lat.), **heir**; *pl.* -**des**,
abbr. **her**.

heritrix*, an heiress, *not*
-**tress**, *here*-.

Her Majesty (caps.), abbr.
H.M.

hermeneutics*, science of
interpretation.

hernia/*, *pl.* -**s***.

hero/* (**a**, *not* **an**); *pl.*
-**es***.

heroic* (**an**, *not* **a**).

heronry*, heron breeding-
place, *not* **hernery**.

herpetolog/y*, -**ist***, *not*
er-.

Herr/ (Ger. m.), **Mr.**, **Sir**,
pl. -**en**; abbr. **HR**. Let-
ters are addressed "**An**
Herrn" or "**Herrn**"
(abbr. **Hrn.**) **Schmidt**;
-**in**, lady, mistress, *pl.*
-**innen**.

Herr (Dan., Norw., Sw.),
Mr., **Sir**.

Herr(der), the Lord (cap.).

Herreshoff, Amer. yacht
builders.

Herrgott (Ger.), Lord God.

herring-bone*, a stitch
(hyphen).

Herrnhuter* (**die**) (Ger.),
Moravian Brotherhood.

Her Royal Highness,
abbr. **H.R.H.**

hers* (no apostrophe).

Herschel (**Caroline Lu-**
cretia), 1750-1848; —
(**Sir J.F.W.**), 1792-1871;
— (**Sir William**), 1738-
1822, astronomers.

- Herschell** (Baron), 1837-99, Lord Chancellor.
Herts, Hertfordshire.
Hertz (Heinrich), 1857-94, physicist; — (Henrik), 1798-1870, Danish dramatist (*see also* Herz).
Hervé (F. R.), 1825-92, composer.
hervorheben (Ger. typ.), to display, or emphasize.
Herz (Ger. n.), heart (cap.).
Herz (Henri), 1806-88, composer (*see also* Hertz).
Herzegovina, Austria.
Herzog (Ger. m.), duke, *pl. -e*; *-in* (f.), duchess; *-tum* (n.), duchy, *not* -thum (caps.).
Hesperis*, a genus of plants.
Hesperus*, evening star.
Hess/e (Ger.), a Hessian, *fem. -in*; *-en*, State of Hesse.
het (Du.), the; abbr. 't, as van't Hoff.
hetær/a* (Gr.), a concubine, *pl. -æ**; *-ism**, *not* -tair-, -tar-.
heteroousian*, of unlike substance, *not* heterou-.
Heu (Ger. n.), hay (cap.).
heu (Lat.), Oh!
heuch!* (Sc.), the cry of a Highland-fling dancer, *not* hooch.
heugh*(Sc.), aglen, *not*-ch.
heugh!* hallo!
Heureka, *use* Eu-.
heureusement (Fr.), happily.
hex-, Gr. prefix for six; in Lat. *sex-*.
hexad (chem.), *not* -ade (not ital.).
hey, a dance, *use* hay*.
hey-day*, prosperity, *not* heigh- (hyphen).
heyduck*, Hungarian soldier, *not* hai-.
hey-ho!* utterance marking rhythm (hyphen) (*see also* heigh-).
Heytesbury, Wilts; *pron.* hay'tsbury.
Heywood (John), publisher, Manchester and London.
hf.-bd., half-bound; **hf.-cf.**, half-calf binding; **hf.-cl.**, half-cloth ditto.
Hfrz. (Ger.), *Halbfranzband* (half-bound calf).
Hft., *Heft* (Ger.), number, part.
H.G., His, or Her, Grace, Horse Guards, High Ger.; **Hg**, *hydrargyrum* (mercury); **H.G.D.H.**, His, or Her, Grand Ducal Highness.
H.H.*, His, or Her, Highness; His Holiness (the Pope); **HH*** (pencils), harder; **hhd.**, hogshead, *-s*; **HHH*** (pencils), very hard.
H.I., *hic iacet* (here lies).
Hiatt (Charles), 1869-, writer.
hiatus*, *pl. -es** (not ital.).
hibernate*, *not* hy-.
hibernize*, *not* -ise.
hic*, speech interruption, *not* hik.
hic (Lat.), this, here.
hiccup*, *not* -cough, -kup.
hic et ubique (Lat.), here and everywhere.
Hichens (Robert S.), 1864-, writer.
hic iacet*(Lat.), here lies; — *sepultus*, here lies buried, abbr. H.I.S.
Hicks Beach (Sir Michael), 1837-, statesman (now Viscount St. Aldwyn).
hidalgo*, Sp. gentleman by birth; *pl. -s*.
hide-and-seek*, a game (hyphens).
hieing, *use* hy-*.
hier (Ger.), here; **Hier spricht man Deutsch**, German spoken here.
hieroglyphize*, *not* -ise.
higgledy-piggledy*.

High Church*, abbr. H.C.; **High-Churchman*** (hyphen, caps.).
highfalutin* (U.S.A.), bombast, *not* -en, *hifalutin*, -n', -ng.
high-flown* (hyphen).
high-flyer*, *not* -flier.
high pressure, abbr. H.P.
high-priest*, abbr. H.P. (hyphen).
high/road*; — seas (the), more than three miles from the coast (two words).
high-water mark* (one hyphen).
highwayman* (one word).
H.I.H., His, or Her, Imperial Highness.
Hijra|, -h, use Hegira*.
Hil., Hilary.
Hilary's Day (St.), 13 January in Ch. of Eng., 14 Jan. in Ch. of Rome.
Hilary/ Sittings, 11 Jan. to Wednesday before Easter; — **Term (law)**, 11-31 January.
Hilfsbuch (Ger. m.), aid, primer, manual (cap.).
hill, when with name to have cap., as Box Hill.
Hillingdon, Middlesex.
Hillington, Norfolk.
hillo|, -a, use hallo*.
hill/-side*, — **-top*** (hyphens).
H.I.M., His, or Her, Imperial Majesty.
Himalayas, India.
hinc| (Lat.), hence; — **illæ lachrymæ**, hence these tears.
Hind., Hindu, -stan, -stani.
Hindi, of N. India, *not* -dee (not ital.).
Hindlip (Baron).
hindmost*, *not* hinder-.
Hindoo, use Hindu*.
hindrance*, *not* -erance.
Hindu/*, *not* -doo, abbr. **Hind.** (not ital.); **-ism***, **-ize**.
Hindu Kush, mountains.

Hindustan, abbr. **Hind.**
Hindustani*, Urdu, the chief Indian language; abbr. **Hind.**
hing|e*, -ing*.
Hinterland*, the "back country" (not ital.).
hin und her (Ger.), to and fro; **hin und zurück**, there and back.
Hinweisungszeichen (Ger. typ. f.), reference mark.
hip/-bone*, — **-joint*** (hyphens).
hippodrome* (not ital.).
hippogriff*, a fabulous monster, *not* -gryph (not ital.).
hippopotamus*, *pl.* **-i*** (not ital.).
hirdy-girdy* (Sc.), disorder (*see also* hurdy-).
hireable*, obtainable for hire, *not* hira-.
Hirmo/s (Gr. Ch.), *pl.* **-i**.
H.I.S., *hic iacet sepultus* (here lies buried).
His| Eminence, abbr. **H.E.**; — **Excellency**, **H.E.**; — **Majesty**, **H.M.** (caps., not ital.).
his non obstantibus (Lat.), nevertheless.
hispanicize*, *not* -ise.
His, or Her, Royal Highness (caps.), abbr. **H.R.H.**
histor|ian, -ic, -ical (an, *not* a); abbr. **hist.**
Historicus, pen-name of George Grote, also of Sir W. Vernon Harcourt.
historiette* (not ital.).
history* (a, *not* an); notable epochs or events to have caps., as the Julian Era, the Middle Ages, the Peace of Utrecht.
Hitchin, Herts, *not* -en.
hitty-missy*, at random.
Hivites, people of North Palestine.
Hjelm (P. J.), 1746-1813, Swedish chemist.

H.K., House of Keys, Isle of Man.

H.L., House of Lords;
hl. (Ger.), *heilig* (holy);
H.L.I., Highland Light Infantry; **hl.S.** (Ger.), *heilige Schrift* (Holy Scripture); **hlw.** (Ger.), *Halbleinwand* (half-bound cloth).

H.M., His, or Her, Majesty; Home Mission; **Hm.** hectometre; (paper) hand-made; **h.m.**, *hoc mense* (in this month), *hujus mensis* (this month's); **H.M.C.***, His, or Her, Majesty's Customs; **H.M.I.**, ditto Inspector; **H.M.P.**, *hoc monumentum posuit* (he, or she, erected this monument); **H.M.S.***, His, or Her, Majesty's Service, or Ship; **H.M.S.O.**, Stationery Office; **H.M.O.W.**, Office of Works.

Ho, holmium.

ho., house.

hoar-frost* (hyphen).

hoarhound, *use hore.**

Hobbema (**Meindert**), 1638-1709, Dutch painter.

hobbledehoy*, raw youth, *not* the many variations.

hobby-horse* (hyphen).

hob-nob* (hyphen).

Hoboken, U.S.A.

hoboy (mus.), *use oboe**.

hoc/ age (Lat.), attend! *pron.* a'jee; — **anno**, in this year, abbr. **h.a.**; — **genus omne**, all this class.

hochabet (Lat.), a palpable hit!

Hoch (**dreimal**) (Ger.), three cheers.

Hochdruck (Ger. typ. m.), relief printing (cap.).

hochepot (Fr. cook. m.), a dish, hotchpotch.

hochstehender Buchstabe (Ger. typ.), superior letter, as ^b.

Hochwürden (Ger. noun, indecl.), Reverend (cap.).

hoc/ loco (Lat.), in this place; — **mense**, in this month, abbr. **h.m.**; — **monumentum posuit**, he, or she, erected this monument, abbr. **H.M.P.**; — **quære**, look for this, **h.q.**; — **sensu**, in this sense, **h.s.**; — **tempore**, at this time, **h.t.**; — **titulo**, in, or under, this title, **h.t.**

hocus-pocus* (hyphen).

hodge-podge*, a medley (*see also hotch-*).

hodie (Lat.), to-day.

hodmandod*, a snail.

hodograph* (math.), a curve.

hodometer*, distance measurer; -ry, *not* od-.

Hodson (**W. S. R.**), 1821-58, of Hodson's Horse.

Hoe, Plymouth; *pron.* ho.

Hoe (**R. M.**), 1812-86, printing-machine maker.

hoeing*, *not* hoing.

Hof (Ger. m.), court, hotel (cap.).

Hofdichter (Ger.), Poet Laureate (cap.).

Hoff (**Jacobus H. van't**), 1852-, Dutch chemist.

Hoffman (Professor), pen-name of J. A. Lewis.

Hoffmann (**Daniel**), 1576-1601, theologian; — (**E. T. A.**), 1776-1822, Ger. writer; — (**Fred-eric**), 1660-1742, Ger. chemist (*see also Hofm-*).

Hoffnung (Ger. f.), hope (cap.).

Hofmann (**A. W. von**), 1818-92, chemist; — (**Josef**), pianist; — (**J. C. K. von**), 1810-77, theologian (*see also Hoff-*).

Hofmann's violet.

hogmanay* (Sc.), the last day of the year.

hogshead/, -s, abbr. hhd.
Hohenzollern (House of), Prussian Imperial family.

hoiden, *use* hoy-*.

hoing, *use* hoe-*.

hoi polloi (not the) (Gr.), the masses, *not* oi —.

hokey-pokey*, ice-cream, *not* hoky - poky (hyphen).

holarctic* (zool.) (one word, *not* ital.).

Holbein (Hans), 1497-1543, painter.

hole-and-corner*, secret (hyphens).

holey*, having holes.

Holi, *use* *Hoollee**.

holibut, *use* halibut*.

holily*, sacredly.

holla, *use* hallo*.

hollabaloo, *use* hulla-*.

holland*, a linen (not cap.).

hollandais/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, Dutch; abbr. *holl.* (not cap.).

Hölle (Ger. f.), hell.

holl/o, -oa, -ow, *use* hallo*.

hollyhock*, a plant.

holmium, symbol Ho.

Holofernes, Assyrian. General; a pedantic teacher.

Holtei (K. von), 1798-1880, poet.

Hölty (L. H. C.), 1748-76, poet.

Holtzapffel (Charles), 1806-47, mechanician.

Holtz machine (elec.).

holus-bolus*, all at once (hyphen).

Holy Cross Day*, 14 September.

Holy/Ghost*; — Land* (two words, caps.).

Holyoake (G. J.), 1817-, writer.

Holy of holies* (one cap.).

Holyoke, Mass., U.S.A., a city.

Holy orders (one cap.).

Holy Roman Empire (caps.), abbr. H.R.E.

Holy Saturday, one before Easter.

Holy Spirit, as Deity (caps.).

holy stone* (naut.) (two words), *but* the verb to

holystone* (one word).

Holy Thursday, Ascension Day in Eng. Church; *but* Thursday in Holy Week, or Maundy Thursday, in Roman Church.

Holy Week*, one before Easter (two words, caps.).

Holz/block (Ger. typ. m.), wood-block; -*druck* (m.), wood-print; -*platte* (f.), woodcut-block; -*schnitt* (m.), woodcut.

homage, in Fr. *homm-*.

homard (Fr. m.), lobster.

home-brewed* (hyphen).

Home Counties (the), Essex, Herts, Kent, Middlesex, Surrey.

Homely (Josias), pen-name of John Bradford.

home-made* (hyphen).

Homeric, or loud, laughter (cap.).

Home/ Rule*, — Ruler (two words, caps.); abbr. H.R.

home-sick/*, -ness* (hyphens).

homespun* (one word).

homing*, *not* -eing.

hominy* (U.S.A.), ground maize.

homish*, home-like, *not* -eish.

Hommage/ de l'auteur (Fr.), with the author's compliments; — *de l'éditeur*, ditto publisher's, *not* editor's.

homme/ d'affaires (Fr.), business man, *not* — des —; — *de bien*, a respectable man; — *de let.res*, author; — *de paille*, man of straw; — *de robe*,

HOMME — HOPPING

- lawyer ; *homme* / *d'esprit*, man of wit ; — *d'état*, statesman ; — *de tête*, man of resource ; — *du monde*, man of fashion.
- hommock, *use* hu-*.
*hom/o** (Lat.), human being ; *pl. -ines*.
- homœopath*, *not* home-.
homogenize*, *not* -ise.
homoiousian*, of like substance (*not* ital.).
homologize*, to make homologous, *not* -ise.
homonym*, a word of like spelling but different meaning, *not* -me.
homocousian*, of the same substance, *not* homou- (*not* ital.).
homy*, home-like, *not* -ey.
Hon., Honourable (son of a peer), Honorary.
hon. (Fr.), *honoré* (honoured).
Honble., Honourable (Ind. title).
honest (an, *not* a).
honey-bee* (hyphen).
honeycomb* (one word).
honey-dew*, a sticky substance, a tobacco (hyphen).
honeyed*, sweet, *not* -ied.
honeymoon* (one word).
honeysuckle* (one word).
Hong-Kong, China (hyphen).
Honisoitquimalypense, evil be to him who thinks evil of it (motto of the Order of the Garter).
honnête homme (Fr. m.), a worthy man ; *homme honnête*, a civil man.
honoraires (Fr. pl. m.), fee, salary.
Honorar (Ger. n.), honorarium (cap.).
honorarium/* (a, *not* an) ; *pl. -s** (*not* ital.).
honorary secretary, abbr. Hon. Sec.
- honoré* (Fr.), honoured ; abbr. *hon.*
honoris / *causa*, or — *gratia* (Lat.), for the sake of honour.
honour (an, *not* a).
honourable* (an, *not* a) ; abbr. for son of peer, Hon., for Indian title, Honble.
Honourable Artillery Company, abbr. H.A.C.
Hon. Sec., honorary secretary.
hooch, *see* heuch.
hoodwink* (one word).
Hooghly, Ind., *use* Hugli.
Hook. / (bot.), Sir W. Hooker ; — *fil.* (bot.), Sir J. D. Hooker.
Hook (Theodore Edward), 1788-1841, humorist (*see also* Hooke).
hookah*, Oriental pipe, *not* hooka, -er, hoqqa, houka, hukah (*not* ital.).
hook and eye* (no hyphen).
Hooke (Robert), 1635-1703, physicist (*see also* Hook).
hook-in (typ.), when there are too many words for one line to carry, those at the end are carried above or below to the end of the preceding or succeeding line, as in poetry, etc.
*Hoollee**, E. Ind. religious festival, *not* Holi.
hooping-cough, *use* wh-*.
hoopoe*, S. European bird ; *pron.* hoo'poo.
hope* (a, *not* an).
hoping*, *not* -eing.
Hopkins (Johns, *not* John) University, U.S.A. (no apos.).
hop-o'-my-thumb*, a pigmy (hyphens).
hop-picker* (hyphen).
hopping*, action of hop, *also* hop gathering, *not* hoping.

Hoppner (John), 1758-1810, painter, R.A.

Hoppo*, Chinese Board of Revenue.

hopscotch*, (one word).

hor., horizon.

hor/a (Lat.), hour, *pl.* -æ;

horæ/ canonicæ, hours for prayer; — **subsecivæ**, leisure hours.

Horatius Cocles, of the Sublician Bridge; *pron.* kōk'leez.

horde*, a wandering tribe.

Horeham Road, Sussex.

horehound*, *not* hoar-.

Horham, Suffolk.

horizon, abbr. hor.

horn (English), one of the oboes; in Fr. *cor anglais*; — (French), one of the trumpet class.

hornblende*, *not* -d.

hornpipe*, a dance (one word).

horologe*, a timekeeper (*not* ital.).

horology, abbr. horol.

horoscope* (*not* ital.).

horribile/ dictu (Lat.), horrible to tell; — **visu**, horrible to see.

hors/* (Fr.), beyond, out of; — **concours**, not for competition (*not* de); — **de combat***, disabled; — **de la loi**, outlaw; — **de pair**, without an equal; — **-d'œuvre***, *sing.* and *pl.*, relish, -es.

Horse Artillery (caps., hyphen), abbr. H.A.

horseback* (one word).

horse/-chestnut*, *not* -chesnut; — **-coper***, *not* -couper (hyphens).

Horse Fair, Kidderminster (two words).

Horsefair, Yorks.

horse/-flesh*, — **-fly*** (hyphens).

Horse Guards (Royal)*, abbr. H.G. (two words, caps.).

horsehair* (one word).

horse/-marine*, a "land-lubber"; — **-power***, abbr.h.p.; — **-race***; — **-radish*** (hyphens).

horseshoe* (one word).

horse-tail* (hyphen).

horsewhip* (one word).

Horsham, Sussex.

hors ligne (Fr.), exceptional.

horsy*, horse-like, *not* -ey.

hort., horticulture.

hortus siccus*, collection of dried plants.

Hos., Hosea.

Hosanna/*, a shout of praise, "save, we pray," *not* -ah (*not* ital.); — Sunday, Palm Sunday.

hospital (a, *not* an).

hospitaller*, *not* -aler.

hostel/*, -ry*.

hostilize*, *not* -ise.

hostler, *use* ostler*.

hotbed* (hort.) (one word).

hotchpot* (law), gathering for purpose of equal division (one word).

hotchpotch* (cook.) (one word) (*see also* hodge-).

hôte (Fr. m.), innkeeper, host; also guest.

hotel* (an, *not* a); — (name of), when cited, if ambiguous, to be roman double-quoted.

Hôtel/ de ville* (Fr. m.), town hall; — **-Dieu***, a hospital, *pl.* **Hôtels-Dieu**; **hôtel garni**, furnished lodgings.

hotel-keeper (an, *not* a) (hyphen).

hot-house* (hort.) (hyphen).

Houdan, breed of fowls.

Houdin (J. E. R.), 1805-71, conjurer.

Houdon (J.-A.), 1741-1828, Fr. sculptor.

hour/* (an, *not* a); abbr. *sing.* or *pl.* h.; — **-glass*** (an, *not* a) (hyphen).

HOURI — HUCKABACK

houri/*, a nymph of the Moham. paradise; *pl.* -s.
Housa, African race, *use*
Hausa.
house, number of in a street, should have no point after, as 6 Fleet Street; *abbr.* **ho**.
House (the)*, the Stock Exchange, Christ Church (Oxford), the House of Commons, the work-house.
house/-agent*, — **-boat*** (*hyphens*).
housebote* (*law*), house repair.
housebreaker* (*one word*).
house/-flag*, — **-fly*** (*hyphens*).
house/holder*, **-keeper***, **-maid*** (*one word*).
House of/ Commons (the), *abbr.* **H.C.**; — **— Keys, H.K.**; — **— Lords, abbr. H.L.**
house/-painter*, — **-physician***, *abbr.* **H.P.**; — **-surgeon***, *abbr.* **H.S.** (*hyphens*).
housewife* (*one word*).
Housman (A. E.), 1859–, poet; — (**Laurence**), 1867–, writer and artist.
Houssaye (Arsène), 1815–96, writer; — (**Henri**), 1848–, writer.
houyhnhm*, a horse with human characteristics (“*Gulliver’s Travels*”); *pron.* hwîn’fm.
Hova, a Madagascan race.
hovell/er*, **-ing*** (*two l’s*).
howbeit* (*one word*).
howdah*, elephant-seat, *not* -a, houda, -ah, -ar, -er.
how-do-you-do*, *or* **how-d’ye-do*** (*hyphens*).
Howells (W. D.), 1837–, Amer. writer.

Howietown fishery, Stirling.
howitzer*, a cannon.
Howth, Dublin; *pron.* hōth.
hoy (*naut.*), *abbr.* **H**.
hoya* (*bot.*), a wax-plant.
hoyden*, *not* hoi-.
Hoylake, Cheshire (*one word*).
H.P., half-pay, high pressure, high-priest, house-physician, (*paper*) hot-pressed.
h.p., horse-power.
H.Q., Head-quarters.
h.q.*, *hoc quære* (look for this), *or* **q.v.**
H.R., Home Rule, -r, House of Representatives; **Hr.** (*Ger.*), Herr (*Mr., Sir*); **H.R.E.**, Holy Roman Empire; **H.R.H.***, *His, or Her, Royal Highness*; **H.R.I.P.** (*Lat.*), *hic requiescit in pace* (here rests in peace).
H.S., *hic sepultus (or situs)* (here is buried), *hoc sensu* (in this sense), house-surgeon; **hs.** (*Ger.*), *Handschrift* (manuscript); **H.S.E.**, *hic sepultus (or situs) est* (here lies buried); **H.S.H.**, *His, or Her, Serene Highness*; **H.S.M.**, *His, or Her, Serene Majesty*; **H.S.S.**, *Historiæ Societatis Socius* (Fellow of the Historical Society).
h.t., *hoc tempore* (at this time), *hoc titulo* (in, or under, this title); (*elec.*) high tension.
H.U., Harvard University.
hubble-bubble*, Oriental pipe (*hyphen, not ital.*).
Hübner (Julius), 1806–82, painter.
huckaback*, a fabric, *not* hugga- (*one word*).

- Hucknall** Torkard,
Notts, where Byron is
buried.
- Hudson Bay**, N. Amer.,
not Hudson's —.
- hue and cry*** (no hyphen).
- Hueffer** (F. M.), 1873—,
writer; — (Francis),
1845-89, mus. critic.
- Hügel** (Ger. m.), hill
(cap.).
- hugger-mugger***, secret-
ly (hyphen, *not* ital.).
- Hughenden**, Bucks; *pron.*
hitch'en-dn.
- Hugli**, *not* Hooghly.
- Hugo** (Victor Marie),
1802-85, Fr. writer.
- Huguenot***, *not* -onot.
- huis clos** (à) (Fr.), with
closed doors, *in camera*.
- huissier*** (Fr. m.), bailiff,
doorkeeper.
- huîtres** (Fr. f.), oysters.
- hujus anni** (Lat.), of this
year; abbr. *h.a.*
- hukah**, *use* hookah*.
- hullabaloo***, uproar, *not*
the many variations.
- Hullah** (J. P.), 1812-84,
musician.
- hull/o**, -oa, -oo, *use*
hallo*.
- Hulsean Lectures**, Cam-
bridge.
- Humaniora** (Lat.), the
humanities; abbr. *Hum.*
- humanize***, *not* -ise.
- humble*** (a, *not* an).
- humble-bee*** (hyphen).
- humble pie** (to eat)*, *not*
umbel (two words).
- Humboldt** (F. H. A.,
baron von), 1769-1859,
naturalist; — (K. W.
von), 1767-1835, states-
man and writer.
- humdrum*** (one word).
- Humean***, of Hume, *not*
-ian.
- humerus***, upper-arm
bone (*not* ital.).
- hummel***, -led*, -ler*
(Sc.), (cattle) hornless;
- (grain) awnless, *not*
humble.
- humming-bird*** (hy-
phen).
- hummock***, *not* -uck, ho-.
- humum**, Turkish bath,
use **hammam***.
- humoresque***, humorous-
ly, *not* humour-.
- humor/ist***, -ize*, *not* -ise.
- humorous**/*, -ly*, -ness*.
- humour**/, -ed*, -some*,
-somely*, -someness*,
not humor-.
- humpback*** (one word).
- Humperdinck** (Engel-
bert), 1854—, composer.
- Humphrey** (Duke).
- "Humphrey's Clock**
(Master)," by Dickens,
1840.
- "Humphry** (*not* -ey)
Clinker," by Smollett,
1771.
- humpty-dumpty*** (hy-
phen).
- humus***, vegetable mould.
- Hun**., Hungary, -ian.
- hunchback*** (one word).
- Huncoat**, Accrington.
- Huncote**, Leicester.
- hundert** (Ger.), hundred.
- hundred**/, abbr. C;
-weight/*, -s (one word),
abbr. cwt.
- Hungary***, abbr. Hun.;
in Fr. Hongrie, in Ger.
Ungarn.
- Hunstanton**, Norfolk;
pron. hun'stn.
- Hunter's Quay**, Argyl
(apos.).
- Huntingdonshire**, abbr.
Hunts (no point).
- Huntington**, Yorks.
- Huntley**, Glos.
- Huntly**, Aberdeen; —
(Marquess of), *not* -ey.
- Hunyadi János**, Hun-
garian mineral water.
- Hunyady** (János C.),
1387-1456, Hungarian
General, *not* -adi.
- hurden**, fabric, *use* har*.

HURDS — HYSTERON

- hurds**, *use* **hards***.
hurdy-gurdy* (mus.) (*see also* **hirdy**-).
hurly-burly*, *not* **hi-bi**-.
hurrah*, *not* -ay.
hurry-curry, *use* **hara-kiri***.
hurry-scurry*, **pell-mell**, *not* -sk-.
Hurst/monceaux, -pier-point, Sussex (one word).
Hus (John), 1369-1415, more correct than **Huss**.
husband, abbr. **h**.
Husbands Bosworth, Rugby (no apostrophe).
hussy*, *not* -zzy.
Hutton (G. M.), pen-name of Mrs. Mona Caird.
Huygens (Christian), 1629-95, astr., *not* -ghens; *pron.* hy'gänz.
Huysmans (Joris Karl), 1848-, Fr. writer.
huzza*, a hurrah.
huzzy, *use* **hussy***.
h.w. (cricket), hit wicket.
Hwb. (Ger.), *Handwörterbuch* (handy dictionary).
H. W. M., high - water mark.
hyacinth* (bot.).
Hyacinthe (Père), or Charles Loyson, 1827-, priest.
hyæna, *use* **hyena***.
hibernate, *use* **hi**-.
hybridize*, etc., *not* -ise.
hyd., hydrostatics.
Hyderabad, India, *use* **Haidar**-.
hydrangea*, a shrub, *not* -ia (ital.).
hydro/carbon*, -dynamics* (one word).
hydrogen*, symbol **H***.
hydrogenize*, *not* -ise.
hydrolysis*, decomposition of water.
hydrophobia* (not ital.).
hydrostatics, abbr. **hyd.**
hydrotherap/eutics*, -y* (one word).
hyena*, *not* **hyæ**-.
Hyères, dép. Var, France.
Hygeia*, goddess of health, *not* -gea, -giea.
hygeian*, healthy, *not* -ean, -iean.
hygeist*, a sanitarian, *not* -gieist.
hygiene*, science of health.
hying*, *not* **hie**-.
H. Y. M. A., Hebrew Young Men's Association.
hymen* (anat.) (not ital.).
hymeneal* (not ital.).
hymn-book* (hyphen).
hyp., hypothesis, hypothetical.
hyperæm/ia*, -ic*, *not* -emia, -hæmia.
hyperbola*, a curve.
hyperbole*, exaggeration; *pron.* hy-per'bō-lē.
hyperbolize*, *not* -ise.
hypercriticize*, *not* -ise.
hyphenize*, *not* -ise.
hyphens, *see* punctuation, XV.
hypnotize*, *not* -ise.
hypochondria*, *not* -condria (not ital.).
hypocrisy* (an, *not* a).
hypoderm/a*, an underlying tissue; *pl.* -ata*.
hypostatize*, *not* -ise.
hypotenuse* (geom.), *not* hypoth-.
hypothec* (Scots law).
hypothes/is* (a, *not* an), *pl.* -es*; abbr. **hyp**.
hypothesize*, to assume, *not* -ise.
hy-spy*, a game, *not* I spy.
hysteresis* (physics).
hysterical (an).
hysteron proteron*(Gr.), the reverse of natural order: the cart before the horse.

I.

- I.**, Idaho, island, -s, the ninth in a series, all proper names with this initial, *imperator* (emperor), *imperatrix* (empress), (Ger.) *Ihr* (your), etc.
- I**, iodine, (roman numeral) one (no point).
- I** (typ.), should not come at end of line if avoidable.
- I** (elec.), moment of inertia (ital.).
- i.**, *id* (that).
- i** (Gr.), iota (no dot); (math.) square root of minus one.
- I** (it is), **it is me**, both permissible in speech, but latter should not be printed.
- I.A.**, Indian Army, infected area.
- Ia.**, offic. abbr. for Iowa.
- i. A.** (Ger.), *im Auftrage* (by order of).
- I.A.A.A.**, Irish Amateur Athletic Association.
- Iachimo**, in "Cymbeline"; *pron.* yak'i-mo.
- iambize***, *not* -ise.
- ibex/***, *pl.* -es*.
- ibidem*** (Lat.), in the same place, *pron.* Ib-i'dem; abbr. **ib.***, or **ibid.*** (ital., *not* cap.) (*see also idem*).
- ibis/*** (ornith.), *pl.* -es*.
- Iblis**, *use E-*.
- I.B.S.A.**, Inanimate Bird Shooting Association.
- Ibsen** (Henrik), 1828-, Norwegian writer.
- I.C.**, *Iesus Christus* (Jesus Christ).
- I.C.A.**, Irish Cyclists Association.
- Icarian***, of Icarus, *not* -ean.
- Ice.**, Iceland, -ic.
- ice-cream*** (hyphen).
- Icelandic** (typ.), roman now used, but with many special characters.
- ich** (Ger.), **I** (cap. only at beginning of sentence).
- Ich dien** (Ger.), I serve (motto of the Prince of Wales).
- ichthyology**, abbr. **ichth.**
- ichthyosaurus*** (palæont.), *pl.* -i*.
- ICI on parle français**, French spoken here (l.c. f).
- Icknield Street**, a Roman road in England.
- I.C.N.**, *In Christi nomine* (in Christ's name).
- icon/***, an illustration or portrait; *pl.* -s; -ic*, *not* ik-, eik- (*not* ital.) (*see also Eikon*).
- icon.**, iconography, -ic.
- I.C.S.**, Indian Civil Service.
- I.C.T.**, *Iesu Christo Tutore* (Jesus Christ being our protector).
- I.D.** (mil.), Intelligence Department.
- id** (Lat.), that; abbr. **i.**
- id.***, *idem* (the same).
- I'd***, I had, or I would; (typ.) to be close up.
- Idaho**, abbr. **I.**
- I.D.B.** (S. Africa), illicit diamond buyer.
- idealize***, *not* -ise.
- ideological**, *see* **ideo-**.
- idée fixe** (Fr. f.), fixed idea.
- idem/*** (Lat.), the same, or, as mentioned before; *pl.* same, abbr. **id.*** It has been suggested to confine use of *idem* or *id.* to author's name, and *ibid.* or *ib.* to title of book, as *Id.*, *ib.*; — **quod**, the same as, abbr. **i.q.**
- ideograph***, a character, not a word, symbolizing an idea, *not* **idea-**.

ideolog/ical*, relating to the study of ideas, *not* idea-; **-ist***, a mere theorist; **-ize***, *not* -ise.

ides*, the fifteenth of March, May, July, October, the thirteenth of other months.

id est* (Lat.), that is; abbr. **i.e.*** (abbr. *not* ital., no caps., comma before).

id genus omne (Lat.), all of that kind.

idiocy*, *not* -tcy.

idiosyncrasy*, *not* -cy.

idiotcy, *use* **idiocy***.

idl/ing*, **-y***, *not* -eing, -ey.

I.D.N. (Lat.), *In Dei nomine* (in God's name).

idolater*, *not* -or.

idolize*, *not* -ise.

idol/on*, an image; *pron.*

i-dō'lōn, *pl.* **-a***.

Idumæa, *not* -ea.

idyll*, *not* -yl.

-ie-, in words, the pronunciation of which does not imply the spelling: — achieve, adieu, aerie, aggrieve, ancient, apiece, archiepiscopal, Aries, audience, barrier, befriend, belie, belief, believe, besiege, bier, bombardier, brier, brief, brigadier, calefacient, cashier, cavalier, chandelier, chief, chiffonier, clothier, coefficient, collie, collier, commoriant, conscience, consentient, co-sentient, coterie, courier, courtier, cuirassier, courier, deficient, die, disbelieve, disobedience, disorientate, dissilient, efficiency, -t, emollient, enshield, farrier, fie, fief, field, fieldfare, fiend, fierce, flies, friend, frieze, frontier, fusilier, gaiety, gambier, gaselier, glacier, grenadier, grief, grieve, -ance, -ous, händkerchief, harrier, hie,

hosiery, hygienic, impatience, -t, inalienable, inefficiency, -t, ingluvies, lie, lief, liege, lieu, lieutenant, maieutic, mediety, mien, misbelief, mischief, mischievous, nescience, niece, niello, omniscience, -t, oriel, orient, osier, patience, -t, pie, piebald, piece, -meal, pier, pierce, piezometer, prairie, premier, prescience, priest, -craft, -hood, -rid, proficiency, -t, prurience, -t, purlieu, quotient, rabies, rapier, relief, reprieve, resiliency, -t, retrieve, reverie, review, rillievo, sentient, shield, shriek, siege, sieve, spaniel, specie, -s, stupefacient, sufficiency, -t, super-salient, sympiesometer, tannier (a root), terrier, thief, thieve, tie, tier, tierce, tiercel, transient, vernier, vie, view, -less, vizier, wield, yield, and in the pl. of nouns, comparative of adverbs, and past part. of verbs ending in y (*not* -ey), as fancies, speedier, hurried (*see also* **-ei-**).

I.E., Indian Empire, Indo-European.

i.e.*, *id est* (that is) (*not* ital., no caps., comma before).

Iesu (Lat.), Jesus.

I.G., Indo-Germanic, (mil.) Inspector-General.

Igdrasil, **Iggdrasil**, *use* **Yggdrasil**.

I.G.F. (mil.), Inspector-General of Fortifications.

ign., *ignotus* (unknown).

Ignatief (count **N. P.**), 1832-87, Russian diplomatist.

ignis fatuus* (Lat.), will-o'-the-wisp; *pl.* **ignes fatui**.

- ignitable*, *not* -ible.
 ignoramus/*, *pl.* -es*.
 ignoratio elenchi*(Lat.),
 refuting a proposition
 differing from that one
 professes to be refuting.
ignotum per ignotius
 (Lat.), the unknown by
 means of the more un-
 known, *not* ignotus.
ignotus (Lat.), unknown;
 abbr. **ign.**
i.h., *iacet hic* (here lies).
ihm (Ger.), to him.
ihnen (Ger.), to you (in
 address) (cap.); to them
 (not cap.).
i.h.p.* (mech.), indicated
 horse-power.
thr (Ger.), your (cap.);
 abbr. **I.**
thr (Ger.), to her, her,
 their (not cap.).
I H S*, Iesus (Jesus) (no
 points).
II* (roman numeral), two
 (no point).
III* (roman numeral), three
 (no point).
IIII, *use* **IV**, except on
 clock-face.
i. J., *im Jahre* (in the year).
ij (med.), two.
i. J. d. W. (Ger.), *im Jahre*
der Welt (in the year of
 the world).
I.K.H. (Ger.), *Ihre könig-*
liche Hoheit (Her Royal
 Highness).
ikon, *use* icon* (*see also*
Eikon).
il (Fr.), he or it; (It., m.),
 the.
ilex/* (bot.), *pl.* -es.
Iliad*, of Homer (roman,
 not quoted).
Ilichpur, Ind., *use* **Ellich**.
ilk (of that), of the same
 name, not family.
Ill., off. abbr. Illinois.
ill., *illustrissimus* (most
 distinguished).
I'll*, I shall or will; (typ.)
 to be close up.
 ill-advised/*, -ly* (hy-
 phens).
Ille-et-Vilaine, dép. Fr.
 illegalize*, *not* -ise.
 illegitimatize*, *not* -ise.
 ill-health (hyphen).
 illiberalize*, *not* -ise.
 Illinois, off. abbr. **Ill.**
 illipsis, *use* e-*.
illotis manibus (Lat.),
 with unwashed hands,
 unprepared.
illuminat/i*, a sect; *sing.*
 -o.
 illustrat/ed, -ion, abbr.
 illus.
 illustrations, references
 to be as "Plate II, fig. 4."
 illustrator*, *not* -er.
 ill will* (two words).
il n'y a pas de quoi (Fr.),
 don't mention it.
I.L.P., Independent Labour
 Party.
I'm*, I am; (typ.) to be
 close up.
im (Ger. m. and n.), *in dem*
 (in the).
imagines majorum (Lat.),
 ancestors' portraits.
 imag/o*, winged insect;
pl. -ines* (not ital.).
imam*, Mohammedan
 priest, *not* -âm, -aum.
im Auftrage (Ger.), by
 order of; abbr. **i. A.**
 im/bank, -bargo, -bathe,
 -bed, -bitter, -blaze,
 -blossom, -body,
 -bolden, -bosom,
 -bound, -bower,
 -brangle, *use* em-*.
 imbr/ex*, a gutter tile; *pl.*
 -ices.
 imbroglio/*, *pl.* -s, *not* em-,
pron. im-bro'lyo (not ital.).
 im/brue*, -brute*, -bue*,
not em-.
I.M.D., Indian Medical
 Department.
im Jahre (Ger.), in the
 year; abbr. **i. J.**
 immanent*, inherent (*see*
 also immi-).

IMMATERIALIZE — IMPRINT

immaterialize*, *not* -ise.

immeasurabl/e*, -y*.

Immediatkommission

(Ger. f.), a royal commission.

immesh, *use* en-*

imminent*, coming on soon (*see also* imma-).

immobile* (not ital.).

immobiliz/e*, -ation*.

immortalize*, *not* -ise.

immortelle*, an everlasting flower (not ital.).

immov/able*, -ability*, -ableness*, -ably*.

immunize*, *not* -ise.

I.M.N.S., Imperial Military Nursing Service.

imp., imperative, imperial, impersonal, imported, -er, imprimatur.

impair*, *not* em-.

impale/*, -ment*, *not* em-.

impa/nel, -nnel, *use* em-panel*.

impassable*, not to be passed.

impasse*, a blind alley (not ital.).

impassible*, insensible.

impassion*, *not* em-.

impasto*, the thick laying on of colour.

impedance* (elec.), hindrance (not ital.).

impediment/a*, baggage; *sing.* -um (not ital.).

impel/*, -led*, -ling*.

imperative, abbr. imp.

imperat/or* (Lat.), *fem.* -rix*, absolute ruler; abbr. I.

imperf., imperfect, (stamps) imperforate.

imperfect, abbr. imp.

imperial, abbr. imp.

imperial/ (double), printing paper, 44 × 30 in.; — folio, 22 × 15; — octavo, 11 × 7¹/₂; — quarto, 15 × 11 (*see also* books).

Imperial (Ger. typ. n.), nine-line pica type (cap.).

imperialize*, *not* -ise.

imperial/*, -led*, -ling.

imperium in imperio*

(Lat.), an empire within an empire.

impersonal, abbr. imp.

imphee*, a sugar-cane, *not* -fe, -phie.

impicture, *use* em-*

impierce, *use* em-*

implicite (Lat.), by implication.

import/ed, -er, abbr. imp.

impose* (typ.), to arrange pages of type in a "form," so that they will read consecutively when the printed sheet is folded.

impostor*, *not* -er.

impresa (It.), an undertaking.

impresario* (one s) (not ital.).

impressa (It.), an imprint.

impression* (typ.), the degree of pressure on a sheet in the printing press; the imprint of type, etc., as "a good impression"; a printed copy; an edition; printing (*see also* title pages).

imprimatur*, sanction; abbr. imp. (not ital.).

imprim/er (Fr.), to print; -erie, f. printing office; -eur, m. printer.

imprimis* (Lat.), in the first place, *not* in primis (ital.).

imprint* (printer's), the name of the printer and place of printing at the end of a book, or on the back of the title page (O.E.D.). Necessary by Act of Parliament: if omitted, payment not recoverable by law. To be on *all* parliamentary and municipal election work, even on post cards. — (publisher's), the name of the publisher, place of

publication, and date, usually printed at the foot of the title page (O.E.D.) (see also title page).

impromptu*, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

improvisat/e*, to extemporize; *m.* -ore*, *fem.* -rice*, *pl.* -ori* (not ital.) (one *v.*).

improvise*, *not* -ize.

I.M.S., Indian Medical Service; (Ger.), *Ihrer Majestät Schiff* (Her Majesty's Ship).

In* (chem.), indium.

in., inch, -es.

in (Ger.), in, into.

-in* (chem.), a suffix to names of neutral substances (see also -ine).

in/ abstracto* (Lat.), in the abstract; — **actu**, in reality; — **æternum**, for ever; — **alio loco**, in another place.

inamorat/o*, *fem.* -a*, a lover, *not* en- (not ital.) (see also **inn**).

in articulo mortis* (Lat.), at the moment of death.

inasmuch* (one word).

in banco* (Lat.), before a quorum of judges.

Inbegriff (Ger. *m.*), epitome, inclusion (*cap.*).

Inca*, one of the royal race of Peru, *not* Y-.

in cælo quies (Lat.), in heaven (is) rest, *not* cæ-.

incage, *use* en-*

in/ camera* (Lat.), not in open court; — **capite***, holding direct from the Crown.

incase, *use* en-*

in/ cathedra* (Lat.), in the chair of office; — **cautelam**, for a warning.

incavo (It.), the incised part of an intaglio.

inch*, in metric system 25.4 millimetres; *pl.* -es, abbr.

in., sign "

inchase, *use* en-*

Inchcape Rock (two words).

inchmeal*, little by little.

in Christi nomine (Lat.), in Christ's name; abbr.

I.C.N.

incipit* (Lat.), (here) begins; **-ur**, it is begun.

incise*, *not* -ize.

incl., including, inclusive.

incl. (Fr.), *inclusivement* (inclusive).

inclasp, *use* en-*

incloister, *use* en-*

inclose, etc., *use* en-*

including, abbr. **incl.**

"In Cœna Domini," celebrated papal bull.

Incogniti cricket club.

incognit/o*, *pl.* -i*, *fem.* -a*, *pl.* -æ; abbr. **incog.**

incognizable*, *not* -isable.

income-tax* (hyphen).

in/ commendam* (Lat.), temporarily holding a vacant benefice; — **concreto***, in the concrete.

inconnu/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, unknown.

incor., incorporated.

increase/ed, -ing, abbr. **incr.**

incroach, *use* en-*

incrust, *use* en-*

incrystal*, *not* en-.

incubous*(bot.) (not ital.).

incub/us*, an oppression; *pl.* -i*.

incumber, etc., *use* en-*

incunabul/a*, *sing.* -um*, the earliest examples of any art; (bibliog.) books printed before 1500.

incur*, -red*, -ring*.

in curia (Lat.), in open court.

incu/s* (zool.), *pl.* -des.

in custodia legis (Lat.), in legal custody.

Ind., poetical for India (no point).

Ind., India, -n, off. abbr. for Indiana.

IND. — INDICTER

ind., independent, index, indication.
I.N.D., *in nomine Dei* (in the name of God).
in das (Ger. n.), into the; abbr. **ins**.
 indeclinable, abbr. **indecl.**
 indefatigable*, -y*.
 indefeasible*, *not* -able.
 indefensible*.
 indefinite, abbr. **indef.**
 indelible*, *not* -able, -eble.
in deliciis* (Lat.), in affection.
in dem (Ger. m. and n.), in the; abbr. **im**.
 indemni/fy*, -ty, *not* en-.
 indent* (typ.), to begin a line, or lines, with a blank space.
 indention* (hanging or reverse) (typ.), the first line full out, those following indented, as here.
 indenture*, *not* en-.
 independ/ence*, -ent*, abbr. **ind.**
 Independence Day*, U.S.A., 4 July.
in deposito* (Lat.), in deposit.
 index/*, *pl.* -es*, abbr. **ind.** To make the catchword of each entry prominent it should be printed in a special fount such as **clarendon**. A colon after catchword, a comma between last word of entry and first figure of volume or page, also between pages when there are more than one. A semicolon between each entry under same catchword. The volume, when more than one, to be in roman lower-case numerals, i, ii, to be followed by comma. First line of each par. to be full width of measure, subsequent lines indented (in small type, one en or em).

ind/ex* (math.), *pl.* -ices*;
 — (typ.) the hand ~~used~~ used to point out a passage, etc., or to call attention.
"Index/ Expurgatorius"* (Lat.), index of the passages to be expurgated; **"— Librorum/ Expurgandorum"*** (R.C.C.), a list of books which may be read only in expurgated editions; **"— — Prohibitorum"*** (R.C.C.), a list of books which the Church forbids to be read.
index/ rerum (Lat.), an index of things; **— verborum**, ditto of words.
 India/, -n, abbr. **Ind.**
 India/man* (naut.), *pl.* -men*.
 india matting.
 Indiana, offic. abbr. **Ind.**
 Indianapolis, U.S.A.
 Indian/Army, abbr. **I.A.**; **— Civil Service, I.C.S.**
 indian/ corn, — ink, *not* india — (not cap.).
 indian red*.
 Indian/ Empire, abbr. **I.E.**; **— Territory, U.S.A.**, off. abbr. **Ind.T.**
 India paper*, generally imported from China (!), *not* -ian (no hyphen); **Oxford*** — —, a very thin, tough, opaque printing-paper made by the Oxford University Press (O.E.D.); **India proof***, one printed on India paper (cap. *I*).
 india-rubber* (hyphen).
 indicated horse-power, abbr. **i.h.p.**
 indication, abbr. **ind.**
 indicative, abbr. **indic.**
 ind/ices* (math.), *not* -exes; *sing.* -ex*.
indici/um*, a sign; *pl.* -a*.
 indicter*, *not* -or.

indigestible*, *not* -able.
 indiscreet*, injudicious.
 indiscrete*, *not* divided
 into distinct parts.
in disparte (It.), aside.
 indispensable*, *not* -ible.
 indium*, symbol In*.
 individualize*, *not* -ise.
*individuū** (Lat.), the
 indivisible; *pl.* -a*.
 Ind. Meth., Independent
 Methodists.
 Indo-European*, abbr.
 I.E., *or* Indo-Eur.
 Indo-German/*, -ic*,
 abbr. I.G., *or* Indo-
 Ger.
 indoor/*, -s* (one word).
 indorse, etc., *use* en-*.
 Indostan, *use* Hindu-.
 indraught*, *not* -aft.
 Ind.T., offic. abbr. for
 Indian Territory, U.S.A.
*in dubio** (Lat.), in doubt.
 indubitably*.
 induction*, *not* -xion.
 indu/e, -re, *use* en-*.
in duplo (Lat.), in dupli-
 cate.
 -ine* (chem.), a suffix re-
 stricted to names of
 alkaloids and basic sub-
 stances (*see also* -in).
inédit], *fem.* -e (Fr.), un-
 published.
inedita (Lat.), unpublished
 compositions.
 ineffaceable*.
*in equilibrio** (Lat.), in
 equilibrium.
 inertia* (*not* ital.), *but vis*
inertiæ.
*in| esse** (Lat.), actually
 existing; — *excelsis**, in
 the highest (degree); —
*extenso**, at full length;
 — *extremis**, at the very
 point of death.
 in f., in fine (finally).
 inf., infantry, infinitive.
inf., *infra* (below).
in facie| curiæ (Lat.),
 before the court; — —
ecclesiæ, ditto Church.

infallibilist*, *not* -blis.
*Infanta**, dau. of King and
 Queen of Spain; *In-*
*fante**, younger son of
 ditto.
 infantry, abbr. inf.
 infected area, abbr. I.A.
 infer/*, -red*, -ring*.
 infer/able*, deducible, *not*
 -ible, -rable, -rible.
 inferior characters
 (typ.), those set below
 the line, as in chem.
 formulæ; thus ^{1.2.a.b.}
 inferr/able, -ible, *use*
 inferable*.
in fidem copiæ (Lat.),
 true copy.
*in fleri** (Lat.), in course
 of completion.
infima species (Lat.), *pl.*
infimæ —.
 infin., infinitive.
 in fine*, finally; abbr. in f.
 (*not* ital.).
 infinitive, abbr. inf., *or*
 infin.
*in flagrante delicto**
 (Lat.), in the very act of
 committing the offence.
 inflatable*, *not* -eable.
 inflater*, *not* -or.
 inflexion*, *not* -ction.
 infold, etc., *use* en-*.
in-folio (Fr. m.), folio.
 inforce, etc., *use* en-*.
*in forma pauperis**
 (Lat.), as a pauper.
*in foro| conscientiæ**
 (Lat.), in the court of
 conscience; — — *do-*
mestico, in a domestic,
 not foreign, court; — —
seculari, in a secular
 court.
infra (Lat.), below, abbr.
inf.; — *dignitatem**,
 undignified, abbr. *infra*
*dig.**
*infula**, the ribbons of a
 bishop's mitre.
*in fumo** (Lat.), in smoke.
 infuser*, *not* -or.
*infusoriū**, *pl.* -a*.

in futuro (Lat.), in, or for, the future.
 Ingelow (Jean), 1820-97, poetess.
*in genere** (Lat.), in kind.
ingénieur civil (Fr. m.), civil engineer.
ingénue (Fr. f.), an artless girl.
*ingesta**, food, etc. (not ital.).
 Ingestre, Staffs, *pron.* in'ges-trě (g, as in go.)
*ingle-nook**, chimney corner (hyphen).
 "Ingoldsby Legends," by R. H. Barham, 1840.
ingraft, *ingrain* (verb), *use en*.*.
*ingrain** (adj.) (one word).
in gremio legis (Lat.), in the lap of the law.
in/groove, -gross, -gulf, *use en*.*.
inhabitant, abbr. *inhab.*
in hac parte (Lat.), on this part.
Inhalt (Ger. m.), contents.
Inhaltsverzeichnis (Ger. n.), table of contents (cap.).
 Index in Ger. is called Register.
*inherit**, etc., *not en*-.
in/ hoc (Lat.), in this respect; — *hoc salus*, safety in this; — *infinitum**, for ever; — *initio*, in the beginning, abbr. *in init.*; — *integrum*, entire; — *invidiam*, to excite prejudice; — *invitum*, compulsory.
 I.N.I., *in nomine Iesu* (in the name of Jesus).
Inisfail, *use Inn*-.
inisle, *use en*-*.
*initial**, -ed*, -ing*.
initials (typ.), not to be separated by end of line. (See also capitalization, capitals.)
in jure (Lat.), in law.
injuri/a (Lat.), a wrong; *pl. -æ*.

Inkermann, Crimea, *not -an*.
*ink/pot**, -stand* (one word).
*in/ limine** (Lat.), at the outset, abbr. *in lim.*; — *loco**, in place of; — *loco citato*, in the place cited, abbr. *loc. cit.*; — *loco parentis**, in the position of parent; — *medias res**, into the midst of affairs; — *medio**, in the middle; — *medio tutissimus ibis*, the middle course is safest; — *memoriam**, in memory (of).
*innamorat/o**, *fem. -a**, mod. It. spelling of *inam*-*.
Innenseite (Ger. typ. f.), the inside of a sheet.
inner (typ.), that side of a sheet containing the second page.
innerhalb (Ger.), within.
 Innes (C.), 1798-1874, Sc. antiquary.
 Inness (G.), 1825-94, Amer. painter.
innigsten Dank (Ger. accus.), warmest thanks.
Innisfail, poet. for Ireland, *not Ini*-.
Inniskilling/ Dragoons, — *Fusiliers* (see also E-).
*innkeeper** (one word).
*Innocents' Day**, 28 December (caps.).
innoculate, *use ino*-*.
*innocuous**, harmless.
in/ nomine (Lat.), in the name (of a person); — *notis* (Lat.), in the notes.
*innnoxious**, harmless.
inns (names of), when cited, if ambiguous, to be roman double-quoted.
*Inns of Court**(the), Inner Temple, Middle Temple, Lincoln's Inn, Gray's Inn.

*in/ nubibus** (Lat.), in the clouds; — *nuce*, in a nutshell.

*innuendo/**, *pl. -es**, *not inu-* (not ital.).

*Innu*t (Eskimo).

in-octavo (Fr.), octavo.

*inoculate**, *not en-*, *inn-*.

in ovo (Lat.), undeveloped.

*inoxidize**, *not -ise*.

in/ pace (Lat.), in peace;

— *pari materia*, in an analogous case; — *partibus infidelium**, in the regions of unbelievers, abbr. *i.p.i.*, or *in partibus**.

*in-patient** (hyphen).

in/ pectore (Lat.), in reserve; — *perpetuum**, for-ever; — *persona*, in person; — *petto** (It.), in reserve; — *piccolo* (It.), in little; — *plano** (Lat.), on a plane surface; — *pontificalibus**, in the proper vestments; — *posse**, potentially; — *posterum*, for the future; — *potentia**, potentially; — *præsenti*, now; — *præsentia*, for the present; — *primis*, *use imprimis**; — *principio**, in the beginning, abbr. *in pr.*; — *propria causa*, in his, or her, own suit; — *propria persona**, in his, or her, own person; — *prospectu*, in prospect; — *puris naturalibus**, naked.

*in-quarto** (Fr. m.), quarto.

*inquir/e**, *-y**, *not en-*.

*in/ re** (Lat.), in the matter of; — *rem* (law), relating to a matter; — *rerum natura**, in the nature of things.

I.N.R.I., *Iesus Nazarenus, Rex Iudæorum* (Jesus of Nazareth, King of the Jews).

inroll, *use enrol**.

Ins., Inspector.

ins., insurance.

ins (Ger.), *in das* (into the).

*in sæcula sæculorum**

(Lat.), for ever and ever.

insconce, *use en-**.

*insculpture**, *not en-*.

in se (Lat.), in itself, in themselves.

*insecta** is *pl.*, *not -æ*.

in-seize (Fr.), 16mo.

Insel (Ger. f.), island (cap.).

*insert** (typ.), an additional sentence or paragraph added to a proof to be inserted in the revise or final proof.

*inset** (typ.), to insert as an inset; an extra page or set of pages inserted in a proof, or book; an advertisement on a separate leaf inserted in a magazine (O.E.D.); one folded sheet laid inside another.

*inset/**, *-ted**, *-ting**.

inside/ (typ.), that side of a sheet containing the second page; — *quires or reams* (typ.), those with perfect sheets.

*insignia** is *pl.* (not ital.).

*insisten/ce**, *-t**, *not -ance*, *-ant*.

*in situ** (Lat.), in position.

insnare, *use en-**.

in solido (Lat.), entirely.

*insomnia**, sleeplessness.

*insoucian/ce**, carelessness; *-t**, careless (not ital.).

insoul, *use en-**.

*in specie** (Lat.), in the precise form.

Inspector, abbr. *Ins.*

Inspector-General, abbr.

I.G., or *Ins.-Gen.*;

ditto of Fortifications,

I.G.F.

I.N.S.T., *in nomine Sanctæ Trinitatis* (in the name of the Holy Trinity).

INST. — INTERPRET

inst., instant, institute, -s, -ion.
 install* (two *l*'s), *not* en-.
 instalment* (one *l*).
 instant, of this month, abbr. inst.—should not be printed.
*instante** (Lat.), at once (ital.).
instar omnium (Lat.), worth all the rest.
in statu pupillari (Lat.), in a condition of pupillage; — — *quo* (*ante, prius, or nunc*)*, in the same state (as formerly or now).
 Inst.C.E., Institution of Civil Engineers.
 instil/*, *not* -ll; -led*, -ling*.
 Institut de France, the association of the five French Academies.
 institut/e, -es, -ion, abbr. inst.
 Institute of Actuaries, abbr. Inst.Act.; ditto Marine Engineers, Inst.M.E.
 Institution of Civil Engineers, abbr. Inst. C.E.; ditto Electrical Engineers, Inst.E.E.; ditto Mechanical Engineers, Inst.Mech.E.; ditto Naval Architects, Inst.N.A.
 institutor*, *not* -er.
 instructor*, *not* -er.
 instrument/, -al, abbr. instr.
 insurance*, "the present usage is to differentiate life *assurance*, and fire and marine *insurance*" (O.E.D.); abbr. ins.
 inswathe, *use* en-*.
 int., interest, interior, interjection, interpreter.
int. (Fr.), *intérêt* (interest).
 intaglio/*, incised design, *pl.* -s* (*not* ital.); — printing, that done

from an incised plate, or the reverse of ordinary printing; *pron.* in-täl'yo.
 integration (sign of), *∫*.
 intellectualize*, *not* -ise.
*in tenebris** (Lat.), in a state of doubt; *pron.* tē-nē-.
 intens., intensive, intensive.
 inter/*, to bury; -red*, -ring*.
 inter. (typ.), abbr. for interrogation mark.
inter/* (Lat.), between; — *alia**, among other things; — *alios**, among other persons; — *canem et lupum*, between the dog and the wolf.
 interest, abbr. int.; in Fr. m. *intérêt*.
*interim** (Lat.), meanwhile (ital.).
 interim (in the)* (*not* ital.).
 interior, abbr. int.
 interjection, abbr. int., or interj.
 interleaf*, an extra leaf, usually blank, inserted between the regular leaves of a book (O.E.D.); *pl.* interleaves*.
interligner (Fr. typ.), to insert leads.
 interlinearmatter (typ.), small type between lines of larger (*see also* quotations).
 intermarr/iage*, -y* (one word).
 intermedi/um*, *pl.* -a* (*not* ital.).
*in terminis** (Lat.), in express terms.
 intermit/*, -ted*, -ting*.
Internat (Fr., Ger.), boarding-school (Ger. cap.).
 internationalize*, *not* -ise.
*inter nos** (Lat.), between ourselves.
 interoceanic* (one word).
 interpose*, *not* en-.
 interpret*, *not* en-.

interpreter*, abbr. int.
Interpunktio (Ger. typ. f.), punctuation (cap.).
 interregnum/*, *pl. -s** (not ital.).
 interrog., interrogation, -ative, -atively.
 interrogation point (?), abbr. inter. (see punctuation, XVIII).
*in terrorem** (Lat.), as a warning.
 interrupter*, not -or.
*inter| se** (Lat.), among, or between, themselves; — *vivos*, during lifetime.
 interspacing of letters (typ.), shown in MS. by a line between each, and in margin ‡.
in testimonium (Lat.), in witness.
 inthral/l, -ll, *use* enthrall*, not -ll.
 intitule*, etc., not en-, but entitle*.
 into (typ.), not to be divided.
*intonaco**, plaster surface for frescopainting, not -ico.
in toto/* (Lat.), entirely; — — *cælo*, as far as possible.
intra| (Lat.), within; — *muros*, privately.
 intrans., intransitive.
in trans., *in transitu* (on the way).
 intransigent* (adj.), irreconcilable; in Fr. *intransigeant* (m. and adj.) (no accent).
*in transitu** (Lat.), on the way; abbr. *in trans.*
 intrap, *use* en-*.
intra vires (Lat.), within one's powers.
 intreat, *use* en-*.
 intrench, *use* en-*.
intrigant/* (Fr.), *fem. -e**, intriguer (ital.).
 introduction, abbr. introd. (see also preliminary matter).

intrust, *use* en-*.
intuitu (Lat.), in respect of.
 intussuscept*.
 intwine, intwist, *use* en-*.
 inuendo, *use* inn-*.
 inure*, not en-.
in| usu (Lat.), in use; — *utero*, in the womb; — *utroque jure*, under both laws (canon and civil).
 inv., *invenit* (designed it), invented, -or, invoice.
*in| vacuo** (Lat.), in empty space; — *vadio*, in pledge.
 Invalides (Hôtel des), Paris.
 inveigh*, not en-.
 inveigle*, not en-.
invenit (Lat.), designed it; abbr. inv.
 invented, abbr. inv.
 inventor*, not -er; abbr. inv.
in ventre (Lat.), in the womb.
 Inveraray, the Duke of Argyll's residence (not -ry).
 Inverness-shire (hyphen).
 Invertebrata*, is plural.
 inverted commas (see quotation marks).
 Inverurie, Aberdeen.
in vino veritas (Lat.), a drunken man speaks the truth.
 invoice, abbr. inv.
 involucre* (bot.) (not ital.).
 inwall, *use* en-*.
 inweave*, not en-.
 inwind, inwrap, inwreath, *use* en-*.
 I.O., India Office.
*io** (Gr., Lat.), exclamation of triumph (ital.).
 iodine*, symbol I*.
 I.O.F., Independent Order of Foresters; I. of A., Instructor of Artillery; I. of M., Instructor of Musketry; I.O.G.T., Independent Order of Good

Templars ; I.O.M., Isle of Man.
 Ion., Ionic.
 ionicize*, *not* -ise.
 ionize* (phys.), to convert into an ion, *not* -ise.
 I.O.O.F., Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
 I.O.R., Independent Order of Rechabites.
 iota*, the Gr. *i* (*ι*) (no dot).
 IOU*, I owe you (no points).
 Iowa, offic. abbr. Ia.
 I.P.D. (Sc. law), *In presentia Dominorum* (in the presence of the Lords [of Session]).
 ipecacuanha* (bot., med.).
 i.p.i., *in partibus infidelium* (in the regions of unbelievers).
 ipomœa* (bot.), *not* -œa, -ea.
 ipse/* (Lat.), himself ; — *dixit**, a dogmatic assertion.
 ipsissima verba (Lat.), the very words.
 ipso/ *facto** (Lat.), by the fact itself ; — *jure*, by the law itself.
 i.q., *idem quod* (the same as) ; i.q.e.d., *id quod erat demonstrandum* (that which was to be proved).
 Iquique, Chile ; *pron.* ē-kee'kay.
 I.R., Inland Revenue.
 Ir*, iridium.
 Ir., Irish.
 irade* (Turk.), a written decree signed by the Sultan himself, *not* -é (not cap.).
 Iran/, local name for Persia ; -ian*, -ic*, abbr. Iran.
 Irawadi, river in Burma, *not* Irrawaddy.
 I.R.B., Irish Republican Brotherhood.
 Ireland, abbr. Ire.
 Irena, Ireland personified.
 irenicon, *use* ei-*.
 iridescence*, etc.

iridium*, symbol Ir*.
 iris/, *pl.* -es.
 Irish, abbr. Ir.
 Irishism*, *not* Iricism.
 Irkutsk, E. Siberia, *not* Irkoo-, Irkou-.
 Irlams - o' - th' - Height, town near Manchester.
 irlandaise (*à l'*) (Fr.), in Irish style (l.c. *î*).
 ironclad* (one word).
 iron-mould*, *not* -mold (hyphen).
 ironwork* (one word).
 Irrawaddy, *use* Irawadi.
 irreconcilable*, *not* -eable, -iable.
 irrefragable*, *not* -ible.
 irreg., irregular, -ly.
 irrelevant*.
 irresistible/e*, -y*, *not* -able, -y.
 Irrtümer vorbehalten (Ger.), errors excepted.
 I.S., Irish Society.
 Is., Isaiah.
 Isaian*, of the prophet Isaiah, *not* Isaiahian.
 I.S.C., Indian Staff Corps.
 -ise, in accordance with the practice of the O.E.D., the following words in this book end in -ise : -ize being generally used :—
 advertise*, enfranchise*, apprise* (to inform), chastise*, circumcise*, comprise*, compromise*, demise*, despise*, devise*, disfranchise*, disguise*, emprise*, enfranchise*, enterprise*, excise*, exercise*, franchise*, improvise*, incise*, manumise*, merchandise*, premise* (logic and verb), prise* (to force open), reprise*, seise* (law), supervise*, surmise*, surprise*.
 Iseult, Tristram's lady-love, *not* the many variations.
 isl., island, -s, isle, -s.

Islam*, the Moham. religion; *pron.* ʔss'lām (not ital.).

island/, -s, abbr. **I.**, or **isl.**; (typ.) when with name to have cap., as Cape Verd Islands, Isle of Man. In Fr. f. *île*.

Island (Ger. n.), Iceland; **Isländer**, an Icelandic.

Islay, Argyl, *not* Isla; *pron.* ʔ'lā.

isle/, -s, abbr. **I.**, or **isl.**

Isle of Man, abbr. **I.O.M.**; — — **Wight**, abbr. **I.W.**

Isleworth, *pron.* ʔ'zel-.

isn't*, is not; (typ.) to be close up.

I.S.O. (Companion of the) Imperial Service Order.

isobar* (meteor.), *not* -re (not ital.).

isola (It.), island.

Iso/ld, -lt, -lte, -ulde, *use* Iseult.

isosceles* (geom.).

ispravnik (Russ.), local chief official, *not* ispraw-.

I spy, game, *use* hy-spy*.

ist (Ger.), is.

Istāmbul, name on coins of Constantinople.

I.T., Indian Territory, N. Amer.; offic. abbr. **Ind.T.**

It., Italian, Italy.

ital., italic.

Italian*(typ.), same alphabet as Eng., omitting *k, w, x, y*. Punctuation nearly as Fr. Letter *j* a vowel when at end of word, as *tempj*; the *j* sounding like e-e quickly pronounced together. There are two accents, grave ` and acute ': any vowel may have either. Plural of nouns is formed by changing the final *o* or *e* into *i*; fem. nouns ending in *a* change it to *e*. The apostrophe is frequently used for the vowel at the end of a word when

the next word begins with a vowel; a space is put between the apostrophe and the next word. Division of words as in French; abbr. **It.**

italic* (typ.), *a style of type as this, in which the letters slope upwards to the right*. Marked in MS. by one line underneath. It should be used only for: (1) words and phrases not naturalized (as marked in this work by being printed in **clarendon italic type**), (2) giving emphasis, (3) bot. and zool. *species*, and *genera*, not the larger divisions, (4) words or letters, mentioned by name, as the adjective *good*, the letter *a*, etc., (5) for distinguishing Eng. and foreign words spelt alike. There is no ital. in Ger. or Gr., letters being interspaced instead; abbr. **ital.** (*See also* quotation marks.)

italice (Lat.), in Italian.

italicize*, to print in italic type, *not* -ise.

Italien (Ger. n.), Italy;

Italiener (m.), an Italian.

italienne (*à l'*) (Fr.), in Italian style (l.c. *i*).

Italiot*, of the Gr. colony in S. Italy, *not* -ote.

italique (Fr. m.), italic type; (f.) italic letter.

Italy, abbr. **It.**; in Ger. n. **Italien**.

item*, a separate thing.

item* (Lat.), also, likewise.

itin., itinerary.

it is I, **it is me**, both permissible in speech, but latter should not be printed.

its*, pronoun (no apos.).

it's, **it is**; (typ.) to be close up.

Ivan/ (Russ. name), *not* Iwan; — **Grozny**, "the terrible" Tsar, 1530-84.

IVANOVITCH — I ZINGARI

Ivanovitch (Ivan), nickname for a Russian, as in Eng. John Bull.

I've*, I have; (typ.) to be close up.

ivied*, clothed with ivy, *not* ivyed.

ivy*, *pl.* ivies*.

Ivybridge, Devon (one word).

I.W., Isle of Wight.

I.X., *Iesus Christus* (Jesus Christ).

I.Y., Imperial Yeomanry. -ize, *see* -ise.

I Zingari, cricket club.

J

- J.**, judge, *judex* (judge), (after judge's name) Justice, (elec.) joule, all proper names with this initial; it is not used in the numeration of series; (Ger.) *Jahr* (year); *pron.* in Eng. dzh, Fr. zh, Ger. y, Sp. h.
- J**, (math.) a Jacobian determinant, (phys.) Joule's mechanical equivalent of heat.
- j** (med. prescriptions), one.
- j.** (Fr.), *journal* (newspaper).
- ja** (Ger.), yes; *pron.* yah.
- J.A.**, Judge-Advocate.
- Jabalpur**, *use* Jubbulpore.
- Jablochkoff** candle.
- jabot*** (Fr. dress. m.), a shirt frill.
- Jac.**, Jacobus (James).
- jacana***, an aquatic bird, *not* jaç-, jass-.
- jacconet**, *use* jaco-.*
- Jacht** (Ger. f.), yacht (cap.).
- jackanapes*** (one word).
- jackass***, a male ass.
- Jacke** (Ger. f.), jacket (cap.).
- Jack-in-the-box*** (hyphens).
- Jack Ketch***, the hangman, *not* — Ca-, — Ki-.
- Jackson** (T. J., or "Stonewall"), 1824-63.
- Jacob/ean***, of James I, *not* -æan (*see also* -ian).
- Jacobi** (C. T.), 1853-, writer on printing; — (K. G. J.), 1804-51, Ger. math., *pron.* ja'kō-bě, in Ger. yah-kō'bě.
- Jacob/ian*** (math.) (*see also* -ean).
- Jacobin***, *not* -ine.
- Jacobus**, Lat. for James; abbr. Jac.
- jaconet***, *not* jacc-.
- Jacq.** (bot.), J. F. Jacquin, 1766-1839; *or* N. J. Jacquin, 1727-1817.
- Jacquard** loom* (cap.).
- Jacquemart** (Jules), 1837-80, Fr. etcher.
- Jacques Bonhomme**, good fellow James, popular name for Fr. peasant.
- jacta est alea** (Lat.), the die is cast.
- jactation***, boasting.
- jactitation*** (path.), restless tossing of the body.
- Jaeger** clothing.
- J.A.G.**, Judge-Advocate-General.
- Jäger**/* (Ger. m.), huntsman, rifleman; *fem.* -in, *not* Y- (cap.).
- jag/gernaut**, -anath, *use* juggernaut*.
- jaghire***, Ind. land tenure, *not* -gheer, -geer, -gir.
- Jahn** (F. L.), 1778-1852, "Turnvater" (father of gymnastics).
- Jahr** (Ger. n.), year, *pl.* -e, abbr. J. (*not* Jā-); -**buch**, n. year-book; -**esbericht**, m. annual report (caps.).
- jährlich** (Ger. adj.), annual.
- Jahveh***, used by Bib. critics for Jehovah*.
- Jahvism***, religion of Jahveh, *not* -vehism, -veism, Yahwizm.
- jail**/*, -er*, *preferred to* gaol/, -er.
- Jaipur**, Ind., *not* Jey-pore.
- Jakob**, Ger. for Jacob, James; *pron.* yah-.
- Jakobstad**, Finland.
- Jakobstadt**, Courland.
- Jakobus** (der Heilige) (Ger.), St. James.

Jakutsk, *use* Y-.
Jalal/abad, -pur, Ind.
Jalandhar, India, *not* Jullundur.
jalloped (her.), wattled, *use* jol-*.
jalousie*, external window shutter.
jam/*, to pack tightly, *not* jamb; -med*, -ming* (*see also* jamb).
Jam., Jamaica.
jama*, Ind. gown, *not* -ah, jamma, -h.
jamadar, *use* je-*.
Jamaica*, abbr. Jam.
jamb*, a side post, as of a door (*see also* jam).
jambon (Fr. cook. m.), a ham; -**neau**, small ham.
James, abbr. J., *or* Jas.
Jamesone (George), 1588-1644, Sc. painter.
Jameson raid, S. Africa, 1895-6.
Jameson's whisky, *not* Jamie-.
James's Day* (St.), 25 July (caps., apos.).
jamidar, *use* jema-*.
Jamieson (John), 1759-1838, Sc. lexicographer (*see also* James-).
jam satis (Lat.), enough by this time.
Jan.*, January.
jane, a fabric, *use* jean*.
janizary*, Turk. soldier, *not* -issary.
Jan Mayen, Arctic island.
Janotha (Nathalie), 1856-, pianist.
Janowski (D.), 1868-, chess player.
Jansen (Cornelius), 1585-1638, founder of the Jansenists.
Janssen (Cornelius), 1590-1665, painter; — (P. J. C.), 1824-, Fr. astr.
Janssens (Abraham), 1569-1631, Du. painter.
janty, *use* jaunty*.
January*, abbr. Jan.*

janvier (Fr. m.), January; abbr. **janv.** (not cap.).
Jap*, a Japanese; *pl.* -s (no point).
Japan*, abbr. Jap.; native name Nippon.
japan/*, -ned*, -ner*, -ning* (not cap.).
Japanese/*, abbr. Jap.; — alphabet, has many different characters, but no explanation is here possible; — **paper**, hand-made in Japan with vellum surface. Used for proofs of etchings and engravings.
japanize*, to make Japanese, *not* -onize, -ise.
Japheth, son of Noah.
Jaques, in "As You Like It"; *pron.* jă'quēz.
jar/*, -red*, -ring*.
Jardin des Plantes, Paris, bot. and zool. gardens.
jardinière* (Fr. f.), ornamental flower-pot.
jargon*, a mineral, *not* -oon.
jargonelle*, a pear, *not* -el (not ital.).
jargonize*, etc., to talk jargon, *not* -ise.
jarl*, old Dan. chieftain, *not* y-; *pron.* yarl.
Jaroslav, Russ., *use* Y-.
jarrah*, mahogany gum-tree.
jarvey/*, car-driver, *not* -vie, -vy; *pl.* -s.
Jarvie (Bailie Nicol), in "Rob Roy."
Jas., James.
jasey*, a wig, *not* -sy, -zey, -zy.
Jashar (Book of), in Revised Version, *not* -er.
Jasmin (Jacques), 1798-1864, Gascon poet.
jasmine* (bot.), *not* -in, jessamine, -in.
jaune* (Fr. m., and adj.), yellow.

Jaunpur, N.W. India.
 jaunty*, *not* jan-.
 Jav., Javanese.
 javelle water, a bleacher.
 jaw-bone* (hyphen).
ja wohl (Ger.), quite so.
 J.C., Julius Cæsar, *Juris-consultus* (jurisconsult), Justice-Clerk.
 J.-C. (Fr.), *Jésus-Christ* (Jesus Christ) (hyphen).
 J.C.D., *Juris Civilis Doctor* (Doctor of Civil Law).
 J.D., Junior Deacon, — Dean, *Jurum Doctor* (Doctor of Laws).
je (Fr.), I, *not* cap. except at beginning of sentence, or after full stop.
 Jeaffreson (J. Cordy), 1831-1901, writer.
 jean*, a twilled cotton, *not* jane; *pron.* jane.
 Jeanne/ d'Arc (Fr.), Joan of Arc; *properly* — Darc.
 Jean Potage, nickname for a Frenchman.
 Jeddah, Red Sea, *use* Ji-.
jedenfalls (Ger.), in any case.
 Jeejeebhoy (Sir Jamset-jee), 1783-1859, Indian philanthropist.
 Jefferies (Richard), 1848-87, naturalist.
 Jeffrey (Lord), 1773-1850, critic.
 Jeffreys (George, Baron), 1648-89, the infamous judge; — (Miss Ellis), actress.
 Jeffries (Maud), actress.
 Jehlam, Punjab, *not* Jhelum.
 je-ho, call to horses, *use* gee-ho*.
 Jehovah*, Bib. critics *use* Jahveh*.
 jehup, call to horses, *use* gee-up*.
 jejune*, uninteresting (*not* ital.).

"Jekyll (Dr.) and Mr. Hyde (Strange Case of)," by R. L. Stevenson.
 Jelalabad, Afghanistan, *not* Jella-.
*jelick** (Turk.), woman's bodice, *not* jell-.
 Jellalabad, *use* Jela-.
 jellify*, to convert into jelly, *not* -yfy.
 jelly-fish* (hyphen).
*jemadar** (Hind.), native sepoy officer, *not* jama-, jami- (*not* cap.).
 Jemappes (battle of), 1792; in Fr. *Jemmapes*.
 Jena, Prussia; *pron.* yā'nā.
Jenenser (Ger.), inhabitant of Jena (*cap.*).
jener (Ger. m.), that, that one.
*je ne sais/ quol** (Fr.), an indescribable something; — — — *trop*, I don't exactly know.
 Jenissei, *use* Yenisei.
 Jenkin (Fleeming), 1833-85, physicist.
 jennet*, a Sp. horse, *not* genit, gennet, -tt (*see also* genet).
Jenseits (das) (Ger.), the other world (*cap.*).
 jeopardize*, *not* -ise.
 Jephthah, judge of Israel.
 jequirity*, a shrub, *not* -erity.
 Jer., Jeremiah.
 jeremiad*, a lamentation, *not* -de.
 Jerez, Spain, *use* Xeres.
 jersfalcon, *use* ger-*.
 jeroboam*, wine-bottle containing 10-12 quarts.
 Jérôme Bonaparte, 1784-1860, bro. of Napoleon I.
 jerry-builder* (hyphen).
 jerrymander, *use* g-*.
 Jervaulx Abbey, Yorks, *pron.* jar'vis.
 Jervis, *pron.* jar'vis.
 Jes., Jesus.
 Jesaias, Ger. for Isaiah.
 jess/*, hawk strap; *pl.* -es*.

JESSAMIN — JOHN

jessamin/, -e, *use* *jasmine**.
 Jessopp (Rev. Augustus, D.D.), 1824-, writer.
 Jessor, Bengal.
 Jesuits (Order of), *Societas Jesu* (Society of Jesus); abbr. S.J.
 Jesus*, abbr. J., or *Jes*.
 jet-black* (hyphen).
 jet d'eau* (Fr. m.), jet of water; *pl. jets* —*.
 jeté (Fr. m.), a dance step.
 jetée (Fr. f.), a jetty.
 jetsam* (naut.), goods thrown overboard, *not* -som, -some, -son (*see also* jettison).
 jettison* (naut.), the act of throwing goods overboard (*see also* jetsam).
 jetzt (Ger.), now.
 jeu/* (Fr. m.), game, *pl. -X**; — *de mains*, a practical joke; — *de mots**, a pun; — *d'esprit**, a witty trifle; — *de scène*, or — *de théâtre*, claptrap.
 jeune premier (Fr.), stage lover.
 jeunesse dorée (Fr. f.), gilded youth.
 jewel/*, -led*, -ler*, -lery* (two *l's*).
 jews' harp*, *not* jew's —; *pl. jews' harps*.
 Jeypore, India, *use* Jaipur.
 jheel* (Ind.), a pool, *not* jhil.
 Jhelum, Punjab, *use* Jhelam.
 Jhind, Punjab, *use* Jind.
 JHS, *use* IHS*.
 jib*, of a horse, also a sail, *not* jibb (*see also* gibe, gybe).
 jibber, to chatter, *use* g-*.
 jibe, *see* gibe, gybe, jib.
 jiblet, *use* g-*.
 Jiddah, Red Sea, *not* Je-
 jiffy*, a short time, *not* -ey.
 jig-a-jog*, reiteration of jerky movements, *not* jickajog, jigjog.
 jigger, W. Ind. insect, *use* chigoe*.

jigjog, *use* jig-a-jog*.
 jigot, *see* *gigot*.
 Jill (Jack and), *use* Gill*.
 jilliflower, *use* gilly-*.
 jimerack, *use* g-*.
 Jind, Punjab, *not* Jh-
 Jingo/*, a blatant patriot; *pl. -es*.
 jinn*, spirit of Moham. myth., *not* djinn, ginn.
 jinricksha* (Jap.), a vehicle, *not* jenny-, jinny-, jinrickshaw, -rickisha, -ksha.
 jiu-jitsu, Jap. phys. culture.
 JJ., justices.
 Jno., should not be used for John.
 João, Port. for John.
 joannes, *use* johan-*.
 job (typ.), any work which makes less than one sheet.
 jobbing work (typ.), all except book and newspaper work.
 jobmaster* (one word).
 "Jock o' Hazeldean," by Sir W. Scott.
 jodel, *use* y-*.
 Jodhpur, Rajpootana.
 jog-trot*, without haste, *not* job-, jock-, jogg-.
 Johann, Ger. for John; abbr. Joh.
 Johannean, of the Apostle John, *use* Johannine*.
 johannes*, Port. coin, *not* joa-; abbr. joe.
 Johannesburg, S. Africa.
 Johannisberg, Prussia.
 Johannisberger*, Rhine wine, *not* -berg (not ital.).
 Johannisfest (Ger.), St. John's (Midsummer) Day.
 John*, abbr. J.: Jno. should not be used.
 John Dory*, a fish, *not* — -ey.
 Johnny Crapaud, nickname for a Frenchman.
 John o' Groat's House, Caithness.
 John-o'-th'-Tops, a town in Lancs (hyphens).

Johns Hopkins University, U.S.A., *not* John — (no apos.).

Johnson (Samuel), 1709-84, wrote Dictionary, first edition 1755 (*see also* Jonson).

Johnsonese*, a stilted style, *not* Jon-.

Johnstone, *pron.* john'son.

John the Baptist (caps.).

joint, in Fr. cook. m. rôti, *pl.* -s.

joint stock*, joint capital, etc., *but* hyphen usual when used as adjective.

Jókai (Maurus), 1825-1894, Hun. writer.

jolloped* (her.), wattled, *not* ja-.

Jon., Jonathan.

Jonköping, town in Sw.

jonquil*, a narcissus (*not* ital.); in Fr. f. *jonquille*.

Jonson (Benjamin—"Ben"), 1573-1637, dramatist (*see also* Johnson).

Jonsonese, *use* John-.*.

Jordaens (Jakob), 1593-1678, Du. painter.

Jorge, Sp. for George.

"Jorrocks's Jaunts," by R. S. Surtees.

jorum*, a large drinking vessel or its contents, *not* -am.

Jos., Joseph.

Joséphine, first wife of Napoleon.

Josh., Joshua.

jostle*, to push; -er*, -ing*, *not* ju-.

jot/*, -ted, -ting*.

joule* (physics), unit of work; abbr. J.

jour., journal, journey, -man.

jour/ (Fr. m.), day, abbr. *jr.*; — *de fête*, a festival; — *de l'an*, New Year's Day; — *des morts*, All Saints' Day, 1 Nov.; — *maigre*, a fast day; à —, open

work; *au jour*, by daylight.

journal, abbr. jour.

journal/ (Fr. m.), *pl.* -aux, newspaper, abbr. *j.*; *journal intime*, a private diary.

journalize*, to keep a journal, *not* -ise.

"Journal Officiel," the Fr. "Gazette" (caps.).

journey/, -man, abbr. jour.

joust, *often used for* just*.

*jowari**, Indian millet, *not* the many variations.

jowl*, *not* jole.

J.P.*, Justice of the Peace, (law) corruption for "in person."

J.R., *Jacobus Rex* (King James).

jr., junior, *use* jun.

jr. (Fr.), *jour* (day).

Juan, Sp. for John.

Jubbulpore, *not* Jabalpur.

Juchten (Ger. m. or n.), -russia leather (cap.).

juck*, a partridge call, *not* juke.

J.U.D., *Juris utriusque Doctor* (Doctor of both civil and canon law).

Jud., Judith.

jud., judicial.

judaize*, to make Jewish.

Judean, of Judea, *not* -æan.

Judendeutsch (Ger. n.), Yiddish; *Judenhetze*, Jew-baiting.

judex (Lat.), judge; abbr. J.

Judge/, abbr. J.; — -Advocate/, abbr. J.A.; — — -General, abbr.

J.A.G. (caps., hyphens).

Judges (Old Test.), *not* to be abbreviated.

judgment, *not* judge-.

Judgment Day (caps.).

judicial/, abbr. jud.; -ize*, to treat judicially.

judicium Dei (Lat.), judgment of God.

Judith, abbr. J., or Jud.

jue/z (Sp.), judge; *pl.* -ces.

JUG — JUSTICIAR

jug/*, -ged*, -ging*.

juge/ de paix (Fr. m.), justice of the peace; — **d'Instruction**, examining magistrate.

juggernaut*, *not* jagg-, jagannath, jagnath (not ital.).

jugular* vein.

juillet (Fr. m.), July (not cap.).

juin (Fr. m.), June (not cap.).

juke, *use* juck*.

julep*, a drink, *not* -ap, -eb.

Julian/, "the Apostate," 331-63; — Alps, E. Switz.

Julien (S. A.), 1799-1873, Fr. Chinese scholar.

Julien (Saint-), a claret (hyphen).

julienne* (Fr. f.), a thin soup, also a pear.

Jullien (Louis Antoine), 1812-60, mus. conductor.

Jullundur, *use* Jalandhar.

July, not to be abbreviated.

jumbal*, a sweet cake, *not* -ble (not ital.).

jumelle* (Fr. f. pl.), opera-glass.

Jun., Junius.

jun.*, junior.

junctim, compromise between Austrian political parties.

junction, abbr. **junc.**

June, not to be abbreviated.

Junge (Ger. m.), boy, apprentice; **Jünger**, disciple; **Jüngling**, young man (cap.).

junior, abbr. **jun.***, *not* jnr., jr., junr.; J. Smith, jun., Esq., *not* Esq., jun.

Junker* (Ger. m.), a young squire or noble (cap.).

junket/*, -ed, -ing*.

junta* (It., Sp.), an assembly (not ital.).

Junto, the Whig chiefs in

reigns of William and Anne.

junto*, a club or assembly (not ital.).

jupe* (Fr. dress. f.), **jupon*** (m.), a skirt or petticoat.

Jurassic* (cap., not ital.).

jure/ divino* (Lat.), by divine right; — **humano**, by human law.

Juris utriusque Doctor

(Lat.), Doctor of both civil and canon law; abbr.

J.U.D.

jurisp., jurisprudence.

jus (Fr. cook. m.), gravy.

jus/ canonicum (Lat.), canon law; — **civile**, civil —; — **divinum**, divine —; — **gentium**, law of nations; — **gladii**, the right of the sword.

jusjurandum, an oath.

jus/ mariti (Lat.), right of husband to wife's property; — **naturæ**, law of nature.

jusqu'à (Fr.), to, until.

jusque là (Fr.), so far.

jus relictæ (Lat.), right of the widow.

Jussieu (Adrien de), 1797-1853, bot., abbr.

Juss.; — (Antoine Laurent de), 1748-1836, bot.

Just., Justinian.

just/*, a knightly combat; -er*, -ing*; *but* joust *often used*.

juste milieu (Fr. m.), the golden mean.

Justice, a judge; abbr. **J.**, *pl.* **JJ.**

Justice-Clerk* (Lord), second highest Sc. judge (caps.); abbr. **J.C.**

Justice - General* (Lord), highest Sc. judge (caps.).

Justice of the Peace, abbr. **J.P.***

justiciar/*, -y*, a judge, *not* -er, -itiar (not ital.).

Justiciary (**H**igh Court of)*, supreme Sc. criminal court.

Justierung (Ger. typ.), justification.

justification* (typ.), the even and equal spacing of words and lines to a given measure.

justify* (typ.), to space out properly a line of type in the composing stick; so to adjust types of smaller and

larger bodies that they exactly range.

Justinian, abbr. **Just.**

just/itiar, *use* -iciar*.

Justiz (Ger. f.), justice.

justle, *use* jos-*.

justo/ tempore (Lat.), at the right time; — **titulo**, lawfully.

jut/*, -ted, -ting*.

juvenescen/ce*, -t.

j'y suis et j'y reste (Fr.), here I am and here I stay.

3

K

K., king, -s, the tenth in a series, all proper names with this initial, (assaying) carat.

K (astr.), the solar constant, (chem.) *kalium* (potassium), (chess) king, (elec.) capacity.

k. (meteor.), cumulus.

k* (astr.), Gauss's constant (ital.).

K.A. (Russ.), Knight of St. Andrew.

Kaaba, the most sacred shrine at Mecca, *use* C-.

kaan, *use* **khan***.

kaava, *use* **kava***.

kabbala, *use* c-*

Kabul, Afghan., *not* C-.

kadi, Oriental judge, *use* **cadi***.

Kafir*, *not* Kaff-, Caffre.

kaftan, *use* c-*

kaiak, **kaik**, *use* **caïque***.

kail, *see* **kale***.

kaiman, *use* **cay-***.

kainozoic, *use* c-*

Kaiser* (Ger. m.), emperor; *pron.* ky'zr (cap., *not* ital.) (*see also* **Qaisar**).

kakemono* (Jap.), a wall-picture.

kale/*, the cabbage genus; —-yard*, a cabbage garden, **kail-yaird** only in strict Scotch.

kaleidoscop/e*, -ic*.

kalend/æ, -ar, -s, *use* c-*

"**Kalevala**", national epic of Finland, *not* -wala.

kali/f, -ph, *use* **caliph***.

kalium (Lat.), potassium; symbol **K**.

kalmia* (bot.), *not* c-.

Kalmucks, *not* -muks, C-.

kamarband, *use* **cum-merbund***.

Kamboja, *use* **Cam-bodia**.

Kamchadale, inhab. of Kamchatka.

Kamchatka, E. Siberia, *not* Kams-, -mtchatka, -mtschatka.

Kamerun, German Africa, *not* Cameroons.

Kamschatka, *use* **Kamch-**.

kamsin, *use* **kh-***.

K.A.N. (Russ.), Knight of St. Alexander Nevskoi.

Kan., Kansas (off. abbr.).

Kanaka*, a Hawaiian, *not* -acka, -aker, -ak, Canaker.

Kanara, Bombay, *not* C-.

kanaster, a tobacco, *use* c-*

Kandahar, *not* C-.

Kanon (Ger. typ. m.), a 36-point type; **Gross** —, a 40-point type.

Kans/as, off. abbr. **Kan.**; adj. -an.

Kant (Immanuel), 1724-1804, Ger. philosopher.

Kapitälchen (Ger. typ. n.), small capitals (cap.).

Kapitel (Ger. n.), chapter (cap.).

kapp*, a magnetic unit.

Kapurthala, Punjab.

K.A.R., King's African Rifles.

Karachi, *use* **Kurrachee**.

Karakoram Mts., Tibet, *not* -um.

karat, *use* c-*

kari/ (Fr. cook.), curry (*not* cap.); — *à l'indienne*, Indian curry (*not* cap. *I*) (*see also* **karri**, **kauri**).

karkee, *use* **khaki***.

Karlovian, *use* C-*

Karlowitz, *use* **Carlovitz**.

Karls/bad, -krona, -ruhe,
etc., *not* C-.

karma* (Budd.), destiny,
not -an.

Karnatic, *not* C-.

Karpathian Mts., *not* C-.

karri*, Austral. blue gum-
tree, *not* kari (*see also*
kari, kauri).

karsimer, *use* cassi-
mere*.

Kartoum, *use* Kh-.

Kashmer, India, *not* C-.

Kassel, Germany, *not* C-.

katalytic, *use* G-*.

Kathay, *use* C-.

Kathiawar, Bombay, *not*
Kattywar.

kathode, *use* G-*.

kation, *use* G-*.

ka-tou, *use* kotow*.

katsup, *see* ketchup.

Kauffmann (Angelica),
1741-1807, painter.

Kaufmann (C. von),
1818-82, Russ. General.

kauri*, N. Zealand con-
iferous tree, etc., *not*
cowdi, -ri, -ry, kourie,
kowrie (*not* ital.) (*see also*
cowrie, **kari**, karri).

kava*, Polynesian in-
toxicant, *not* ava, cava,
kaava, kawa.

kavass*, Turkish police
officer, *not* cavash, -ass,
kawass, kouas, kervas.

kayak*, Eskimo canoe,
not -iak, -jak, -yack, kiak,
kyack; -er*, -ing*.

Kazan, E. Russia, *not* Kas-.

K.B., King's Bench,
Knight Bachelor; **K.B.A.**
(Port.), Knight of St.
Benedict of Avis; **K.B.E.**
(Russ.), ditto Black Eagle.

K.C., King's College, —
Counsel, (Turk.) Knight
of the Crescent; **K.C.B.***,
Knight Commander of
the Bath; **K.C.C.**
(Belgium and Congo Free
State), ditto (Order of the)
Crown; **K.C.H.**, ditto

Hanoverian Guelphic
Order; **K.C.I.E.**, ditto
Indian Empire; **K.C.L.**,
King's College, London;
K.C.M.G., Knight Com-
mander of (the Order of)
St. Michael and St.
George; **K.C.S.**, Knight
of Charles III of Spain;
K.C.S.I., Knight Com-
mander of the Star of
India; **K.C.V.O.**, ditto
Royal Victorian Order.

K.D.G., King's Dragoon
Guards.

K.E. (Den.), Knight of
the Elephant.

Kead mile failter omhat,
use C- — — —.

Kean (Charles John),
1811-68; — (Edmund),
1787-1833, actors (*see also*
Keene).

Keane (Lord John),
1781-1844, General.

"Kearsarge", Amer. ship;
pron. keer'sarj (*g* soft).

Keb. Coll., Keble College,
Oxford.

keblah, *use* ki-*.

kedgerie* (cook.), a dish
of rice, fish, etc., *not* the
many variations (*not* ital.).

Kedleston, Derby; *pron.*
kel'sn.

Kedron, Jerusalem, *use*
Ki-.

keelhaul*, *not* -hawl (one
word).

keelson, *use* kelson*.

Keene (Prof. Charles
Haines), 1847-, writer;
— (Charles Samuel),
1823-91, black and white
artist; — (Henry
George), 1781-1864,
writer (*see also* Kean).

keep/ down (typ.), to *use*
caps. sparingly; — **in**, to
set type closely, so as to
take little space; — **out**,
reverse ditto.

keepsake* (one word).

keep standing (typ.), the

type not to be distributed pending possible reprinting; **keep up**, to keep standing, also to use caps. freely.

keerie, *use kerrie* *.

keffiyeh *, Bedouin Arab head-dress, *not* the many variations.

Keighley, Yorks; *pron.* keeth'lě.

Keightley (Thomas), 1789-1872, writer.

Keim (Theodor), 1825-78, Ger. theologian.

Kekulé (F. A.), 1829-96, chemist.

kell/eck, -ick (naut.), *use* **killick** *.

Kellner (Ger.), *fem.* -in, waiter (cap.).

Kelly's Directories.

Kelmscott Press, 1890-8, founded by W. Morris.

kelpie *, a water-spirit, *not* -y.

Kelsale, Suffolk.

Kelsall, Cheshire.

kelson * (naut.), inboard keel, *not* keel-.

Kelt /, -ic, -icism, *use* C- *.

kelter *, good condition; in Amer. **kilter** *.

Kempis (Thomas à), 1379-1471, writer.

Kenia (Mount), E. Afr., *not* -ya.

Kenmare, Kerry.

Kenmore, Perth.

Kennard (Sir C. A. F.), 1885- (*see also* **Kinnaird**, **Kynnaid**).

Kennaway (Sir John).

kennel *, -led *, -ling *, *not* -eled, -eling.

Kenney (James), 1780-1849, Ir. dramatist.

Kennoway, Fife.

Kent's Bank, Lances (apos.).

Kentucky, offic. abbr. **Ky**.

Kenwigs (Morleena), in "Nicholas Nickleby."

kephalic /, -al, *use* c- *.

képi * (Fr. m.), military cap.

Kepler (Johann), 1571-1630, astr., *not* Kepp-.

keramic, etc., *use* c- *.

kerb /, -stone, *not* ki-, *more usual than* **curb** / *.

Kerguelen Island.

kermis * (Arab.), a fair or entertainment, *not* -ess, **kirmess** (*see also* **kumiss**).

kern * (typ.), the part of a metal type projecting beyond the body, as the curled tail of *f*; also to furnish with a kern (O.E.D.).

kerned * (typ.), said of a type which has any part of the face projecting beyond the body.

kernell/ed *, -y *, *not* -eled, -ely.

kerrie * (S. Afr.), a knobbed stick, *not* -y, **keerie**.

kerseymere, *use* **cassi** - *.

Kertch, Odessa.

ketch * (naut.), a two-masted vessel.

Ketch (Jack) *, the hangman, *not* Ca-, Ki-.

ketchup *, *more usual than* **catchup** *.

kettledrum * (one word).

Keuper * (geol.), *pron.* koipr (cap., *not* ital.).

key, a wharf, *use* **quay** *.

keyboard * (mus., etc.) (one word).

key-bugle * (hyphen).

keyhole * (one word).

key-note * (hyphen).

Keys (House of), Isle of Man (caps.); abbr. **H.K.**

keystone * (one word).

Key West, Florida (two words).

K.F. (Sp.), Knight of Ferdinand; **K.F.M.** (Sicily), ditto St. Ferdinand and Merit.

K.G.*, Knight of the (Order of the) Garter; **kg.***, kilogram; **K.G.C.** (U.S.A.), Knight of the Golden Circle, ditto Grand Cross; **K.G.E.** (Ger.), ditto Golden Eagle; **K.G.F.** (Aus., Sp.), ditto Golden Fleece; **kgl.** (Ger.), *königlich*, -e, -er, -es (royal); **K.G.V.** (Sw.), Knight of Gustavus Vasa.

K.H.*, Knight of (the Guelphs of) Hanover.

Khaiber Pass, Afghan.

khaki*, *not* -kee, kaki, karkee, kharkie.

khal/eefate, -ifat, *use* caliphate*.

khalif, -a, *use* caliph*.

khamzin*, Egyptian hot wind, *not* ka-, -seen.

khan*, *not* chan, kaan.

Khartoum, *not* Kartum.

Khayyām (Omar), 1050?-1122, Pers. poet.

K.H.C., Honorary Chaplain to the King.

khedival*, of the khedive, *not* -ial.

khedivate*, government of khedive, *not* -iate.

khediv/e*, *fem.* -a*, ruler of Egypt (*not* cap.).

khidmutgar* (Ind.), a male waiter, *not* the many variations.

K.H.P., Honorary Physician to the King.

K.H.S., Honorary Surgeon to the King.

Khyber Pass, *use* Khai-kiak, *use* kayak*.

kiblah*, the point to which Mohammedans turn in prayer, *not* ke-.

kick-off* (foot.) (hyphen).

kickshaw*, a trifle (one word).

kidmutgar, *use* khid*.

kidnap/*, -ped*, -per*, -ping*, *not* -aped, etc.

kidney bean* (two words).

Kidron, Jerusalem, *not* Ke-
Kieff, S.E. Russia, *use* Kiev.

Kielland (A. L.), 1849-, Norwegian writer.

Kierkegaard (Sören Aaby), 1813-55, Danish writer.

Kieseritzki gambit, chess opening, *not* Keis-.

Kiev, S.E. Russia, *not* -eff, -ew.

kil., kilderkin.

Kilauea, volcano in Hawaii, *not* -aua.

kilerg* (physics), measure of work (*not* ital.).

Kilima-Njaro (Mount), E. Afr. (two caps., hyphen).

Killala, Mayo, also Bp. of.

Killaloe, Clare, also Bp. of.

Killaloo, Londonderry.

Killea, Londonderry.

Killeagh, Cork.

Killen, Ross-shire.

Killianwala, *use* Chilianwallah.

killick*, a stone used as anchor, *not* -ock, kelleck, -ick.

Killiecrankie, Perth.

Killin, Perth.

Killylea, Armagh.

Killyleigh, Down.

"Kilmansegg (Miss)," by T. Hood, 1828, *not* -eg.

kilogram*, 2.205 lb. nearly; off. spelling in Acts of Parliament, and by Board of Trade, *not* -mme; abbr. **kg.***, or **kilo*** (no point).

kilogrammetre* (phys.), measure of work (one word, *not* ital.).

kilolitre*, *not* -er, 1000 litres (*not* ital.); abbr. **kl.**

kilometre*, *not* -er, 1093.6 yards, nearly five-eighths of a mile (*not* ital.); in Fr. **kilomètre**; abbr. **Km.** (*not* kilo).

KILOMETRIC — KIT'S

kilometric*, of a kilometre (not ital.).
kilowatt* (elec.), 1000 watts(not ital.); abbr. kw.
kilowatt-hour (elec.), abbr. B.T.U. (Board of Trade Unit).
kilter* (Amer.), good condition; in Eng. ke-*.
kimbo (a-)* (hyphen).
Kimeridgian* (geol.) (cap.).
Kimric, Welsh, *use* Cym-*.
kinæsthesia*, the sense of muscular effort, *not* kine-, -ia.
Kincardine-O'Neil, Aberdeen (hyphen, three caps.).
kindergarten/*, a school (not ital., not cap.); -er*, its teacher.
kinematograph, *not* c-.
King/, -s, abbr. K.; (typ.) print as Edward VII, *or* the Seventh, *not* the VII; — Charles's spaniel* (two caps.).
King Cross, Halifax.
kingd., kingdom.
kingfisher* (one word).
King-of-Arms*, *not* —-at- (hyphens).
King of Glory, as Deity (caps.).
Kingsale (Baron) (*see also* Kinsale).
King's Bench*, abbr. K.B. (apos.).
Kingsborough (Viscount).
Kingsburgh (Lord), Lord Justice-Clerk of Scotland.
King's/ College, abbr. K.C.; — Counsel, K.C.; — County; — Cross, London; — evil*, scrofula (apos.).
King's/ Langley, Herts; — Lynn, Norfolk (apos.).
Kingsteignton, Devon (one word).

Kingston, Jamaica, New York, Ontario.
Kingstone, Dorset, Hereford, Kent, Stafford.
Kingston/-on-Hull; — -on-Thames (hyphens).
Kingstown, Dublin.
Kington, Hereford.
Kinloss (Baroness).
Kinnaird (Baron) (*see also* Kennard, Kynnaire).
Kinnear (Baron).
Kinnoull (Earl of).
Kinross (Baron).
Kinross-shire (hyphen).
Kinsale, Co. Cork (*see also* Kingsale).
Kintyre, Argyl, *not* Cantire.
kiosk* (not ital.).
Kioto, Japan, *use* Kyoto.
kirb/, -stone, *use* ke-.
Kirkaldy, testing experts.
Kirk Braddan, I.O.M., *not* -on.
Kirkcaldy, Fife.
Kirkcudbright, *pron.* kirk-koo'brë.
Kirkmichael, Ayr, Perth (one word).
Kirk Michael, I.O.M. (two words).
Kirk Newton, Northumberland (two words).
Kirknewton, Midlothian (one word).
kirk-session*, the lowest Presbyterian court (hyphen).
Kirschwasser*, a cherry liqueur, *not* kirschen-.
kismet* (Turk.), fate, *not* -at, -ut.
kit-cat*, a portrait 36 x 28 in., *not* -kat.
kitchen-garden/*, -er*, -ing*; kitchen-maid* (hyphens).
kiltmutgar, *use* khid-*.
Kit's Coity House, Aylesford, Kent, a dolmen, *not* — Coty —, — Cotty —.

- kiwi* (N. Zealand), the apteryx, *not* kivi, kiwi-kiwi; *pron.* kī'wē.
- K.J., Knight of St. Joachim.
- Kjøbenhavn, Dan. for Copenhagen.
- k.k. (Ger.), *kaiserlich-königlich*, -e, -er, -es (imperial-royal).
- K.K.K., Ku - Klux - Klan.
- K.L. (Aus., Belg.), Knight of Leopold; kl., kilolitre; *Kl.* (Ger.), *Klasse* (class); *K.L.A.*, Knight of Leopold of Austria; *K.L.B.*, ditto Belgium.
- kleistogamous, *use* c-.*.
- klepsydra, *use* c-.*.
- kleptomania*, *not* c-.
- K.L.H. (Fr.), Knight of the Legion of Honour.
- klinometer, *use* c-.*.
- Klondike, Yukon, Canada, *not* -yke.
- K.M., Knight of Malta; *Km.*, kilometre; *K.Mess.*, King's Messenger; *K.M.H.*, Knight of Merit of Holstein; *K.M.J.* (Bavaria), Knight of Maximilian Joseph; *K.M.T.* (Aus.), ditto Maria Theresa.
- knee-cap*, the patella (hyphen).
- kneel/*, -ed*, -ing*.
- Kneipp's (Father) water-cure.
- knick-knack* (hyphen), *not* nickname.
- knight, abbr. K.*, *or* Kt.* (*see also* K./A., — A.N., — B., — C., — E., — F., — G., — H., — J., — L., — L.H., — M., — N.S., — of L., — P., — R.C., — R.E., — S., — S.J., — T., — W., — W.E.).
- Knightbridge, Cambridge professorship, *not* Knights-.
- knight-errant*, *pl.*
- knights-errant* (hyphen).
- Knightsbridge, London.
- Knights/ of Labour (U.S.A.), Amer. trade union, abbr. K. of L.; — of Pythias, U.S.A. benevolent soc., abbr. K.P., *or* K. of P.
- knit/*, -ted*, -ting*.
- knitting-needle* (hyphen).
- knobby*, knob-shaped.
- knobkerrie* (S. Afr., Austral.), a knobbed stick, *not* -keerie, -kerry (*not* ital.).
- knock/-about (theat.); — -down*, adj.; — -knee/*, -d*; — -out* (hyphens).
- Knollys, *pron.* nölz.
- knot/*, -ted*, -ting*.
- knot* (naut.), a speed per hour, *not* a distance; hence knot *an hour* erron.
- Knowl, Yorks.
- Knowle, Glos, Warwick.
- knowledgeable*.
- K.N.S. (Sw.), Knight of the (Royal) North Star.
- knur/*, a knot; — and spell, a game, *not* n-, -rr.
- knurl*, a small projection, *not* nurl.
- Knut, *use* Cnut.
- K.O.B., King's Own Borderers.
- Koch (Karl), 1809-79, botanist; — (Robert), 1843-, bacteriologist.
- Kock (Charles Paul de), 1794-1871, writer; — (Henri de), 1821-92, writer.
- Kodaikanal Observatory, India.
- K. of L. (U.S.A.), Knights of Labour; K. of P., — of Pythias (U.S.A. benevolent society).
- Koh-i-noor* diamond, *not* -nūr, -nūr (hyphens).
- Köhler (Reinhold), 1830-92, writer.

- kohlrabi*, a turnip-cabbage (one word).
Kolhapur, India, *not* Kola.
Kölliker (R. A.), 1817-, histologist.
Köln, Ger. for Cologne.
Kolon (Ger. typ. n.), colon (cap.).
Kolumnen|titel (Ger. typ. m.), running title; **-ziffer** (f.), folio (cap.).
Komma (Ger. typ. n.), comma (cap.).
Königgrätz, Bohemia, *not* -igsgrätz.
Königsberg, E. Prussia.
Konzert|, -meister (Ger. m.), **-stück** (n.), *not* Conc.
koodoo*, S. Afr. antelope, *not* kudu (not ital.).
koomiss, *use* ku-*.
Koords, *use* Kurds.
kopec, *use* c-*.
Kopfzeile (Ger. typ. f.), head-line.
kopje* (S. Afr.), a small hill, *not* -pje, -ppie, -ppje; *pron.* köp'ě.
koprolit/e, -h, *use* c-*.
Koran*, Mohammedan sacred book.
koran*, S. Afr. bustard.
Korea|, -n, *not* C-.
Korrekt|or (Ger. typ. m.), corrector of the press; **-ur** (f.), a proof (caps.).
K.O.S.B., King's Own Scottish Borderers.
kosher*, food prepared according to the Jewish law, *not* coshar, -er, koscher.
kotow/*, a Chinese obeisance; **-ing***, **-ism***, *not* the many variations.
koumiss, *use* ku-*.
kowrie, *use* kauri*.
kow-tow, *use* kotow*.
K.O.Y.L.I., King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry.
K.P.*, Knight of (the Order of) St. Patrick; (U.S.A.), Knights of Pythias.
Kr, krypton.
kr., kreuzer.
kraal* (Afr.), village, or enclosure.
Krafft (Peter), 1780-1856, painter.
Krakatoa (Mount), Straits of Sunda, *not* -au.
Krakow, Poland, *not* Crac-.*
Krapotkine (Prince Peter), 1842-, writer, *not* Kro-, -in.
K.R.C., Knight of the Red Cross; **K.R.E.**, ditto Red Eagle.
kreese, *use* c-*.
Krefeld, Germany, offic. **K-**, *usually* C-.
Krehbiel (H. E.), 1854-, writer on music.
Kremlin, Moscow citadel.
kremlin*, any Russ. citadel (not cap.).
kreosote, *use* c-*.
kreuzer*, Aus. and Ger. coin, one-fifth penny; abbr. **kr.**; *pron.* kroi'tzr.
Kriegsminister (Ger. m.), Minister of War (cap., one word).
Kriegspiel* (Ger. n.), the war game.
kris, *use* creese*.
kromesquis, *use* c-.
Krone/*, Aus. silver coin, 10d. Eng., Ger. gold coin, 10s. Eng.; *pl.* -n.
Kroo*, W. Afr. negro, *not* -ou, -u (not ital.).
Kropotkine (Prince), *use* Kra-.*
K.R.R., King's Royal Rifles; **K.R.R.C.**, ditto Rifle Corps.
Kru, *use* Kroo*.
Krupp, Essen, Germany.
krypton*, *not* c-; symbol **Kr**.
K.S., King's Scholar, (Sw.) Knight of the Sword; **K.S.A.** (Russ.), ditto of St. Anne; **K.S.F.**

- (Sp.), ditto San Fernando;
K.S.F.M. (Naples), ditto
 St. Ferdinand and Merit;
K.S.G. (Russ.), ditto
 St. George; **K.S.H.** (Ba-
 varia), ditto St. Hubert.
kshatriya* (Ind.), one of
 the four great castes, *not*
 -tri, -ttriya.
K.S.J. (Naples), Knight of
 St. Januarius; **K.S.L.**
 (Pers.), ditto the Sun
 and Lion; **K.Soc.**, Ka-
 mashastra Society;
K.S.P., Knight of St.
 Stanislaus of Poland;
K.S.S. (Brazil), ditto
 Southern Star, ditto
 Sword of Sweden;
K.S.V. (Russ.), ditto
 St. Vladimir.
K.T.*, Knight of the (Order
 of the) Thistle, — Tem-
 plar; **Kt.***, knight; **Kt.**
Bach., Knight Bachelor;
κ.τ.λ. (Gr.), *kai ta loipa*
 (and the rest, *or* etc.);
K.T.S. (Port.), Knight
 of the Tower and Sword.
Kuch Behar, India, *not*
 Coo- —.
kudos* (Gr.), renown (*not*
ital.).
kudu, *use* koodoo*.
Kufic, *use* C-*.
Ku-Klux-Klan*, a
 U.S.A. secret society (*not*
ital.); abbr. **K.K.K.**
kukri* (Ind.), a curved
 knife, *not* the many varia-
 tions.
Kulturkampf *der*
Menschheit (Ger.), con-
 flict against ignorance and
 obscurantism.
Kumassi, Ashanti, *not*
 -asi, Coo-, Koo-, -ie.
kumiss*, a preparation of
 mares' milk, *not* the many
 variations.
kümmel*, a liqueur.
kummerbund, *use* C-*.
kupfernickel* (mineral.)
 (one *f*, *not* cap.).
kupfferite* (mineral.) (two
f's).
Kur (Ger. *f.*), cure (cap.).
Kurds, of Kurdistan, *not*
 Koo-.
kuriologic/, -al, *use* C-*.
Kurrachee, *not* Karachi.
Kursaal* (Ger. *m.*), a hall
 (*ital.*, cap.).
Kursivschrift (Ger. *typ.f.*),
 italic type.
Kutch, *kutch*, *use* C-, C-*.
Kuyp, *use* C-.
kvass* (Russ.), rye beer.
K.W. (Netherlands),
 Knight of William; **kw.**
 (elec.), kilowatt; **K.W.E.**
 (Poland), Knight of the
 White Eagle.
Ky., Kentucky (*offic.*
abbr.).
Kymric, *use* C-*.
Kynnaird (Viscount)
 (*see also* Kennard, Kin-
 naird).
Kyoto, Japan, *not* Ki-.
Kyrie eleison* (eccles.),
 "Lord, have mercy";
 abbr. **Kyrie**, *not* — eleē-
 son.
Kyrle (John), 1637-1724, .
 "the Man of Ross."

L

- L.**, Lady, Lake, Latin, Liberal, licentiate, the eleventh in a series, all proper names with this initial, (after titles) London, (bot.) Linnæus, (Fr.) *livre* (pound), (It.) *lira*, -*e* (tenpence), (Lat.) *liber* (a book), *locus* (place), (theat.) left (from actor's point of view).
- L. or £**, the form *£* to be used and placed *before* figures, as *£50*. If *l.* ordered, to be placed *after*, as *50l.* (*see also punctuation*, XXI, 3).
- L**, fifty, fiftieth, (elec.) symbol for inductance, tabular logarithm (not ital., no point).
- l.**, league, length, line, link, litre, (Ger.) *lies* (read), (naut.) lightning.
- L.A.**, law agent, Legislative Assembly, Literate in Arts.
- La**, lanthanum (no point).
- La.**, Louisiana, U.S.A. (offic. abbr.).
- /a.** (Fr.), *lettre d'avis* (letter of advice).
- laager*** (S. Afr.), a temporary camp, *not* lag-.
- Lab.**, Labrador.
- label/***, -**led***, -**ling***.
- labi/um*** (Lat.), a lip; *pl. -a**.
- Lablache** (Luigi), 1794-1858, singer (one word).
- Labor Day** (Amer.), first Monday in Sept., *not* Labour — (caps.).
- lab/our***, -**orious***.
- Labourers Act** (caps., no apos.).
- Labrador**, abbr. **Lab.**
- labr/um*** (Lat.), lip of a jug, etc.; *pl. -a**.
- La Bruyère** (J. de), 1645-96, Fr. writer.
- labyrinth/***, -**ian***, -**ic***, -**ine***.
- L.A.C.**, Licentiate of the Apothecaries' Company, London Athletic Club.
- lac/***, a resin; (Ang.-Ind.) 100,000, *not* -ck, -kh (not ital.); — of rupees (typ.), pointing above one lac is with a comma after the number of lacs: thus 25,87,000 is 25 lacs, 87 thousand rupees.
- Laccadive Islands**, off Madras.
- Lacépède** (B. G. E. de la V., comte), 1756-1825, naturalist.
- Lachaise** (Père), Paris cemetery (two words).
- lâche** (Fr.), lax, cowardly (ital.).
- laches***, negligence (not ital.).
- Lachryma Christi***, a red wine.
- lachrym/al***, -**atory***, -**ose***, *not* lacri-, lacry-.
- lackadaisical*** (not ital.).
- lacker**, *use* lacquer*.
- lackey***, a footman, *not* -quey.
- laconic*** (not cap.).
- L.A.C.P.**, London Association of Correctors of the Press (33 Chancery Lane, London, W.C.).
- lacquer***, etc., *not* lacker.
- lacrimal**, *use* lachry-.*.
- La Crosse**, town, U.S.A.
- lacrosse***, ball game (one word, not ital.).
- lacun/a***, *pl. -æ** (not ital.).
- lacy***, lace-like, *not* -ey.

ladies' cards, $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ in.
 "Ladies' Field," newspaper; — Gallery*, House of Commons; — Mile, Hyde Park, London (*see also* Lady's).
 ladies' school*.
 Lady, abbr. L.
 Lady (Our) (R.C.C.) (caps.).
 lady/-bird*, — -cow*, insect (hyphens).
 Lady Day/, 25 March (two words, caps.); — in Harvest, 15 Aug.
 Lady Dedlock, in "Bleak House," *not* Dead.
 lady-in-waiting* (hyphens).
 ladylike* (one word).
 "Lady of Shalott," by Tennyson, 1832.
 lady's maid*, *pl.* ladies' maids (no hyphen).
 "Lady's/ Pictorial," "— Realm," newspapers (*see also* Ladies').
 læmmergeyer, *use* la-*.
 læsa *majestas* (Lat.), lese-majesty.
 Lætare Sunday, fourth in Lent.
 læva (Lat.), left.
 lævo-*, the prefix, *not* le-.
 Lafayette College, U.S.A. (one word).
 Laffitte (Château-), a claret (hyphen); — (Jacques), 1767-1844, French statesman; *not* Lafi-, -ite (one word).
 La Fontaine (Jean de), 1621-95, Fr. writer (two words).
 lager beer* (two words, *not* ital.).
 lagoon*, *not* -une.
 Lagrange (J.L., comte), 1736-1813, math.
 Lagthing, Upper House of Norwegian Parliament.
 La Guaira, S. Amer., *not* -yra.

L.A.H., Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall.
 La Hague (Cape), N.W. France.
 la haute politique (Fr.), State politics.
 La Haye (Fr.), The Hague, Holland.
 La Hogue, a roadstead, N.W. France.
 Lahore, India, *not* -or.
 laicize*, to secularize, *not* -ise.
 laid paper*, that which when held up to the light shows parallel lines at intervals of an inch or so.
 Laïs, a Greek beauty.
 laissez/-aller* (Fr.), absence of restraint, *not* laisser-; — -faire*, let people do as they think best (O.E.D.), let well alone! *not* laisser-.
 lait (Fr. m.), milk; *au* —, with milk.
 laitance (Fr. f.), soft roe of fish.
 laitue (Fr. f.), lettuce.
 Lake (typ.), capital when with name, as Bala Lake, Lake Superior; abbr. L.
 lakh, *see* lac*.
 laky*, lake-like, *not* -ey.
 là là (Fr.), so-so, passably.
 Lalande (J. J. le-F. de), 1732-1807, Fr. astr. (one word).
 Lalitpur, N.W. India, *not* Lalat-.
 L.A.M., *Liberalium Artium Magister* (Master of the Liberal Arts).
 Lam. (Scrip.), Lamentations, (bot.) Lamarck.
 lama*, Buddhist priest (*see also* ll-).
 Lamarck/ (J. B. P. A. de M.), 1744-1829, naturalist (one word); -ian; abbr. Lam.
 Lamarque (comte M.), 1770-1832, Fr. General.

LAMARTINE — LAP

Lamartine (A. M. L. de),
1790-1869, Fr. poet (one
word).

lamasery*, a lama mon-
astery, *not* the many varia-
tions.

lambda*, the Gr. *L*, *l* (Λ, λ).

Lambhill, Glasgow (one
word).

Lamb of God (two
caps.).

lamb's fry* (cook.) (apos.,
two words).

lambskin* (one word).

lamb's-wool* (apos., hy-
phen).

lamell/a*, a thin plate;
pl. -æ*.

Lamennais (R. H. F. R.
de), 1782-1854, Fr. poli-
tician (one word).

Lamentations (Book of),
abbr. **Lam**.

lamin/a*, a thin plate;
pl. -æ*.

Lammas*, 1 August.

lammergeyer*, the
bearded vulture, *not* læ-,
le-, -geier (not ital.).

Lamourette's kiss, a kiss
of peace when there is
no peace.

lamp-black* (hyphen).

lamplighter* (one word).

lamp-post* (hyphen).

lamprole (Fr. f.), lamprey.

Lancashire, abbr. **Lances**;
— Regiment (Loyal
North, *not* Royal —).

Lancaster Regiment
(Royal) (*see also* Lan-
kester).

Lance-Corporal, abbr.
L.-Corp.

lancewood* (one word).

lancinat/e*, *ing**.

Lancing College, Sus-
sex.

Lancs, Lancashire.

landau/*, -let*, a carriage
(not ital.).

landdrost* (S. Afr.), a
magistrate, *not* landroost,
-rost.

landgrav/e*, a count; *fem.*
-ine*.

landgraviate*, a land-
grave's territory, *not* -vate.

landlocked* (one word).

land-lubber* (hyphen).

landmark* (one word).

L. & N. W. R., London
and North-Western Rail-
way.

Landor (Walter Sav-
age), 1775-1864, writer.

landowner* (one word).

lands/man*, *pl.* -men*.

Landstthing, Upper House
of the Danish Parliament.

Landsturm* (Ger. m.),
reserves of the whole
nation for national de-
fence.

L. & S.W.R., London and
South-Western Railway.

Landtag (Ger. m.), the
legislative body, diet.

land-tax* (hyphen).

Landwehr* (Ger. f.),
militia.

L. & Y.R., Lancashire and
Yorkshire Railway.

lang., language.

langouste (Fr. f.), a spring
lobster.

langsyne*, long ago (one
word, not ital.).

languor/*, -ous*.

Lankester (Edwin Ray),
1847-, zoologist.

lanner/*, a female falcon;
male, -et*.

lanolin*, *not* -ine.

Lansdown (battle of),
1643.

Lansdowne (Marquess
of).

lantern*, *not* -thorn.

lanthanum*, symbol La
(no point).

lanyard*, *not* -iard.

Laocoön, Trojan priest,
pron. la-ök'o-ön.

Lão-tsze, born 604 B. C.,
founder of Taoism (hy-
phen).

lap/*, -ped*, -ping*.

- Lap., Lapland (*see also* Lapp).
- Lapageria (bot.).
- lap-dog* (hyphen).
- lapel/*, the lap over of a coat, *not* -elle, lappelle; -led*.
- lapereau (Fr. m.), a young rabbit.
- lapilli* (Lat.), pebbles.
- lapin/ (Fr. m.), rabbit; — *au kari*, curried rabbit.
- lapis lazuli* (two words).
- Laplace (P. S.), 1749-1827, astr. (one word).
- Lapland, abbr. Lap.
- Lapp*, a native of Lapland, Lappish.
- lappelle, *use* lapel*.
- lapsable*, liable to lapse, *not* -ible.
- lapsus/* (Lat.), a slip; — *calami**, ditto of the pen; — *linguæ**, ditto tongue; — *memoriæ*, ditto memory.
- Laputan*, visionary, *not* -ian (cap.).
- lar/* (Lat.), a household god; *pl.* -es*.
- Larbert, Stirling.
- lard (Fr. m.), bacon.
- lardon* (Fr. m.), bacon for larding, *not* -oon.
- large-paper*, special copies of a book, with large margins, etc.; also termed *édition de luxe*; abbr. L.P.
- largess*, a free gift, *not* -esse (not ital.).
- lariat*, rope for picketing animals, *not* -iette, larriet (not ital.).
- larikin, *use* larr*.
- larkspur* (bot.) (one word).
- Larnaka, Cyprus, *not* -aca, -ica.
- La Rochefoucauld (François, duc de), 1613-80, Fr. writer.
- larrikin*, Australian street rowdy, *not* lari-.
- larv/a*, *pl.* -æ* (not ital.).
- laryn/x* (anat.), *pl.* -ges*.
- L.A.S., Lord-Advocate of Scotland.
- Lasalle (comte de), 1775-1809, Fr. Gen. (one word) (*see also* Lass-).
- La Salle (A. de), 1398-1461, Fr. poet; — (J. B. de), 1651-1719; — (R. C.), 1643-87, Fr. explorer (two words).
- lascar*, E. Indian sailor (not ital.).
- Las Casas (B. de), 1474-1566, "apostle of the Indians."
- Las Cases (E. D.), 1766-1842, friend of Napoleon I.
- lashkar* (Ind.), a body of Afridi soldiers.
- Lasker (E.), 1868-, chess player.
- "Las Meninas," by Velazquez, *not* -iñas.
- Lassa, Tibet, *use* Lhasa.
- Lassalle (Ferdinand), 1825-64, German Socialist (one word) (*see also* Lasa-).
- Lassell (William), 1799-1880, astr.
- lasso/*, -ed*, -ing*; *pl.* -s, *not* lazo (not ital.).
- Last Supper (the) (caps.).
- Lat., Latin; lat., latitude.
- Latakia*, a Turk. tobacco, *not* -yah, Ladikieh (not ital.).
- later, correlative of *earlier*.
- Lateran (St. John)*, church in Rome.
- lath*, a thin strip of wood.
- lathe*, machine for turning.
- Lathom (Earl of).
- Latimer-Clark unit cell (elec.).
- Latin, abbr. L., or Lat.; (typ.) alphabet same as English without *w*. Accents and ligatures falling into disuse; many scholars do not differentiate the letter *j* from *i*.

LATIN — L.C.B.

Latin Cross, †.
latin de cuisine (Fr.), dog-Latin.
latinity* (not cap.).
latinize*, to make Latin, *not* -ise (not cap.).
latitude, abbr. lat.
Latour (Château-), a claret (hyphen).
Latreille (P. A.), 1762-1833, Fr. naturalist (one word).
latrine* (not ital.).
latten*, sheet metal (not ital.).
latter, correlative of *former*.
Laud (William), 1573-1645, Abp.
laudator temporis acti (Lat.), a praiser of past times.
L.A.U.K., Library Assoc. of United Kingdom.
laura/*, Christ. antiq.; *pl.* -s.
laurel/*, -led*, *not* -eled.
Laurence/ (Friar), in "Romeo and Juliet"; — Pountney Lane, E.C. (*see also* Law-).
Laurentian* (geol.).
Laurier (Sir Wilfrid), 1841- , Can. statesman.
laurustinus*, an evergreen, *not* laures-, lauris-.
Laus Deo (Lat.), Praise (be) to God.
lauwine*, an avalanche, *not* law-.
Laveleye (baron E. L. V. de), 1822-92, Fr. economist.
l'avenir (Fr. m.), the future.
laverock*, a lark, *not* lavr-.
Lavoisier (A. L.), 1743-94, Fr. chemist.
lavrovite* (mineral.), *not* -offite.
L.A.W., League of American Wheelmen.
law (typ.), practically no punctuation used in legal documents. Copy must be

followed. Spell out all figures; law/ agent, abbr. **L.A.**; — **-binding***, — **-calf***, — **-sheep***, binding in smooth pale brown calf- or sheep-skin.
Law Courts (the) (caps., no hyphen).
lawgiver* (one word).
lawine, *use* lauwine*.
lawn-tennis* (hyphen).
Lawrence (St.), North American river (*see also* Lau-).
Laws, abbr. LL.
law-sheep, *see* law.
Lawson (Sir Wilfrid), 1829-1906, politician.
law-stationer* (hyphen).
lawsuit* (one word).
lay, untilled land, *use* lea*.
Layard, *pron.* laird.
layette* (not ital.).
lazaretto/, a place for quarantine (not ital.); *pl.* -s.
Lazenby, Yorks.
Lazonby, Cumberland.
lazy-tongs* (hyphen).
lazzaron/e*, one of a low class at Naples, *not* lazar-; *pl.* -i*.
L.B., *Baccalaureus Literarum* (Bachelor of Letters), *Lectori benevolo* (to the kind reader), Local Board; **l.b.** (cricket), leg-bye; **lb.***, *libr/a*, -æ (pound, -s, or pound's weight), *not* 15, lbs. (not ital.); **L.B. & S.C.R.**, London, Brighton, and South Coast Railway; **lbs.**, *not* to be used for pounds, but **lb.** for sing. and *pl.*; **l.b.w.** (cricket), leg before wicket, *not* lbw.
L.C., Lord Chamberlain, — Chancellor, Lower Canada, letter of credit; **l.c.**, *loco citato* (in the place cited), (typ.), lower case, that is *not* caps.; **L.C.B.**, Lord Chief

- Baron; **L.C.C.**, London County Council, -lor; **L.Ch.**, Licentiate in Surgery; **L.C.J.**, Lord Chief Justice; **l.c.m.**, least common multiple; **L.-Corp.**, Lance-Corporal; **L.C.P.**, Licentiate of the College of Preceptors; **l/cr.** (Fr.), *lettre de crédit* (letter of credit).
- L.D.**, Light Dragoons, Low Dutch, (Amer.) Doctor of Letters; **Ld.**, lord; **l.d.**, *litera dominicalis* (dominical letter); **L.Div.**, Licentiate in Divinity; **Ldp.**, lordship; **L.D.S.***, Licentiate of Dental Surgery.
- £E.**, Egyptian pounds (each £1. os. 6¹/₄d. sterling).
- lea***, untilled land, *not* lay, lee, ley.
- lead*** (typ.), a thin strip of metal less than type high, used to separate lines (O.E.D.); **thick** —, 24 to the inch; **thin** —, 36; **eight to pica** —, 48; **hair-lead**, 72. Also to separate the lines of type by interposing leads.
- lead**, symbol **Pb**.
- leaded/ matter***, — **type***, having the lines separated by leads.
- leader**, *see* **leading article**.
- leaderette*** (typ.), a short editorial paragraph, printed in the same type as the leaders in a newspaper (O.E.D.).
- leader*** (typ.), a group of three dots placed at intervals to guide the eye across a page, as ...
... in tables of contents. Dashes *not* to be used for this purpose.
- leading*** (typ.), the action of placing leads between lines of type (O.E.D.).
- leading article***, one of the longer large-type articles in a newspaper, appearing as the expression of editorial opinion on any subject: a leader (O.E.D.); (typ.) first word usually indented one em; and that and all names of persons and titles usually in s.caps.
- leaf*** (typ.), one of a number of folds (each containing two pages) which compose a book or manuscript; a folio. Hence the matter printed or written thereon (O.E.D.). Two pages back to back.
- leaflet*** (typ.), a small-sized leaf of paper, or a sheet folded into two or more leaves, containing printed matter, generally for gratuitous distribution.
- leaf-mould***, *not* -mold (hyphen).
- league**, abbr. l.
- Leamington**, Warwick (*see also* **Lem-**).
- lean/*, -ed*, or -t***.
- lean-face type** (typ.), that which has not the full breadth: unusually thin or narrow, as this.
- leap-frog***, a game (hyphen).
- leap year *** (two words).
- learn/*, -ed*, or -t***.
- least common multiple**, abbr. **l.c.m.**
- leatherette***, a cloth and paper imitation of leather.
- leaves**, abbr. ll.
- Lebeuf** (Abbé), 1687-1760.
- Lebewohl!** (Ger. n.) farewell!
- le bon temps viendra** (Fr.), the good time will come.

- Lebrun** (Charles), 1619-90, Fr. painter; — (C. F.), 1739-1824, Fr. politician; — (Écou-chard), 1729-1807, Fr. poet; — (Élisabeth Vigée), 1755-1842, Fr. painter; — (P. A.), 1785-1873, Fr. poet (one word).
Lecocq (A. C.), 1832-, composer.
Lecoq (Monsieur), of Sir Conan Doyle's, and Gaboriau's detective stories.
Lecouvreur (Adrienne), 1692-1730, actress; double-quoted, when name of the play.
 lect., lecture.
 lectern*, *not* -urn.
Lectori benevolo (Lat.), to the kind reader; abbr. L.B.
 lee, untilled land, *use* lea*.
 leef, *use* lief*.
 leeming, *use* lemm-*.
Leeuwenhoeck (Anton van), 1632-1723, micros.
 left (theat.) (from actor's point of view), abbr. L.
Leg., legislative, -ure.
 leg., legal, *legit* (he, or she, reads), *legunt* (they read, pres. tense).
 legalize*, *not* -ise.
Le Gallienne (Richard), 1866-, writer.
 leg-bye (cricket), *not* -by; abbr. l.b.
legenda (Lat.), things to be read.
 legerdemain* (not ital.).
légèreté (Fr. f.), frivolity.
 leger line (mus.), *not* led-.
leges (Lat.), laws; abbr. II.
Leigh, family name of Baron Newton; *pron.* lee (*see also* Leigh).
 legislat/ive, -ure, abbr. Leg.
Legislative Assembly, abbr. L.A. (*see also* Assemblies).
legit (Lat.), he, or she, reads; abbr. leg.
 legitimize*, *not* -ise.
legs (Fr. m.), legacy; *pron.* lay.
légumes (Fr. m. pl.), table vegetables.
legunt (Lat.), they read (pres. tense); abbr. leg.
Lehigh University, U.S.A. (one word).
Leibniz (G. W.), 1646-1716, philos., *not* -itz.
Leicester, abbr. Leics.
Leigh (Baron), *pron.* lee (*see also* Legh).
Leighton-Buzzard, Beds; *pron.* lă'tn — (hyphen).
Leipzig, abbr. Lpz.
 leitmotiv*, a theme associated with a particular person, situation, or sentiment (O.E.D.), *not* -if, -ive.
le jeu ne vaut pas la chandelle (Fr.), the game is not worth the candle.
le juste milieu (Fr.), the golden mean.
lekin, use likin*.
Lely (Sir Peter), 1618-80, painter.
Lemaître (Frédéric), 1800-76, Fr. actor; — (Jules), 1853-, Fr. writer (one word).
 leming, *use* lemm-*.
Lemington, Northumb. (*see also* Lea-).
 lemm/a*, a title or theme; *pl.* -as* (not ital.).
 lemm/a*, husk of a fruit; *pl.* -ata*.
 lemming*, rodent, *not* leeming, leming.
Le Moine (Sir J. M.), 1825-, writer.
Lemoine (J. E.), 1815-92, Fr. journalist.
Lemprière (John), 1765-1824, lexicographer.
Lenclos (Ninon de), 1616-1706, a Fr. beauty.
 lending library* (two words).

length, abbr. l.

Lennox, family name of Duke of Richmond.

Lennoxtown, Stirling (one word).

Lenox Library, New York.

lens/*, *not* lense; *pl.* -es*.

Lent*, from Ash-Wednesday to Easter (cap.).

lentille/ (Fr. f.), lentil; -s (*pl.*), freckles.

Leominster, Hereford; *pron.* lem'ster.

Leonardo da Vinci, 1452-1519, painter, etc., *not* Lio-; *pron.* — — vin'chi.

leonid/*, a meteor; *pl.* -es* (not ital.).

Lepidoptera * is *pl.* (cap.).

leprechaun* (Ir.), a pigmy, sprite, *not* lepra-, -awn, leprechawn.

Le Queux (William), 1864-, writer (two words).

Lermontoff (Mikhail Yurevitch), 1814-41, Russ. poet.

Le Roy/le veult, the Royal assent to Bills in Parliament; — — *s'avisera*, ditto dissent.

Le Sage (Alain-René), 1668-1747, Fr. writer.

les convenances (Fr. f.), the proprieties.

lese-majesty*, treason (hyphen, not ital.); in Fr. *lèse-majesté*.

leterals, *use* lit-*.

Lethe*, a river in Hades; *pron.* lē'thē.

let-in notes (typ.), those let into the text, as distinct from side-notes.

l'étoile du nord (Fr.), the North Star (motto of Minnesota) (l.c. n).

le tout ensemble (Fr.), the general effect.

letteral, *use* literal*.

letter of marque, commission to plunder at sea; *pl.* letters —.

letter-paper* is quarto size: note-paper is 8vo.

letterpress* (one word).

letters (printed) (typ.), address, date, and signature, should be in caps. and s.caps. (*see also* correspondence).

letters of distinction, as F.R.S., LL.D., etc., are usually put in large caps. Even s.caps. often improve general effect.

letters patent*.

lettre d'avis (Fr. f.), letter of advice; abbr. l/a.

lettre de/ cachet (Fr. f.), warrant for imprisonment; — — *crédit*, letter of credit; abbr. l/cr.; *pl.* *lettres* —.

lettuce*, *not* -ice.

Leuckart (K. G. F. Rudolf), 1822-98, zoologist.

Leuwenhoeck, *use* Leeu-Lev., Leviticus.

lev (Bulgaria), tenpence Eng.; *pl.* leva.

levant morocco* (binding), a superior quality with prominent grain.

levee*, an assembly (no accent, not ital.).

level/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, *not* -eled, etc.

lever de/ rideau (Fr. m.), opening piece at theatre; — — *séance*, closing of a meeting.

Leverrier (U. J. J.), 1811-77, French astr. (one word).

Leveson-Gower, *pron.* loo'sn-gor.

Levingstone (Baron), (*see also* Li-).

Leviticus, abbr. Lev.

levo-, the prefix, *use* lævo*.

Lévy frères (Michel), publishers, Paris (l.c. f).

LEW — LICKERISH

Lew-chew Islands, Japan, *use* Loochoo —.
Lewes, Sussex.
Lewes (George Henry), 1817-78, writer; — (Vivian B.), chemist (*see also* Lewis).
Lewis, isle in Hebrides; *pron.* lewz.
Lewis (Sir G. Cornwall, *not* Cornw-), 1806-63, statesman, writer; — (Sir George H.), 1833-, solicitor; — (J. F.), 1805-76, painter (*see also* Lewes).
lewis*, key for stone-lifting, *not* lewiss, -on, louis, luis.
lex (Lat.), law; *pl.* **leges**.
lexicog., lexicographer, -y, -ical.
lexicon*, abbr. **lex.** (*not* ital.).
lex| loci (Lat.), local custom; — **non scripta**, unwritten law; — **scripta**, statute law; — **tallonis***, "an eye for an eye"; — **terræ**, the law of the land.
ley, untilled land, *use* lea*.
Leyd., Leyden.
Leys School, Camb.; *pron.* lees.
lez (Fr. topog.), near; *pron.* lay.
L.F.P.S., Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons.
L.G. (gunpowder, leather, wheat) large grain, Life Guards; **L.G.B.**, Local Government Board; **L.Ger.**, Low German; **L.Gr.**, Low Greek.
l.h., left hand; **L.H.A.**, Lord High Admiral.
Lhasa, Tibet, *not* -ssa, Lassa.
L.H.C., Lord High Chancellor; **L.H.D.**, *Literarum Humaniorum Doctor* (untranslatable, approx. Doctor of the more humane

letters); **L.H.T.**, Lord High Treasurer.
L.I., (Amer.) Licentiate of Instruction, Light Infantry, Long Island (U.S.A.).
Li (chem.), lithium.
liaison*, illicit connexion; joining of words; (Fr. cook. f.), a thickening for sauces, etc. (ital.).
liant| (Fr.), *fem.* -e, flexible, complying.
lib./, librarian, library; — **cat.**, library catalogue.
lib., **liber** (a book).
libel/*, -led*, -ler*, -ling*, -lous*, *not* -ele-, etc.
liber (Lat.), a book; abbr. **L.**, or **lib.**
Liberal|, abbr. **L.**; — Unionist, abbr. **L.U.** (caps., no hyphen).
liberalize*, etc., *not* -ise.
libr|a*, pound, *pl.* -æ; abbr. **L.**, **£**, **l.**, **lb.**, *not* **lb**, lbs. (*see also* **L.**, or **£**).
librair|e (Fr. m.), bookseller; -**ie** (f.), bookseller's shop.
librar|ian, -y; abbr. **lib.**
library, in Fr. f. **bibliothèque**.
librett|o* (It.), words of an opera, etc.; *pl.* -i* (*not* ital.).
libris (ex-)* (s. and *pl.*), from the library of; a book-plate (hyphen, *not* ital.).
libr|o (It.), a book; *pl.* -i.
Libyan desert.
licence* (noun), a permit.
licens|e* (verb), to authorize; -ing*.
licensed victualler*.
licentiate, abbr. **L.**
licet (Lat.), legal; it is allowed.
lichee, *use* litchi*.
Lichfield, Staffs (*see also* Litch-).
lich-gate*, *not* ly-
lichi, *use* litchi*.
lickerish*, desirous, greedy; *but* liquorice.

Lick Observatory, California.

licorice, *use* liquor-^{*}.

Lie (J. L. E.), 1833-, Norw. writer; *pron.* lee.

Liebfraumlch, a hock; in Ger. Liebfrauen-.

Liebig (Justus, baron von), 1803-73, chemist.

Lied| (Ger. n.), a song; *pl.* -er.

lief^{*}, willingly, *not* leef, lieve.

Liège, Belgium, *not* Lié-.

liegende Schrift (Ger. typ. f.), italic type, *use* Kursivschrift.

lies (Ger.), read; abbr. l. lieu^{*},—in lieu of—(*not* ital.).

lieu (Fr. m.), place.

lieue (Fr. f.), league.

Lieutenant|, abbr. Lt., or Lieut.; — - Colonel^{*}, abbr. Lt.-, or Lieut.-Col.; — - Commander^{*} (U.S.); — - General, abbr. Lt.-, or Lieut.-Gen.; — - Governor^{*}, abbr. Lt.-, or Lieut.-Gov. (hyphens).

lièvre (Fr. m.), hare.

life-assurance^{*}, *not* — insurance (*see also* assurance).

life/-boat^{*}, — -guard^{*}, — -like^{*} (hyphens).

lifelong^{*} (one word).

life-size^{*} (hyphen).

lifetime^{*} (one word).

Lifford (Viscount).

ligature^{*} (typ.), two or more letters joined together and forming one character or type, as æ, ffi; a monogram; also a stroke connecting two letters (O.E.D.) (*see also* æ [ligature]).

lighthouse^{*} (one word).

Light Infantry, abbr. L.I., or Lt. Inf.

lightning (naut.), abbr. l.

lightship^{*} (one word).

ligne| (Fr. f.), a line; — de tête (typ.), the running title.

Li Hung-Chang, 1823-1901, Chinese statesman (one hyphen).

likeable^{*}, *not* lika-.

likin^{*} (Chin.), transit duty, *not* le-.

Lilford (Baron).

Liliput|, -ian, *use* Lilli-^{*}.

lillibullero^{*}, a song refrain, *not* the many variations (*not* ital.).

Lilliput|^{*}, -ian^{*}, *not* Lili- (*not* ital.).

Lilly (W.), 1602-81, astrol.; — (W. S.), 1840-, writer.

Lily (W.), 1468-1522, gram.

lily of the valley^{*} (no hyphen).

limande (Fr. f.), the dabfish.

limbo|^{*}, *pl.* -s (*not* ital.).

limbus| fatuorum (Lat.), a fool's paradise; — infantum^{*}, the paradise of infants; — patrum^{*}, ditto of the fathers; — puerorum, the children's paradise.

lime-kiln^{*} (hyphen).

limelight^{*} (one word).

limestone^{*} (one word).

Limited, abbr. Ltd.

limy^{*}, lime-like, *not* -ey.

lin., lineal, -ear.

linable^{*}, *not* -eable.

linament, *use* lini-^{*}.

Lincei (Reale Accademia dei, also Accademia Romana dei Nuovi-), the Academy of Rome.

Lincolnshire, abbr. Lincs (no point).

Lindl. (bot.), Lindley.

Lindsay (Earl of), family name Bethune; — (Sir Coutts), 1824-.

Lindsey (Earl of), family name Bertie.

LINE — LITERA

line, abbr. l.; *pl.* ll.; liny, *not* -ey.

line/al, -ar, abbr. lin.

lineament*, a feature (*see also* lini-*).

linear paper, that with water-mark lines to guide handwriting.

line block (typ.), one in which the various tones are represented by lines.

linendraper/, -y* (one word).

line-process block (typ.), a direct photo relief printing block in which the image is formed by lines.

*lingerie** (Fr. f.), linen goods (ital.).

Lingg (Hermann), 1820—, Ger. poet.

lingua franca*, a mixed jargon (*not* ital.).

liniment*, an embrocation, *not* lina- (*see also* linea-*).

lining paper* (binding), that inside the cover.

link, abbr. l.

Linn/æan*, abbr. Linn.; *but* -ean Society, London (off. spelling); abbr. L.S.

Linnæus (Carolus), 1707-78, naturalist; in Sw. Carl von Linné; abbr. L., or Linn.

linotype* (typ.), a machine for casting lines or bars of words, etc., as a substitute for type-setting by hand.

linsey-woolsey*, a fabric, *not* linsy-, -wolsey.

liny*, full of lines, *not* -ey.

Lionardo da Vinci (*see* Le-).

lionize*, *not* -ise.

Lions (Gulf of), in Fr. golfe du Lion, *not* Lion, Lyon, -s.

Lippi (Fra Filippo), 1412-69;—(Filippino), 1460-1504, It. painters.

lipsalve* (one word).

liq., liquid, liquor.

lique/faction*, -fiable*, -fy*, *not* liqui-.

liqueur* (*not* ital.).

liquid, abbr. liq.

liquidambar*, *not* -er (one word, *not* ital.).

liquor on draught, *not* draft.

liquorice*, *not* lic-.

liquorish, desirous, greedy, *use* licker-.*.

lir/a*, It. coin about tenpence Eng.; *pl.* -e*, abbr. L.

Lisle (Baron), *pron.* lēl (*see also* De Lisle).

*lisse** (Fr. f.), a silk fabric.

lissom*, supple, *not* -e.

List (Friedrich), 1789-1846, Ger. economist.

listen *for* what we expect; — *to* what we hear.

Liszt (Abbé Franz), 1811-86, pianist.

lit., litre, literal, -ly, literary, literature.

Litchfield, Hants, *also* Connecticut, U.S.A. (*see also* Lich-).

litchi*, *not* the many variations (*not* ital.).

Lit.D. *Literarum Doctor* (Doctor of Letters) (*see also* D.Lit., Litt.D.).

lite pendente (Lat.), during the trial.

liter/al, -ally, -ary, -ature; abbr. lit.

literalize*, etc., to render literal, *not* -ise.

literal* (typ.), a literal error: those of the compositor in substituting one character for another, including “turns,” “wrong founts,” and defective types; *not* le-, lett-.

litera scripta manet (Lat.), the written word remains.

literat/i*, the learned as a class; *sing.* -o*, *not* -us, *litt.*

literatim* (Lat.), letter for letter.

literature, in Fr. f. *littérature*, in Ger. f. *Litteratur*.

Lith., Lithuanian.

lithium*, symbol Li.

lithography*, printing from smooth porous stone; *abbr.* litho.

lithotype*, stereo made with composition pressed while hot into a plaster mould taken from type.

Lit.Hum., *Literæ Humaniores*.

litigious*.

Litolff (Henry), music publisher, Paris.

litre*, '22 gal., or 1.76 pint, *not* -er; *abbr.* l., or lit. (*not* ital.).

Litt.D., *Literarum Doctor* (Doctor of Letters, Camb., and T.C.D.), *not* D.Lit. (Doctor of Literature) (*see also* Lit.D.).

littérateur* (Fr.m.), a literary man.

litterati, *use* **lite-***.

Litteratur (Ger. f.), literature (*cap.*).

littérature (Fr. f.), literature.

Little-go*, "The Previous Examination" at Cambridge, and T.C.D. (*cap.*, *hyphen*, *not* ital.).

Littlehampton, Sussex (*one word*).

Little Peddington, imaginary place (*two d's*).

Littleton, family name of Baron Hatherton (*see also* Lyttelton).

Littletown, Dur, Yorks (*one word*).

Litré (M. P. E.), 1801-81, Fr. lexicog.

liturg., liturgies, -ical, -y.

Liukiu, *use* Loochoo.

liv. (Fr.), *livre* (m. book, f. pound).

liveable*, *not* *liva-*.

Liver/politan, -pudlian*, inhab. of Liverpool.

live stock* (*two words*).

Livingston, well-known Amer. family.

Livingstone (David), 1813-73, traveller (*see also* Le-).

livraison* (Fr. f.), a part of a work published by instalments.

livre (Fr. m.), book; (f.) pound; *abbr.* L., or **liv.**

liv. st. (Fr.), *livre sterling* (pound sterling).

L.J., Lord Justice; **L.JJ.**, Lords Justices.

L.K.Q.C.P.I., Licentiate of the King and Queen's College of Physicians, Ireland, *now* L.R.C.P.I.

LL.*, of laws; **L.L.**, late-law-, or Low-, Latin, Lord-Lieutenant, -s.

ll., leaves, lines, *leges* (laws); (*typ.*) this *abbr.* *not* to end a line.

-ll (*words ending in*), followed by -ful, -ly, -ness, usually omit one l.

L.L.A., Lady Literate in Arts (St. Andrews University).

LL.AA.II. (Fr. f.), *Leurs Altesses Impériales* (Their Imperial Highnesses);

LL.AA.RR., *Leurs Altesses Royales* (Their Royal Highnesses).

llama*, S.Amer. ruminant, *not* la- (*see also* lama).

Llandeilo Group (geol.) (*caps.*).

llano*, S.Amer. plains.

LL.B.* (Lat.), *Legum Baccalaureus* (Bachelor of Laws) (*two points*

- only); **LL.D.***, *Legum Doctor* (Doctor of Laws) (two points only); **LL.EE.** (Fr. f.), *Leurs Excellences* (Their Excellencies); **LL.ÉE.** (Fr. f.), *Leurs Éminences* (Their Eminences).
- Llewelyn**, Welsh name, *not -ellyn, ellynn.*
- L.L.I.**, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland; **L.L.L.** (Amer.), Licentiate in Laws; **LL.M.**, *Legum Magister* (Master of Laws); **LL.MM.** (Fr.), *Leurs Majestés* (Their Majesties).
- Lloyd** (Norddeutscher), the North-German Lloyd Steamship Co. (two words); abbr. **N.D.L.**
- Lloyds**, the bankers (no apos.).
- Lloyd's/**, the association of underwriters, *not -s'*; — **marks**, in order of merit, for wooden ships, **A1**, **A1** (in red), **Æ**, and **E**; for iron or steel, **100 A1**, **90 A1**, **80 A1** (*see also* **Loyd**).
- L.M.** (Amer.), Licentiate in Medicine, ditto in Midwifery; long metre; **I.M.** (Ger.), *laufenden Monats* (of the current month); **L.M.D.**, long metre double; **L.M.S.**, London Missionary Society.
- LΩ** (electricity), the legal ohm.
- loadstar**, *use* **lodestar*** (one word).
- loadstone***, *not* lode- (one word).
- load-water-line*** (hyphens); abbr. **L.W.L.**
- Loanda**, W. Afr., *not* St. Paul de —.
- loath***, averse, *not* loth.
- loathe***, to hate.
- Lobanov** (Prince), *not* -of, -off.
- "Lobgesang,"** song of praise by Mendelssohn, 1840.
- lobscouse***, a sailor's dish.
- lob-worm*** (hyphen).
- local** (Fr. m.), a place, premises.
- locale**, *erron. for* **local*** (O.E.D.).
- localize***, *not* -ise.
- located**, *placed* or *situated* preferred.
- loc. cit.**, *loco citato* (in the place cited) (not ital.).
- loch**, Scotch lake, *not* -ck.
- Lochalsh**, Ross; **Lochow** (it's a far cry to); **Loch Awe**, Argyll; **Lochearnhead**, Perth; **Lochgilphead**, Argyll; **Lochleven**, Kinross; **Lochnagar**, mountain in Aberdeen (one word).
- Lock/e** (John), 1632-1704, philos.; -ian*, *not* -ean.
- lock-jaw*** (hyphen).
- lock-out***, employers' strike; *pl.* **lock-outs*** (hyphen).
- locksmith*** (one word).
- lock-up*** (hyphen).
- Lockwood** (Crosby) & Son, publishers, London.
- loco***, locomotive.
- loco/** (Lat.), in the place; — **citato**, ditto cited, abbr. **l.c.**, or **loc. cit.** (not ital.); — **laudato**, ditto cited with approval, abbr. **loc. laud.**; — **supra citato**, in the place before cited, abbr. **l.s.c.** (not ital.).
- locum/-tenency*** (hyphen); — **tenens***, a substitute, *pl.* — **tenentes** (not ital.).
- loc/us** (Lat.), a written passage, a curve, *pl.* -i; **locus/citatus**, the passage quoted; — **classicus***, an authoritative passage from a standard book, *pl.* **loci classici**; — **communis***, a common-

- place; *locus delicti*, the place of a crime; — *in quo**, the place in which; — *pœnitentiæ**, a place of repentance; — *sigilli*, the place of the seal, abbr. *L.S.*; — *standi*, recognized position, (law) right to appear.
- lodestar*, *not* load-.
- lodestone, *use* load-.*
- lodg/e*, -eable*, -ment, -ing*.
- lodging-house* (hyphen).
- loess*(geol.), *not* loëss, löss.
- Lofoten Isles, Norway, *not* -den, -ffoden.
- log., logarithm.
- logan-stone*, *not* loggan-, logging-.
- Logau (Friedrich von), 1604-55, Ger. poet.
- log-book* (hyphen).
- loge*, a theatre stall (*not* ital.)
- loggia/* (It.), a gallery; *pl.* -s*.
- logi/on*, a religious maxim; *pl.* -a*.
- logomachize, *not* -ise.
- logotype* (typ.), several letters, or a word, cast on one body, as "Co.," "Road," for printing a directory, etc.
- log-roll/*, -er*, -ing* (hyphens).
- Loire, Fr. river, *also* dép.; Haute- —, dép.; Loire-Inférieure, dép.
- Loir-et-Cher, Fr. dép.
- lollipop*, a sweetmeat, *not* lolly-.
- Lombroso (Cesare), 1836-, criminologist.
- London., sig. of present Bp. of London, *not* -in. (full point).
- London/, abbr. *L.*, or *Lond.*: — Apprentice, town in Cornwall; — County Council/, -lor, abbr. *L.C.C.*
- long., longitude.
- longe, *use* lu-.*
- longe (Fr. cook. f.), loin.
- longeval*, *not* -æval.
- Longfellow (Henry Wadsworth, *not* Words-), 1807-82, poet.
- Longford (Earl of).
- long-hand*, ordinary handwriting (hyphen).
- Long Island, U.S.A.; abbr. *L.I.*
- longitude, abbr. *long.*
- long/ letter (typ.), *ā*, *ē*, etc.; — mark*, that placed over the long letter: the macron.
- Longmynd Group (geol.) (caps.).
- longo intervallo (Lat.), at a long interval.
- long page (typ.), one having a line or lines more than its companion pages.
- long primer (typ.), a size of type as this, 7½ lines to the inch, 9½ point, *pron.* — primer (two words); abbr. *l.p.*
- long run (in the)* (two words).
- Longships, lighthouse off Cornwall.
- long-shore*, *but* long-shoreman* (no apos.).
- long vowel (typ.), *ā*, *ē*, etc.
- long/ways*, -wise* (one word).
- Loochoo Islands, Japan (one word); *not* Lew-Chew, Liukiu, Riukiu.
- looking-glass* (hyphen).
- look/ out*, *pl.* — outs* (two words).
- loophole* (one word).
- loosestrife* (bot.) (one word).
- loping*, with long strides, *not* lope-.
- lop-sided* (hyphen).
- loquitur (Lat.), he, or she, speaks; abbr. *loq.*

LORALAI — LPZ.

Loralai, near Quetta (*see also Lorelei*).
 lord, abbr. **Ld**.
 Lord/-Advocate of Scotland, abbr. **L.A.S.**; — Chamberlain, — Chancellor, abbr. **L.C.**; — Chief Baron, abbr. **L.C.B.**; — Chief Justice, abbr. **L.C.J.**; — Justice*, abbr. **L.J.**, *pl.* **L.JJ.**; — Lieutenant*, *pl.* — —s* (hyphen), abbr. **L.L.**; — Mayor* (two words, caps.); — of hosts, — of lords, as Deity (one cap.); — Privy Seal, abbr. **L.P.S.**; — Provost, abbr. **L.P.**
 Lord's Cricket Ground, London (apos.).
 Lord's Day (caps.).
 lordship, abbr. **Ldp**.
 Lord's/ Prayer, — Supper, — Table (caps.).
 Lorelei, on Rhine, *not* -ey, Lurlei (*see also Loralai*).
 Lorenzo, *see* Lourenço.
 Loreto, Peru.
 Lor/etto, N.E. Italy, *properly* -eto; *also* Scot. school.
 lorgnette* (Fr. f.), opera-glass, or pair of eyeglasses with long handle.
 loris*, the Ceylon sloth, *not* lori, lory.
 lorry*, a wagon, *not* lu-
 lory*, one of the parrots.
 Los Angeles, California.
 löss (geol.), *use* loess*.
 lota*, Hindu brass water-pot, *not* lotah, -oote, loto.
 Lot-et-Garonne, dép. Fr.
 loth, averse, *use* loath*.
 Loti (Pierre), pen-name of Julien Viaud, 1850-, Fr. writer.
 loto, *use* lota*.
 lotus-eater*, *not* lotos-
 Lou., *erroneous for* La. (Louisiana).
 Loudoun (Earl of).
 Louisiana, U.S.A.; off. abbr. **La**.

Louis, Philippe, 1773-1850, Fr. king.
 Louis/-Quatorze*, 1643-1715; —-Quinze*, 1715-74; —-Seize*, 1774-93; —-Treize*, 1610-43 (Louis XIV, XV, XVI, XIII), art styles (hyphens).
 loukoum (Gr., Turk.), national sweetmeat.
 lounge*, -ing.
 lour*, to frown, *not* lower.
 Lourenço Marques, S.E. Afr., *not* Lorenzo —.
 louver*, shutters, ventilators, *not* -re.
 lovable*, *not* -eable.
 "Love's Labour's Lost," Shakespeare, 1598 (two apos.).
 Low Church*, Low-Churchman (caps., hyphen).
 Low (Sampson), Marton, & Co., publishers, London.
 Lowe (Robert), 1811-92, Viscount Sherbrooke; — (Sir Hudson), 1769-1844, custodian of Napoleon at St. Helena.
 lower, to frown, *use* lour*.
 lower-case letters (typ.), the small ones, as *a b c*, *not* caps., or s.caps.; abbr. **l.c.** (*See also* capitalization.)
 Low Sunday*, first after Easter (caps.).
 low water* (two words).
 low-water mark (hyphen).
 Loyd (Lady Mary), writer (*see also* Lloyd/, -s).
 Loyson (Charles), 1827-, "Père Hyacinthe."
 L.P., large-paper copies of a book, Lord Provost, (paper) large post; **l.p.**, low pressure, (typ.) long primer type; **L.P.M.**, long peculiar metre; **L.P.S.**, Lord Privy Seal; **Lpz.**, Leipzig.

L.R.C., Labour Representation Committee, London Rowing Club; **L.R.C.P.**, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians; **L.R.C.P.E.**, ditto of Edinburgh; **L.R.C.P.I.**, ditto of Ireland; **L.R.C.S.**, Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons; **L.R.C.S.E.**, ditto of Edinburgh; **L.R.C.S.I.**, ditto of Ireland; **L.R.C.V.S.**, Licentiate of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.

L.S., Linnean Society, *locus sigilli* (the place of the seal); **l.s.**, left side; **L.S.A.**, Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries; **L.S.B.**, London School Board; **L.S.C.**, London Society of Compositors; **l.s.c.**, *loco supra citato* (in the place before cited); **L.S.D.***, *libræ, solidi, denarii* (pounds, shillings, and pence); £ s. d. (typ.) see punctuation, XXI, 3.

L.T., *Lira Turca* (Turk. pound); **Lt.**, Lieutenant; **L.T.&S.R.**, London, Tilbury, and Southend Railway; **Lt.-Col.**, Lieutenant-Colonel; **Ltd.**, Limited; **Lt.-Gen.**, Lieutenant-General; **L.Th.**, Licentiate of Theology (Durham); **Lt.Inf.**, Light Infantry.

(**L.U.**), Liberal Unionist.

Lucan*, of St. Luke, *not* Luk-.

Lucerne, in German **Luzern**.

lucerne*, a plant, *not* -ern.

"**Lucile**," by Lytton, 1860, *not* -lle.

Lucknow, Oudh, India.

lucus a non lucendo (Lat.), *approx.* inconsequent or illogical.

Luggnagg, island in "Gulliver's Travels."

lug-sail* (hyphen).

luis, *use lewis**.

Luke (St.) (New T.), *not* to be abbreviated; adj.

Lucan, *not* Luk-.

lukewarm/*, -ness*, tepid (one word).

lumbar* (anat.), of the loins.

lum/en* (anat.), an opening; *pl.* -ina*.

lumine sicco (*in*) (Lat.), disinterestedly.

lunch*, "a more colloq. synonym of luncheon. Now the usual word, except in specially formal use" (O.E.D.).

lunge*, long rope for exercising horses, *not* lc-.

lupine* (bot.), *not* -in.

Lurlei, *use Lorelei*.

"**Lusiad** (The)," by Camoens, 1572.

Lusitania, Portugal.

lustrum*, a five-year period; *pl.* -a*.

lusus naturæ* (Lat.), a freak of nature; *pl.* same.

Luth., Lutheran.

luxe (*édition de*)* (Fr.), a sumptuous edition (*not* ital.); **train de luxe***, luxurious railway train.

Luxembourg, Gardens and Palace, Paris.

Luxemburg, Belgium, *also* Grand Duchy of —.

Luzern, German for **Lucerne**.

L.V. (elec.), legal volt.

L.W.L., load-water-line.

L.W.O.S.T., Low Water Ordinary Spring Tides.

LXX*, the Septuagint, seventy (no points).

Lyall (Sir Alfred C.), 1835-, writer; —(Edna), pen-name of Miss A. E.

Bayly, 1858-1902; Lyall
(W. R., Dean), 1788-
1857, writer (*see also*
Lyell).
lycée* (Fr. m.), higher
secondary school.
lychee, *use* litchi*.
lych-gate, *use* lich- —*.
lyddite*, an explosive
(two *d*'s).
Lyell (Sir Charles),
1797-1875, geologist (*see*
also Lyall).
lying-in*, childbed (hy-
phen).
Lyly (John), 1554-1606,
the Euphuist.
lynch law*, *not*-'s, Linch's
(two words).
Lynds/ay, -ey, *see* Li-
lynx/*, *pl.* -es*.

Lyon King-of-Arms*,
chief Scottish herald.
Lyonnais (Crédit), Fr.
banking corporation.
Lyons, in Fr. Lyon (*see*
also Lions).
lyr., lyric.
lysin* (chem.), *not* -ine.
Lyte (Henry F.), 1793-
1847, hymn-writer; —
(Sir H. C. Maxwell-),
1848-, writer.
Lyttelton, family name of
Viscount Cobham, also
town in New Zealand (*see*
also Littleton).
Lyveden (Baron), *pron.*
liv'dn.
L.-Zug (Ger. m.), *Luxus-*
Zug (a luxurious railway
train).

M

M., Majesty, Marquess, member, middle, militia, Monday, the twelfth in a series, all proper names with this initial, (Fr.) *main* (hand), *mille* (a thousand), *Monsieur*, (Ger.) mark—about a shilling, (It.) *mano* (hand), *mezz/o*, -a(half), (Lat.) *magister* (master), *medicinæ* (of medicine), metro-
nome, (paper) medium quality.

M, 1000 (no point).

M', see **Mac**.

m., male, married, masculine, meridian, -ional, metre, -s, mile, -s, mill, minute, -s, month, -s, moon, (Lat.) *meridies* (noon), (mech.) mass, (naut.) mist.

m (Fr.), *mois* (month).

m, minim (drop).

μ (Gr. m.), micromillimetre (the millionth of a millimetre), micron (ditto metre), (math.) modulus, (phys.) symbol for magnetic permeability.

M.A., *Magister Artium* (Master of Arts), Military Academy.

ma (It.), but.

ma. (elec.), milliampere.

m/a (book-keeping), my account.

ma'am, see **madam**.

Maartens (**Maarten**), pen-name of van der Poorten Schwartz, 1858-, Dutch writer.

Maastricht, not **Maes**.

M.A.B., Metropolitan Asylums Board.

M.A.B.Y.S., Metropolitan

Association for Befriending Young Servants.

Mac (the prefix), spelling depends upon custom of the one bearing the name, and this must be followed, as:—MacDonald, Macdonald, McDonald, M^cDonald, M'Donald.

(The turned comma is usual here, not the apos.)

In alphabetical arrangement it should, however spelt, be placed under **Mac**.

macabre (*danse*) (Fr. f.), not macaber, machabree.

macaco*, a monkey, not -acco, -auco.

macadamize*, not -ise (not cap.).

macarism*, blessing, not mak-.

macaron/i*, not macc-; *pl. -ies**.

macaw*, a parrot, not macao, maccaw.

Macc. (1, 2), Maccabees I, II.

Maccabean, of the Maccabees, not -bæan.

McCall (R. A.), 1849-, barrister (not M^c-).

Macchiavelli, use **Mach**-.

maccoboy*, ascended snuff, not the many variations.

Maccoll (Canon Malcolm), 1838-1907, writer.

Macculloch (J.), 1773-1835, geologist.

M'Culloch (J. R.), 1789-1864, econ.

Maced., Macedonian.

macédoine (Fr. cook. f.), mixed fruit.

Macgillicuddy's Reeks, mountains in Kerry.

MACGREGOR — MAESTRICHT

MacGregor, fam. name of Rob Roy.

machairodus*, sabretoothed lion, *not* machæ-.

ma chère (Fr. f.), my dear.

Machiavelli (Nicolò), 1469-1527, Italian writer, *not* Macch-; -ism*, *not* -ianism.

machina (Lat.), a machine; *pron.* māk'i-na.

machineful*, *not* -full.

machinize*, etc., *not* -ise.

Machpelah, burial-place of Abraham, *not* Macp-.

macintosh, a waterproof, *but* mack*.

McKinley (William), 1843-1901, Amer. Pres. 1896-1901.

mackle* (typ.), blurred from defective printing, *not* macle, macule (*see also* macle).

Maclaren (Ian), pen-name of Rev. Dr. John Watson, 1850-, writer.

macle* (mineral.) (*see also* mackle).

Maclean (Very Rev. A. J.), 1858-, writer; *pron.* māk-lān'.

Macleane (Rev. D.), 1856-, writer; *pron.* māk-lān'.

MacLehose & Sons, publishers, Glasgow; *pron.* māk'le-hōz.

Macleod, MacLeod, *pron.* māk-loud'.

MacMahon (M. E. P. M. de), 1808-93; Fr. President 1873-9; — (Major P. A.), 1854-, mathematician.

Macmillan & Co., Ltd., publishers, London, *not* M°.

Macon, Georgia, U.S.A.

Mâcon, dép. Saône-et-Loire; *also* a Burgundy, *not* -çon.

macramé* lace, *not* -mi.

macrocosm*, the great world (*see also* mi-).

macron*, the long mark over a vowel, as *ā*.

macroscopic*, visible to the naked eye.

macrurous* (zool.), long-tailed, *not* macrourous.

Macsycophant (Sir Pertinax), in Macklin's "Man of the World."

macul/a* (Lat.), a spot; *pl.* -æ*.

macule, *use* mackle*.

madam*, *pl.* -s, abbr.

Mad.; colloq. abbr. 'm, ma'am, marm, m'm, mum.

Madame*, abbr. **Mme**, *not* Mdme; *pl.* **Mesdames***, abbr. **Mmes** (in Fr. no point after abbrs.).

Mädchen (Ger. n.), girl; *pl.* same (cap.).

Madeley, Staffs.

Mademoiselle*, abbr.

Mlle, *not* Mdlle; *pl.*

Mesdemoiselles*, abbr.

Milles, *not* Mdlls (in Fr. no point after abbrs.).

madère (Fr. m.), Madeira wine.

Madley, Hereford.

Madonna*, the Virgin Mary (cap.).

madonna (It.), my lady, madam (in 3rd person only, *not* cap.).

madrasah* (Ind.), a school or college, *not* the many variations.

Madras Staff Corps, abbr. **M.S.C.**

madregal*, a fish, *not* med-.

madrigal*, a part-song.

Mad. Univ., Madison University, U.S.A.; **Madras**—.

Mæcenās/*, a patron of the arts, *not* Me-; *pl.* -es*.

maelstrom*, *not* mal-.

Mænad/*, a priestess of Bacchus, *not* Me-; *pl.* -s.

Maestricht, Holland, *use*

Maas—.

maestr/o* (It. mus.), master, composer; *pl. -i*.
Maeterlinck (**Maurice**), 1864-, writer.
Mafia*, It. secret society.
ma foil! (Fr.) upon my word!
Mag., Magyar.
mag., magazine, magnetism.
Maga*, colloq. for "Blackwood's Magazine."
magasin de/ modes (Fr. m.), dressmaker's shop; — — **nouveautés**, linen-draper's —, *not* — des —.
magazine, abbr. mag.
magazines (titles of) (typ.), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.
magdalen*, an asylum, a reformed prostitute.
Magdalen College, Oxford, *pron.* maud'lin; abbr. **Magd.**
Magdalene College, Cambridge, *pron.* maud'lin; abbr. **Magd.**
Magendie (**François**), 1783-1855, French physiol. (*see also* **Maj-**).
maggot*, a grub (*see also* magot).
Magheramorne (**Baron**), *pron.* mār'ā-morn.
magilp, artists' medium, *use* megilp*.
magister* (Lat. m.), master, abbr. **M.**; — **artium***, Master of Arts, abbr. **M.A.**; — **Chirurgiæ**, ditto Surgery, **M.Ch.**
magistrand*, fourth-year student in Sc. university.
magma/*, a mass; *pl. -s*.
Magna Charta*, *not* — Carta; *pron.* — kar'tā.
magna est veritas et prævalet (Lat.), great is truth and it prevails; ditto **prævalet**, ditto will prevail.
magnesium*, symbol **Mg***.
magnetize*, *not* -ise.
magnify*, -ied*, -ying*.

magnifying glass* (two words).
magnum*, a reputed two-quart wine bottle.
magnum bonum*, a common trade name (two words, *not* ital.).
magn/umop/us* (Lat.), an author's chief work; *pl. -a -era*.
magot*, ape, also Chin. or Jap. figure (*see also* maggot).
M.Agr. (Amer.), Master of Agriculture.
mag/us*, a wise man; *pl. -i**; *but* the **Magi** (cap.).
Magyar*, dominant race in Hungary, also an Hungarian; *pron.* ma'dyôr; abbr. **Mag.**
magyarize*, etc., *not* -ise.
"Mahabharata," Indian epic, accent on third syllable.
Mahame/dan, -tan, *use* Mohammedan*.
Mahan (**Capt. A. T.**), 1840-, Amer. naval writer; *pron.* ma-han'.
Mahara/jah*, *not* -ja, Ind. title; *pron.* ma-ha-rah'jā; *fem. -nee**, *not* -ni.
mahaut, *use* mahout*.
mahlstick, painter's hand-rest, *use* maul*.
mahlstrom, *use* mael*.
Mahom/ed, -et, -edan, -etan, *use* Mohammed*, -an*.
mahout*, elephant-driver, *not* -aut.
Mahratta*, Ind. race, *not* Maratha, Marhatta.
Mahratti*, Indian dialect.
mahseer*, large freshwater fish, *not* the many variations.
mahwa*, E. Indian tree, *not* the many variations.
M.A.I., Member of the Anthropological Institute.
maidan* (Ind., Pers.), an esplanade, *not* -aun.

MAIDENHAIR — MALENTENDU

maidenhair* (bot.) (one word).

maieutic*, helping childbirth.

maigre*day (R.C.C.), one when no flesh is eaten.

mailable* (U.S.A.), capable of being sent by mail.

main/ (Fr. f.), a hand, also a quire, abbr. **M.**; — **drolte**, right hand, abbr. **M.D.**; — **gauche**, left —, **M.G.**

Maine, U.S.A., offic. abbr. **Me.**

Maine-et-Loire, dép. Fr. (hyphens).

Maine Liquor Law, U.S.A.

mainprize*, *not* -ise.

main/sail*, -spring* (one word).

Mainwaring, *pron.* man'-ering.

Mainz am Rhein, Ger. for Mayence on the Rhine.

maison/ d'arrêt (Fr. f.), prison; — **de campagne**, country house; — **de santé**, private asylum; — **de ville**, guildhall; — **garnie**, furnished house.

maisonnette*, a small house.

maître/, title of Fr. advocate, abbr. **Me**; — **d'hôtel*** (Fr. m.), house steward; **à la** — —, plainly prepared with parsley (no hyphen).

maîtresse (Fr. f.), mistress.

maiuscol/a (It. typ.), capital letter; **-etto**, small capital letter.

Maj., Major.

Majendie (Sir V. D.), 1836-98, Inspector of Explosives (*see also* **Mag**).

Majesté (Sa) (Fr. f.), His, or Her, Majesty, *not* **Son** —.

Majesty, abbr. **M.**; *pl.* **MM.**

major-domo*, a house

steward (hyphen); in It. **maggiordomo**.

Major/, abbr. **Maj.**; — **-General** (caps., hyphen), abbr. **Maj.-Gen.**

mijuscul/æ (Lat.), capital letters; in Fr. f. **-es**.

makarism, *use* **maca-***.

make-believe* (hyphen).

make even (typ.), in composing, the last word of a "take" of copy to end a full line; same as **end even**.

makeshift* (one word).

make-up* (typ.), arrangement of matter into pages.

make-weight* (hyphen).

Mal., Malachi, Malayan.

malac., malacology.

maladdress*, awkwardness (one word, *not* ital.); in Fr. f. **maladresse** (ital.).

malade imaginaire (Fr. m.), imaginary invalid.

maladroit* (*not* ital.).

mala/fide* (Lat.), treacherously; — **fides***, bad faith; **mala in se** (Lat.), acts which are intrinsically wrong.

Malagasy*, native of Madagascar.

malaise* (Fr. m.), discomfort.

mala praxis* (Lat.), bad management.

Malaprop (Mrs.), in "The Rivals" by Sheridan, 1775.

malapropos*, unseasonably; in Fr. **malà propos**.

Malayan, abbr. **Mal**.

malcontent*, *not* male-.

mal de/ mer* (Fr. m.), sea-sickness; — — **tête** (m.), headache.

Malden, Surrey.

mal du pays (Fr. m.), home-sickness.

male, abbr. **m.**, (bot., zool.) sign ♂.

malentendu (Fr. m.), mistake (one word).

mal entendu (Fr.), misunderstood (two words).
Malesherbes (C. G. de L. de), 1721-94, Fr. statesman (*see also* Malherbe).
Malet (Lucas), pen-name of Mrs. M. St. L. Harrison.
malgré/* (Fr.), in spite of; — **elle**, ditto herself; — **eux**, — **elles**, ditto themselves; — **lui**, ditto himself; — **moi**, ditto myself.
Malherbe (François de), 1555-1628, Fr. writer (*see also* Malesherbes).
Mallow, Co. Cork.
malm*, brick earth, *not* maum.
Malmaison, near Paris (one word).
malmsey*, a sweet wine, *not* -sie, -esie, -asye.
Malplaquet (battle of), 1709.
malpractice*, misbehaviour, *not* -se.
malstrom, *use* mael-*.
Malte-Brun (K.), 1775-1826, Fr. geographer.
Maltese cross, ☩ (*see also* cross, crux).
Malthus (T. R.), 1766-1834, writer on population.
mal/um (Lat.), an evil, *pl. -a*; **malum** *in se*, an intrinsic evil; — **prohibitum**, a prohibited wrong.
m. à m. (Fr.), *mot à mot* (word for word).
mameluke*, Egyptian mounted soldier, *not* mama-, mamlouk, memlook, -luk.
mamillary*, *not* mammil-.
mamma*, *not* mama.
mamm/a* (Lat.), a teat; *pl. -æ*.
mammonize*, *not* -ise.
Man. (paper), Manila.
man., manual.
Man (Isle of), abbr. I.O.M., *not* I.M.
manacle*, fetter, *not* -icle.

Manacles, rocks off Corn.
manage/able*, -ment*.
manakin, *use* mani-*.
Manasseh (tribe of).
Manasses (Prayer of), Apocr.
manatee*, the sea-cow; in Sp. **manatí**.
manche (Fr. m.), a handle; (f.) a sleeve.
Manche (La) (Fr.), the English Channel.
Manchester, abbr. Manch., or M/C.
man-child*, *pl. men-children** (hyphen).
Manchu/, -ria, -rian, of Manchuria, *not* -oo, -ow, Mantchoo.
Mandalay, Burma, *not* Mande-.
mandamus* (law) (*not* ital.).
mandarin*, Chinese official, *not* -ine.
mandat/ (Fr. m.), power of attorney; — **-poste**, money order (hyphen).
mandatary*, a person.
mandatory* (adj.), commanding.
mandioc, *use* manioc*.
mandolin*, *not* -ine.
mandrel*, a spindle, *not* -il.
mandrill*, a baboon.
manège* (Fr. m.), horsemanship, riding-school (*see also* **ménage**).
man/et (Lat., theat.), he, or she, remains; *pl. -ent*.
manganese*, symbol Mn*.
mangel-wurzel*, *not* mangle-, mangold-.
"Mangnall's Questions," *not* Mag-.
mango/*, Ind. fruit, *not* -oe; *pl. -es**.
mangold-wurzel, *use* mangel- —*.
mangosteen*, tropical fruit, *not* -an, -ine.
manhaden, *use* men-*.
Manhattan Island, New York.

Manichæan*, *not* -ean.
manicle, a fether, *use*
 -acle*.

manier/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
 affected.

manifesto/*, *pl.* -s*.

manikin*, *not* mana-,
 manni-; in Fr. m. **manne-**
quin.

Manila/, Philippine Isles;
 — cheroot; — paper,
not -lla, abbr. **Man**.

manioc*, the cassavaplant,
not -dioc, -ihoc, -ihot,
 -iocca.

maniplies, *use* many-*.

manipulator*, *not* -er.

Manipur, S.E. India, *not*
 Munnepoor.

Manit., Manitoba.

Manks, of the I. of Man,
use **Manx***.

Mann (Sir Horace), 1701-
 86, diplom.; — (Horace),
 1796-1859, Amer. educa-
 tionist.

mannequin (Fr. m.), a
 manikin.

Mannheim, Baden, *not*
 Manh-.

Mannlicher rifle.

manceuvr/e*, -ed*, -ing*.

man-of-war*, *pl.* men —
 — *(hyphens).

man-of-war's-man*(hy-
 phens, apos.).

manqu/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
 unsuccessful.

M.A.N.S. (Amer.), Mem-
 ber of the Academy of
 Natural Science.

Mansard (François),
 1598-1666, Fr. archi-
 tect.

mansard roof* (*not*
 cap.).

Mantchuria, *use* **Manc**-.

Mantegazza (Paolo),
 1831-, It. anthropologist.

mantelet*, *not* mantlet.

mantelpiece*, *not* mantle-
 (one word).

mantilla* (Sp.), a short
 mantle.

mantlet, a shelter, *use*
 mante-*.

manual (mus.), abbr. **man**.

manufactur/e, -er, abbr.
 mfr.; -ed, mfd.; -ers,
 -es, mfrs.; -ing, mfg.

manu forti (Lat.), by main
 force.

manumit/*, -ted*, -ting*.

manu propria (Lat.), with
 one's own hand.

manus (Lat. f.), the hand;
pl. same.

manuscript*, abbr. **MS**.*
 (a, *not* an), *pl.* **MSS**.*

(point at end only). It

should be written on one

side only of ruled quarto

paper, not very thin. One

inch blank margin on left-

hand side. Caps. *I, J, T, S,*

and l.c. *i, e, l, m, n, t, u,* to

be written clearly. Un-

usual words, such as

proper names, to be in

printing characters. Each

leaf to be paged in con-

secutive order from the

first to the last: not each

chapter separately. Never

write corrections on *back*

of a leaf, but put in an

extra leaf and mark it, say,

23 A, B, or C. If a leaf

be deleted, say 24, mark

previous one 23-4. It is

often advantageous to have

original MS. typewritten,

when it can be revised as

a first proof, and thus

many "author's correc-

tions" saved. All MSS.

should be kept flat, and

not rolled; if however

this be unavoidable, the

writing should be on the

convex side (*see also* foot-

notes).

manuscript abbrevia-

tions, *see* Abbrevia-

tions for Longhand.

manuscrit (Fr. m.), MS.

Manuskript (Ger. n.), MS.;

also printer's copy.

Manutius/(Aldus), 1450-1515, in It. Aldo **Manuzzio**; — — "the younger," 1547-97; — (Paulus), 1511-74; It. printers.

Manx*, of the Isle of Man, *not* -ks; natives, **Manx-man***, *fem.* -woman*, *pl.* -en (each one word). **manyplies*** (zool.), third stomach of ruminants, *not* mani-, mony-.

Manzanilla*, a brown sherry.

Maori*, *sing.* and *pl.* same. **ma petite** (Fr. f.), my little (girl).

Mapledurham, Oxford (one word).

maquereau (Fr. m.), mackerel.

mar*, -red*, -ring*.

mar., maritime.

Mar (Earl *of*), family name Goodeve-Erskine (*see also* **Mar** and **Kellie**).

M.Ar. (Amer.), Master of Architecture.

marabou/ feather*, — stork*, *not* -bout, -bu.

marabout*, N. Afr. monk or hermit, *not* -but.

marabout (Fr. m.), a very large coffee-pot.

Maracaibo, Venezuela, *not* -ybo.

Maranatha* (Syriac), "our Lord cometh."

Mar and Kellie (Earl *of*), family name Erskine (*see also* **Mar**).

maraschino*, a liqueur, *not* -queno; *pron.* ma-ras-kee'no.

Marat (J. P.), 1744-93, assassinated by C. Corday.

Maratha, an Indian race, *use* **Mahratta***.

Marazion, Cornwall; *pron.* mār-ä-zy'on.

marbled edges, *see* **edges**.

marbleize* (U.S.A.), *not* -ise.

marbré (Fr.), marbled; also marbled edges of books.

March (month of) (typ.), should not be abbreviated.

march., marchioness.

Märchen (Ger. n.), a fairy-tale; *pl.* same.

marches/e* (It.), marquess; *fem.* -a, marchioness.

Marco (G.), 1863-, chess player.

Marcobrunner, a hock.

Marconi (Guglielmo), 1875-, electrician.

marconigram*, wireless telegraph message.

mardi gras (Fr. m.), Shrove-Tuesday.

maréchal (Fr. m.), Field-Marshal; his wife, -e.

Maréchal Niel, a rose.

mare's-tail* (bot.) (apoc., hyphen).

marg., margin, -al.

margarine*, *not* -in; *pron.* g as in go.

Margaux (Château-), a claret (hyphen).

marge (Fr. f.), margin.

marginalla (Lat.), marginal notes, *is pl.*

Marginalie (Ger. f.), marginal note, *also* **Rand-vermerk** (cap.).

margins (typ.), the four are called back, head, fore-edge, and tail. A good proportion of the total margin is back and head two-fifths to fore-edge and tail three-fifths.

Margoliouth (D. S.), 1858-, theologian.

mariage de convenance (Fr. m.), marriage of convenience, *not* marr-.

Mariamne, wife of Herod the Great.

Marie de' Medici, wife of Henry IV of France (de', *not* de); in Fr. de **Médicis**.

MARINADE — M.A.S.

marinade* (Fr. cook. f.),
a pickle.
Marines ("Blue"), Royal
Marine Artillery ; —
("Red"), Royal Marine
Light Infantry.
marionette.
maritime, abbr. mar.
marivaudage (Fr. m.),
daintily affected style.
Marjoribanks, *pron.*
march'banks.
Mark (St.) (New Test.),
not to be abbreviated.
mark*, Ger. coin, about a
shilling ; never takes sign
of pl. ; abbr. M., or Mk.
market/, abbr. mkt. ; -ed,
-ing*.
Market/ - Drayton, —
-Harborough (hy-
phens).
market overt*, open mar-
ket.
market-place* (hyphen).
market town* (two
words).
marks of correction,
see proof correction
marks.
marks of reference
(typ.), * † ‡ § || ¶ (*see*
also foot-notes).
marline-spike*, *not* mar-
lin-, marling- (hyphen).
Marlow (Great), Bucks.
Marlowe (Christopher),
1563-93, dramatist.
marmoset*, a monkey.
Marocco, *use* Morocco.
Maroczy (G.), 1870-,
chess player.
maroon*, very dark red,
not morone.
maroquin (Fr. m.), mo-
rocco leather.
Marprelate Contro-
versy (the).
marque (letters of)*,
those authorizing re-
prisals.
marque de fabrique
(Fr. f.), trade-mark.
marquess*, *not* -is, abbr.

M., or marq.; *fem.*
marchioness*, abbr.
march.; in Fr. **mar-
quis**, *fem. -e.*
Marquoi's scales, etc.
marriage, in Fr. m.
mariage (one r).
marriageable*, *not* -gale.
married, abbr. m.
marron (Fr. m.), chestnut.
marrowfat*, a pea.
"Marseillaise" (La),"
Fr. national song.
Marseilles*; in Fr. Mar-
seille, *pron.* mar-sây'.
marshal*, -led*, -ler*,
-ling*.
Marsham (Viscount),
eldest son of Earl Romney
(*see also* Masham).
marten*, a weasel (*see also*
martin).
Marthas Vineyard,
island, U.S.A. (no apos.).
Martian*, of Mars.
martin*, a bird (*see also*
marten).
Martinengo - Cesaresco
(Countess E.), 1852-,
writer.
Martinique, W. Indies.
martingale*, *not* -gal.
Martinmas*, 11 Nov.
martyrize*, etc., *not* -ise.
marvel*, -led*, -ling*,
-lous*.
Marvell (Andrew), 1621-
78, poet.
Marx (Karl), 1818-83,
Socialist.
Maryland, U.S.A., offic.
abbr. Md.
Marylebone, London,
formerly Mary-le-bone ;
pron. mär-Y'bun.
Marymass*, 25 March.
Marzials (Sir F. T.),
1840-, writer.
mas (Lat.), a male ; *pl.*
mares.
mas (Sp.), but.
más (Sp.), more.
M.A.S., Master of Applied
Science.

masc., masculine.
Mascagni (Pietro),
 1863-, composer.
 masculine, abbr. *m.*, or
 masc.
mashallah!* (Arab., Pers.,
 Turk.), an exclamation of
 wonder.
Masham (Baron), family
 name Lister (*see also*
Marsham).
mashie*, a golf club, *not*
-y.
Mashonaland, S. E. Afr.,
not Mashu-.
mashy, *use mashie**.
masjid* (Turk.), a mosque,
not mus-.
mask*, *not* masque.
Mason (Freemasonry)
 (cap.).
Masorah*, Heb. tradition,
not the many variations;
 -etic Text, abbr. **M.T.**
Mass, R.C. service (cap.).
mass (mech.), abbr. *m.*
Mass., Massachusetts
 (offic. abbr.).
massé (Fr. *m.*), stroke at
 billiards.
Masséna (**André**), 1758-
 1817, Fr. marshal.
Massenet (**J. É. F.**),
 1842-, Fr. composer.
Massereene (Viscount).
masseu/r*, *fem. -se**.
Massey, family name of
 Baron Clarina (*see also*
Massy).
massif* (geol.), a mountain
 mass (*not* ital.).
Massora, *use Masorah**.
Massy, fam. name of Baron
 Massy (*see also Massey*).
Master, abbr. **Mr.** (point,
 should not end line).
master-at-arms* (naut.),
 first-class petty officer
 (hyphens).
master mariner*, captain
 of a merchant vessel.
Master of the Rolls*,
 abbr. **M.R.**
masterpiece* (one word).

master printer, the head
 of a printing establish-
 ment.
mast-head* (hyphen).
mastic*, *not* -ich, -ick.
mat*, dull, *not* -tt.
mat., matins.
Matabele/, *pl.* same;
 -land, S. Afr. (one word).
matador*, Spanish bull-
 slayer, *not* -ore.
matchwood* (one word).
maté, Paraguay tea, *not*
 mate (*not* ital.).
matelot (Fr. *m.*), a sailor.
matelote* (Fr. cook. *f.*),
 a rich fish stew.
mat/er* (Lat.), mother; *pl.*
-res.
materialize*, etc., *not* -ise.
materia medica*, science
 of drugs (*not* ital.).
matériel* (Fr. *m.*), every-
 thing but the personnel of
 an army or navy (ital.).
math., mathematics, -ical,
 -ician.
mathematics (typ.), ref-
 erences to foot-notes in
 math. works to be marks
 of reference (*, †, etc.),
 and *not* superior figures,
 as these may be mistaken
 in the text for indices.
 When letters are required
 for formulæ, use caps.
 and l.c., *not* s.caps. If
 the body of the text is in
 roman, the l.c. letters
 must be ital. and vice versa,
 except in the case of caps.,
 which should be roman.
 Whole numbers are set
 without commas, as 13500,
not 13,500. A formula, if
 detached from the text,
 is generally set in the
 middle of the line; and if
 it has to be carried on to
 the next, the break is made
 at an *equal*, *minus*, or *plus*
 sign, which is carried over.
 Abbr. **math.** (*see also*
figures, **fractions**).

MATHEW — MAZURKA

Mathew (Lord Justice), 1830-.

Mathews (Charles), 1776-1835, actor; — (Charles James), 1803-78, actor, dramatist, son of former; — (Elkin), publisher; — (Shailer), 1863-, Amer. writer (*see also* Matt-).

matin* (Fr. m.), morning.

mâtin* (Fr. m.), mastiff.

matinée* (Fr. f.), entertainment by day; — **musicale**, ditto with music.

matins*, sometimes in Prayer Book **mattins**, abbr. **mat**.

matriculator*, *not* -er.

Matrimonial Causes Acts (law) (no apos.).

matr/ix* (typ.), a mould from which a stereo plate is made; also a mould used in making the face of a letter; *pl.* -ices.

Matt., St. Matthew.

Mattei (Tito), 1841-, composer.

matter* (typ.), MS. or copy to be printed, type that is composed; live or standing —, type that has yet to be printed from, electroed, or stereoed; dead —, type ready for distribution.

Matthew (St.), abbr. **Matt**.

Matthews (James Brander), 1852-, American writer (*see also* Math-).

mattress*, *not* -ass, *matress*.

Mau, India, *use* **Mhow**.

maud*, a wrap, *not* -de.

Maugrabin (Hayradin), in "Quentin Durward."

Maulmain, Burma, *not* Moul-, *Mauimein*.

maulstick*, *not* mahl-.

maum, *use* **malm***.

Maundy Thursday*, day before Good Friday, *not*

Maunday Thursday (two words).

Maupassant (Guy de), 1850-93, Fr. writer.

Maupeou (R.N.C.A.de), 1714-92, Fr. chancellor.

Mauresque, *use* **Mor***.

mausoleum*, *pl.* -a.

mauvaise honte* (Fr. f.), shyness.

mauvais/ goût (Fr. m.), bad taste; — **pas**, a difficulty; — **quart d'heure**, a short unpleasant time; — **sujet***, a ne'er-do-weel; — **ton***, bad style.

Max., Maximilian.

max., maxim, maximum.

maxill/a*, the jaw; *pl.* -æ*.

maxim/um*, the greatest; *pl.* -a*, abbr. **max.** (*not* ital.).

Max O'Rell, pen-name of Paul Blouet, 1848-1903.

Maxwell (J. Clerk), 1831-79, physicist, *not* Clerk-Maxwell.

Maxwell-Lyte (Sir H. C.), 1848-, writer.

May (month of), *not* to be abbreviated.

may (tree) (*not* cap.).

maybe*, perhaps (one word).

May Day, 1 May (caps., two words).

mayduke*, a cherry (one word).

Mayence on the Rhine, in Ger. **Mainz am Rhein**.

Mayfair, London (one word).

mayonnaise* (Fr. f.), a salad dressing (*not* ital.).

mayst (no apos.).

mazagran (Fr. m.), black coffee served in a glass.

Mazarine Bible, 42-line, first book printed from movable types.

mazurka*, a Polish dance, *not* mazou-.

M.B., *Medicinæ Bacca-
laureus* (Bachelor of
Medicine); **M.B.Sc.**
(Amer.), Master of Busi-
ness Science; **M.B.T.A.**,
Metropolitan Board
Teachers Association.

Mc, see **Mac**.

M.C., Master Commandant,
— of Ceremonies, — of
Surgery, (U.S.A.) Member
of Congress, — of
Council; **M/C.**, Man-
chester; **M.C.C.**, Mary-
lebone Cricket Club,
Middlesex County Coun-
cil; **M.C.D.** (Amer.),
Doctor of Comparative
Medicine; **M.C.E.**
(Amer.), Master of Civil
Engineering; **M.Ch.**, *Ma-
gister Chirurgiæ* (ditto
Surgery); **M.C.L.**, ditto
Civil Law; **M.C.M.E.S.**
(Amer.), Member of Civil
and Mechanical Engin-
eers' Society; **M.Com.**
(Birmingham), Master of
Commerce; **M.C.P.**,
Member of the College
of Preceptors; **M.C.S.**,
Madras Civil Service.

M.D., *Medicinæ Doctor*
(Doctor of Medicine),
Middle Dutch, (It. mus.)
mano destra (right hand),
(Fr. mus.) *main droite*
(right hand); **Md.**,
Maryland, U.S.A. (offic.
abbr.); **m.d.**, month's
date; **Mdlle**, use **Mlle**
(Mademoiselle); **Mdme**,
use **Mme** (Madame);
M.D.S., Master of Dental
Surgery; **mdse.**, mer-
chandise (usual in Amer.).

M.E., Mechanical Engineer,
Methodist Episcopal,
Middle English, Military
Engineer, Mining Engi-
neer, Most Excellent;
Me., Maine, U.S.A. (offic.
abbr.); **M^e** (Fr.), *maître*
(title of Fr. advocate).

me (it is), **it is I**, both per-
missible in speech, but for-
mers should not be printed.
mea culpa (Lat.), by my
fault.

meagre*, *not* -er.
mealie*, ear of maize; *pl.* -s.
mealy-mouthed*, hypo-
critical (hyphen).

meantime* (one word).

meanwhile* (one word).

measur/e*, -able*, abbr.

meas.; (typ.), the width
of a page or column,
usually stated in pica ems;
-ements (see figures).

meat/us* (Lat.), a passage;
pl. -ūs*.

M.E.C., Member of Exec-
utive Council.

Mecca*, capital of Arabia,
not Mekka, -ah, -eh.

Mecenas, use **Mæ***.

mech., mechanics, -ical.

mechanics, is *singular*.

Mechlin lace*, etc.

Mecklenburgh Square,
London, W.C.

Mecklenburg/-Schwer-
in, — -Strelitz, Ger.

M.E.D. (Amer.), Master
of Elementary Didactics.

med., medical, medicine,
medieval, medium.

médaille (Fr. f.), medal.

medal*, -led*, -lion*,
-list*.

"Médecin malgré lui
(Le)," by Molière, 1666.

mediæval*, abbr. **med.**;
-ism*, -ist*, -ize*, etc.,
not medie-.

medical*, abbr. **med.**; —
signs, $\frac{3}{4}$ dram, \mathfrak{M} minim,
 \mathfrak{M} *misce* (mix), $\frac{3}{4}$ ounce,
O pint, \mathfrak{R} *recipe*, \mathfrak{S} scruple.

medicinæ (Lat.), of medi-
cine; abbr. **M**.

Medina, river, I.W.

Medineh, Arabia.

mediocre* (not ital).

Medit., Mediterranean.

meditatio fugæ (Lat., Sc.
law), contemplating flight.

MEDIUM — MENDICITY

- medi/um***, *pl.* -a*, in spiritualism -ums (not ital.); abbr. med.
- medium/ paper**, 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.; — folio, 18 x 11 $\frac{1}{2}$; — octavo, 9 x 6; — quarto, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 9 (*see also books, paper*).
- Medjidie***, Turk. order; **medjidie***, Turk. coin.
- med. jur.**, medical jurisprudence.
- Med.Lat.**, mediaeval Latin.
- Médoc*** (Fr. m.), a claret.
- Meerut**, Ind., *not* Merath, Mirat.
- meetings** (news reports of), speakers' names usually s.caps., resolutions double-quoted.
- Meffert** (Peter) (Ger.), Mr. What's-his-name.
- megalomania***, the delusion of grandeur.
- megavolt** (elec.), a million volts.
- megilp***, *not* -ph, magilp.
- megohm*** (elec.), a million ohms.
- megrim***, -s*, headache, *not* migraine.
- Meilhac** (Henri), 1831-97, dramatist.
- mein Herr** (Ger.), a form of address, as Sir; *pl.* **meine Herren**.
- meiosis*** (rhet.), diminution.
- Meiringen**, Switz., *not* Mey-.
- Meissonier** (J. L. E.), 1813-91, Fr. painter.
- "Meistersinger von Nürnberg (Die)"**, opera by Wagner, 1867.
- me judice** (Lat.), in my opinion.
- Mekk/a**, -ah, -eh, *use* Mecca*.
- M.E.L.** (Amer.), Master of English Literature.
- Melanchthon** (Philip), 1497-1560, Luther's colleague, *not* Melanct-.
- Melanesia** (Bp. of).
- mélange*** (Fr. m.), a mixture.
- Melchi/zedek**, in Old Test.; -sedec in New Test.
- mêl/é** (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, mixed.
- mêlée*** (Fr. f.), a fray (not ital.).
- Melibœan***, alternating, *not* -æan, -ean.
- melodrama*** (one word).
- Melton-Mowbray**, Leics (hyphen).
- mem.**, memento, memorial.
- member**, abbr. M.
- Member of Parliament** (caps.); abbr. **M.P.**, *pl.* **M.P.'s**.
- memento*/**, a souvenir, *pl* -es*, abbr. mem. (not ital.); in Fr. m. **mé-**.
- memento mori*** (Lat.), remember that you must die.
- meml/ook**, -uk, *use* mameluke*.
- mémoire** (Fr. m.), bill, report, treatise; (f.) memory.
- memorabilia*** (Lat.), noteworthy things, is *pl*.
- memorand/um***, *pl.* -a*; abbr. memo.
- memorialize***, *not* -ise.
- memoria technica*** (Lat.), mnemonics.
- memoriter*** (Lat.), from memory.
- memorize***, to learn by heart, *not* -ise.
- mem-sahib*** (Ang.-Ind.), the mistress of a house.
- Menad**, *use* Mæ*.
- ménage*** (Fr. m.), a household (*see also manège*).
- menagerie***, *not* -ery.
- mendacity***, falsehood.
- Mendeléeff** (Dmitri Ivanovitch), 1834-1907, Russ. chemist.
- Mendelssohn-Bartholdy** (Felix), 1809-47, composer.
- Mendès** (Catulle), 1841-, Fr. writer.
- mendicity***, begging.

Menelek, *not* -lik.

"Ménestrel (Le)," Fr. musical periodical.

M.Eng., Master of Engineering (Dublin).

menhaden*, a N. Amer. fish, *not* man-.

mensa* (Lat.), a table; **a mensa et to: o**, from bed and board (a kind of divorce), *not* thoro.

mens sana in corpore sano (Lat.), a sound mind in a sound body.

menstruum* (Lat.), a solvent; *pl.* -a*.

mensur., mensuration.

menthe (Fr. cook. f.), mint, *not* mi-.

Mentone (It.), S. Fr., *pron.* men-to'ně; in Fr. **Menton**.

menu* (Fr. m.), bill of fare, *pl.* -s; — (order of), *hors-d'œuvre* (same in s. and pl.), appetizers; *potages*, soups; *poissons*, fish; *relevés*, removes; *entrées*, "made" dishes; *rôtis*, joints; *légumes*, vegetables; *entremets*, side dishes; *gelées*, jellies; *crèmes*, creams; *fromages*, cheeses; *dessert*, dessert; *glaces*, ices; *café*, coffee; *liqueurs*.

menu gibier (Fr. cook. m.), small game, as grouse, etc.; **menus plaisirs**, small pleasures.

Mephistophelian*, *not* -ean.

mépris (Fr. m.), contempt.

méprise (Fr. f.), mistake.

mer., meridian, meridional.

Meran, Tyrol.

Merath, *use* Meerut.

Mercédès motor-car (é è).

merchandise*, etc., *not* -ize; abbr. mdse (U.S.A.).

Merchant/ Company Schools, Edin.; — **Taylors** Company; *but* — **Taylors' School** (apos.).

merci (Fr. m.), thanks; (f.) mercy.

mercurialize*, *not* -ise.

mercury, symbol Hg.

merid/ian*, -ional*, abbr. m., *or* mer.

meridies* (Lat.), noon; abbr. m.

Mérimée (Prosper), 1803-70, Fr. writer.

merlan (Fr. m.), whiting.

merle*, the common black-bird, *not* merl.

Merrimac, river, U.S.A., *not* -ak.

merrythought*, the bone (one word).

Merthyr Tydfil, S. Wales (no hyphen).

mésalliance* (Fr. f.), marriage with an inferior.

Mesdemoiselles*, abbr. **Mlles**, *not* Mdlls.

mesjid, *use* **mus**-.

mesmerize*, *not* -ise.

Meso-Gothic, *not* Mæ-, Mœ-; abbr. **M.Goth**.

Mesolonghi, *use* **Mi**-.

Messageries Maritimes, "La Compagnie des Services Maritimes des Messageries," a Fr. shipping company.

Messiah*, **Messianic***.

Messieurs* (Fr.), abbr.

MM.; *sing.* **Monsieur**.

Messrs., *sing.* **Mr.** (point at end).

mestee, *use* **mus**-*.

mestizo*, one of Sp. and Amer.-Ind. blood, *not* -ino.

met., metronome.

metal*/, -led*, -ing*.

metal., metallurgy.

metamorphose*, to transform, *not* -ise, -ize.

metaph., metaphysics, -ical, -ically, -ician, metaphor, -ical, -ically.

meteor., meteorology.

meter, 39.37 inches, *use* metre*.

Meth., Methodist.

METHODIZE — MICRO-VOLT

- methodize*, *not* -ise.
métier* (Fr. m.), a handicraft.
 metonymy*, change of name; abbr. meton.
Met.R., Metropolitan Railway (London).
 metre*/, 39·37 inches, *pl.* -s, abbr. m.; in Fr. *mètre*, in Ger. *Meter*.
 metrology*, science of weights and measures; abbr. metrol.
 metronome*, abbr. M., or met.; **Maelzel's** —, **M.M.**
 metronymic*, name taken from female ancestor, *not* ma-.
 metropol/is*, *pl.* -ises; -itan; abbr. metrop.
mettre/ au net (Fr.), to make a fair copy; — **à la question**, to torture; — **en ques'tion**, to doubt.
meum*/ (Lat.), mine; — and **tuum***, mine and thine, *not et tuum*.
Meux, *pron.* mewz.
Mex., Mexico, -an.
 mezereon* (bot.), *not*-eum.
 mezzanine floor*.
mezz/o* (It. mus.), *fem.* -a, half, medium; abbr. M.; *pron.* med'so.
 mezzo-rilievo*, mezzo-soprano* (hyphens).
 mezzotint*, a print from an intaglio copper-plate engraved by hand (one word, *not* ital.).
M.F. (paper), mill-finish;
mf (mus.), *mezzo-forte* (rather loud); **M.F.B.**, Metropolitan Fire Brigade; **mfd.**, manufactured, (elec.) microfarad; **mfg.**, manufacturing;
M.F.H.*, Master of Foxhounds; **mfr.**, manufacture, -er; **mfrs.**, manufactures, -ers.
M.G. (mus.), *main gauche* (left hand), (Sw.) medical gymnast; **Mg**, magnesium; **mg.**, milligram, -s; **M.Goth.**, Meso-Gothic; **M.Gr.**, Middle Greek; **Mgr**, Monsignor, Monseigneur, *pl.* **Mgrs.**
M.H. (Amer.), Master of Horticulture; **MHG.**, Middle High German (one point only); **M.H.K.**, Member of the House of Keys (I.O.M.).
 mho* (elec.), unit of conductivity.
M.Hon., Most Honourable.
Mhow, Ind., *not* Mau, Mhau.
M.H.R., Member of the House of Representatives.
M.I., Mounted Infantry.
 miasm/a* (Gr.), noxious emanation; *pl.* -ata*.
Mic., Micah.
mi-carême (*la*) (Fr.), Mid-Lent; *pl.* **les mi-carêmes** (hyphens).
M.I.C.E., *erroneous* for **M.Inst.C.E.**
Mich., Michaelmas, Michigan (offic. abbr.).
Michel (Louise), 1830-1905, Fr. anarchist.
Michelangelo Buonarroti, 1475-1564, sculptor, etc. (two words, *not* three).
Michigan, off. abbr. **Mich.**
Mickiewicz (Adam), 1798-1855, Polish poet.
Micmac, N. Amer. Indians (one word).
 microcosm*, the little world (*see also* ma-).
 micro-farad* (elec.), the millionth of a farad, abbr. **mfd.**; -hm*, ditto ohm; -millimetre*, ditto millimetre, symbol μ ; -n, ditto metre, 1/25,400 inch, symbol μ .
 microphotograph*/, -y* (one word).
 micros., microscopy, -ist.
 micro-volt* (elec.), the millionth of a volt.

mid., middle.

Mid-Calder, Midlothian (caps., hyphen).

midday* (one word).

middle*, abbr. **M.**, or **mid**.

middle/-aged* (hyphen).

Middle Ages* (caps.).

middle class* (two words).

middleman* (one word).

Middlesbrough, Yorks, *not* -borough.

Middleton (Baron), fam. name Willoughby (*see also* **Midleton**, **Mydd**-).

Mid. Lat., Latin of the Middle Ages.

Mid-Lent, fourth Sunday in Lent (caps., hyphen).

Midleton (Viscount), fam. name Brodrick (*see also* **Midd**-, **Mydd**-).

Midlothian (one word).

midriff*, *not* -if.

midships* (one word).

Midsomer Norton, Som.

midsummer* (one word).

Midsummer Day*, 24

June (two words, caps.).

midwinter* (one word).

M.I.E.E., Member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers.

Miers (Sir H. A.), 1858-, mineralogist (*see also* **Myers**, **Myres**).

mightst (no apos.).

Mignet (F. A. M.), 1796-1884, Fr. historian.

mignonette* (bot.) (*see also* **minionette**).

migraine, a headache, *use* **megrim***, -s*.

M.I.J., *use* **M.J.I.**

mijnheer, ordinary Dutch form of address—as Sir; in Ger. **mein Herr**.

mijoter (Fr.), to cook slowly.

mil*, one thousandth of an inch (no point).

mil., military, militia.

Milbank (Sir Powlett C. J.), 1852- (*see also* **Mill**-).

Milbanke (Sir J. Peniston), 1872- (*see also* **Mill**-).

mileage*, *not* milage.

mile*/-s*, abbr. **m.**; (typ.) any considerable number to be printed in figures; *geogr. or naut.* —, 6080 feet; *statute* —, 5280 feet; in Fr. **m. mille/**, -s.

Miles Platting, Manchester.

military*, abbr. **mil**.

Military Academy, abbr. **M.A.**

Militia*, abbr. **M.**, or **mil**.

Milky Way* (astr.) (caps.).

mill*, abbr. **m**.

Millbank, London, S.W. (*see also* **Milb**-).

mille (Fr. **m.**), a thousand, abbr. **M.**; *also* a mile.

millenary*, of a thousand.

millennium*/pl. -s* (two l's, two n's).

mille passus (Lat.), 1000 paces of five feet, or the Roman mile; abbr. **M.P.**

millepede* (zool.), *not* -ed, **milli**-.

Miller & Richard's type is "revived old style," as this.

Millers Dale, Derby.

Milles, family name of Earl Sondes (*see also* **Mills**).

Millet (Aimé), 1819-91, Fr. sculptor;—(Jean-François), 1814-75, Fr. painter.

milliampere, abbr. **ma**.

milliard*, a thousand millions.

milligram, .015 grain, off. Board of Trade spelling, *not* -mme; abbr. for one or more, **mg**.

millimetre*, .03937 of an inch, off. Board of Trade spelling, *not* -er; abbr. for one or more, **mm**.

millionaire*, *not* -onnaire.

millipede, *use* **mille**-*.

Millman Street, Bedford Row, London.

MILL-REAM — MISCIBLE

- mill-ream** (*see* ream of paper).
Mills, family name of Baron Hillingdon (*see also* Milles).
Milltown (**Earl of**) (*see also* Milt-).
Milman (H. H., Dean), 1791-1868.
Milman's Street, Chelsea (apos.).
Milne - Edwards (Alphonse), 1835-; — **Henri**, 1800-85, naturalists.
Milnes, *pron.* mills.
milreis*, Port. coin about 4s. 5d. Eng., *not* -rea, mill-ree, -ei.
Milton (**Viscount**) (*see also* Mill-).
Miltown, Kerry.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin, U.S.A.
M.I.M.E., Member of the Institution of Mining Engineers.
M.I.Mech.E., Member of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers.
mimic*, -ked*, -king*.
min., minim, minimum, mining, minister, minor, minute, -s.
M.I.N.A., Member of the Institution of Naval Architects.
mincemeat* (one word).
Minchinhampton, Glos (one word).
Minehead, Somerset (one word).
mineralize*, *not* -ise.
mineralog/y*, -ical*, abbr. mineral.
minever, *use* mini*.
Minié (C. É.), 1814-79, inventor of rifle, etc.; *pron.* mīn'ē.
minim*, a drop; abbr. min., sign \mathfrak{m} .
minimize*, *not* -ise.
minim/um*, *pl.* -a* (*not* ital.); abbr. min.
mining*, abbr. min.
- minion type***, seven point, ten lines to the inch, as this.
minionette* (Amer. typ.), a bastard body, 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ lines to the inch (*see also* mignonette).
minister*, abbr. min.
Minister of Ways of Communication (Russ.) (caps.).
minium*, redoxide of lead.
miniver*, a fur, *not* -ever.
Minn., Minnesota, U.S.A. (offic. abbr.).
Minneapolis, U.S.A.
minor*, abbr. min.
Min./ Plen., Minister Plenipotentiary; — **Res.**, ditto Residentiary.
M.Inst.C.E., Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers (offic.), *not* M.I.C.E.
Mint (the) (cap.).
minuet*, a dance, or its music, *not* -ette.
minus* (Lat.), less (*not* ital.), sign —.
minuscul/æ (Lat.), lower-case letters; *sing.* -a, in Fr. f. -e.
minute*/-s*, abbr. m., or min., sign ' — mark ('), symbol for feet, minutes, also placed after a syllable on which the stress falls.
minuti/æ* (Lat.), small details; *sing.* -a* (*not* ital.).
miny*, mine-like, *not* -ey.
mirabile/ dictu (Lat.), wonderful to relate; — **visu**, ditto *see*.
mirky, dark, *use* murky*.
miry*, mire-like, *not* -ey.
Mirzapur, Ind., *not* -pore.
misadvice*, bad counsel.
misadvise*, to give bad counsel.
misc., miscellaneous, miscellany.
miscellanea (Lat.); miscellanies, is *pl.*
miscible, capable of being mixed.

miscue (billiards) (one word).
misdemeanour, *not* -or.
Mise (Fr.), *marquise* (marchioness), *not* Mise.
mise en scène (Fr. f.), scenery, stage effect.
misfeasance, a wrongful act; (law) a trespass.
misfire, *use* miss-.
Mishna, a collection of Jewish precepts, *not* -ah.
misle, *use* mizzle.
mistletoe, *use* mistle-.
mismanagement.
misogamy, hatred of marriage; -ist.
misogyny, hatred of women; -ist.
misprint (typ.), a typographical error.
Miss., Mission, -ary, Mississippi (offic. abbr.).
missa (Lat.), a religious Mass; — **cantata**, one held without deacon and subdeacon; — **catechumenorum**, one for catechumens; — **fidelium**, Mass of the faithful.
Missal (Ger. typ.), forty-four point type (cap.).
missel - thrush, *use* mistle-.
misseltoe, *use* mistle-.
mis/send, to send incorrectly; -sent.
missfire (one word), *not* misf-.
misshapen (one word).
Mission/, -ary, abbr. **Miss**.
Mississippi, river and State, U.S.A.; offic. abbr. **Miss**.
Missolonghi, Greece, *not* Meso-.
Missouri, river and State, U.S.A.; offic. abbr. **Mo**.
mis/spell, -speak, -spend, -spent, -state (one word).
mist (naut.), abbr. **m**.
mistakable, *not* -eable.

Mister, abbr. **Mr.** (point, should not end line).
mistle, *use* mizzle.
mistle - thrush, *not* missel-.
mistletoe, *not* missel-, misle-.
mistral (Fr. m.), cold N.W. wind in S. France.
Mistress, abbr. **Mrs.** (point, should not end line).
Mithridates, 136-63 B.C.
Mitilene, Greece, *use* **My**-.
mitreing, *not* mitring.
Mitteilung (Ger. f.), communication, *not* Mitth-; *pl.* -en.
Mittel (Ger. typ. 'n.), "English" type.
mixable, *not* -eable, -ible.
mizen (naut.), *not* -zen.
mizzle, fine rain, *not* misle, mistle.
M.J.I., Member of the Institute of Journalists;
M.J.S., Member of the Japan Society.
Mk., mark (Ger. coin);
Mkt., Market.
M.L., Licentiate in Midwifery, Medieval Latin, Middle Latin; **ML**, mail;
M.L.A., Member of the Legislative Assembly, Modern Language Association; **M.L.C.**, Member of the Legislative Council; **MLG**, Middle Low German (one point only);
Mlle, -s, Mademoiselle, Mesdemoiselles (in Fr. no point after abbr.);
M.L.R.G., muzzle-loading rifled gun; **M.L.S.C.**, Member Lond. Society of Compositors.
M.M. (Freemason.), Master Mason, (Amer.) medical man, (mus.) Maelzel's metronome; **MM.** (Their) Majesties, 2000, (Fr.) *Messieurs* (Sirs); **mm.**, millimetre, -s; **m.m.**, *mutatis mutandis* (with the neces-

M.M.E. — MOLYBDENUM

- sary changes); **M.M.E.** (Amer.), Master of Mechanical Engineering; **Mme** (Fr.), Madame, *pl.* **Mmes** (in Fr. no point after the abbr.); **M.M.P.**, Military Mounted Police; **M.M.S.**, Moravian Missionary Society; **M.Mus.** (Amer.), Master of Music. **Mn**, manganese; **M.N.A.S.** (Amer.), Member of the National Academy of Sciences; **M.N.I.**, Madras Native Infantry; **M.N.S.** (Amer.), Member of the Numismatical Society.
- M.O.**, Money Order, (Amer.) Master of Oratory; **Mo.**, Missouri (offic. abbr.); **Mo**, molybdenum; **mo.**, month, -s.
- mob/**, -bed, -bing.
mobilize, *not* -ise.
moccasin, Indian shoe, *not* the many variations.
Mocha, coffee; in Fr. *m.* **Moka**.
mock-turtle soup (one hyphen).
mod., moderate, modern.
mod., *moderato*.
mode (Fr. *m.*), method, (gram.) mood; (f.) fashion.
model/, -led, -ler, -ling.
moderate, abbr. **mod**.
moderato (It. *mus.*), moderate; abbr. **mod**.
Modér|é, *fem.* -ée, a Moderate in French politics.
modern, abbr. **mod**.
modern-face type, that most used in newspapers, as this.
modernize, *not* -ise.
modicum, a small quantity (not ital.).
modif/y, -ied, -ying.
modiste (Fr. *f.*), milliner.
Modjeska (Helena), 1844-, actress.
modo præscripto (Lat.), as directed.
- Mods.**, Moderations, the First Public Examination, Oxford University.
modulus (math.), sign μ .
modus| operandi (Lat.), a plan of working; — **vivendi**, a temporary arrangement pending debate.
moelle de bœuf (Fr. cook. *f.*), beef marrow.
Mæso-Gothic, *use* **Me-**.
Moët et Chandon, champagne manufacturers.
mœurs (Fr. *f.* *pl.*), manners, customs.
Mogul, a Mongolian, *not* Moghal, -hul, Mughal.
M.O.H., Medical Officer of Health.
Mohammed*, founder of Islam, *not* Mahomet, Muhammad.
Mohammedan/*, -ism*, *not* Mahomedan, -etan, Mohammadan, Muhammadan, -adan; abbr. **Mo-ham**.
Mohawk, N. Amer. Indian, *not* Mohock.
Mohocks, band of London ruffians 18th cent.
moiré (Fr.), watered.
mois (Fr. *m.*), month, abbr. **m/** (*see also* month).
Moka (Fr. *m.*), the best coffee; in Eng. **Mocha**.
mollasses, *not* moll-.
Moleyns (de), *pron.* mul'-ens.
Molière, stage-name of Jean-Baptiste Poquelin, 1622-73, Fr. dram.
Moll (Ger. *mus.*), minor.
Mollah, *use* **Mu-**.
mollasses, *use* mola-.
mollusc, *not* -usk.
Moloch, a dread influence, *not* -eck.
molto (It.), much, very.
mol. wt., molecular weight.
molybdenum, symbol **Mo**.

Mombasa, E. Africa, *not* -assa.
moment/um, *pl.* -a (*not* ital.).
Mommsen (Theodor), 1817-1903, historian.
Mon., Monday.
Mon, Monmouthshire.
mon., monastery, mon-etary.
mon/ami (Fr.), *fem.* — **amie**, my friend; — **cher**, *fem.* **ma chère**, my dear.
Monatsschrift (Ger. f.), monthly journal (*cap.*).
Mönchsschrift (Ger. typ.), pointed black letter (*cap.*).
Monck (Viscount) (*see also* **Monk**).
Moncreiff (Baron).
Moncreiffe (Sir R. D.).
Moncrieff (Sir A.), 1829-; — (Sir C. C. Scott-), 1836-.
Monday, *abbr.* **M.**, or **Mon**.
monde (Fr. m.), the world, society.
mon Dieu! (Fr.) really!
monetize, *not* -ise.
money/, *pl.* -s, *not* -ies; -ed, *not* monied; — **order**, *abbr.* **M.O.** (*see also* **figures**, **punctuation**, **XXI**, 3).
Monghyr, Bengal.
mongoose, *use* **mun**-.
monk (typ.), a patch of letterpress with too much ink.
Monk Bretton (Baron) (*see also* **Monck**).
Monmouthshire, *abbr.* **Mon**.
monocle, a single eyeglass.
monocousious, of identically the same substance.
monopolism, -ist, -ize, -y.
Monroe doctrine.
Mons., this *abbr.* for **Monsieur** must *never* be used, it being regarded as an insult in France.

Monseigneur (Fr.), *abbr.* **Mgr**; *pl.* **Messeigneurs**, **Mgrs** (*see also* **Monsi**-).
Monsieur (Fr.), Mr., Sir, *abbr.* (to be used in third person only) **M.**; *pl.* **Messieurs**, *abbr.* **MM.**; — **Chose**, Mr. What's-his-name (*see also* **Mons**.).
Monsignor/, R.C.C. title, *abbr.* **Mgr.**; *pl.* -s, *abbr.* **Mgrs.**; *It.* -e, *pl.* -i.
monsoon, *not* -son, -zoon.
Mont., Montana, U.S.A. (*offic. abbr.*).
Mont Blanc (*caps.*).
mont-de-piété (Fr. m.), Government pawnshop; *pl.* **monts** — — (*hyphens*).
mont/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, prepared, or set up.
Monte Cristo, *not* — **Christo**.
Montefiascone, *It.* wine, *not* -sco (one word).
Montenegr/o; a native, -in (one word).
Monte Rosa, Switz. (*caps.*, two words).
Montesquieu (C. de S.), 1689-1755, Fr. writer; *pron.* mönt-es-kyuh'.
Montesquiou (J. F. de), assassinated the Prince of Condé, 1569; — (**Madame de**), guardian of Napoleon's son.
Montevideo (one word).
Montgomerie, fam. name of Earl of Eglinton; — (**Alexander**), 1556-1610, Sc. poet.
Montgomery, second title of Earl of Pembroke, town and county in Wales, also town in Alabama, and Punjab.
month/, -s, *abbr.* **m.**, or **mo.**; — (day of the) (typ.), to be thus, 25 Jan., *not* Jan. 25. In Fr. the names of the months do not take caps., as **janvier**.

Montpelier, Vermont,
U.S.A.
Montpellier, *dép.* Fr.
Mont-Saint-Michel, *dép.*
Manche, Fr. (caps., hy-
phens); in Cornwall,
Mount Saint Michael.
Montserrat, Sp. and Les-
ser Antilles (one word).
Montyon prizes, of Fr.
Academy, *not* Month-
monyplies, *use* ma-
Mooltan, *not* Mu-
moon, abbr. m.; sign for
new, ●; first quarter, ☾;
full, ○; last quarter, ☾.
moonlight (one word).
moonshee, *use* *munshi*.
Moore (Sir John), 1761-
1809, General; —
(Thomas), 1779-1852,
"the bard of Erin" (*see*
also More).
Mooslim, *use* Moslem.
Moosonee (Bp. of).
mop/, -ped, -ping.
mop/e, -ed, -ing, -ish.
moqueu/r (Fr.), *fem.* -se,
a mocker, mocking.
Mor., Morocco.
moral (Fr. m.), mental or
moral faculties, spirit (of
an army), *not* -le.
morale (Fr. f.), morals,
moral (of a fable).
moralize, *not* -ise.
Moray, or Elginshire,
not Morayshire.
morbidezsa (It. art), ex-
treme delicacy.
morbus (*cholera*), (ital.).
morceau (Fr. m.), a
morsel, also short mus.
piece; *pl.* -x.
mordant, a dye fixer.
Mordaunt (Sir O. L'E.).
More (Hannah), 1745-
1833, religious writer;
— (Sir Thomas), 1478-
1535, statesman and writer
(*see also* Moore).
more *Hibernico* (Lat.),
in Irish style; — *ma-*
forum, ancestor-like.

morel, an edible fungus,
not -lle.
morello cherry, *not* -a.
moreover, *not* moro-
Moresque, Moorish, *not*
Mau-
more suo (Lat.), in his,
or her, own peculiar way.
Moreton (Baron) (*see also*
Morton).
Moreton-in-the-Marsh,
Glos.
Morgagni (G. B.), 1682-
1771, anatomist.
morganatic marriage
(not caps.).
Morghen (R. S. C.),
1758-1833, engraver.
morgue (Fr. f.), a mortu-
ary; haughtiness.
Morison (J. A. Cotter),
1832-88, writer (*see also*
Morr-).
Morland (George), 1763-
1804, painter.
Morley (Earl of).
Mornay (Duplessis-),
1549-1623, Fr. statesman.
morning, abbr. morn.
Morny (duc de), 1811-
65, Fr. statesman.
Morocco, abbr. Mor.;
-an, *not* Ma-
morocco leather (not
cap.); french — —,
a low grade with small
grain; levant — —,
high grade with large
grain; persian — —,
the best, usually finished
on the grain side.
morone, *use* maroon.
morph., morphology.
Morpheus, god of sleep,
not -æus.
morphia, a drug.
morphœa, a skin dis-
ease.
Morphy (Paul), 1837-84,
chess player.
Morris (Gouverneur),
1752-1816, Amer. states-
man.
morris dance, *not* -ice —.

Morrison(Robert), 1782-1834, Chinese scholar (*see also* Mori-).

mortalize, *not* -ise.

"Morte Arthure," Arthurian tale.

mortgag/ee, one to whom a mortgage is granted; -er, one who mortgages; in law, -or.

mortice, *use* -ise.

mortifié (Fr. cook.), well hung (of meat, etc.).

mortis causa (Lat., Sc. law), in contemplation of death.

mortise and tenon, a joint for wood, *not* -ice — —.

Morton (Earl *of*).

Morvan (Le), Fr. district.

Morven, the hills in Mull.

Morvern, Argyl.

Mosaic, of Moses.

mosaic, inlaid.

Mosel, Ger. river; in Fr. f. -le.

Moseley, a Birmingham suburb (*see also* Mosl-).

Moselle, a white wine.

Mosely Education Commission, 1903 (*see also* Moz-).

Moses' law.

Moslem, a follower of Mohammed, *not* -im, Mooslim, Muslim.

Mosley (Sir Oswald), 1848- (*see also* Mose-, Moz-).

mosquito/, *pl.* -es, *not* moscheto, musketoe, musquito.

Most High, as Deity (caps.).

mot (Fr. m.), a word; **mot à mot**, word for word, abbr. *m. à m.*

motet (mus.), a sacred composition, *not* -ett, mottett.

"Mother Hubberd's Tale," by Spenser, 1591.

mother-in-law, *pl.* mothers — —; mother-of-pearl (hyphens).

motif (Fr. mus. m.), a theme.

Motley (J. Lothrop), 1814-77, Amer. historian (*see also* Mott-).

motley, a mixture, *not* -iy.

moto/ (It. mus.), motion; **con** —, with more rapid motion; — **continuo**, constant repetition; — **contrario**, contrary motion; — **obliquo**, oblique motion; — **precedente**, at the preceding pace; — **primo**, at the first pace; — **retto**, direct or similar motion.

motor-car (hyphen).

mottl/e, -ed, -ing.

Mottley (John), 1692-1750, dramatist (*see also* Motl-).

motto/, *pl.* -es.

motu proprio (Lat.), of his own accord.

mouchard (Fr. m.), a police spy.

mouchoir (Fr. m.), pocket-handkerchief.

mouezzin, *use* **mue**-.

mouflon (Fr. m.), a wild sheep, *not* mouff-, muf-.

mouillé (Fr.), softened, wet.

moujik, *use* **muzhik**.

mould, *not* mold.

moule (Fr. f.), mussel.

Moulmain, Burma, *use* **Maul**-.

moult, a shedding, *not* molt.

Mounet-Sully (Jean), 1841-, Fr. actor.

Mount/, -ain, abbr. **Mt.**; *pl.* **Mts.**

Mount Auburn, Mass., noted cemetery; **Mount-cashell** (Earl) (one word); **Mountcharles**, Donegal (one word); **Mount Charles**, Cornwall (two words); **Mountcollins**, Limerick (one word); **Mount Edgcumbe** (Earl *of*)

- (two words); **Mountgarret** (**Viscount**) (one word); **Mountmorres** (**Viscount**) (one word); **Mount Saint Michael**, Cornwall, in Fr. **Mont-Saint-Michel**; **Mount Stephen** (**Baron**) (two words).
- Mourne Mountains**, Ire. **mousseline** (Fr. f.), fine muslin; — **-de-laine**, untwilled woollen cloth.
- mousseu**/*x* (Fr.), *fem.* **-se**, foaming, as wine.
- moustache**, *not* mus-
mousy, mouse-like, *not* -ey.
- moutarde** (Fr. f.), mustard.
- mouthpiece** (one word).
- mouton** (Fr. m.), mutton.
- movable**, in legal work moveable.
- Mowat** (Sir Oliver).
- Mowatt** (Sir Francis).
- moyen** (Fr. m.), medium; — **âge** (*le*), the Middle Ages.
- moyenne** (Fr. f.), average.
- Mozart** (**W. A.**), 1756-91, Austrian composer.
- Mozartean**, *not* -ian.
- Mozley** (**J. B.**), 1813-78, theologian.
- M.P.**, Member of Parliament, Methodist Protestant, Metropolitan Police, *mille passus* (a thousand paces—the Roman mile), Municipal Police, (Amer.) Master of Painting; **mp** (It. mus.), *mezzo-piano*; **M.P.C.**, Member of Parliament, Canada; **M.Ph.** (Amer.), Master of Philosophy; **M.P.L.** (Amer.), Master of Polite Literature; **M.P.P.**, Member of Provincial Parliament; **M.P.S.**, Member of the Pharmaceutical Society (of Great Britain), ditto Philological Society.
- M.R.**, Master of the Rolls, Midland Railway; **Mr.**, Master, Mister, *pl.* **Messrs.** (point at end, neither should end a line); **M.R.A.S.**, Member of the Royal Asiatic Society, ditto Royal Academy of Science; **M.R.C.C.**, ditto Royal College of Chemistry; **M.R.C.O.**, ditto Organists; **M.R.C.P.***, ditto Royal College of Physicians; **M.R.C.P.E.**, ditto of Edinburgh; **M.R.C.P.I.**, ditto of Ireland; **M.R.C.S.***, ditto Royal College of Surgeons; **M.R.C.S.E.**, ditto of Edinburgh; **M.R.C.S.I.**, ditto of Ireland; **M.R.C.V.S.**, ditto Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons; **M.R.I.**, ditto Royal Institution; **M.R.I.A.**, ditto Royal Irish Academy; **Mrs.**, Mistress (point at end, should not end a line); **M.R.S.L.**, Member of the Royal Society of Literature; **M.R.U.S.I.**, ditto Royal United Service Institution.
- MS.**, *manuscriptum* (manuscript), *pl.* **MSS.** (large caps., point at end only for both) (*see also manuscript*); **M.S.**, Master of Science, ditto Surgery, *memoriæ sacrum* (sacred to the memory of), (It. mus.) *mano sinistra* (the left hand); **M.S.A.**, Member of the Society of Apothecaries (of London), also of Arts; (Amer.) Master of Scientific Agriculture, ditto Science and Arts; **M.S. & L.R.**, Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincoln (*now* Great Central) Railway; **M.S.B.L.**,

Member (late) School Board, London; **M.S.C.**, Madras Staff Corps, Medical Staff Corps; **M.Sc.**, Master of Science (Durham and Victoria Univ.); **M.S.D.** (Amer.), Master of Scientific Didactics; **M.S.H.**, Master of Staghounds; **m.s.l.**, mean sea-level; **MSS.**, *manuscripta* (manuscripts) (*see also manuscript*).

M.T., Massoretic Text (of Old Test.); (railway) empty coach; **Mt.**, Mount, -ain; **Mt. Rev.**, Most Reverend; **Mts.**, Mountains.

Much Dewchurch, Hereford; **Much Wenlock**, Salop (two words).

Muckross, Killarney, Ireland.

mucous (adj.).

mucus (noun).

mud/, -died, -dying.

Mudki, Punjab, *not* Mood-kee.

muezzin, Mohammedan crier, *not* mou-.

muffetee, a wristlet.

mufti (Arab.), a magistrate, *not* -tee (ital.).

mufti (in), in civilian dress (not ital.).

Mughal, *use* **Mogul**.

mugwump (Amer. politics) (one word).

Muhammad, *use* **Mohammed**.

Mühlhausen, Saxony.

mulatto/, *pl.* -es.

mulch, half-rotten vegetable matter, *not* -sh.

mulet (Fr. m.), grey mullet, also he-mule.

Mülhausen, Alsace.

mull. of (to make a), *not* mol.

Mullah, Moham. title of respect, *not* the many variations.

mullein (bot.), *not* -en.

Müller (F.M. or "Max"), 1823-1900, philologist.

mulligatawny, a soup, *not* muli-, mulla-.

mullion (building), *not* munnion.

Mulock (Dinah M., later Mrs. Craik), 1826-87, wrote "John Halifax."

mulsh, *use* **mulch**.

Multan, Punjab, *use* **Moo-**
multimillionaire, a possessor of several million pounds (one word).

multiple mark (typ.), the sign of multiplication x.

multiplepounding (Sc. law) (one word).

multum in parvo (Lat.), much in small compass.

munbo-jumbo, an object of popular homage (hyphen).

Muncazy, *see* **Munkácsy**.

"**Munchausen** (Baron), **Adventures of**"; Ger. **Münchhausen**.

München, German for **Munich**.

mungoose/, *not* the many variations; *pl.* -s.

municipalize, etc., *not* -ise.

Munkácsy (Mihály), pseudonym of Michael Lieb, 1844-1900, Hungarian painter.

Munnepoor, *use* **Manipur**.

munition, *use* **mull-**.

Munro-Ferguson (R.C.), 1860-, politician (hyphen).

munshi (Ind.), a writer, *not* moonshee.

Munster, Ireland.

Münster, Alsace, Westphalia.

muntjac, a S. Asian deer, *not* -jack, -jak.

Muntz's metal.

mur (Fr. m.), a wall.

mûr (Fr. adj.), ripe.

Murano glass.

Murdoch (John), 1747-1824, friend of Burns.

MURDOCK — MYDDELTON

Murdock (William), 1754-1839, inventor of coal-gas lighting, *not* -och.

mûre (Fr. f.), mulberry.

murky, dark, *not* mi-.

Mürren, Oberland, Switz.

murrhine, fluorspar ware, *not* murrine, myrrhine.

Murroe, Tipperary.

Murrough, Clare.

Murrow, Wisbech.

Murshidabad, Bengal.

mus., museum, music, -al.

Musalman, *use* **Mussul-**.

Mus.B. or Bac., Bachelor of Music.

musca (Lat.), a fly; *pl.* -æ.

muscadel, a Fr. or It. wine, also a pear and a dried grape, *not* -dine, -tel.

Muschelkalk (geol.), shell limestone (cap.).

Musci, the true mosses; *sing.* -us.

Mus.D. or Doc., *Musicæ Doctor* (Doctor of Music).

museography, museum work, *not* musæ-.

Muses (the nine), Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Thalia, Urania.

museum, abbr. **mus.**

Music (Bachelor of), abbr. **Mus.B. or Bac.**;

— (Doctor of), abbr.

Mus.D. or Doc.;

— (Master of), Camb.,

abbr. **Mus.M.**

music, -al, abbr. **mus.**;

— **demy**, a paper $20\frac{3}{4} \times 14\frac{3}{8}$ in.; — **paper**, that ruled for writing music upon; — **type**, that for printing music.

Musigny, a red Burgundy wine.

musjid (Arab.), a mosque, *use* **mas-***.

Muslim, *use* **Moslem**.

muslin-de-lain, *use*

mousseline-de-laine.

Mus.M., Master of Music (Cambridge).

musquito, *use* **mos-**.

Mussalman, *use* **Mussul-**.

Musselburgh, Midlothian, *not* -borough.

Mussulman, a Mohammedan, a Moslem, *not* the many variations; *pl.* -mans, *not* -men.

mustache, *use* **mous-**.

Mustafabad, N.W. Prov., Oudh, Punjab.

Mustapha, Algeria.

mustee* (W. Ind.), a half-breed, *not* me-.

mustn't, (typ.), to be close up.

Musulmân, *use* **Mussulman**.

mutand/um (Lat.), anything to be altered; *pl.* -a.

mutatis mutandis (Lat.), with the necessary changes; abbr. **m.m.**

“**mutual**” friend, often objected to, though used by Burke, Dickens, Lytton, Sterne, and others.

Muzaffarpur, Bengal.

muzhik, Russian peasant, *not* moujik, mujik; *fem.*

muzhitshka.

Muzio gambit, a chess opening.

M.V. (Amer.), *Medicus Veterinarius* (Veterinary Physician); **m.v.** (It. mus.), *mezza voce* (with half voice-power); **M.V.O.**, Member (of fourth or fifth class) of the (Royal) Victorian Order.

M.W., Most Worshipful, — Worthy; **M.W.B.**, Metropolitan Water Board; **M.W.P.**, Most Worthy Patriarch.

myall-wood, hard, violet-scented wood (hyphen).

myceli/um (bot.), *pl.* -a.

Mycenæan, of Mycenæ.

Myddelton Square, Clerkenwell (*see also* **Mi-**).

My dear Sir, (in letters, two caps. only, comma at end).

Myers (Ernest), 1844-, writer; — (F. W. H.), 1843-1901, writer and spiritualist (*see also* **Miers, Myres**).

myosotis, the forget-me-not.

Myres (John Linton), 1869-, archæologist (*see also* **Miers, Myers**).

Myriapoda, *not* Myrio-

myrobalan, a plum, *not* -bolan.

myrrhine, *use* murr-.

myrtille (Fr. f.), bilberry.

myrtle, *not* -tel.

Mysore, Deccan, *not* Maisur.

myst., mysteries.

mytacism, the wrong or too frequent use of "m," *not* me-.

myth., mythology, -ical.

mythologize, etc., *not* -ise.

mythopœic, myth-making, *not* -pœic, -peic.

Mytilene, Greece, *not* Mi-.

M

N

N., Norse, north, -ern, Northern postal district, London, all proper names with this initial, the thirteenth in a series, (Fr.) *nord* (north), (Lat.) *nom|en*, -*ina* (name, -s), *noster* (our), (mag.) symbol of magnetic flux.

N, nitrogen.

(**N.**), Nationalist, (naval) navigating, -ion.

n., nail ($2\frac{1}{4}$ inches), name, nephew, neuter, new, nominative, noon, note, -s, noun.

n., (Fr.) *nous* (we, us), (Lat.) *natus* (born), *nocte* (at night).

n (math.), an indefinitely large quantity.

n| (Fr.), before a verb, *nous* (we, us).

ñ (Sp.), called "*n* with the tilde," or "Spanish *n*"; *pron.* as *ni* in onion.

N.A., National Academy, -ician, Nautical Almanac, North America, -n.

Na, *natrium* (sodium).

n/a (banking), no account.

N.A.A., National Artillery Association.

Naas, Co. Kildare, *pron.* *nās*; also Norway, the home of "sloid."

nabob*, Indian provincial governor (not cap.).

Nabuchodonosor, see **Nebuchadnezzar**.

nach Christi Geburt (Ger.), = A.D.; abbr. **n.Chr.** (see also **vor**—).

Nachdruck (Ger. typ. m.), reprint, pirated edition;

nachdrucken, to reprint, or pirate.

Nachmittag (Ger. m.), afternoon; abbr. **Nm**.

nachmittags (Ger. adv.), p.m.; abbr. **Nm**.

Nachtigal (**Gustav**), 1834-85, Ger. traveller.

nacre*, mother-of-pearl (not ital.).

nacré (Fr.), like mother-of-pearl (ital.).

N.A.D. (Amer.), National Academy of Design.

nænia, use **ne**.

Naesmyth (**Sir M. G.**), 1828-, engineer (see also **Nasmyth**).

næve*, a skin blemish, "mother's mark," *not* **ne**; in Lat. **næv|us**, *pl. -i*.

Naga Hills, Assam.

Nagar, Bengal, Madras, Mysore.

-**nagar** (Indian suffix), a town, as Ahmednagar, *not* -naggore, -nagore, -nugger, -ur.

Nagasaki, Japan, *not* **Nang**.

Nägeli (**K. W. von**), 1817-91, Ger. botanist.

Nagpur, India, *not* -pore.

Nahum, Old Test., no abbr.

naiad, *not* **naid**.

naïf, artless, use **naïve***; in Fr. **naïf**, *fem. -ve*.

nail*, $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches; abbr. **n**.

Naini Tal, N.W. India.

nainsook*, Ind. muslin, *not* -zook.

Nairne (Baroness, *née* Caroline Oliphant), 1776-1845, Sc. poetess.

Nairnshire, Scotland.

naïve*, artless, *not* **nai**, **naïf**.

naïveté* (Fr. *f.*), artlessness.

Nalson (John), 1638-86, theologian and historian.

namable, *use name*.*.

Namaqualand, S. Afr. (one word).

namby-pamby*, weakly sentimental (hyphen).

name, abbr. **n**.

nameable*, *not nam*-.

namely*, *preferred to viz*.

namesake* (one word).

names of ships (typ.), to be roman double-quoted, *not italic*.

"N. & Q.", "Notes and Queries."

nankeen*, fabric, *not -kin*.

Nansen (Fridtjof), 1861-, Arctic traveller.

Nantucket Island, U.S.A.

Naozoi (Dadabhai), 1825-, first Parsi M.P.

Nap., Napoleon.

nap*/, -ped*, -ping*.

nap*, a card game.

naphtha*, *but Fels-naphtha*.

Napierian* logarithms, *not -perian*.

napoleon*, in Fr. m. **napo-léon**, 20-franc coin.

napolitaine (*à la*) (Fr. cook.), in Neapolitan style (*not cap. n*).

nappe (math.), a cone.

Narbada, Ind. river, *see Nerbudda*.

narciss/us*, *pl. -i** (notital.).

narghile* (Pers., Turk.), Oriental pipe, *not -gile*, -h, -gili.

Narragansett, Rhode I., U.S.A., *not -et*.

narrow measure (typ.), type composed in narrow widths, as in columns.

narwhal*, thesea-unicorn, *not -e*, -wal.

N.A.S. (Amer.), National Academy of Science.

nasalize*, *not -ise*.

N.A.S.E. (Amer.), National Academy of Stationary Engineers.

Nash (Richard, *or "Beau"*), 1674-1762, Bath Master of Ceremonies.

Nash or Nashe (Thomas), 1567-1601, satirist.

Nasirabad, India.

Nasmith (James), 1740-1808, theol. and antiq.

Nasmyth (James), 1808-90, engineer; **Nasmyth hammer**, *not -th's* (*see also Nae*-).

nasturtium*/ (bot.), *not -ian*, -ion; *pl. -s*.

Nat., Natal, Nathanael, -iel, National.

nat., natural, -ist.

nat. hist., natural history.

National*/, abbr. **Nat.**; — **Academy**, -ician, abbr.

N.A.; — **Assemblies** (*see Assemblies*).

Nationalist*, abbr. (**N.**).

nationalize*, *not -ise*.

nations and places, as adjectives or nouns, in frequent commercial use, need no cap., as french polish, -er, morocco leather, plaster of paris, prussian blue, turkey red, and many others.

native oyster*, one raised on an artificial bed.

nat./ord., natural order; — **phil.**, — philosophy.

Nat. Sc.D. (Amer.), Doctor of Natural Science.

natt/y*, -ily*.

natura (Lat.), nature.

natural*/, -ist*, abbr. **nat.**

natural* (mus.), sign ♯.

naturalia (Lat.), the sexual organs.

naturalize*, *not -ise*.

Natura non facit saltum (Lat.), Nature makes no leap.

nature*, the processes of the material world; cap. only when personified.

- naturel** (*au*) (Fr. cook.), plainly prepared.
- nature-printing***, a process by which objects are so impressed on a soft metal plate as to engrave themselves, copies being then taken for printing.
- natus** (Lat.), born; abbr. **n.**
- naught***, nothing, *not* nou-, ou-.
- Nauheim** (Bad), Grand duchy of Hesse.
- nautch***, Ind. dancing entertainment, *also* adj., *not* natch.
- nautical***/, abbr. **naut.**; — mile, 6080 feet.
- Nautical Almanac*** (typ.), no quotation marks; abbr. **N.A.**
- nautilus***, *pl.* -i*.
- nav.**, naval, navigation.
- Navaho**/, N. Amer. Indian; *pl.* -es.
- navarin** (Fr. cook. m.), a stew of mutton or lamb.
- Navarrese**, of Navarre.
- Nav. Const.**, Naval Constructor.
- navet*** (Fr. m.), turnip.
- navigat/ing***, -ion*, abbr. (**N.**), *or* **nav.**
- Navy and Army** (the), in toasts, etc., the Navy precedes, being the senior service.
- "Navy List"** (no hyphen).
- Naz/arene***, -arite*, native of Nazareth.
- N.B.**, New Brunswick (*see also* Scotland); **N.B.**, *nota bene* (mark well); **Nb**, niobium; **N.B.R.**, North British Railway; **n. Br.** (Ger.), *nördliche Breite* (north latitude).
- N.C.**, North Carolina (offic.); **n. Chr.** (Ger.), *nach Christo* or *nach Christi Geburt* (= A.D.); **N.C.O.**, Non-commissioned Officer, -s; **N.C.U.**, National Cyclists' Union.
- N.-D.** (Fr.), Notre-Dame; **n.d.**, no date; **N.D.A.** (Amer.), National Diploma in Agriculture; **N. Dak.**, North Dakota (offic.); **N.D.L.**, Norddeutscher Lloyd.
- N.E.**, new edition, New England, U.S.A., north-east (*see also* compass), North-Eastern postal district, London, (Fr.) *nord-est* (north-east).
- né** (Fr. m.), *fem.* **née**, born.
- n/e** (bank.), no effects.
- Neal** (Daniel), 1678-1743, Puritan writer; — (John), 1793-1876, Amer. writer (*see also* Neele, Neill).
- Neale** (John Mason), 1818-66, hymnologist.
- Neanderthal skull.**
- Neapolitans**, inhabitants of Naples.
- neap tide*** (two words).
- near***, abbr. **nr.**
- Nearctic***, *not* Neoarctic.
- neat's-foot oil.**
- Nebr.**, Nebraska (offic. abbr.).
- Nebuchad/nezzar** (Nabuchodonosor in Apocr. and the Vulgate; -rezzar, in Jer. XLIII. 10, etc.).
- nebul/a***, *pl.* -æ*.
- nebulize***, *not* -ise.
- nécessaire** (Fr. m.), a dressing-case.
- Neckar**, river, Würtemberg.
- Necker** (Jacques), 1732-1804, Fr. statesman.
- nec pluribus impar** (Lat.), a match for many (motto of Louis XIV).
- nectarize***, *not* -ise.
- N.E.D.**, "New English Dictionary," *use* O.E.D. ("Oxford English Dictionary").
- needlework*** (one word).
- Neeld** (Sir A. D.), 1849-

Neele (Henry), 1798-1828, poet (*see also* Neal, Neill).
neelghau, an antelope, *use* nylghau*.
ne'er*/, never; (typ.) close up; — **-do-well*** (hyphens).
ne exeat regno (law), a writ to restrain a person from leaving the kingdom.
nefasti (dies) (Lat.), blank days.
Nefftzer (Auguste), 1820-76, Fr. publicist.
neg., negative, -ly.
nég. (Fr.), *negation* (negation).
negatur (Lat.), it is denied.
neglectable*, *use* negligible*.
négligé* (Fr. m.), undress.
negligible*, *not* -eable.
negotiate*, *not* -ciate.
Negretti & Zambra, opticians, London.
negrillo*/, *not* -ilo; *pl.* -es.
negrito*/, *pl.* -es.
negro*/, *pl.* -es.
negroid*, *not* -rooid.
Negus*, title of Emperor of Abyssinia.
negus*, wine punch.
Neh., Nehemiah.
n.e.i., *non est inventus* (he, she, or it, has not been found).
neige (Fr. cook.f.), whisked white of egg.
neighbour*/, -hood*, *not* -or.
Neilgherry Hills, S. Ind., *use* Nilgiri —.
Neill (Patrick), d. 1705, first printer in Belfast; — —, 1776-1851, Sc. naturalist; *pron.* neel (*see also* Neal, Neele).
neither*, is followed by singular verb.
nematoid*, *not* -ode.
nem. con.*, *nemine contradicente*; — **diss.***, — *dis-sentiente*.

Nemean*, of Nemea, *not* -æan.
Nemesis* (cap.).
nemine/ contradicente (Lat.), unanimously, abbr.
nem. con.; — **dis-sentiente**, no one dissenting; abbr. **nem. diss.**
nemo/ (Lat.), nobody; — **me impune lacessit** (Lat.), no one attacks me with impunity (motto of Scotland, and of the Order of the Thistle).
nemophila* (bot.).
N.Eng., New England.
nenia, an elegy, *not* næ-
ne nimium (Lat.), shun excess.
nenuphar*, the great white water-lily.
neo-Christianity* (cap. C only).
Neocomian* (geol.) (cap.).
neo-Darwinian*, -ism,
neo-Lamarckian (hyphen, one cap.).
neologize*, to use new terms, *not* -ise.
Neoplatonic*, -ism* (one word).
Nep., Neptune.
Nepal, India, *not* -aul.
Nepean, *pron.* nep-éen'.
nephew*, abbr. n.
ne/ plus ultra* (Lat.), perfection; — **quid nimis**, be wisely moderate.
N.E.R., North - Eastern Railway (hyphen).
Nerbudda, Indian river, *more correctly* Narbada.
neriid*/, *pl.* -s.
Neri (Saint Philip), 1515-95, founder of the Congregation of the Oratory.
Nernst, electric lamp.
nero-antico (It.); a black marble.
Nesbit (E.), 1858-, writer.
Nesbitt (Rev. J. J.), 1865-, writer.
Nessler's test (chem.).

n'est-ce pas? (Fr.), isn't that so?
 net*, not subject to deduction, *not* nett.
 net*/, -ted*, -ting*.
 Neth., Netherlands.
 nett, not subject to deduction, *use* net*.
 nettle rash* (two words).
 network* (one word).
 Neuchâtel, Switz.
 Neufchâtel, Aisne, France.
 Neuilly, dép. Seine, Fr.
 neurasthenia*, *not* neuroas-
 neurine*, *not* -in.
 Neuropter/on, *pl.* -a.
 neuter*, abbr. n., *or* neut.
 neutralize*, *not* -ise.
 Nev., Nevada (offic. abbr.).
*névé** (Fr.m.), glaciersnow.
 never/-ending*, — -fail-
 ing* (hyphens).
 nevermore* (one word).
 Nevill, family name of Marquess of Abergavenny.
 Neville, family name of Baron Braybrooke.
 new*, abbr. n.
 Newbegin, Yorks.
 Newbiggin, Durham, Northumb., Westmorland, Yorks.
 Newbigging, Forfar, Lan-
 ark.
 Newborough (Baron).
 New Brunswick, abbr. N.B.
 Newburgh (Earl of).
 Newcastle/-under-
 Lyme; — -upon-Tyne
 (hyphens).
 new-comer* (hyphen).
 Newdegate (Lady New-
 digate-, *not* Newde-),
 writer.
 Newdigate (Sir H. R. Legge), 1832-, Lieut.-
 Gen.; — (Sir Roger),
 1719-1806, founder of
 Oxford prize poem.
 new edition, abbr. N.E.
 (*see also* title pages).
 newfangled* (one word).

New Forest, Hants (two words); Newfoundland (one word), abbr. NF.;
 New Hampshire, U.S.A., abbr. N.H., *never* abbr. as — Hants; New-
 haven, near Edin., Sus-
 sex (one word); New
 Haven, Connecticut,
 U.S.A. (two words);
 New Hebrides, abbr.
 N.Heb.; New Jersey,
 U.S.A., abbr. N.J.; New
 Mexico, abbr. N.Mex.
 Newmilns, Ayrshire.
 Newnam, Georgia, U.S.A.
 Newnes (Sir George),
 1851-, publisher; *pron.*
 newnz'.
 Newnham College, Cam-
 bridge (for ladies).
 Newnham-Davis
 (Lieut.-Colonel Na-
 thaniel), 1854-, writer.
 New Orleans, abbr. N.O.
 new paragraph (typ.),
 abbr. new par., *or* n.p.,
 sign ¶, *or* [.
 New Quay, Cardigan
 (two words).
 Newquay, Cornwall (one
 word); *pron.* new'key.
 New Red Sandstone
 (geol.) (caps.).
 New South Wales (three
 words, caps., no hyphen);
 abbr. N.S.W.
 newspapers (titles of)
 (typ.), when cited, to
 be roman double-quoted;
 s.caps. only when in the
 paper itself.
 newsvendor*, *not* -er.
 New Testament, abbr.
 N.T., *or* New Test.; for
 abbr. of books in, *see* their
 names.
 Newton-le-Willows,
 Lancs, Yorks (hyphens);
 Newtonmore, Inver-
 ness (one word); New-
 ton Poppleford, Devon
 (two words); Newton
 Stewart, Kirkcudbright

- (two words, *see also* New-town —).
- Newtownards**, Co. Down (one word); **Newtown-butler**, Fermanagh (one word); **Newtown-cunningham**, Londonderry (one word); **Newtownforbes**, Co. Longford (one word); **Newtownmountkennedy**, Wicklow (one word); **Newtownsands**, Limerick (one word); **Newtown Stewart**, Tyrone (two words, *see also* Newton —).
- New Twopot House**, Mallow (three words).
- New Year's Day** (caps.).
- New York**, Durham, Lincs, Northumb.; in U.S.A. off. abbr. for city or state **N.Y.** (two words).
- New-Yorker**, inhabitant of New York (hyphen).
- New Zealand**, abbr. **N.Z.**
- nex/us*** (Lat.), a tie; *pl.* -ūs.
- Ney (Michel)**, 1769-1815, French marshal.
- nez retroussé** (Fr. m.), an upturned nose.
- NF.**, Newfoundland.
- N.F.**, New French, Norman-French.
- N.G.**, National Guard, New Granada; **n.g.**, no good; **N.Gr.**, New Greek.
- N.H.**, New Hampshire; **N.Heb.**, New Hebrew, — Hebrides; **NHG.**, New High German (one point only).
- N.I.**, Native Infantry; **Ni**, nickel.
- Niam-niam**, Afr. people (one cap. only), *not* Nyam-Nyam.
- "Nibelungenlied,"** Ger. epic, *not* Nie- (one word).
- niblick***, a golf club.
- Nicar.**, Nicaragua.
- niche***, a recess, *not* -ch; *pron.* nich.
- Nicholas I.**, 1796-1855, Emperor of Russia (*see also* Nicolas).
- "Nicholas (Saint),"** magazine for children (*see also* Nicolas).
- "Nicholas Nickleby,"** by Dickens, 1838.
- Nicholls (Sir George)**, 1781-1865, Poor Law historian.
- Nichols**, family of printers and antiquaries.
- Nicholson (Sir C. A.)**, 1867-, Bart. (*see also* Nicolson).
- nicht wahr?** (Ger.), isn't that so?
- nick*** (typ.), a groove cast in the shank of a type as an aid in placing it correctly.
- nickel***, symbol **Ni**; — -plating (hyphen).
- nicknack**, *use* **knick-knack***.
- nickname** (one word).
- Nicobar Islands**, Ind. Ocean, *not* Nik-.
- Nicolas (Saint)**, patron of Russia; — (Sir Nicholas H.), 1799-1848, writer (*see also* Nicholas).
- Nicole (François)**, 1683-1758, Fr. mathematician; — (Pierre), 1625-95, a Port Royalist.
- Nicoll (Robert)**, 1814-37, Scots poet; — (W. Robertson), 1851-, journalist.
- Nicol prism** (physics).
- Nicolson (Sir Arthur)**, 1849-, Bart.; — (Sir A.T.B.R.), 1842-, Bart. (*see also* Nicholson).
- "Nicomachean Ethics,"** by Aristotle.
- Nicosia**, Cyprus, Sicily, *not* Nik-.
- N.I.D.**, Naval Intelligence Department.

NIDUS — N.L.F.

nid/us (Lat.), a nest; *pl.* -i.
"Niebelungenlied," *use*
 Nib-.

Niebuhr (Barthold
 Georg), 1776-1831, his-
 torian; — (Karsten),
 1733-1815, traveller.

niece*, a relation, *not* nei-
niell/o, It. metal work; *pl.*
 -i.

Niepce (J. N.), 1765-1833,
 originator of photography;
 — de Saint-Victor
 (C. M. F.), 1805-70,
 inventor of heliography;
pron. nē-ēps'.

Niersteiner, a hock.

Nietzsche (F. W.), 1844-
 90, Ger. writer.

Nièvre, dép. France.

night-/cap*, -dress*
 (hyphens), -fall* (one
 word), -gown* (hyphen),
 -shade* (bot.) (one word),
 -shirt* (hyphen).

nihil (Lat.), nothing; —
ad rem, nothing to the
 purpose; — **debet**, he
 owes nothing; — **dicat**,
 he says nothing.

Nijni-Novgorod, Russ.,
use Nizh-.

Nikobar Islands, *use*
 Nic-.

Nikolaiev, Russian naval
 head-quarters.

Nikosia, Cyprus, Sicily,
use Nic-.

nil (Lat.), nothing; — **ad-
 mirari**, wondering at
 nothing (*not* admiring
 nothing); — **conscire
 sibi**, to be conscious of
 no fault; — **desperan-
 dum**, despair of nothing.

nilgau, an antelope, *not*
 the many variations.

Nilgiri Hills, S. Ind., *not*
 Neilgherry.

nil nisi cruce (Lat.),
 nothing but by the cross.

Nilsson (Christine),
 1843-, singer.

ni l'un ni l'autre (Fr.),

neither the one nor the
 other.

nimbus/, a halo, a rain
 cloud; *pl.* -es (*not* ital.).

Nîmes, dép. France, *not*
 Nismes.

niminy-piminy, affected-
 ly delicate, *not* -i -i.

n'importe! (Fr.), never
 mind!

nincompoop, a simpleton
 (one word).

ninepins, a game (one
 word).

nineteenth century
 (typ.), preferred to 19th,
 XIX, or XIXth (hyphen
 as adj.) (*see also* century).

ninth, *not* -eth.

niobium, symbol Nb.

nip/, -ped, -per, -ping.

Nippon, native name for
 Japan.

ni. pri., *nisi prius*.

Nirvana (Budd.), cessa-
 tion of sentient existence.

Nisbet/, Roxburgh; —
 & Co., publishers, Lon-
 don, *not* -ett.

nisi (Lat.), unless; — **prius**,
 unless before, abbr. **ni. pri.**

Nismes (Fr.), *use* Nimes.

nisus (Lat.), effort.

nitrate, a salt of nitric acid.

nitrite, a salt of nitrous acid.

nitrogen, symbol N.

nitrogenize, *not* -ise.

nitrogenous, *not* -eous.

nitro-glycerine, *not* -in
 (hyphen).

Nitsch, a family of Ger.
 writers.

Nizam (s. and *pl.*), title of
 Haidarabad ruler.

nizam, a Turk. soldier; *pl.*
 same.

Nizhni-Novgorod, Russ.,
not Nijni-.

N.J., New Jersey, U.S.A.

N.L., New Latin; n.l.
 (typ.), new line; N.lat.,

north latitude; N.L.C.,
 National Liberal Club;

N.L.F., ditto Federation;

N.L.I., National Lifeboat Institution.
Nm. (Ger.), *Nachmittag* (afternoon), *nachmittags* (p.m.); **N.Mex.**, New Mexico (offic. abbr.).
N.N.E., north-north-east.
N.N.W., north-north-west (*see also compass*).
N.O., New Orleans, (bot.) natural order, -s, (Fr.) *nord-ouest* (north-west).
No., from It. *numero* (number); *pl.* **Nos.**; in Fr. **n°** (no point).
no, *pl.* **noes**.
nobis (Lat.), for, or on, our part; abbr. **nob**.
noblesse/ (Fr. f.), nobility; — **oblige**, — imposes obligations.
nocte (Lat.), at night; abbr. **n**.
"Noctes Ambrosianæ," articles in "Blackwood's Magazine."
nocturne, picture, dreamy mus. piece (not ital.).
N.O.D., Naval Ordnance Department.
nod/, -ded, -ding.
Noël (Fr. m.), Christmas.
nœud (Fr. m.), a knot.
noisette (Fr. f.), a hazelnut.
noisome, noxious (no connexion with noise).
noisy, *not* -ey.
nolens volens (Lat.), unwilling or willing.
noli-me-tangere, a plant, also a disease.
Nollekens (Joseph), 1737-1823, sculptor.
nolle prosequi (Lat.), will not continue; abbr. **nol. pros.**
nolo/ (Lat.), I will not; — **contendere**, the plea "guilty"; — **episcopari**, I do not wish to be a bishop.
nol. pros., *nolle prosequi* (will not continue).

nom., nominative.
nomadize, *not* -ise.
no-man's-land, unclaimed territory (apos., hyphens).
nom/ de guerre (Fr. m.), — **de plume** (Ang.-Fr.), or **nom/ littéraire**, or **pseudonyme**, a literary pseudonym; — **de théâtre**, stage-name.
nom/en (Lat.), a name, *pl.* -**ina**, abbr. **N.**; **nomen/ genericum**, a generic name; — **specificum**, a specific name.
nomie, conventional.
nomine, nominative.
nominalize, *not* -ise.
nominative, abbr. **n.**, **nom.**, or **nomin.**
non/ (Lat.), not; — **assumpsit**, a denial of any promise.
nonce-word, one used for the nonce.
nonchalance, indifference (not ital.).
nonchalant/, indifferent; in Fr. f. -**e**.
Non-commissioned officer/, -s, abbr. **N.C.O.**
non compos mentis (Lat.), of unsound mind.
non con., non-content, or dissentient.
Nonconformist (cap.).
non constat (Lat.), it is not clear.
non coupé (Fr.), uncut leaves.
non-ego (metaph.), the not-self (ital.).
non est/ (Lat.), it is wanting; — — **inventus**, he, she, or it has not been found, abbr. **n.e.i.**
nonesuch, without equal, *not* nonsuch (one word).
nonet or nonetto (mus.), composition for nine.
non/ inventus (Lat.), not found; — **libet**, it does not please (me); — **licet**, it is not permitted; —

NON — NORWAY

- liquet*, it is not clear; — *mi ricordo* (It.), I do not remember; — *nobis* (Lat.), not unto us; — *obstante* (Lat.), notwithstanding, abbr. **non obst.**; **non obstante veredicto**, notwithstanding the verdict.
- nonpareil**, unequalled; (typ.) a size of type, six point, twelve lines to the inch, as this. In Fr. *nonpareille*, Ger. *Nonpareille*.
- non placet** (Lat.), it does not commend itself.
- nonplus**, -sed, -sing.
- non plus ultra** (Lat.), perfection.
- non/possumus** (Lat.), we cannot; — *prosequitur*, he does not prosecute, abbr. **non pros.**; — *rogné* (Fr.), with uncut and untrimmed leaves; — *sequitur* (Lat.), it does not follow logically, abbr. **non seq.**
- nonsuch**, *use* **nonesuch**.
- nonsuit** (one word).
- noon**, abbr. **n.**
- noonday** (one word).
- no one** (two words).
- n.o.p.**, not otherwise provided for.
- no par.** (typ.), matter to run on, and have no break.
- Nor.**, Norman.
- nord** (Fr. m.), north; abbr. **N.**
- Norddeutscher Lloyd** (two words); abbr. **N.D.L.**
- Nordenfeldt gun**.
- Nordenskjöld** (N. A. E., baron), 1832-1901, traveller, *not* -iöld.
- nord/-est** (Fr.), north-east, abbr. **N.E.**; — **-ouest**, north-west, abbr. **N.O.** (no caps. except for abbrs.).
- Norge**, local name for Norway.
- norm**, an authoritative standard.
- Norm** (Ger. typ. f.), the sheet signature (cap.).
- norm/a** (Lat.), a rule or measure; *pl.* -æ.
- normalize**, to standardize, *not* -ise.
- Normanby** (Marq. of).
- normande** (*à la*) (Fr. cook.), apple-flavoured (not cap.).
- Noronha** (Fernando), isles in S. Atlantic.
- Norrköping**, Sweden.
- Norroy**, the third King-of-Arms.
- Norse**, abbr. **N.**
- north**, abbr. **N.** (*see also* compass).
- north.**, northern.
- North** (Christopher), pen-name of Prof. J. Wilson, 1785-1854.
- Northallerton**, Yorks (one word).
- North America**, -an, abbr. **N. A.**, or **N. Amer.**
- Northamptonshire**, abbr. **Northants.**
- North Britain**, or Scotland, abbr. **Scot.**, *not* **N.B.**
- north-east**, abbr. **N.E.** (*see also* compass).
- northern**, abbr. **N.**, or **north.**
- "North-German Gazette"** (one hyphen).
- North Hill**, Cornwall (two words).
- Northill**, Beds (one word).
- North Pole** (caps.).
- Northumb.**, Northumberland.
- North Wales**, abbr. **N.W.**
- north-west**, abbr. **N.W.** (*see also* compass).
- Norvic.**, signature of Bp. of Norwich (full point).
- Norw.**, Norway, Norwegian.
- Norway**, local name Norge; in Fr. *Norvège* (*see also* Assemblies, Sweden).

Norwegian typography, practically as Danish.

^{nos}, *numéros* (numbers).

nosce teipsum (Lat.), know thyself.

nos/e, -y, *not* -ey.

nose-piece (hyphen).

nostalgia, home-sickness, *not* -gy.

noster (Lat.), our, our own; abbr. *N*.

Nostradamus (*Michel de Nostredame*), 1503-66, Fr. astrologer.

nostrum, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

nota bene (Lat.), mark well; abbr. *N.B.*

notabilia (Lat.), notable things.

notandum (Lat.), a thing to be noted; *pl.* -a.

Notary-Public, law officer (caps., hyphen); abbr. *N.P.*

notation (*see* figures).

note, -s, abbr. *n.* (*see* bottom, cut-in, foot-, shoulder-, side-).

notebook (one word).

note of admiration or exclamation (!); — — interrogation (?) (*see* punctuation, XVII, XVIII).

note-paper (size folded):

Albert, $6 \times 3\frac{7}{8}$ in.

Bath, 8×7

billet, 6×4

commercial, 8×5

octavo, $7 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$

packet, $9 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$

Prince of Wales, $4\frac{1}{2} \times 3$

Queen, $5\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$

notice, -eable, -ing.

notify, -ied, -ying.

notitia (Lat.), a list; *pl.* -æ.

not proven (*see* proven).

notre (Fr. adj.), our; *nôtre* (*le, la*), pronoun, ours; *les nôtres*, our folk.

Notre-Dame (Our Lady), abbr. *N.-D.*, Fr. name of many churches, *not* *Nô-* (hyphen).

Nottinghamshire, abbr. *Notts*.

notum (Lat.), the back (of an insect); *pl.* -a.

n'oubliez pas (Fr.), don't forget.

nougat (Fr. m.), a confection; *pron.* *noo'gah*.

nought, *use* *nau* -*.

noumen/on (metaph.), *pl.* -a.

noun, abbr. *n*.

nouns (collective), if regarded as a whole to be treated as singular, as the army *is*, the committee *meets*, the company *was*, the French people *is* a great nation. If regarded individually, to be treated as plural, as the French people *are* thrifty; — *or* *adjectives of nation or place*, in frequent commercial use, need no caps., as french polish, -er, morocco leather, plaster of paris, prussian blue, turkey red.

nouns (German), *all* have initial caps.

nous (Fr.), we; abbr. *n.*, before a verb *n/*.

nous (Gr.), shrewdness; *pron.* *nows* (ital.).

nous avons changé tout cela (Fr.), we have changed all that.

nous verrons (Fr.), we shall see.

nouveau/riche (Fr. m.), a parvenu; *pl.* -x -s.

nouveautés (*magasin de*) (Fr. m.), linendraper's shop, *not* — *des* —.

nouvelles (Fr. f. pl.), news.

Nov., November.

Nova/ Scotia, Canada, abbr. *N.S.*; — *Zembla*,

NOVEBORACENSIAN — NUMSKULL

- Arctic islands (two words, caps.).
- Noveboracensian**, of New York, *not* Nova-.
- novelette**, a small novel.
- novelize**, *not* -ise.
- November**, abbr. **Nov.**
- novitiate**, *not* -ciate.
- novus homo** (Lat.), a self-made man; *pl.* **novi homines**.
- nowadays** (one word).
- nowhere** (one word).
- noyau**, a liqueur.
- N.P.**, New Providence, Notary-Public; **n.p.** (typ.), new paragraph; **N.P.D.** (naut.), north polar distance; **N.P.L.**, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington.
- Nr.** (Ger.), *Nummer* (number); **nr.**, near; **N.R.A.**, National Rifle Association.
- N.S.**, National Society, New School, — Series, — Side, — Style (after 1752), Nova Scotia, Numismatic Society; **N.-S.**, *Notre-Seigneur* (Our Lord); **n.s.**, not specified; **n/s** (bkg.), not sufficient; **N.S.A.**, National Skating Association; **N.S.I.C.** (Lat.), *Noster Salvator Iesus Christus*; **N.-S. J.-C.** (Fr.), *Notre - Seigneur Jésus-Christ* (Our Lord Jesus Christ); **N.S.P.C.C.**, National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children; **N.S. Tripos**, Natural Science Tripos; **N.S.S.**, New Shakspeare Society; **N.S.W.**, New South Wales.
- N.T.**, New Testament, — Translation, (Australia) Northern Territory.
- n.u.**, name unknown.
- nuance**, tint (not ital.).
- Nubecula**, the Magellanic clouds; *pl.* -æ.
- nucleus**, *pl.* -i.
- nudis verbis** (Lat.), in plain words.
- nugæ** (Lat.), trifles.
- nugger**, Indian suffix (*see* -nagar).
- nul** (Fr.), *fem.* -le, no one.
- nullo** (typ.), the o, or zero.
- nullah**, a dry water-course.
- nulla - nulla**, Austral. wooden club, *not* -ah -ah.
- nullify**, -ied, -ying.
- nulli secundus** (Lat.), second to none.
- Num.**, Numbers (Old Test.), *not* Numb.
- num.**, numeral, -s.
- number**, abbr. **No.**, *pl.* **Nos.** (*see also* figures).
- number (house)**, in road or street, not to be followed by a point, as, 6 Fleet Street.
- numbers**, abbr. **Nos.** (*see also* figures).
- numerals (roman)**, caps. I, II, V, X, L, C, D, M, not to be followed by a point. For kings, rulers, etc., the name should be in lower case, and the numeral in caps. as, Henry V, Edward VII (no point). Lower case i, ii, etc., should be used for pagination of preliminary matter. In Fr. no full point after. In Ger. full point with arabic or roman ordinal numbers, but not cardinal. Abbr. **num.**
- numér/ateur** (Fr. m.), numerator; -o, number, abbr. **n°**, *pl.* **n^{os}**; -oter, to number (e.g. pages); -oteur, numbering machine.
- numis.**, numismatic, -s, numismatology.
- Nummer** (Ger. f.), number, abbr. **Nr.**
- numskull**, a dunce, *not* numb-.

nunc aut nunquam

(Lat.), now or never.

Nunc dimittis (Lat.),

Simeon's canticle.

nuncheon, a midday meal,

not -ion.

nuncio, a papal messenger ;

pl. -s.

Nuneham, near Oxford

(*see also* Newn-).

nunquam (Lat.), never.

nuphar, yellow water-lily.

nur, **nurr**, a hard knot in

wood, *use* knur*.

Nuremberg, *not* -burg ; in

Ger. Nürnberg.

nurl, *use* kn-*.

nurs/e, -ing.

nurseryman (one word).

N.U.T., National Union of

Teachers.

nut/, -ted, -ting.

nut/crackers ; -hatch, a

bird ; -shell (one word).

N.U.W.W., National

Union of Women Work-

ers.

nux vomica (two words) ;

abbr. **nux vom**.

N.V., New Version ;

N.V.M., Nativity of the Virgin Mary.

N.W., North Wales, north-

west (*see* compass),

North - Western postal

district, London ; **N.W.**

Prov., North - West

Provinces, India ;

N.W.S.A., National

Women's Suffrage Asso-

ciation ; **N.W.T.**, North-

West Territory.

N.Y., New York, city or

state, U.S.A. (offic.).

Nyam-Nyam, *use* Niam-

niam.

Nyassaland, Eq. Afr.,

not Nyasa- (one word).

N.Y.H.S., New York

Historical Society.

nylghau*, *not* nilgau.

nymph/a (anat.) ; pl. -æ.

Nymphæa, white water-

lily.

Nysa, an asteroid.

Nyssa, a genus of plants.

N.Z., New Zealand.

0

O

- O.**, Odd Fellows, Ohio (U.S.A.), old; Order (as D.S.O.), owner, the fourteenth in a series, all proper names with this initial, (Fr. m.) *ouest* (west), (Ger. m.) *Osten* (east), (naut.) overcast, (typ.) overseer.
- O**, oxygen, (Lat.) *octavus* (a pint).
- O!** *see* **Oh!**
- O'***, Ir. name prefix; (typ.) use apos. as O'Neill, *not* turned comma.
- o'**, abbr. for of.
- Ö** (Dan., Sw.), island.
- ø**, the "Danish" o.
- o/a**, on account of.
- Oak-apple Day**, 29 May.
- Oakeley** (Sir C. W. A.), 1828—; — (Sir Evelyn), 1833—; — (Sir H. S.), 1830–1903, Mus.Doc.
- Oakley** (Sir Henry), 1823—.
- oarweed**, *use* **ore**-*.
- oas/is***, *pl.* -es*.
- oatcake** (one word).
- Oates** (Titus), 1649–1705.
- oatmeal*** (one word).
- ob.**, oboe, obolus (half-penny).
- ob.**, *obiit* (he, she, or it died).
- Obadiah**, abbr. **Obad.**
- obligato*** (It. mus.), *not* obl—; abbr. **obb.**
- obeah***, witchcraft, etc., *not* ohea, obeeyah, obi.
- obelisk***, *not* -isc; (typ.) the dagger mark (†); double obelisk*, ‡.
- obel/us***, critical mark, *pl.* -i*; in ancient MSS. —, ÷, or †.
- Ober-Ammergau**, Bavaria (caps., hyphen).
- obi**, *use* **obeah***.
- obit**/ (Lat.), he, she, or it died, abbr. **ob.**; — **sine prole**, died without issue, abbr. **ob.s.p.**
- obiter**/ **dictum*** (Lat.), a thing said by the way, *pl.* — **dicta***; — **scriptum**, ditto written, *pl.* — **a.**
- object**/, -ion, -ive, -ively, abbr. **obj.**
- object-glass*** (hyphen).
- obl.**, oblique, oblong.
- obligato**, *use* **obb**-*.
- obliger***, one who obliges.
- obligor*** (law).
- oblique**, abbr. **obl.**
- obliviscence***, forgetfulness.
- oblong**, abbr. **obl.**
- obo/e*** (mus.), *not* hautbois, -boy; abbr. **ob.**; -ist*, *not* -eist.
- obol/us***, a coin; *pl.* -i*, abbr. **ob.**
- O'Brien** (W. S.), 1803–64, Irish patriot.
- O'Bryan** (W.), 1778–1868, founder Bible-Christians; his followers **Bryanites**, *not* O'-.
- obs.**, observation, observatory, obsolete.
- obsequies***, the sing. -y* *not* used.
- observanda*** (Lat.), things to be observed.
- observat/ion**, -ory, abbr. **obs.**
- obsession***.
- obsidian*** (mineral.).
- obsolescen/ce***, -t*, becoming obsolete.
- obsolete**, abbr. **obs.**
- ob.s.p.**, *obiit sine prole* (died without issue).
- obstetrics**, abbr. **obstet.**
- obstructor***, *not* -er.

obverse*, that side of a coin with the head or main device.

O.C., Old Carthusian, — Catholic, — Cheltonian.

o.c., *opere citato* (in the work cited).

o'c., MS. abbr. for o'clock.

o/c, overcharge.

Occam/ (William of), 1280-1349; -ism*, -ist*, not Ockham.

Occidental*, western (cap.).

occip/ut*, -ital* (not ital.).

occur/*, -red*, -rence*, -rent*, -ring*.

ocell/us*, an eyelet; *pl.* -i*.

ochlocracy*, mob-rule.

ochone, *use* ohone*.

ochr/e*, -eous*, -y*, not -er, oker.

Ochterlony (Sir D. F.), 1848-.

Ockham, Surrey (*see also* Occam).

o'clock* (typ.), close up, not to be abbreviated in print; MS. abbr. o'c.

O'Connell (Daniel), 1775-1847.

O'Connor (T. P.), 1848-, journalist, politician.

O'Conor (Sir N. R.), 1843-.

O'Conor Don (The) (cap. T).

Oct., October.

octahedr/al*, -on, *pl.* -a*, not octac-, octoe-, octoh-.

octaroon, *use* octo-*.

octastyle*, having eight columns, not octo-.

Octateuch*, first eight books O.T., not Octo-.

octavo/*, a book having eight leaves, or sixteen pages, to the sheet; *pl.* -s, abbr. 8vo (no point) (for sizes, *see* books).

octet* (mus.), not -ett, -ette, ottett (not ital.).

October, abbr. Oct.

octodecimo/*, or eighteen-

mo, a book having eighteen leaves, or thirty-six pages, to the sheet; *pl.* -s, abbr. 18mo (no point).

octopus/*, *pl.* -es*; *pron.* òk-tò'pus.

octoroon*, not octa-.

octroi* (Fr. m.), municipal customs duties.

Oculi Sunday*, third in Lent.

ocul/us*, an eye; *pl.* -i*.

O.D., Old Dutch, Ordnance Datum.

od*, a hypothetical force.

odal*, land held in absolute ownership, not udal.

odalisque* (Turk.), female slave, not -isk.

O.Dan., Old Danish.

Odd Fellows (official, two words, caps.); abbr. O., or O.F.

odd folios, or pages (typ.), the right-hand pages, numbered 1, 3, 5, etc.

oddments* (typ.), the parts of a book separate from the body, such as title, contents; also a section containing an odd number of pages.

Odelsting, lower house Norw. Parliament.

Odéon, Paris theatre.

Odeypore, *use* Udaipur.

odi profanum vulgus (Lat.), I loathe the common herd.

odium/ æstheticum* (Lat.), the bitterness of æsthetic controversy; — **medicum***, ditto medical; — **musicum***, ditto musical; — **theologium***, ditto theological.

odometer, *use* h-*.

O'Donoghue - of the Glens (The) (cap. T).

O'Donovan (The) (cap. T).

odontoglossum/*, an orchid; *pl.* -s.

odor/iferous*, -ize*, -izer, -ous*.

ODOR — O.GAEL.

odor lucri (Lat.), the expectation of gain.
odour/*, -less*, *not* -or.
Odysseus, Gr. for Ulysses.
Odyss/ey*, Gr. epic; -ean* (*not* ital.).
O.E., Old English, omissions excepted.
œ (ligature), for single sounds, is in England generally employed in English, French, Greek, Latin, and Old English words, and should therefore be used in place of the separate letters *oe*. The separate letters should be restricted to works for students of the classics.
Öe (Dan., Sw.), old form for island, *use* **Ö**.
œcist*, the founder of a Gr. colony, *not* æk-, oik-.
œcology*, the science dealing with the relations of organisms to their surroundings, *not* æk-.
œcumenic/*, -al*, *not* ec-.
O.E.D., the "Oxford English Dictionary," *not* N.E.D. (the New ditto).
œdema/*, a swelling; -tous, *not* ed-.
Œdipus*, the Theban hero, *not* Edi-, Oedi-.
Oehlschlager (Adam), 1777-1850, Dan. writer.
œil (Fr. m.), eye, *pl.* **yeux**; **œil-de-bœuf***, a small round window, *pl.* **œils** — —; **œil-de-perdrix**, a soft corn, *pl.* **œils** — —.
o'er* (typ.), to be close up.
Oersted (H. C.), 1777-1851, physicist.
œsophag/us*, the gullet; *pl.* -i; -eal, *not* e- (*not* ital.).
Oesterley (Rev. W. O. E.), 1866-, writer.
Oesterreich (Ger.), Austria, *use* **ÖB**-.
œuf (Fr. m.), egg; **œufs à**

la coque, boiled eggs; **œufs à la neige**, whisked eggs; — **à l'indienne**, curried eggs.
œuvres (Fr. f.), works.
O.F., Odd Fellows, Old French, (typ.) old-face type.
off., official, officinal.
Offa's Dyke, between Eng. and Wales (apos.).
off-cast*, cast off (hyphen).
offcut* (typ.), a piece cut off a sheet to reduce it to the proper size; also a part cut off for separate folding (one word).
Offenbach (Jacques), 1819-80, composer.
offence*, *not* -se.
offer/*, -ed*, -ing*, -tory*.
offg., officiating.
off-hand/*, -ed* (hyphen).
official/, abbr. **off.**, or **offic.**; — envelopes, 8³/₄ x 3³/₄ in., to take foolscap folded in four.
officialize*, *not* -ise.
officiating, abbr. **offg.**
officina* (Lat.), a workshop (*see also* **oficina**).
officinal, abbr. **off.**
offprint* (typ.), a separately printed copy, or small edition, of an article, which originally appeared as part of a larger publication.
offset* (typ.), the transfer of ink from its proper sheet.
offshoot* (one word).
off-shore*, adj. (hyphen).
offside (football) (one word).
oficina* (Sp.), a S. Amer. factory (*see also* **off**-.)
O.F.M., Order of Friars Minor.
oft-times*, hyphen.
O.G., ogee, a moulding, *not* OG.; Outside Guard; Olympian games.
O.Gael., Old Gaelic.

ogee/*, a moulding; abbr.

O.G.; -d*.

Ogg (Sir W. A.), 1823-.

ogham*, ancient alphabet,
not ogam, -um, -hum.

O'Grady (The) (cap. T).

ogre/*, *pl.* -s, *fem.* -ss*, *pl.*
-sses; -ish, *not* -rish.

Oh!* (interjection), use O!
except when it is detached
from what follows, or is a
cry of pain, etc. (O.E.D.).

O.H.B.M.S., On His, or
Her, Britannic Majesty's
Service.

OHG., Old High German.

Ohio, U.S.A., off. abbr. O.

Ohm (G. S.), 1787-1854,
physicist.

ohm* (elec.), unit of resist-
ance; legal —, symbol
LΩ.

O.H.M.S., On His, or
Her, Majesty's Service.

Ohnet (Georges), 1848-,
Fr. writer.

oho!* exclamation of sur-
prise, *not* O ho, Oh ho, etc.

ohone*, Gael. and Ir. cry
of lamentation, *not* och-.

O.H.S., Oxford Historical
Society.

oidium*, a fungus, *not* oi-
oie (Fr. f.), goose.

oignon (Fr. m.), onion.

oikist, *use* œcist*.

oil/cake*, -cloth* (one
word).

oil/-colour, — -paint-
ing* (hyphens).

oil/skin*, -stone* (one
word).

oi polloi (Gr.), the people,
use hoi —.

O.Ir., Old Irish.

oison (Fr. m.), gosling.

oka* (Egypt., Turk.), about
 $2\frac{3}{4}$ lb., also $\frac{2}{3}$ of a quart.

okapi, giraffe-zebra-like
animal.

O'Kelly (The) (cap. T).

Oken (Lorenz), 1779-1851,
naturalist.

Oklahoma Territory,

U.S.A.; abbr. Okla.
Terr.

Oktav (Ger. n.), octavo
(cap.); *breites* —, crown
8vo.

O.L., Officer of (the Order
of) Leopold, Old Latin.

OL, Olympiad.

Olaf (St.), patron of Nor-
way.

Olcott (Col. H. S.), 1830-,
theosophist.

old/, abbr. O.; — -clothes-
man*, — -clothes-
shop* (hyphens).

Old - English type,
black letter as this;
abbr. O.E.

old-face type, earliest form
of roman type of fifteenth
century, as this; abbr. O.F.

old-fashioned* (hyphen).

Old Man of the Sea, in
"Arab. Nights" (caps.).

Old Meldrum, Aberdeen.

Old Red Sandstone
(geol.) (caps.).

old-style type, that made
in imitation of the roman
letters used before 1800, as
this, caps. A.B.C. etc.;
generally called "revived
old style"; abbr. O.S.

Oldswinford, Worcs. (one
word).

Old Testament, abbr.
O.T., or Old Test.; for
abbr. of books, *see* each title.

oleiferous*, oil-producing,
not olif-.

oleography*, a method of
chromolithography.

oleomargarine* (one
word), *pron.* g as in go;
abbr. oleo*.

OLG., Old Low German.

Olifant River, S. Afr.

Oligocene* (geol.) (cap.,
not ital.).

Oliphant (Laurence),
1829-88, writer and
mystic; — (Mrs.), 1828-
97, writer (*see also* Olli-).

OLIVE — OOZY

olive/-branch*, — -oil* (hyphens).
Olivetan*, an order of monks, *not* -ian.
olla podrida*, Sp. national dish, also a medley (not ital.).
Ollivant (Sir E. C. K.), 1846-, Ind. Civil Servant (*see also* Oliphant).
Ollivier (O. E.), 1825-, Fr. statesman and writer.
Olney (Richard), 1843-, Amer. statesman.
Olympiad, abbr. **Ol**.
O. M., (Member of the) Order of Merit.
o. m., old measurement.
omadhaun*, Irish term of contempt, *not* the many variations.
Omagh, Co. Tyrone.
Omar Khayyám, 1050?-1122, Pers. poet.
Omdurman, Sudan.
omelet*, in Fr. f. **omelette**; **omelette soufflée**, a puff omelet.
omicron, the Gr. o, *not* omik-.
omissions (typ.), to be indicated by three points, not asterisks, separated by em quads (*see also* **deleatur**, ellipsis).
omit*, -ted*, -ting*.
Om mani padme hum, Buddhist invocation.
omnibus*, *pl.* -es; abbr. **bus***, *not* 'bus, *pl.* buses.
omnium gatherum*, a confused medley (no hyphen, not ital.).
O. M. T., Old Merchant Taylors (School or pupil).
O. M. V., Master of Obstetrics, Vienna.
O. N., Old Norse.
on-coming* (hyphen).
on/ dit* (Fr. m. s. and pl.), gossip.
one (a, *not* an).
one-and-twenty*, etc. (hyphens).

one-eighth (*see* fractions).
Oneida, socialistic community.
one-ideaed* (hyphen).
oneirocritic*, an interpreter of dreams, *not* onir-.
oneness* (a, *not* an) (one word).
oneself*, *not* one's self (one word).
one-sided* (hyphen).
O. N. F., Old Norman-French.
onlook/*, -er*, -ing* (one word).
on ne passe pas (Fr.), no thoroughfare.
onomasticon* (Gr.), a vocabulary of proper names.
onomatopœia*, -ial*, -ian*, -ic*, -ical*, -ically*, word formation by imitation of sound; abbr. **onomat**.
onomatopo/ësis*, -etic*, -etically*, *not* -poiesis.
onrush (one word).
onset/*, -ter*, -ting*.
on shore* (naut.) (two words, hyphen as adj.).
onside (football) (one word).
Ont., Ontario, Upper Canada.
ontologize*, *not* -ise.
onus*, burden (not ital.).
onus probandi (Lat.), burden of proof (ital.).
%, per cent, -age.
Oodeypore, India, *use* Udaipur.
oof*, money.
oolong*, a tea, *not* ou-.
oomiak*, Eskimo boat, *not* the many variations.
oopak*, a tea, *not* -ack.
Ootacamund, Madras, *use* Utak-; colloq. abbr. **Ooty**.
oozy*, muddy, *not* -ey.

O.P., Old Playgoers (Club), Old Prices, *Ordinis Prædicatorum* (of the Order of Preachers, or Dominicans).

o.p.*, overproof; (theat.) opposite the prompter's side, or the actor's right; (typ.) out of print.

op. (Lat.), *opus* (work), *opera* (works).

opalize*, not -ise.

op. cit., *opere citato* (in the work quoted) (not ital.).

open/-hearted*, -mouthed* (hyphens).

Open Sesame* (caps., two words).

open-work/*, -ed*, -ing* (hyphens).

*opera buffa** (It.), comic opera; in Fr. *opéra bouffe**.

Opéra-Comique, Paris theatre (hyphen).

opera-glass* (hyphen).

operculum* (biol.), a cover; *pl.* -a* (not ital.).

opere citato (Lat.), in the work quoted, abbr. o.c., or op. cit.; — *in medio*, in the midst of the work.

ophicleide*, not -eid.

ophiology*, study of serpents, not ophid-.

ophthalmic*, of the eye.

Opie (Amelia), 1769-1853, writer; — (John), 1761-1807, painter.

o.p.n., *ora pro nobis* (pray for us).

opodeldoc*, a liniment.

opopanax*, a perfume.

opp., opposed, opposite.

oppressor*, not -er.

opt., optative, optical, optician, optics.

optime* (Camb.), one next in merit to wranglers (not ital.); *pron.* ɒp'timē, abbr. op.

optimize*, to make the best of, not -ise.

opus/* (Lat.), a work, *pl.* *opera**, abbr. *op.**; — *magnum**, a great work, *pl.* *opera magna*.

*opusculum** (Lat.), a small work, an essay; *pl.* -a*.

opus number* (mus.), the one by which a work is known (two words).

opus operatum (Lat.), a thing done.

or, two or more singular subjects joined by *or* take the verb in the singular number, as: John or William *is* going. In such phrases as "black, white, or green," *or* to be preceded by comma (*see also* "and" or "and").

or* (her.), gold or yellow.

"or" "or" follows same rule as "and" or "and" (*which see*).

ora, *see os*.

ora e sempre (It.), now and always.

orangeade*, not -gade.

Orange/ism* (Ir.), not -gism; -man* (one word, cap.).

orang/-outang*, *more correctly* — -utan*, not -utang, ourang-outang (not ital.).

Oranmore and Browne (Baron).

ora pro nobis (Lat.), pray for us; abbr. o.p.n.

orat., orator, -ical, -ically.

oratorios (titles of) (typ.), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.

O.R.C., Order of the Red Cross, Orange River Colony.

orc*, a dolphin, not ork.

Orcadian, of Orkney.

ord., ordained, order, ordinal, ordinance, ordinary.

Order, abbr. O.; when referring to a society, to be cap., as the Order of Jesuits.

ORDER — OSBOURNE

- order/, abbr. ord.; —
 -book* (hyphen).
 orders (bot. and zool.),
 caps. but not italic.
 ordin/al, -ance, -ary,
 abbr. ord.
 Ordn., Ordinance.
ordre du jour (Fr. m.),
 agenda of a meeting.
 Ore., Oregon, U.S.A. (off.
 abbr.).
 öre*, coin of Den., Sw., and
 Norw.
 O'Rell (**Max**), 1848-1903,
 pen-name of Paul Blouet.
 oreo/graphy, -logy, *use*
 oro-*.
ore/rotundo (Lat.), well-
 turned, imposing speech;
 — **tenus**, from the lips
 and not the heart.
 ore-weed*, *not* oar-.
orfèvrerie* (Fr. f.), gold-
 smiths' work.
 orfray, *use* orphrey*.
 org., organ, -ic, -ism, -ized.
 organdie*, book-muslin, *not*
 -i, -y; in Fr. m. **organdi**.
 organize*, etc., *not* -ise.
 organon*, a system of rules.
orge (Fr. f.), barley.
orgeat* (Fr. m.), barley-
 water.
 org/y*, *not* -ie; *pl.* -ies*.
 Oriental/*, -ist* (cap.);
 abbr. Or., *or* Orient.
 orientalize*, *not* -ise (not
 cap.).
 oriflamme*, banner, *not*
 -flamb.
 orig., origin, -al, -ally, -ate,
 -ated.
 Origen, 185-253, a Father
 of the Church.
original (Sp. typ.), copy.
 "Origin of Species," by
 C. Darwin, 1859.
 orinasal*, of the mouth and
 nose, *not* oro-.
 Orinoco, river, S. Amer.
 (*see also* oro-).
 Orléans (House of) (é).
 Ormes Head, Carnarvon
 (no apos.).
 ormolu*, a gold-coloured
 alloy (not ital.).
 Ormonde (**Marquess of**).
 Ormuzd, the Zoroastrian
 spirit of Good, *not* the
 many variations.
orn/é* (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
 adorned.
 ornith., ornithology, -ical.
 ornithorhynchus*, the
 duck-billed platypus.
 oro/graphy*, -logy*,
 mountain description and
 science, *not* oreo-.
 oronoco*, a tobacco, *not*
 -ooko (not ital.) (*see also*
 Ori-).
 Orotava, Canary Isles,
not Ora-.
 orotund*, magniloquent.
 orphrey*, an ornamental
 border, *not* orfray.
 orris-root* (hyphen).
 Or San Michele, church
 at Florence, *not* — Saint —.
 orthoepy*, word pronun-
 ciation.
 orthopædic*, *not* -edic.
 ortolan*, an edible bird
 (not ital.).
 Orvieto*, It. white wine.
 O.S., Old Saxon, — school,
 — series, — side, — style
 (before 1752), — style
 type, ordinary seaman,
 (paper) "outsides."
 Os*, osmium.
 o.s., only son.
os* (Lat.), a bone; *pl.* **ossa***.
os* (Lat.), a mouth; *pl.* **ora***.
 O.S.A., Order of St. Augus-
 tine.
 Osaka, Japan, *not* Oz-.
 O.S.B.*, Order of St. Bene-
 dict.
 Osborn (Sir A. K. B.),
 1870-; — (Sherard),
 1822-75, Arctic traveller.
 Osborne, family name of
 Dukes of Leeds; — (Sir
 Francis), 1856-.
 Osbourne (Lloyd), 1868-
 writer (stepson of R. L.
 Stevenson).

Oscott College (R.C.),
Warwickshire.
osculatory*, *not* -ery.
*osculum** (Lat.), a kiss, *pl.*
*-a**; *osculum pacis**,
the kiss of peace.
O.S.F., Order of St. Francis.
O.Sl., Old Slavonic.
Osmanli*, of the fam. of
Osman, *not* -lee, -lie, -ly
(*not* ital.).
osmium*, symbol Os*.
osmund*, a fern, also an
iron (*not* ital.).
O.S.N.C., Orient Steam
Navigation Company.
ossa, *see* *os*.
ossein*, bone-cartilage, *not*
-ine.
Ossett, Yorks, *not* Oset,
Osset.
Ossory, Ferns, and
Leighlin (Bishop of).
o.s.t.(naut.), ordinary spring
tides.
Ost (Ger. m.), east (cap.);
abbr. O.
ostensibl/e*, -y*.
*osteria** (It.), an inn.
Österreich (Ger.), Austria,
not Oe-; *österreich-*
ische Währung, Aus.
currency, abbr. *ö.W.*
(this much used).
Ostiaks, of W. Siberia, *not*
Osty-.
ostiole*, a small opening,
not -eole.
ostler*, a groom, *not* h-.
ostracize*, etc., *not*
-ise.
ostreiculture*, oyster
culture, *not* ostra-, ostrea-,
ostreo-, ostri-.
Oswaltdwistle, Lancs,
not -sle.
O.T.*, Old Testament.
Otaheite, *now* Tahiti.
O.Teut., Old Teutonic.
otherworld/liness*, -ly*
(one word).
otium/* (Lat.), leisure : —
*cum dignitate**, leisure

with dignity; *otium sine*
dignitate, leisure with-
out —.
O.T.M. (paper), Old Turkey
Mill.
otolith*, *not* -lite (*not* ital.).
*ototoi** (Gr.), alas! *not*
otototoi, ottotoi.
Ottawa, Canada, *not* Otto-.
Otterspool, Lancs (one
word).
Ottoman/*, a Turk; *pl.* -s
(cap.).
ottoman/*, a sofa, a fabric;
pl. -s (*not* cap.).
otto of roses, *use* attar
— —*.
Otway (Thomas), 1652-
85, dramatist.
O.U., Oxford University;
O.U.A., Order of United
Americans; O.U.A.C.,
Oxford University Athletic
Club; O.U.A.F.C., ditto
Association Football —;
O.U.A.M., Order of
United American Mech-
anics.
ouananiche*, the Labrador
salmon; *pron.* wa'nān-ish.
O.U.B.C., Oxford Univer-
sity Boat Club.
*oubliette** (Fr. f.), a dun-
geon.
O.U.C.C., Oxford Univ.
Cricket Club.
Oudenarde (battle of),
1708.
Oudh, India, *not* Oude.
O.U.D.S., Oxford Univ.
Dramatic Society.
ouest (Fr. m.), west; abbr. O.
O.U.G.C., Oxford Univ.
Golf Club.
ought, a cipher, nothing, *use*
naught* (*see also* au-).
O.U.H.C., Oxford Univ.
Hockey Club.
Ouida, pen-name of Louise
de la Ramée.
oui-dire (Fr. m. s. and pl.),
hearsay.
O.U.L.C., Oxford Univ.
Lacrosse Club.

OULESS — OZ.

Oules (W. W.), 1848-, painter.
O.U.L.T.C., Oxford Univ. Lawn Tennis Club.
 ounce/, -s, abbr. oz.*; sign $\frac{3}{4}$; 437 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains avoirdupois, 480 gr. troy.
 ourang-outang, *use* orang-outang*.
 ours* (no apos.).
O.U.R.U.F.C., Ox. Univ. Rugby Union Football Club; **O.U.S.C.**, ditto Swimming —.
 ouzel, *use* ouz*.
 out* (typ.), an accidental omission of copy in composition.
 out-and-out* (hyphens).
 out/board* ; -come* ; -door* ; -fit/*, -ted, -ter*, -ting* ; -general* ; -grow/, -th* (one word).
 out-Herod* (hyphen, cap.).
 outhouse* (one word).
 out/ie*, -ier*, -ying*.
 outmanœuvre* (one word).
 out/-of-date (adj.) (hyphens); — of print, abbr. o.p. ; — of sorts (typ.), when any letter in a fount is all used.
 out-patient* (hyphen).
outrance* (*à*) (Fr.), to the bitter end, *not* à l'-.
outré* (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, exaggerated.
 outsides* (paper), the top and bottom or imperfect quires of a ream; abbr. O.S.
 outstanding* (one word).
 outstrip/*, -ped, -ping.
 outv/ie*, -ier*, -ying* (one word).
 outward-bound* (adj.) (hyphen).
 outwit/*, -ted*, -ting*.
ouvert (Fr.), *fem.* -e, open.
ouvrier (Fr.), a workman; *fem.* -ère.

ouzel*, a bird, *not* ous-
 over/all*, -board* (one word).
 overburden*, *not* -then.
 overburdensome*.
 overcast (naut.), abbr. O.
 overcharge, abbr. o/c.
 Over Darwen, Lancs.
 over-glad* (hyphen).
 over/land*, -mantel*, -mantle, -rate*, -reach*, -ride*, -rule* (one word).
 overrun* (typ.), to turn over words from one line to the next, for several or many lines.
 overseer (typ.), abbr. O.
 Overtoun (Baron), *not* -own ; *pron.* -tun.
 ovolo*, a moulding; *pl.* -i*.
 ov/um*, an egg; *pl.* -a* (*not* ital.).
ö. W. (Ger.), *österreichische Währung* (Austrian currency), a much-used abbr.
 Owens College, Manchester (no apos.).
 owner, abbr. O.
 Ox., Oxford.
"Oxford Almanack," *not* — -ac.
"Oxford English Dictionary (The)," abbr. O.E.D., *not* H.E.D., N.E.D.
 Oxfordshire, abbr. Oxon.
 oxide*, *not* -id, -yd, -yde.
 oxidize*, etc., *not* -ise, oxy-.
 Oxon, Oxfordshire, *Oxonia* (Oxford), *Oxoniensis* (of Oxford) (no point).
 Oxon., signature of Bp. of Oxford (full point).
 oxychloride*, *not* oxi-
 oxygen/*, symbol O* ; -ize*, *not* -ise.
 oyer and terminer* (law).
 oyez! hear ye! *not* oyes; *pron.* o'yez.
 oz.*, ounce, -s.

P

P., pastor, post, prince, the fifteenth in a series, proper names with this initial, (Fr.) *Père* (Father), (Lat.) *Papa* (Pope), *Pater* (Father), *pontifex* (a bishop), *populus* (people), proconsul, (mech.) pressure.

P*, phosphorus, (chess) pawn (no point).

p., page (this should not end a line), participle, past, perch, pipe, pole, (Fr.) *passé* (past), *pied* (foot), *pouce* (inch), *pour* (for), (ichth.) pectoral, (Lat.) *partim* (in part), per (by, for), *pius* (holy), *pondere* (by weight), *post* (after), *primus* (first), *pro* (for), (naut.) passing showers.

p (It. mus.), *piano* (softly).

p., *poco* (little).

¶, per (by, for).

¶ (typ.), the reversed or blind P, the paragraph mark, used to denote the commencement of a new paragraph; also sixth reference mark for footnotes in math. works.

Π (Gr.), *see* pi.

P.A.*, Post Adjutant.

Pa.*, Pennsylvania (off. abbr.).

p.a., *par amitié* (by favour), per annum (yearly).

pabulum*, food (not ital.).

p.a.c. (mil.), Passed Advanced Class (at Ordinance College), *not* Passed Artillery College.

pace (Lat.), with the consent of; — *tua*, with your consent.

pacha, *use* pasha*.

pacha (Fr. m.), pasha.

pachymeter*, measuring instrument, *not* pacho-.

package/, -s, abbr. pkg.

packet/, -ed, -ing.

packthread* (one word).

pad*, sheets of paper fastened at one or more edges, and removable singly.

padding*, increase of printed matter, without enhancing value.

Paderewski (I. J.), 1860-, pianist; *pron.* -evski.

padishah*, Pers. title, *not* padsh-.

padlock* (one word).

padre* (It., Port., Sp.), father, applied also to a priest.

padron/e* (It.), a master, employer; *pl.* -i.

p. æ., *partes æquales* (equal parts).

pæan*, a song of triumph.

pædagogy, *use* pe*.

pædeutics*, science of education, *not* pai-.

Pædobaptists*, *not* Pe-.

pænology, *use* pe*.

pæon*, Greek prosody.

pæony, *use* peony*.

Paganini (Nicolò), 1784-1840, violinist.

paganize*, *not* -ise.

page*, (typ.) type, or type and cuts, properly arranged for printing on one side of a book leaf; not to be confused with leaf or leaves; each leaf, being printed on both sides, consists of two pages. A single page (chapter endings, etc.) should not contain less than five lines. Abbr. p., *pl.* pp.; even —, one

- bearing a number divisible by two; **odd page**, one bearing a number not divisible by two; — **proof**, one made up into pages; **white** —, a blank page (*see also* **pagination**).
- page** (Fr. m.), a page-boy; (f.) page of a book.
- paginate***, to mark with consecutive numbers.
- pagination***, the paging of a book, also the act of paging; (typ.) *all* page numbers should be at the outside of the head margin, as this position facilitates reference when rapidly turning over the leaves: when there are headlines, they are usually put in the centre of the tail margin. The late Sir Leslie Stephen wrote to me that he considered *all* pages (even the first of a chapter) should be numbered: a plan to be recommended as facilitating reference; quotation of —, to be 322-4, *not* 322-24 (*see also* **preliminary matter**).
- pagin***, -inal*.
- Pahlanpur**, India, *use* **Pal**-.
- paid**, abbr. **pd**.
- paideutics**, *use* **pæd**-*.
- pajamas**, *use* **py**-*.
- paillasse*** (Fr. m.), a clown; (f.) a straw-matress, in Eng. **palliasse**.
- pailles** (Fr. cook. f.), straws; — **de parmesan**, cheese-straws.
- Pain** (Barry), writer (*see also* **Payn**/, -e).
- pain** (Fr. m.), bread.
- Paine** (Thomas), 1737-1809, author "The Rights of Man" (*see also* **Payn**/, -e).
- painim**, a pagan, *use* **pay**-*.
- paint**., painting.
- paintings** (titles of), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.
- pair**/, -s, abbr. **pr**.
- pais** (trial per)*, trial by jury.
- pajamas**, Amer. form of **py**-*.
- Paket setzen** (Ger. typ.), to compose in slips.
- Pal**., Palestine.
- palæo**-, prefix, *not* paleo-.
- palæography***, abbr. **palæog**.
- palæontology***, abbr. **palæont**.; (typ.) genera, species, and varieties to be italic, other divisions roman (*see also* **botany**).
- palæozoic***, *not* pale-.
- palæstra*** (Gr.), a wrestling school, *not* pale-.
- palais** (Fr. m.), palace, palate.
- palankeen***, *not* -quin.
- Palanpur**, Ind., *not* Pahl-.
- palanquin**, *use* -keen*.
- palazz/o** (It.), a palace; *pl. -i*.
- pal/e***, -ish*.
- paleo**-, prefix, *use* **palæo**-*.
- Palestine**, abbr. **Pal**.
- paletot***, an overcoat (no accent, *not* ital.).
- palette***, for colour-mixing (*see also* **pallet**).
- palladium***, symbol **Pd***.
- pallet*** (horol. and organ building) (*see also* **palette**).
- palliasse**, a straw-matress; in Fr. f. **paillasse**.
- palliat/e***, -or*.
- palm-oil*** (hyphen).
- Palm Sunday***, one before Easter (two words, caps.).
- pam**., pamphlet.
- Pamir**, Cent. Asia, *not* -irs.
- pampas-grass*** (hyphen).
- pamphlet*** (typ.), any work not exceeding five sheets, usually in paper covers; abbr. **pam**.

Pan., Panama.
 panacea*, a cure-all (not ital.).
panais (Fr. m.), parsnip.
 Pan/-African*, — -A-
 merican*, — -Angli-
 can* (hyphen, caps.).
 Pandean pipes*, not
 -æan (cap.).
 pandemonium*, not pan-
 dæ-.
 pandit, *use* pun-*.
 P. & O.*, Peninsular and
 Oriental Steam Naviga-
 tion Company.
 panegyryze*, not -ise.
 panel/*, -led*, -ling*, not
 -ell, pann-.
paner (Fr. cook.), to dress
 with eggs and bread-
 crumbs.
 Panhellen/ic*, -ism*
 (one word, cap.).
 Panislam* (one word).
 Panizzi (Sir Antonio),
 1797-1879, librarian.
 Panjab, *use* Punjab.
 panjandrum*, a mock
 title.
 pannel, *use* panel*.
 pannikin*, not -can, pana-
 kin, -ikin.
 Pan-pipe*, not Pan's —
 (cap., hyphen).
pans (French dressmaking,
 m. plural), long floating
 ends of ribbon, also coat-
 tails.
 Panslavic*, not Panscl-.
 pantagraph, *use* pan-
 to-*.
 Pantheon*, Rome.
 Panthéon, Paris (ô).
 pantograph*, a mechani-
 cal drawing machine, not
 -panta-, penta-.
 pantomime*.
pantoufle (Fr. f.), a
 slipper; in English pan-
 tofle*.
paon/ (Fr.), peacock; *fem.*
 -ne.
Papa* (Lat.), Pope; abbr.
 P.

papal/*, -ly*.
 paper (approximate
 sizes of unfolded
 printing)—
 crown, 20 x 15 in.
 demy, 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
 double crown, 30 x 20
 — demy, 35 x 22 $\frac{1}{2}$
 — foolscap, 27 x 17
 — post, 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 19 $\frac{1}{2}$
 — royal, 40 x 25
 imperial, 30 x 22
 medium, 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 18 $\frac{1}{2}$
 post, 19 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
 royal, 25 x 20
 super-royal, 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 20 $\frac{1}{2}$
 drawing and writing .
 ditto—
 antiquarian, 53 x 31 in.
 atlas, 34 x 26
 Columbian, 34 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 23 $\frac{1}{2}$
 copy, or draft, 20 x 16
 demy, 20 x 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
 dble. elephant, 40 x 26 $\frac{1}{2}$
 elephant, 28 x 23
 emperor, 72 x 48
 foolscap, 17 x 13 $\frac{1}{2}$
 imperial, 30 x 22
 medium, 22 x 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
 post (large), 21 x 16 $\frac{1}{2}$
 — (small), 19 x 15 $\frac{1}{4}$
 pott, 15 x 12 $\frac{1}{2}$
 royal, 24 x 19
 super-royal, 27 x 19
 (See also demy, double,
 medium, folio, fools-
 cap, imperial.)
papet/ier (Fr.), *fem.* -ière,
 a stationer.
Papier (Ger. n.), paper
 (cap.).
papier (Fr. m.), paper (not
 cap.).
 papier mâché* (two
 words, not ital.).
 papoose*, N. Amer. infant,
 not papp-.

Pappband (Ger. typ. n.), boards; abbr. *Ppb.* (cap.).

Pappe (Ger. f.), cardboard (cap.).

Papst (Ger. m.), Pope (cap.).
papyr/us*, *pl.* -i*.

par*, of exchange, etc. (no point).

par., paragraph, parallel, parenthesis, parish.

par* (Fr.), by, out of.

Para., Paraguay.

Parable of the Ten Virgins (caps.).

par| accès (Fr.), by fits and starts; — **accident**, accidentally; — **accord**, by agreement.

paradisaical*, *not* -iacal.

paraffin*, *not* -ine.

paragon* type, as
this, 20 point,
3½ lines to
the inch.

paragraph*, the matter between one break-line and the next; (typ.) in conversation, one for each fresh speaker or interruption. First line in 8vo, under twenty ems pica wide, usually indented one em, above this width one and a half, or in wide-ledged matter two ems. In 4to, usually two ems. Last line should have more than four letters. When numbered 1, 2, clauses (1), (2). Abbr. **par.**, *pl.* **pars.**, sign ¶, or [(see also proof correction marks).

paragraph mark (¶) (typ.), used to show where a new paragraph is to begin; also sixth reference mark for foot-notes in math. works.

Paraguay*, *pron.* par'a-gwī; abbr. **Para.**

paraît pas (*il n'y*) (Fr.), there is no appearance of it.

paraît plus (*il n'y*) (Fr.), there remains no trace of it.

parakeet*, *not* paraquet, -oquet, -okeet, parroquet.

paralipsis* (rhet.), *not* -leipsis, -lepsis, -y.

parallel*, abbr. **par.**; -ed*, -ing*.

parallèle (Fr. f.), parallel geom. lines; a fortification; in all other senses masc.

parallelepipèd/*, -on*, *not* -ipiped, -opiped.

parallel mark (||) (typ.), fifth reference mark for foot-notes in math. works.

paralogize*, to reason falsely, *not* -ise.

paralyse*, *not* -ise, -ize.

Paramatta, *use* **Parra-**.

Paramecium* (zool.), *not* -æcium, -œcium.

par amitié (Fr.), by favour; abbr. **p.a.**

paraph*, the flourish at the end of a signature.

paraphernalia*, is *pl.*

paraquet, *use* **parakeet***.

par avance (Fr.), in advance.

parbleu! (Fr. colloq.), an exclamation of surprise.

parcel/*, -led*, -ling*.

parcel post*, *not* parcels —.

parcimony, *use* **parsi-***.

par| ci, par là (Fr.), here and there; — **complaisance***, out of politeness; — **dépit**, out of spite.

parenthes/ is*, *pl.* -es*, abbr. **parens.**; in Fr. f.

parenthèse, in Ger. f. **Parenthese**, the upright curves () (see also punctuation, XX).

parenthesize*, to insert as a parenthesis, *not* -ise.
 parergon*, a subsidiary work; *pl.* -a* (not ital.).
*par|exemple** (Fr.), for instance, abbr. *p.ex.*; — *excellence**, pre-eminent-ly; — *exprès*, by express; — *faveur*, by favour; — *force**, by superior strength.

pargana (Ind.), a parish, *use* *pergunnah**.

par hasard (Fr.), by chance, *not* — haz-.

*pari mutuel** (Fr.), a method of betting.

pari passu (Lat.), at the same rate or time.

paris green (not cap.).

parish/, abbr. *par.*; — *priest*, abbr. *P.P.**

Parisian, of Paris (cap.); *Parisienne* (Fr. f.), a woman of Paris (cap.).

park, abbr. *pk.*

Park (Mungo), 1771–1806, Afr. traveller.

Parkes (Sir Harry S.), 1828–85, diplomatist in China and Japan; — (Sir Henry), 1815–96, Australian statesman.

Park Gate, Hants (two words).

Parkgate, Cheshire, Yorks, Antrim (one word).

Parl., parliamentary.

Parliament/ (cap.), abbr. *Parl.*; — *House*, Edin., the Sc. Law Courts (*see also* *Assemblies*).

*parlour**, *not* -or.

*Parmesan**, a cheese made at Parma.

*parochialize**, *not* -ise.

parokeet, *use* *parakeet**.

*parol** (law), oral, not written, *not* -le.

*parole** (mil.), a watchword.

parole (Fr. f.), promise.

parquet, *use* *parakeet**.

*paroxysm**.

par parenthèse (Fr.), by

the way; *par précaution*, as a precaution.

*parquetry**, inlaid flooring; in Fr. f. *parqueterie*.

Parr, St. Helens, Lancs.

Parr ("Old"), 1483–1635, aged 152.

*parr**, a young salmon, *not* *par*.

parrakeet, *use* *parakeet**.

Parramatta, N.S.W., *not* -mata, Para-.

Parratt (Sir Walter), 1841–, Mus.Doc.

Parrish's chemical food.

parroquet, *use* *parakeet**.

pars., paragraphs.

Parsee/*, *not* -i; *pl.* -s.

"*Parsifal*," by Wagner, 1879.

*parsimony**, *not* *parci-*.

*parsnip** (bot.), *not* -ep.

Parsonstown, King's County (one word).

part, abbr. *pt.*

part., participle.

*parterre**, a flower-bed, or garden (not ital.).

partes æquales (Lat.), equal parts; abbr. *p. æ.*

Parthenon, temple at Athens.

*Parthian** arrow, or shaft (cap.).

*parti** (Fr. m.), party (faction), match (marriage), resolution (good or bad).

particeps/ (Lat.), an accomplice; — *criminis*, a participator in crime.

*participator**, *not* -er.

participle, abbr. *p.*, or *part*.

parti - coloured*, *not* party-.

*particularize**, *not* -ise.

particulier (Fr. m.), a private citizen.

partie/* (Fr. f.), part; — *carrée**, a party of four.

partim (Lat.), in part; abbr. *p.*

PARTI PRIS — PATRONIZE

- parti pris** (Fr. m.), foregone conclusion, prejudice;
de — —, deliberately.
- partisan***, *not* -zan.
- partout** (Fr.), everywhere.
- part-song*** (hyphen).
- party** (Conservative, Liberal, etc.) (not cap.).
- party - coloured**, *use* **parti**-*.
- parure*** (Fr. f.), a set of jewels.
- parvenu***, *fem.* -e*, *pl.* -s, an upstart (not ital.).
- par voie télégraphique** (Fr.), by telegraph; abbr. **p. v. t.**
- Pas-de-Calais**, *dép.* N. Fr. (hyphens).
- pas de/ deux*** (Fr. m.), dance for two; — — **quatre**, ditto four; — — **trois**, ditto three.
- Pas de zèle!** (Fr.), Don't be too zealous!
- pasha*** (Turk.), a title placed *after* the name, *not* -cha, -shaw, bashaw; in Fr. m. **pacha**.
- "Pasha of Many Tales," by Marryat, 1836.
- Pasha of three tails**, the highest rank; then two —, then one tail.
- Pas possible!** (Fr.), You don't say so!
- pass.**, *passive*.
- passable***, may be passed (*see also* **passi**-).
- pass/é*** (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, past, faded; abbr. **p.**
- passementerie*** (Fr. f.), embroidery, *not* **passi**-.
- passe-partout*** (Fr. m.), a master-key, also permit.
- pas seul*** (Fr. m.), dance for one person.
- passible***, susceptible (*see also* **passa**-).
- passim*** (Lat.), here and there.
- Passion Week***, one before Easter (two words, caps.).
- pass-key*** (hyphen).
- password*** (one word).
- past**, abbr. **p.**
- pastel**/*, -list* (art), *not* -elist (*see also* **pastille**).
- pastèque** (Fr. f.), water-melon.
- pasteurize***, to sterilize, *not* -ise.
- pastille***, confection, odorizer, *not*-il (*see also* **pastel**).
- pastor**, abbr. **P.**
- pat**/*, -ted, -ting*.
- Pata.**, Patagonia.
- patchouli***, *not* -ly.
- pâte**/(Fr. cook. f.), paste; — **d'italie**, vermicelli, macaroni; — **feuilletée**, puff paste; — **frisée**, short paste (*see also* **patte**).
- pâté**/* (Fr. m.), a pie; — **de foie gras***, goose-liver pie.
- paten***, Eucharist bread-plate, *not* -in, -ine.
- Patent Office**, abbr. **Pat. Off.**
- Pater*** (Lat.), Father; abbr. **P.**
- paterfamilias***, father of a family; *pl.* **patres**-.
- paternoster*** (**a**) (one word).
- Paterson (A. H.)**, 1862-, writer; — (William), 1658-1719, founder of the Bank of England (*see also* **Patt**-).
- path.**, pathology.
- Patiala**, Punjab.
- patin**/, -e, *use* **paten***.
- pâtisserie*** (Fr. f.), pastry; -ier, *fem.* -ière, pastry-cook.
- patois** (not ital.).
- Patres**/(Lat.), fathers, abbr. **PP.**; — **Conscripti**, Conscript Fathers, abbr. **PP.C.**
- patria potestas** (Rom. law), father's power over his family.
- patrol**/*, -led*, -ling*.
- patronize***, *not* -ise.

patte/* (Fr. dress. f.), a decorative strap; — **de collet**, shoulder-strap.

Patteson (J. C.), 1827-71, martyr-bishop (*see also* Pater-).

Pattison (Mark), 1813-84, Rector of Linc. Coll., Oxford.

pauca verba (Lat.), few words.

Pauer (Ernst), 1826-, pianist; *pron.* pow'r.

Paul (Kegan), Trench, Trübner, & Co., Ltd., publishers, London.

pauperize*, etc., *not* -ise.

pavan*, a dance, *not* -ane, -en, -ian, -in.

pavé (Fr. m.), pavement.

pavilion*, *not* pavill-.

pavillon* (Fr. m.), flag, bell of a trumpet, etc.

paviour*, one who lays pavements, *not* -er, -ier, -ior.

pawl*, a detent.

pawn (chess), abbr. P.

pax vobiscum! (Lat.), peace be with you!

paxwax*, the neck cartilages, *not* the many variations.

Payen-Payne (de Vincheles), 1866-, writer.

paymaster, abbr. paymr., or P.M. (one word).

Paymaster - General (caps., hyphen); abbr. P.M.G.

payment, abbr. pt.

Payn (James), 1830-98, writer (*see also* Pain/, -e).

Payne (Edward John), 1844-, historian; — (J. H.), 1792-1852, wrote "Home, Sweet Home."

Payne - Gallwey (Sir Ralph W.), 1848-, writer on sport.

paynim*, a pagan, *not* pai-.

Pays-Bas (Fr. m. pl.), the Netherlands (cap., hyphen).

P.B., *Pharmacopœia Britannica* (British Pharmacopœia), Plymouth Brethren, Prayer Book, Primitive Baptists, (mil.) Provisional Battalion.

Pb*, *plumbum* (lead).

P.Bor., *Pharmacopœia Borussia* (Prussian Pharmacopœia).

P.C., Parish Council, -lor, Perpetual Curate, police-constable, Privy Council, -lor; p/c, petty cash, prices current; p.c., post card; P.C.C., Prerogative Court of Canterbury; P.C.M.O., Principal Colonial Medical Officer; P.C.P., Past Chief Patriarch; P.C.R.S., Poor Clergy Relief Society; P.C.S. (Sc.), Principal Clerk of Session.

P.D., a pepper, adulterant, *Pharmacopœia Dublinensis* (Dublin Pharmacopœia), Postal District (London), (elec.) potential difference, printer's devil, (Ger.) *Privatdozent* (university teacher); Pd*, palladium; pd., paid; p.d.a., *pour dire adieu* (to say good-bye); P.D.A.D. (law), Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division; Pd.B. (Amer.), Bachelor of Pedagogy; Pd.D., Doctor ditto; Pd.M., Master ditto.

P.E., *Pharmacopœia Edinburgensis* (Edinburgh Pharmacopœia), Presiding Elder, Protestant Episcopal.

peacemaker* (one word).

pea/cock*, *fem.* -hen*; *young*, -chick* (one word).

pea-green* (hyphen).

Pearce (Sir W. G.), 1861- (*see also* Peirse).

PEARL TYPE — PENTECOST

pearl * type, the smallest size but one regularly made, four and three-quarter point, fifteen lines to the inch, as this.

Peary (R. E.), 1854-, Amer. Arctic explorer.

pease-pudding *.

peat-hag *, a peat pit.

pebbl/e *, -y*.

peccadillo *, *pl.* -es.

peccary *, S. Amer. mammal, *not* -i.

peccav/i * (Lat.), I have erred; *pl.* -imus.

pêche (Fr. f.), fishery, -ing, peach.

péché (Fr. m.), a sin.

pêcher (Fr.), to fish.

pêcher (Fr.), to sin.

Pechili, China (one word).

peck/, -s, abbr. pk.

pectoral (ichth.), abbr. p.

peculat/e *, -or*.

Ped. (mus.), pedal.

pedagog/ue *, -y*, *not* pæ-.

pedal/ *, -led, -ling*.

pedlar *, *not* -er, peddler.

Pedobaptists, *use* Pæ*.

Peeblesshire, abbr. Peebles.

peep-show * (hyphen).

peewit, *use* pewit*.

Peggotty, in "David Copperfield."

P.E.I., Prince Edward Island.

peignoir * (Fr. m.), a dressing-gown.

Peirse (Sir H. M. de la P. B.), 1850- (*see also* Pearce).

Peking, China, *not* -kin; *now often* Pei-Ching.

pekoe *, a black tea, *not* peckoe, pecco (*not* cap.).

pell-mell *, confusedly; in Fr. **pêle-mêle**.

Peloponnesus, the modern Morea.

pemmican *, dried meat, *not* pemi-.

pen., peninsula.

penalize *, *not* -ise.

Penang, off. for Prince of Wales Island.

penchant*, bias (*not* ital.).

pencil/, -led*, -ling*.

pendant *, anything hanging.

pendent* (adj.), suspended.

pendente lite * (Lat.), during the suit.

pendule (Fr. m.), pendulum; (f.) clock.

pendulum/, *pl.* -s*.

penetrallia * (Lat.), secrets.

pen-feather *, quill ditto, *not* pin-.

penguin *, a bird, *not* pin-.

Penicuik, Midlothian; *pron.* pen-'y-cook.

Peninsular/ Campaign, U.S.A., 1862; — War, 1808-14.

Penit., penitentiary.

Penmaenmawr, Carnar.

pen-name * (hyphen).

penn'orth * (colloq.), a pennyworth.

Pennsylvania, offic. abbr. Pa., *not* Penn.

penny *, *pl.* pennies* when meaning the number of coins: pence*, their value; abbr. s. and *pl.* d.

penn/y *, -iless*.

penny-a-liner* (hyphens).

pennyroyal * (one word).

pennyweight *, 24 grains; abbr. s. and *pl.* dwt.*

penology *, science of punishment, *not* pæ-.

Penrhyn, Carnarvon, *also* Baron —; *pron.* pen'rîn.

Penryn, Cornwall.

pensée * (Fr. f.), thought, maxim, *also* pansy; **arrière/** —, a mental reservation, *pl.* — **-pensées**.

pension/ (Fr. f.), a boarding-house, school; **en** —, on boarding terms; **pen-sionnat** (m.), a boarding-school.

Pent., Pentecost.

pentagraph, *use* panto*.

Pentateuch/, -al* (cap.).

Pentecost *, Whit-Sunday; abbr. Pent.

- pentecostal* (not cap.).
 pentstemon* (bot.), *not*
 pens-.
- penumbra/* (astr.), *pl.* -s.
- peon*, a servant (*see also*
 pæan, pæon).
- peony*, *not* pæ-.
- pepsin*, *not* -ine.
- Pepys (Samuel), 1632-
 1703, wrote "Pepys's
 Diary"; *pron.* peeps.
- per., period.
- per* (Lat.), by, for; abbr.
 p., or \wp ; **per accidens***,
 by accident; **per an-**
num*, yearly, abbr.
 p.a., or **per ann.** (not
 ital.); **per capita**, by the
 number of individuals.
- perceiv/e*, -able*, -er*.
- percentage* (one word).
- per/ cento** (It.), per cent;
 — **centum** (Lat.), by the
 hundred, abbr. per cent
 (no point), or %.
- perceptible*, *not* -able.
- Perceval (Sir W. B.),
 1854-; — (Spencer),
 1762-1812, statesman.
- perch*, abbr. p.
- perchance*, perhaps.
- perche** (Fr. f.), perch (a
 fish), pole (stick).
- percolat/e*, -ing*, -or*.
- per/ consequens*** (Lat.),
 consequently; — **con-**
tra*, on the other hand;
 — **curiam**, by the court;
 — **diem***, daily.
- perdreau/** (Fr. m.), a year-
 old partridge; *pl.* -x.
- perdrix/** (Fr. f.), partridge,
pl. same; — **blanche**,
 ptarmigan.
- perdu*** (Fr.), *fem.* -e,
 concealed, lost.
- Père** (Fr. m.), R.C.C.
 father; abbr. P.
- Père Lachaise, cemetery
 near Paris (two words,
 caps.).
- per/ essentiam** (Lat.),
 essentially; — **eundem**,
 by the same (judge).
- perf., perfect, (stamps)
 perforated.
- per fas aut nefas*** (Lat.),
 through right or wrong.
- perfect*, abbr. perf.
- perfecter*, *not* -or.
- perfecting*/ (typ.), print-
 ing the second side of a
 sheet; — **-press***, or —
-machine*, one which
 prints both sides of the
 paper before its delivery.
- perforat/ed*, abbr. perf.;
 -or*.
- perforce*, of necessity
 (one word).
- Pergamentband**(Ger.m.),
 vellum binding (cap.).
- pergunnah*** (Ind.), parish.
- peridot*, gem, *not* -te.
- perigee*/ (astr.), *pl.* -s;
 abbr. perig.
- Périgord pie*.
- perine/um*, -al* (anat.).
- per interim*** (Lat.), in the
 meantime.
- period*, abbr. per.; in typ.
 called the full point, or
 point (*see* punctuation,
 XXI).
- periodicals* (titles of),
 when cited, to be roman
 double-quoted.
- periphras/is*, circumlocu-
 tion; *pl.* -es*.
- peritoneum*, *not* -æum.
- perityphlitis* (path.).
- periwig*, *not* perri-.
- periwinkle*, plant, and
 mollusc.
- per mark (typ.), \wp .
- per mensem*** (Lat.),
 monthly.
- permis de séjour** (Fr. m.),
 permission to reside.
- permissible*.
- permit*/, -ted*, -ting*.
- Perowne, *pron.* pë-rōn'.
- per pals*** (Norman Fr.), by
 jury (= by the county).
- Perpetual* Curate, abbr.
 P.C.
- per/ procurationem***
 (Lat.), by procuration,

- abbr. *per proc.**; *per quod** (Lat.), whereby.
- Perranzabuloe, Cornwall.
- Pers., Persia, -n.
- pers., person, -al, -ally.
- per saltum** (Lat.), at a leap; — *se**, by himself, herself, itself, or themselves.
- Persia/, -n, abbr. Pers.
- Persian type has four forms, Naskhi, Tâleek, Nustâleek, Shekestah; *persian morocco**, the best.
- persiflage* (not ital.).
- per sign (typ.), ‡.
- persil* (Fr. m.), parsley.
- persimmon* (bot.), *not* -simon.
- persisten/ce*, in Fr. f. -ance; -cy*, -t*.
- persona grata** (Lat.), an acceptable person; — *gratissima*, a most acceptable person; — *in-grata*, ditto unacceptable.
- personnel*, a staff of persons employed in any service.
- persp., perspective.
- per stirpes** (Lat.), by the number of families.
- persuasive*.
- per totam curiam* (Lat.), unanimously.
- perturbat/or*, *fem.* -rix*.
- perturber*, *not* -or.
- Peru., Peruvian.
- peruke*, a wig, *not* -que.
- per viam* (Lat.), by way of.
- pes** (Lat.), a foot; *pl.* *pedes**.
- Peshawar, Ind., *not* -ur.
- peshwa**, a Mahratta chief.
- peso*, Spanish dollar.
- pessimi exempli* (Lat.), likely to prove a bad example.
- Pestalozzi (J. H.), 1745–1827, Swiss educationist.
- Pesth, *use* Budapest.
- Pet., Peter (New Test.).
- petal*/-, -led*.
- Peterhof, palace of Emp. of Russia (one word).
- Peter Schlemihl, a well-meaning unlucky fellow.
- Peter's pence* (cap., apos., two words).
- petit* (Fr.), *fem.* -e, small; — *comité*, a small party.
- petitio principii* (Lat.), begging the question.
- petit-lait*, whey.
- petit-maitre* (Fr. m.), a fop;
- petite-maitresse*, a female dandy, *pl.* *petites-maitresses*.
- petits/pois* (Fr. m.), green peas; — *soins*, little attentions.
- petit verre** (Fr. m.), a glass of liqueur.
- Petre*, *pron.* pe'tr.
- petrel*, a bird, *not* -erel.
- Petriburg., signature of Bp. of Peterborough (full point).
- petrol*, oil for motor-cars.
- petrology*, abbr. petrol.
- Pettie (John), 1839–93, painter.
- Petty (Sir William), 1623–87, writer, etc.
- petty/ cash*, abbr. p/c.; — officer (two words), abbr. P.O.
- peu à peu* (Fr.), gradually.
- peut-être* (Fr.), perhaps.
- pewit*, *not* pee-.
- p. ex.* (Fr.), *par exemple* (for instance).
- P.F., Procurator-fiscal.
- Pf.* (Ger.), *Pfund* (pound).
- p.f.* (Fr.), *pour féliciter* (to congratulate).
- pf* (It. mus.) *più forte* (a little louder).
- Pfennig** (Ger. m.), about half a farthing, *not* -ing; *pl.* -e, abbr. *Pfg.* (cap.).
- Pfingsten* (Ger.), Whitsuntide; *Pfingstmontag*, Whit-Monday.
- Pfleiderer (Edmund), 1842–1903, philos.; — (Otto), 1839–, theol.

p.f.s.a., *pour faire ses adieux* (to say goodbye).
Pfund (Ger. n.), pound (cap.); abbr. **Pf.**
p.f.v., *pour faire visite* (to make a call).
P.G., German Pharmacopœia, (paper) plate-glazed; **P.G.M.** (Freemasonry, Odd Fellows), Past Grand Master.
phænogam* (bot.), *not phe*.
phænomenon, *use phe**.
Phaethon (class. myth.), the Sun God, *not Phaë-*, -ton.
phaeton*, a carriage (not cap.).
phalan/x*, a compact body of men, etc.; *pl. -es*.
phall/us* (bot. and comp. relig.), *pl. -i**.
phantasmagoria*, *is sing., pl. -s*.
phantasy*, etc., *use fan**.
phantom*, *not f*.
Phar., pharmacopœia.
Pharaoh*, *not -oah*.
pharisaic/*, -al* (not cap.).
Pharisee/*, pl. -s.
pharm., pharmaceutical, pharmacy.
pharmacol., pharmacology.
pharmacopœia/*, a book describing drugs, abbr. **P.**, or **Phar.**; — **Borussica** (of Prussia), abbr. **P.Bor.**; — **Britannica** (of England), abbr. **P.B.**; — **Dublinensis** (of Dublin), abbr. **P.D.**; — **Edinburgensis** (of Edinburgh), abbr. **P.E.**; **German** —, abbr. **P.G.**; — **Londinensis** (of London), abbr. **P.L.**
pharyn/x*, *pl. -ges*.
Phayre, *pron. fair*.
Ph.B., *Philosophiæ Baccalaureus* (Bachelor of Philos.).
Ph.C. (Amer.), Pharmaceutical Chemist.

Ph.D., *Philosophiæ Doctor* (Doctor of Philosophy).
"Phèdre," by Racine, 1677.
Phenician, *use Phœ**.
phenix, *use phœ**.
phenogam, *use phæno**.
phenomen/on*, an appearance; *pl. -a**, *not phæ-* (not ital.).
Ph.G. (Amer.), Graduate in Pharmacy.
Phidias, 500-432 B.C., Athenian sculptor; in Gr. **Pheid**.
Phil., Philadelphia, Philippians.
Philadelphia, abbr. **Phil.**
philatel/ic*, *-ically**, *-ist**, *-y**.
Philem., Philemon.
Philhellenic* (one word, cap.).
philibeg, *use filibeg**.
Philip & Son, map publishers, London.
Philippe, Kings of Fr. and Sp. (*see also Phill*-).
Philippians, abbr. **Phil.**
philippic* (not cap.).
philippina*, a game of forfeits, *not fillipeen*, *philipena*, *phillipine*.
Philippine Islands.
Philippopolis, Bulgaria.
Philipps (Sir C. E. G.), 1840-; — (Sir J. E.), 1824-.
Philips (Ambrose), 1675-1749, writer; — (Edward), 1630-94, writer, Milton's nephew; — (F. C.), 1849-, writer; — (John), 1631-1706, writer, Milton's nephew; — (Sir Joseph), 1839-, Maj.-Gen. (*see also Phill*-).
Philister* (Ger.), a townsman, a non-student; *pl. same* (cap.).
Phillip (Colin B.), 1856-, painter; — (John), 1817-67, painter (*see also Philip*).

PHILLIPINE — PICA

phillipina, *use philipp*.*.
Phillipps (J. O. Halliwell-), 1820-89, Shak. scholar;—(Sir Thomas), 1792-1872, book collector (*see also Philips*).

Phillipps-Wolley (C.), 1854-, writer.

Phillips (Claude), art writer; — (F. Emily), writer; — (Sir G. F. Faudel-), 1840-; — (Stephen), poet; — (Wendell), 1811-84, Amer. abolitionist (*see also Philips*).

Phillpotts (Eden), 1862-, writer; — (Henry), 1778-1869, Bp. of Exeter (*see also Philpot*, -tt).

philosophers' stone*, *not* -r's.

philosophize*, *not* -ise.

Philpot (J. H.), 1850-, writer.

Philpott (Henry), 1807-92, Bp. of Worcester (*see also Phillpotts*).

Phil. Soc., Philological Society of London, Philosophical Society of Amer.

Phil. Trans., the "Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London."

philtre* (love), *not* -er.

phlebitis*, inflammation of the veins.

Phœbus* Apollo.

Phœnician*, *not* Phe-.

phœnix*, *not* phe-.

phon., phonetics.

phosphorous*, of phosphorus.

phosphorus*, symbol P*.

phosphuretted*, *not* -eted, -orette.

photo*, photograph (no point).

photog., photography, -ic.

photograph/*e* (Fr. m. and f.), photographer; -*ie* (f.), photograph, -y.

photogravure*, the art of

producing, by the action of light, an incised metal surface for printing from; and the picture so produced (one word).

photolithography*, the process of reproducing in ink any design on prepared stone by means of photography (one word).

photom., photometry, -ical.

phr., phrase.

phren., phrenology, -ical.

phrensy, *use frenzy**.

P.H.S., Pennsylvania Historical Society.

phthisis*, consumption; *pron.* thī'sis (*th* as in thigh).

phyl/um*, family tree, etc.; *pl.* -a*.

phys., physical, physician, physics.

physic/*, -ked*, -king*.

physiol., physiology, -ical, -ist.

physique*, constitution (not ital.).

physique (Fr. f.), physics (natural philosophy).

pi (typ.), *use pie**.

pi*, Gr. Π, (math.) continued product; π, ratio of circumference to diameter of circle, or 3.14159265...

pianissimo* (It. mus.), very soft; abbr. **pp**, or **ppp**.

piano/*, *pl.* -s, abbr. for pianoforte (no point).

piano* (It. mus.), softly; abbr. **p**.

piastre*, coin, *not* -er (not ital.).

piazz/a* (It.), an open square; *pl.* -e (not ital.).

pibroch*, an air on the bagpipes, *not* the bagpipes themselves.

Pica*, the ordinal of the Latin Church (formerly printed in pica type).

pica* (typ.), a standard of measurement, one-sixth of an inch: "4 to pica,"

or 6, 8, 10, or 12 to pica, means that 4, 6, 8, 10, or 12 leads or brass rules equal one line of pica.

pica type*, the largest size ordinarily used for books, 12 point, 6 lines to the inch, as this.

piccalilli*, a pickle.

piccaninny*, negro infant, *not* pica-, picka-.

pick* (typ.), when the face of a letter is choked with dirt it is called a "pick," as the compositor picks it out with the point of a needle. It may be marked in the margin with a X.

pickaxe (one word).

Pickelhaube (Ger. f.), the modern helmet (cap.).

picket/*, -ed*, -ing*.

pick-me-up*, a stimulant (hyphens).

pickpocket* (one word).

picnic/*, -king*.

pictures (titles of), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.

pidgin-English*, Chinese jargon, from *pidgin* (business), *not* pigeon- (hyphen, one cap.).

pie* (typ.), type indiscriminately mixed, *not* pi, pye.

piebald*, *not* pye-.

pièce/* (Fr. f.), a piece, play, etc.; — **de conviction**, document used as evidence; — **de résistance***, the principal dish at a meal; — **d'occasion**, a work composed for a special occasion; — **justificative**, document used as evidence in favour.

piecemeal*, one portion at a time (one word).

pièce montée (Fr. cook. f.), a decorative dish.

pled/ (Fr. m.), a foot, abbr. p.; — **-à-terre**, an occasional residence, *pl.*

pieds- — — (hyphens).

"**Pierce the Ploughman's Crede**," anon. about 1394 (*see also* Piers).

Pierrepont, fam. name of Earl Manvers; *pron.* peer'point.

"**Piers Plowman** (The Vision of)," by W. Langland, first ed. 1362 (*see also* Pierce).

Pietermaritzburg, S. Afr.

**pie|a dur/a
| |** (It.), a stone mosaic; *pl.* -e -e.

pigeon-hol/e*, -ed* (hyphen).

pigmy, *use* pygmy*.

Pigot (Sir George), 1850-.

Pigott (Sir C. R.), 1835-; — (Sir Paynton).

pigst/y*, *pl.* -ies (one word).

Pike's Peak, Rocky Mountains (apos.).

pillau*, Turk. national dish.

pillaw, Indian dish.

Pillsbury (H. N.), 1872-, chess player.

pilot/*, -ed*, -ing*.

Piloty (K. von), 1826-86, Ger. painter.

Pilsener, a light beer (cap.).

pimento*, allspice, *not* -a.

pince-nez*, spring eye-glasses (not ital., hyphen).

Pindar (Peter), 1738-1819, pen-name of Dr. J. Wolcot.

pine-apple* (hyphen).

Pinero (A. W.), 1855-, dramatist; *pron.* pin-air'o.

pin-feather*, small ditto, *not* pen- (*see also* pen-).

penguin, a bird, *use* pen-*

Pinsuti (Ciro), 1829-88, composer.

pint/*, -s, abbr. pt.

pintade (Fr. f.), guineafowl.
Pinturicchio, 1454-1513,
 It. painter.
pinxit (Lat.), he, or she,
 painted it; abbr. **pnxt**.
pip/e*, abbr. p.; -y*, not-ey.
"Pippa Passes," by
 R. Browning, 1841.
piquant/* (Fr.), *fem.* -e,
 sharp.
piqué* (Fr. m.), thick cotton
 fabric, quilting; (adj.)
 slightly sour (of wine);
 (mus.) short, detached;
 (cook.) larded.
Piræus, harbour of Athens.
Pirie's paper, that made
 by Alex. Pirie & Sons, Ltd.,
 Aberdeen; *pron.* pir'è.
Pirrie (Rt. Hon. W. J.),
 1847-, shipbuilder.
pis aller* (Fr. m.), a make-
 shift.
pistachio* (bot.), not-acho.
pitance, use pitt-*.
pit-a-pat*, with palpitation,
 not pitpat, pity-, pittypat
 (hyphens).
pitchfork* (one word).
pitchstone* (geol.) (one
 word).
Pitman (Sir Isaac), 1813-
 97, shorthand inventor.
pittance*, an allowance,
 not pita-.
Pitti (Palazzo), Florence.
Pittsburg, Pennsylvania,
 not -burgh.
più (It.), more.
pius (Lat.), holy; abbr. p.
Pix, use Pyx*.
pixy*, not -ie.
P.J., presiding judge,
 Probate Judge.
pk., park, peck, -s.
pkg., package, -s.
P.L., *Pharmacopœia Lond-*
inensis (London Phar.),
 Poet Laureate.
pl., place, plate, -s, plural.
place aux dames! (Fr.),
 ladies first!
placebo* (R.C.C.), Vespers
 for the dead.

placet* (Lat.), permission.
Place Vendôme, a square
 in Paris.
placket* (dress.), an open-
 ing.
plafond*, the ceiling, not
 plat-.
plagiarize*, not -ise.
plagu/e*, -ily*, -y*.
plain-sailing, use plane
s. (two words).
plain-song* (hyphen).
plaintiff*, abbr. plf.
plaister, use plas-*.
planchet*, a coin-blank.
planchette*, pencil frame
 on wheels.
plane sailing* (naut.), not
 plain- (two words).
Plantagenet (family of).
Plantin (Christophe),
 1514-89, printer.
plaster* (sticking-), not
 plaist-.
plastron* (Fr. dress. m.),
 a bodice front.
plat/e*, -es, abbr. pl.; -y;
 (typ.) an electro, stereo,
 or illustration (*see also*
figures and plates);
 (photog.) whole* —,
 8¹/₂ × 6¹/₂ in., half-* —,
 6¹/₂ × 4³/₄, quarter-* —,
 4¹/₄ × 3¹/₄.
plateau*, an elevated
 plain; *pl.* -x* (not ital.).
plate-glass* (hyphen).
platinize*, to coat with
 platinum, not -ise.
platinum*, symbol Pt.
Platonic* (cap.).
platyrrhine*, not -rhine.
plausible*, not -able.
play or pay, abbr. p.p.
play/-bill*, (hyphen).
playgoer* (one word).
plays (titles of), when
 cited, to be roman double-
 quoted (*see also* *quota-*
tions).
playwright* (one word).
play-writer (hyphen).
plaza/* (Sp.), a public
 square; *pl.* -s.

P.L.B., Poor Law Board.
 P.L.C., Poor Law Commission, -er.
 pleasur/e*, -able*.
 plebeian*, vulgar, common.
 plebiscite*, a vote of the people (no accent, not ital.); in Fr. m. *plé-*.
*plebiscitum** (Lat.), a decree of the *plebs*; *pl. -a**.
*plebs** (Lat.), the populace.
 Pleiad/* (astr.), *pl. -es**.
*plein-air** (Fr. m.), the open air.
 Plen., plenipotentiary.
 pleur/a*, *but -isy**.
 pleuro-pneumonia* (hyphen).
 plf., plaintiff.
 P.L.G., Poor Law Guardian.
plie (Fr. f.), plaice.
 Plimsoll's mark (naut.).
 Plinlimmon, *not* Plyn-.
plis creux (Fr. dress. m. pl.), box-pleats.
plissé (Fr. m.), -gathering, kilting, or pleating.
 plod/*, -der*, -ding*.
 plough*, in Amer. plow.
 plum/*, -my*.
 plumb*, vertical.
 plum-pudding (hyphen).
 Plunket, family name of Barons Plunket and Rathmore.
 Plunkett, fam. name of Earl of Fingall, and of Barons Dunsany and Louth; — (Rt. Hon. Sir F. R.), 1835-, diplomatist; — (Rt. Hon. Sir Horace C.), 1854-, P.C.
 pluperfect, abbr. plup.
 plural/, abbr. pl.; -ize, *not -ise*.
 plus/(Lat.), more; — mark (typ.), that of addition, +.
plus tôt (Fr.), sooner.
 Pluto (Rom. myth.), the god of the under-world.
plutôt (Fr.), rather.
 Plutus (Gr. myth.), personification of riches.

pluvier (Fr. m.), plover.
 pluviometer, *not* pluvia-.
 Plymouth Brethren, abbr. P.B.
 Plynlimmon, *use* Plin-.
 P.M., Pacific Mail, paymaster, postmaster, post-mortem.
 p.m.* (Lat.), *post meridiem* (afternoon) (not ital.).
 pm., premium, premolar.
 P.M. & O.A., Printers' Managers and Overseers Assoc.
 P.M.G., "Pall Mall Gazette," Paymaster-General, Postmaster-General.
 P.M.O., Principal Medical Officer.
 p.n., promissory note.
 pneum., pneumatic, -s.
pnxt., *pinxit* (he, or she, painted it).
 P.O., petty officer, postal order, post office, *professor ordinarius*, Province of Ontario, public office, -er.
 pocket - handkerchief (hyphen).
poco/ (It.), a little, abbr. *p.*; — *curante*, apathetic, careless.
 P.O.D., pay on delivery, Post Office Department.
 Poe (Edgar Allan), 1809-49, Amer. writer; *pron.* pō.
poêle (Fr. m.), pall, stove; (f.) frying-pan.
 poems (titles of), when cited, to be roman double-quoted (*see also* quotations).
 poet., poetic, -ical, poetry.
 Poet Laureate (caps., two words); abbr. P.L.
 poetry (typ.), turn-over lines to be indented two ems when even, three ems when out and in, except in very narrow measures; use grave accented *é* when that otherwise mute syllable is to be separately pronounced, as *raisèd*;

- when verses are numbered, no period after the figure; poetry quotations, unless they are set in smaller type, to have double quotes at beginning of first verse and end of last verse only.
- poignard**, **poinard**, *use* **poniard**.
- poinsettia** (botany), *not* point-.
- point** (typ.), all marks of punctuation, especially the full stop (*see also* **com-pass**, **point system**, **punctuation**).
- point-blank** (hyphen).
- point/ d'appui** (Fr. m.), a basis of operations; — **d'attaque**, basis of offensive operations.
- Point-de-Galle**, Ceylon (hyphens).
- point et virgule** (Fr.), the semicolon.
- pointing** (typ.), printers' term for punctuation, *which see*.
- point system** (typ.), one requiring that the bodies of all types shall be multiples, or divisions, of the twelfth of a pica, which is theoretically the sixth of an inch (72 points = 1 inch).
- poireau** (Fr. m.), leek.
- pois** (Fr. m. s. and pl.), pea.
- poisson** (Fr. m.), fish.
- poivre** (Fr. m.), pepper.
- Pol.**, Poland, Polish.
- polarize**, *not* -ise.
- pole**, abbr. **p**.
- Pole Carew**, *pron.* pool kă'rě.
- polecat** (one word).
- pol. econ.**, political economy.
- Police** (Ger. f.), policy of insurance (cap.) (*see also* **Polizei**).
- police-constable** (hyphen); abbr. **P.C.**
- polichnelle** (Fr. m.), puppet, buffoon.
- Polish**, abbr. **Pol.**; (typ.) has 24 letters as in Eng. without *q* and *v*. There are accents on many of the letters.
- polit.**, political, politics.
- politesse** (Fr. f.), politeness.
- political economy**, abbr. **pol. econ.**
- Polizei** (Ger. f.), police (cap.) (*see also* **Police**).
- pollock**, a fish, *not* -ack.
- Pollock** (Sir Frederick), 1845-, Prof. of law; — (Walter Herries), 1850-, writer.
- Pollok** (Robert), 1799-1827, Sc. poet.
- Pollokshaws**, near Glasgow.
- Polwarth**, *pron.* pŏl'-worth.
- polyanthus/** (bot.), *not* -os; *pl.* -es.
- polyglot**, *not* -ott.
- polyhedr/on**, *not* polye-; *pl.* -a.
- "Polyolbion,"** by Drayton, 1613-22.
- polyp** (zool.), *not* -pe.
- polyp/us** (path.), *pl.* -i.
- Polytechnic Institution**, London.
- Polytechnique** (École), Fr. school.
- polyzo/on** (zool.), *pl.* -a.
- pomade**, preparation for the hair, *not* pomm-.
- Pomard**, a Burgundy wine.
- pomelo**, a fruit, the shaddock, *not* pumm-.
- pommel/**, -led, -ling, *not* pum-.
- pommes/** (Fr. f. pl.), apples; — **de terre**, potatoes.
- Pompeian**, of Pompeii.
- punctuation** (Fr. f.), punctuation.
- pondere** (Lat.), by weight; abbr. **p**.

Pondicherry, Ind.; in Fr. Pondichéry.

poniard, a dagger, *not* poign-, poin-.

pons (Lat.), a bridge, *pl. pontes*; — **asinorum**, bridge of asses, Euclid, I, 5.

Pontacq, a white wine.

Pontefract, *pron.* pomfret.

pontifex (Lat.), a bishop, abbr. **P.**; *pl. -ices*.

pont/iff, -ifical.

Pont-l'Évêque, a Fr. town; (m.) a cheese.

P.O.O., post office order.

pood (Russ.), 36 lb. Eng.

Pool, Leeds.

Poole, Dorset.

Poole (W. F.), 1821-94, of "Poole's Index."

Poona, Bombay, *not* -ah.

poorhouse (one word).

Poor Law (two words, caps.); poor-rate (hyphen, no caps.).

P.O.P. (photog.), printing-out paper.

pop., popular, population.

Pope (the) (cap.).

pope-Joan, a card game (cap. *J* only).

popularize, *not* -ise.

population, abbr. pop.

populus (Lat.), people; abbr. **P.**

porc (Fr. m.), pork.

Porchester Terrace, London (*see also* Port-).

-pore, Ind. suffix, *see* -pur.

Porson (Richard), 1759-1808, Gr. scholar.

Port., Portugal, -uese.

Port au Prince, Haiti (two caps., no hyphen).

Portchester, Hants (*see also* Porch-).

Porte, the Turkish Government; more fully **the Sublime** — (ital.).

porte-crayon (Fr. m.), a crayon-holder; — **-monnaie** (s. and pl.), a purse (hyphen).

Port-Glasgow, Renfrew (hyphen).

portico/, *pl. -es*; -ed.

portière (Fr. f.), door-curtain, a portress, carriage door, or window.

portmanteau/, *pl. -x* (not ital.).

Porto Bello, Panama (two words).

Portobello, near Edinburgh (one word).

Portpatrick, Stranraer (one word).

portray, *not* pour-.

Portugal, abbr. Port. (*see also* Assemblies).

Portuguese, abbr. Port.; (typ.) alphabet has 25 letters as in Eng. without *w*. The vowels *a*, *o*, may have a curved mark over, as João, põem. The acute accent, also *ç* as in Fr., is used sometimes.

pos., positive.

P.O.S.B., Post Office Savings Bank.

pos/e, -ed, -ing.

poseu/r (Fr.), *fem. -se*, a prig.

poss., possession, -ive.

posse comitatus (Lat.), the county force.

possessive case (typ.)—

1. The apostrophe for this should be used only for nouns; not for the pronouns hers, its, ours, theirs, yours.

2. For nouns in the singular and plural that end in any letter but *s*, the apostrophe must *precede* the *s*, as President's house, men's hats.

3. For nouns in the singular number that end in *s*, the possessive must be formed by adding the 's, as Burns's poems, St. James's Street.

possessive case (*cont.*).

4. For nouns in the plural number that end in *s*, the apostrophe must follow the *s*, as in boys' games.

5. When the *s* would be silent in *speech*, it is generally omitted, as for conscience' sake.

6. In English names and surnames add 's.

7. *Ancient* words ending in *-es* usually make the possessive in *-es'*, as Ceres' rites, Moses' law.

8. Omit the apos. in such cases as "Additional Curates Society," where the Society is not *of* or *for* the persons named.

post, abbr. P.

post (Lat.), after; abbr. p.
postage - stamp (hyphen).

postal order, abbr. P.O.

post card/, -s (two words),
abbr. p.c.; — — (election), *must* bear printer's name and address.

poste restante, P.O. dept.
where letters remain till called for.

posteriori (a), *not à* —
(not ital.).

postgraduate (one word).

post-haste (hyphen).

posthumous, *not* postu-.

postilion, *not* -llion.

post litem motam (Lat.),
after litigation began.

postmark (one word).

postmaster (one word);
abbr. P.M.

Postmaster - General
(hyphen, caps.); abbr.
P.M.G.

post meridiem (Lat.),
afternoon; abbr. p.m. (not
caps., or s.caps.).

post-mortem (hyphen, not
ital.); abbr. P.M.

post-obit, a bond (hyphen).

post office/ (two words),
abbr. P.O.; — — order,
abbr. P.O.O.; Post Of-
fice Savings Bank,
abbr. P.O.S.B.; post
paid, abbr. p.p.

post, *see* books, paper.

postscript (one word);
abbr. P.S., *not* PS., *pl.*
P.SS.

post terminum (Lat.),
after the conclusion.

postumous, *use* posth-.

posy, *not* -ey.

pot/, -ted, -ting.

pot., potential.

potage/ (Fr. m.), soup; — *à*
la queue de bœuf, ox-
tail soup; — *de levraut*,
hare soup; — *printanier*,
soup with spring veget-
ables.

potato/, *pl.* -es.

pot-au-feu (Fr. cook. m.),
a meat broth.

poteen, illicit whisky, *not*
pott-, poth-.

potential, abbr. pot.

pot (paper), *use* pott (*see*
also books, paper).

potpourri, a medley (one
word).

potsherd, *not* -ard,
-are.

pott (paper), *not* pot (*see*
also books, paper).

pouce (Fr. m.), an inch,
a thumb; abbr. p.

pouding (Fr. cook. m.),
pudding.

poudr'é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée,
powdered.

Poughkeepsie, U.S.A.;
pron. pō-kīp'si.

poularde (Fr. f.), a fat
pullet.

poule/ (Fr. f.), a hen; — *de*
neige, white grouse; —
faisane, hen-pheasant.

poulet/ (Fr. m.), a young
chicken; — *de grain*,
a corn-fed chicken.

Poulett (Earl, *not* of);
pron. pawl'et.

poulette (Fr. f.), a young hen.

pound/, avoirdupois, 7000 grains; — troy, 5760 grains; — mark (typ.), money £, weight lb. (*not* lb), neither takes *s* in the plural.

pour/ (Fr.), for, abbr. *p.*; — **ainsi dire**, so to speak.

pourboire (Fr. m.), a gratuity.

pour/ **dire adieu** (Fr.), to say good-bye, abbr. *p.d.a.*; — **faire ses adieux**, ditto, abbr. *p.f.s.a.*; — **faire visite**, to make a call, abbr. *p.f.v.*

pourparler (Fr. m.), preliminary discussion (one word, ital.).

pour prendre congé (Fr.), to take leave; abbr. *p.p.c.*

pour rendre visite (Fr.), to return a call; abbr. *p.r.v.*

pour tout dire (Fr.), in a word.

pourtray, *use* *por-*.

pousse-café (Fr. m.), a liqueur (after coffee).

Poussin (Nicholas), 1594–1665, painter.

poussin (Fr. m.), a very young chicken.

Powell, *pron.* *pō'el*.

Powerscourt, *pron.* *pō'ers-kort*.

Powis (Earl of), family name Herbert; *pron.* *pō'is* (*see also* **Powys**).

Powlett, *pron.* *pawl'et*.

powwow, a feast, etc. (3 *w*'s).

Powys, fam. name Baron Lilford; *pron.* *pō'is* (*see also* **Powis**).

PP. (Lat.), *Patres* (fathers).

P.P.*, parish priest.

pp., pages; (typ.) this abbr. should not end a line.

pp* (It. mus.), *pianissimo* (very soft) or *più piano* (softer).

p.p., past participle, play or pay, (Fr.) *publié par* (published by), post paid.

Ppb. (Ger. bind.), *Pappband* (boards).

p.p.c., *pour prendre congé* (to take leave, to pay a parting call).

p.p.i., policy sufficient proof of interest.

P.Q., previous question, Province of Quebec.

P.R., Porto Rico, prize ring, (Lat.) *Populus Romanus* (the Roman people).

Pr., priest, printer.

pr., pair, -s.

P.R.A.*, President of the Royal Academy (London).

praam, a boat, *use* *pram*.

Prachtausgabe (Ger. typ. f.), édition de luxe; abbr. **Pr.-A.**

practice (noun).

practise (verb).

præmunire, a writ, *not* *pre-*.

prænomen, *use* *pre-*.

præpositor, *use* *pre-*.

præter propter (Lat.), about, nearly; abbr. *pr. pr.*

prætor, a Roman magistrate, *not* *pre-*.

Prager (Ger.), inhabitant of Prague.

Präger (Ger.), a coiner.

pram, a boat, *not* *praam*.

pratique, a limited quarantine, *not* -ic.

Prayer Book (caps., no hyphen); abbr. **P.B.**

Prayer of Manasses, abbr. **Pr. of Manasses**.

P.R.B., Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood, 1850.

P.R.C., *Post Romam Conditam* (after the building of Rome: 753 B.C.).

Prchevalsky, *use* **Przhvalsky**.

pre-Adamite (hyphen, cap. A).

PRÉAULT — PRENOMEN

Préault (A. A.), 1809-79, Fr. sculptor.
preb., prebend, -ary.
prec., preceding, precentor.
precentor, choir director; abbr. **prec.**
preceptor, a teacher.
preces (Lat.), prayers.
precession, of the equinoxes.
pre-Christian (hyphen, cap. C).
"Précieuses Ridicules (Les)", by Molière, 1659.
précieu/x (Fr.), an affected man; *fem.* -**se**.
précis/, a summary; — **writing** (not ital.).
pre-Columbian (hyphen, cap. C).
precursor, *not* -er.
predictor, *not* -er.
predilection, partiality.
pre/-eminence, -**emin-**ent, -**emption**, -**engage**, -**establish**, -**exist** (all hyphenated).
pref., preface, preference, preferred, prefix, -ed.
preface, the introductory address of the author to the reader, in which he explains the purpose and scope of the book. It is as well to make this *thoroughly* explanatory, as cases are not infrequent where this is the only part of the book read by a reviewer! (typ.) It is usually set in type one or two sizes larger than the text, or the same type more widely leaded. The pagination should be separate from the text, and in roman numerals with no full point, and not in figures. Abbr. **pref.** (*see also* preliminary matter).
préfecture/(Fr. f.), county-hall in a French town; — **de police**, office of commissioner of police.

prefer/, -able, -ably, etc.
prefer/ence, -red, abbr. **pref.**
prefix/, -ed, abbr. **pref.**
prehens/ible, -ile (one word).
prehistoric (one word).
Preignac, a white wine.
Prejevalski, *use* **Przhvalsky**.
prejudg/e, -ment, etc. (one word).
prejudice *against*; — *in favour of* not to be used.
prelim., preliminary.
preliminary **matter** (typ.), the order should be: — half-title, frontispiece, title (on the back of this, number of editions, impressions, etc.), dedication, errata, preface, contents, list of illustrations, introduction. All except frontispiece, which faces title, to come or begin on right-hand pages, but the errata may go on the left-hand page when needful to save space. Pagination to be roman numerals with no full point. The index to be at the end of the book, beginning on a right-hand page, and with pagination running on with the book (*see also* title page/, -s).
premier (**au**) (Fr. m.), on the first floor; **première danseuse**, principal fem. dancer in a ballet; **en première**, in a first-class carriage; **première qualité**, first quality.
premise (logic), a proposition, *not* -iss.
premise (verb), *not* -ize.
premium, abbr. **pm**.
premolar, abbr. **pm**.
premunire, *use* **præ-**.
prendre l'habit (Fr.), to become a monk or nun.
prenomen, *not* **præ-**.

prentice, an apprentice
(no apos.).

pre/occupy, -ordain (one
word).

prep., preparatory, pre-
position.

prepay (one word).

prepositor, a monitor, *not*
præ-.

Pre-Raphaelite/(hyphen,
caps.);— Brotherhood,
abbr. P.R.B.

Pres., president.

pré salé (Fr. m.), mutton
from sheep pastured on
a salt marsh, or near the
sea.

Presb., Presbyterian.

presbyopia, old sight.

Presbyterian (cap.); abbr.

Presb.

preses (Sc.), president,
or chairman.

president, abbr. Pres.

President of the United
States, etc. (caps.).

Press (the), newspapers,
etc. (cap.).

press (corrector of the),
one who reads and cor-
rects printers' proofs; a
proof-reader.

Press (freedom of the).
Every person who prints
anything for hire or re-
ward must, under a
penalty of £20, keep one
copy at least of the matter
printed, and write on it
the name and place of
abode of the person who
employed him to print it.

Every person who
prints any paper meant
to be published must
print on the first or last
leaf his name and usual
place of business; on
failing to do so he forfeits
the sum of £5, and so
does any person publish-
ing the same.

Papers printed by Par-
liament, or in Govern-

ment offices, engravings,
auction lists, bank-notes,
bills of lading, receipts
for money, and a few
similar forms, are ex-
empt.

Pressensé (E. D. de),
1824-91, Fr. theol. and
statesman.

press/-mark, that which
shows the place of a book
in a library; — proof,
the last one examined
before going to press, or
taking electro or stereo;
— -work (typ.), the
operating, adjustment, or
management of a printing
press; also the work
done by the press.

pressure (mechanics), abbr.
P.

Prester John, mythical
mediæval priest.

prestige, renown (not
ital.).

prestige (Fr. m.), enchant-
ment (ital.).

Preston/kirk, -pans,
Haddington (one word).

Prestwich, Lancs.

Prestwick, Ayr.

presume, -able, -ably,
-ing.

pret., preterit.

pretence, *not* -se.

preten/sion, -tious.

preterit, past tense, *not*
-ite; abbr. pret.

preternatural, etc. (one
word).

préter serment (Fr.), to
take the oath.

pretium/affectionis (Lat.,
Sc. law), a fancy price;
— *periculi*, premium for
insurance.

pretor, *use* *præ*-.

Preussen, Ger. n. for
Prussia; *pron.* *proi'sen*.

prevail/, -ed, -ing.

preventive, *not* -tative,
-titive.

Prevost, *pron.* *prev'o*.

PRÉVOST — PRIVY

Prévost-Paradol (L. A.), 1829-70, Fr. writer.
prévôt (Fr. m.), provost.
P.R.I., President of the Royal Institute (of Painters in Water-Colours).
price list (two words).
prie-Dieu (Fr. m.), a kneeling-chair (for devotion); *pl.* same.
priest, abbr. **Pr.**
prim., primary, primate, primitive.
prima (typ.), the first word of the next page, sheet, or slip to the one being read; also mark on copy where reading is to be resumed after interruption.
prima (It. f.), first; — **buffa**, first female singer in a comic opera; — **donna**, first ditto in opera, *pl.*
prime donne; **prima facie** (Lat.), at first sight (two words, not ital.); **di** (or **a**) **prima vista** (It.), at first sight; **prima volta** (It. mus.), the first time.
Prime Minister (two words, caps.).
primer (typ.), *pron.* primer (see also great —, long —).
primeval, not -æval.
primigenial, not primo-.
Primitive Baptists, abbr. **P.B.**
primum cognitum (Lat.), the first thing known.
primus (Lat.), first, abbr. **p.**; — **inter pares**, first among equals.
Prin., Principal.
prin., principles, principally.
prince, abbr. **P.**; **Prince of Glory, Life, or Peace**, as Deity (caps.); — of **Wales/Island**, off. **Penang**; — — — note, a paper, $4\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ in.
princeps (Lat.), the first, *pl.*
principes; **editio** —, the

first edition of a work, *pl.*
editiones principes.
princesse (Fr. dress.), a long close-fitting gown.
Princeton University, U.S.A.
Principal, abbr. **Prin.**
principles, -ally, abbr. **prin.**
print., printing.
print (in), still on sale; — (out of), sale, or new, copies no longer obtainable, abbr. **o.p.**
printanier (Fr. cook.), *fem.* -ère, with early spring vegetables.
printer, abbr. **pr.**; **King's or Queen's Printer**, may print Bibles (A.V.), Prayer Books, Statutes, and Acts of State, to the exclusion of all other presses, except (in the case of Bibles and Prayer Books) those of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. Special licence may be given to print Bibles in Scotland and Ireland.
printer's error, *pl.* **printer's, or -ers' errors**.
printer's mark, an imprint.
printing, abbr. **ptg.**, or **print**.
Prinz (Ger. m.), prince (usually of the blood royal), *pl.* -en; *fem.* -essin, *pl.* -essinnen (cap.).
prior to, before, or previous to, preferred.
prise, to force open, not -ize.
priv., privative.
Privatdozent (Ger. m.), a university teacher paid only by students' fees (one word, cap.); abbr. **P.D.**
privative, abbr. **priv.**
Privy Council/-lor (two words, caps.), abbr. **P.C.**; **Privy Seal**, **P.S.**

prix (Fr. m.), prize, price.
prize, to force open, *use-ise*.
p.r.n., *pro re nata* (as occasion may require).

pro (Lat.), for; abbr. **p**.
proa, Malay vessel, *not* the many variations.

pro and con, *pro et contra* (for and against); *pl.* **pros** and **cons** (not *ital.*, no points).

prob., probable, *-ly*, **problem**.

probatum est (Lat.), it has been proved.

Probe/abzug (Ger. typ. m.), proof impression; **-bogen**, proof-sheet; **-nummer**, specimen number; **-seite**, specimen page (caps.).

pro bono publico (Lat.), for the public good.

proboscis, *pl.* **-es**.

Proc., proceedings, proctor.

procès (Fr. m.), lawsuit.

process blocks, illustrations produced by photography, and chemical or mechanical etching processes.

process-server (hyphen).

procès/- verbal, official report, minutes; *pl.* **-verbaux**.

proconsul (one word); abbr. **P**.

Procter (Adelaide Anne), 1825-64, poetess; — (Bryan Waller, *not* Walter), 1787-1874, pen-name "Barry Cornwall," poet.

proctor, abbr. **Proc.**

Proctor (R. A.), 1837-88, astr. and writer.

Procurator-fiscal, Sc. law officer (cap. **P**, hyphen).

procureur (Fr. m.), an attorney; — **de la république**, — **du roi**, or — **général**, public prosecutor.

prodrom/us, a preliminary treatise; *pl.* **-i**.

producible, *not* -able.

pro et contra (Lat.), for and against (*see also* **pro** and **con**).

Prof., professor.

professoriate, *not* -orate.

pro forma (Lat.), as a matter of form, *not* — **-â** (two words).

Profs., professors.

programme, *not* -am.

pro hac vice (Lat.), for this occasion, *not* — **hâc** —.

projector, *not* -er.

prolegomen/a, preliminary remarks; no *sing.*, *genit. pl.* **-on**.

proletariat, the poorest class in a community, *not* -te (not *ital.*).

prologize, etc., to deliver a prologue, *not* -uize.

prolonge (mil.), a rope.

prom., promontory.

promissory note, abbr. **p.n.**

pron., pronominal, pronoun, pronounced, pronunciation.

prononc/é (Fr.), *fem.* **-ée**, strongly marked.

pronoun, abbr. **pron.**; when relating to Deity, as **His**, cap.

pronounce/e, **-eable**, **-ement**, **-ing**; **-ed**, abbr. **pron.**

pronunciamento (Sp.), a manifesto.

pronunciation, abbr. **pron.**

proof (typ.), a trial impression from composed type, taken for correction; **author's** —, a clean proof, or one returned with his corrections, abbr. **a.p.**; **binding** —, some rough edges left on a trimmed book, to show that it has not been cut down excessively; **clean**

PROOF

proof (*cont.*).

—, one having very few printers' errors; **first** —, the "clean" proof, as corrected by the compositor, which the author first receives; **foundry** —, the final one of plate-printing; **galley** or **slip** —, a proof taken before the matter is made up into pages: usually about 18 inches long. By having the first proof in this form, alterations can be effected much more cheaply when the corrections are likely to be numerous: it is the usual custom in America; **page** —, or — in sheets, those made up into pages; **slip** — (*see galley, above*); — **marks** (*see proof correction marks*); — **paper**, that used for taking proofs; **plate** —, one taken from a plate; **press** —, the final one passed by author, editor, or publisher, for the press; — **-reader**, one who reads and corrects printers' proofs; — **-reading**, first read through for literals and misplaced letters, afterwards for sense and style (*see also head-lines*); **rough**, or **reader's first** —, one taken without special care.

proof correction marks:—

cap. change to capital letters those trebly underlined.

ð delete, take out.

ital. change to italic letters those underlined.

l.c. change to lower-case letters (small, not caps. or s.caps.) those underlined.

proof correction marks (*cont.*).

n.p., or ¶, begin a new paragraph with the word after the bracket [.

press, print off.

Qy., or ?, added by reader to mark something about which he is uncertain.

revise, submit another proof.

rom. change to roman letters those underlined.

run on and a line drawn from the last word of the first paragraph to the first word of the second, no new paragraph.

s.caps. change to small capitals those doubly underlined.

stet let the cancelled word dotted underneath remain.

tr/ transpose as marked.

w, wrong.

w.f. wrong fount, alter.

X bad letter, substitute good type.

^ the caret mark, insert matter in margin.

□ indent first word.

‡ insert space, or equalize spacing.

L space to be reduced.

⊙ a type inverted, turn.

○ remove space, close up.

✓ to be put under all apos., quotes, and superior letters (as *r* in *M^r*.) to be added.

⌞ a space to be pushed down.

┐ move to the left.

└ move to the right.

|| make parallel at the sides.

..... *see stet*, above.

≡ lines to be straightened.

/ a stroke as this to be put after each note in the margin to show that it is concluded, to

proof correction marks
(*cont.*).

separate it from others,
and to call attention to it.

ALL corrections to be
made in *ink*, and atten-
tion called to them in
the margin, as other-
wise they are liable
to be overlooked. All
punctuation marks, as
full stop, etc., to be en-
closed in a circle.

proofs of engravings:—

artist's proof, a first
impression after comple-
tion; **India proof**, one
on India paper; **proof**
before letters, or third
state, has no engraved
title, but name of artist
and engraver in small en-
graved letters at right
and left corners of plate,
usually 100 copies; **proof**
print, an early and supe-
rior impression; **remark**
proof, one of the first
50-100 copies, denoted by
one or more fanciful de-
signs on the margin, or by
the absence of certain lines
in different parts of the
plate; **proof with open**
letters, an early proof on
which the title is engraved
in letters that are merely
outlined; **second state**
proof, has engraved sig-
nature of engraver, next
in value to remark proof,
usually 200 copies printed.

prop., proposition.

pro patria (Lat.), for one's
country.

Propatriapapier (Ger.
typ. n.), foolscap (cap.).

propel, -led, -ler, -ling.

prophecy (noun).

prophecy (verb).

propitiat/e, -or, *not* -er.

proposition, abbr. **prop.**

proprio motu (Lat.), of
one's own accord.

pro/ rata (Lat.), in pro-
portion; — **re nata**, as
occasion may require,
abbr. **p.r.n.**

pros., prosody.

pro salute animæ (Lat.),
for the good of the soul.

pros and cons, *pl.* of **pro**
and **con** (not *ital.*, no
points).

proscenium, *pl.* -a.

proselytize, etc., *not* -ise.

prosit! (Lat.), your good
health! (used by Ger.
students and others).

prospector, *not* -er.

prospectus, *pl.* -es.

Prot., Protestant.

pro tanto (Lat.), to that
extent.

protector, *not* -er.

protégé, *fem.* -ée (not *ital.*).

pro tempore (Lat.), for
the time being; abbr. **pro**
tem., or **p.t.**

Protestant, abbr. **Prot.** ;
-ism (cap.).

protester, *not* -or.

prothonotary, *not* proto-.

protomartyr, prototype
(one word).

protozoon, *pl.* -a (not *ital.*).

protractor, drawing in-
strument, *not* -er.

Proudhon (P. J.), 1809-
65, Fr. Socialist.

Prov., Provence, -çal, Pro-
verbs, province, Provost.

prov., proverbially, pro-
vincial, provisional.

Prov. Batt. (mil.), Pro-
visional Battalion.

prov/e, -able, -ing.

proven (not) (Scots law),
a verdict intermediate
between guilty and not
guilty, equalling ac-
quittal; but no further
trial possible on the same
charge.

provenance (not *ital.*).

provençale (*à la*) (Fr.
cook.), with garlic or
onions (not cap.).

PROVENCE — PUEBLO

Proven/ce, S. Fr. (no cedilla), -çal; abbr. Prov.
Proverbs, abbr. Prov.
provinc/e, abbr. Prov.;
-ial, abbr. prov.

Province of Quebec,
abbr. P.Q.

Provisional Battalion,
abbr. P.B., or Prov. Batt.
proviso/, *pl.* -s (not ital.).

Provost/, abbr. Prov.; —
-Marshal (caps., hyphen).

prox., see *proximo*.

proxime/ accessit (Lat.),
he, or she, came nearest
(to winning a prize, etc.);
abbr. *prox. acc.*; *pl.* —
accesserunt.

proximo (Lat.), in, or of,
the next month; abbr.

prox., this abbr. not to
be printed.

pr. pr., *præter propter*
(about, nearly).

P.R.S.*, President of the
Royal Society (London).

P.R.S.A., President of the
Royal Scottish Academy.

Prschevalsky, *use* Przh-
valsky.

P.R.S.E., President of the
Royal Society of Edin-
burgh.

prud'homme (Fr. m.),
(formerly) good and true
man; (now) expert, um-
pire.

prueba (Sp. typ.), proof.

prunella (bot.), *not* -o.

Pruss., Prussia, -n.

p.r.v., *pour rendre visite* (to
return a call).

Przhvalsky (Nicholas),
1839-, Russ. traveller,
not the many varia-
tions.

P.S., permanent secretary,
postscriptum (postscript),
Privy Seal, (theat.) prompt
side (two points).

Ps., Psalm, -s.

p.s. (mil.), Passed School
(of Instruction).

P.S.A.*, Pleasant Sunday
Afternoons.

Psalm/, -s, abbr. Ps.

Psalmist (the) (cap.).

Psalter (the) (cap.).

p's and q's (apos., no
points).

p.s.c. (mil.), Passed Staff
College.

P.S.E., Pleasant Saturday
Evenings.

pseudonym, an assumed
name; abbr. pseud.

pshaw! an exclamation,
not psha, -h.

P.S.N.C., Pacific Steam
Navigation Company.

P.SS., *postscripta* (post-
scripts).

psych., psychic, -al.

psychol., psychology, -ical.

P.T., post town, pupil
teacher.

Pt. (geog.), Point, Port.

Pt, platinum.

pt., part, payment, pint, -s,
(math.) point.

p.t., *pro tempore* (for the
time being).

Ptah (Egypt.), creator.

Pte. (mil.), private.

pterodactyl, *not* -le.

ptg., printing.

P.T.O., please turn over.

ptomaines, poisons.

pub./, public, -an, publish,
-ed, -er, -ing; — doc.,
public document.

publice (Lat.), publicly.

public-house (hyphen).

Public Schools (the
great), Eton, Harrow,
Rugby, Winchester,
Westminster, Shrews-
bury, Charterhouse, St.
Pauls, Merchant Taylors.

publié par (Fr.), published
by; abbr. p.p.

publish/, -ed, -er, -ing,
abbr. pub.

publishers' binding,
usually that in cloth.

Puebla, Mexico.

Pueblo, Colorado.

pueblo (Sp.), a village, any inhabited place.
puff-adder (hyphen).
puffball, a fungus (one word).
pugaree, a hat scarf, *not* the many variations.
pug-dog (hyphen).
puîn/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, younger, opposed to *ainé*, senior; *pron.* pwē'ně.
puisne (law), *pron.* pū'ně.
pul/e, to whine; -ing.
Puleston, *pron.* pil'stn.
pull (typ.), a proof.
pull a proof (typ.), take an impression.
Pullein, *pron.* pull'en.
pulque, Amer. beverage.
pulsimeter, a pulse measurer.
pulsometer, a pumping engine.
Pulteney, *pron.* pole'tně.
pulverize, *not* -ise.
pummel, *use* po-.
pummelo, *use* pomelo.
Pumpernickel (Ger. m.), rye bread, also nickname.
punchinello, a puppet.
punctatim (Lat.), point for point.
punctilio, *pl.* -s.
punctuation.

I. The chief difficulty lies in the use of the comma, semicolon, colon, and period. In general they correspond, in the order named, to shorter or longer pauses as heard in correct speech; but no absolute rules can be given.

1. Logic and common sense must be the supreme guides.

2. Punctuate so as to show the meaning best.

3. Omit every point that does not make the meaning clearer.

4. Points are usually omitted in English legal documents and papers.

punctuation (*cont.*).

5. (typ.) Copy to be followed when so ordered.

II. apostrophe (')

1. Is placed to show an omission, as "e'er" for "ever", "it's" for "it is", "tho'" for "though", "'49" for "1849." But it is *not* used when the word retains the first and last letters and its original sound, as "Dr.", "Mr."

2. The plural of single letters and figures is made by adding 's, as "M.P.'s", "R.A.'s", "p's and q's"; (typ.) always set these close up.

3. Is used in Irish names, such as O'Neil, O'Connor.

4. It is *not* used, in place of the single turned comma, in such Scotch names as M'Gregor, etc. (*see also* possessive case, quotations).

III. brace, { is used in math., and in tabular work to connect two or more lines; the explanation being central and on the opposite side. The brace should point towards the fewer number of lines, as

Biology { Botany.
 { Zoology.

IV. brackets, [] (typ. crotch, or crotchets), are used to include

1. Comments, corrections, explanations, interpolations, notes, or translations, *not in the original*, but added by subsequent authors, editors, or others, as "I have heard him [Lord Palmerston] say" (*see also* XX).

2. They may also contain an omitted word, or the correct spelling of a misspelt word.

punctuation (*cont.*).

3. They are largely used in dictionaries, etc.

4. They should be used with [*sic*].

5. In sentences where [] and () both occur, the main digression usually takes [], the subordinate (), thus: "[here the author contradicts himself (see page 76)]." Avoid (()), use [()].

V. close, heavy, or stiff, punctuation is that characterized, especially by the use of many commas: common in the eighteenth century, as:—

"He has also informed me, that those, who were the oldest Benchers when he came to the Temple, told him, the first marriage settlement of considerable length, was the invention of an old Sergeant." ("Tatler" No. 199, 18 July, 1710.)

VI. colon (:) is used

1. When the preceding part of a sentence is complete in sense and construction, and the following part is some remark naturally arising from it and depending on it in sense, though not in construction, as "Study to acquire the habit of thinking: no habit is more important." "We are never deceived: we deceive ourselves"(Goethe).

2. In introducing an argument, example, narrative, quotation, saying, or speech, as "Exception may fairly be taken to the sentence in which he says: 'The law ought to forbid it, because it is not permitted by conscience.'"

punctuation (*cont.*).

3. It is placed *after* such words as, as follows: for example: namely: [Shakespeare] says: this maxim: these words: thus: to wit: as "On the last morning of his life he wrote these words: 'I have named none to their disadvantage.'" And also where some of these words are implied but not expressed, as "Three nations adopted this law: England, France, and Germany." When the word following commences a new paragraph, the colon should be followed by a dash, as "namely:—"

4. After words marking a new stage in an argument, as again: further: to proceed: to resume: to sum up: In these cases the immediately succeeding sentence should begin with a lower-case letter, as "To sum up: if you will conform to these conditions, I will sign the agreement."

5. On title pages, (A) between the place of publication and the name of the publisher, as "Oxford: At the Clarendon Press"; "Cambridge: At the University Press"; (B) between the principal and the secondary title, as "The Imperial Dictionary of the English Language: a complete encyclopædic lexicon, literary, scientific, and technological."

VII. comma (,)

1. Separates and defines the adjuncts, clauses, and phrases of a sentence. It is to be used

punctuation (*cont.*).

only where it unfolds the sense. In case of doubt omit.

2. Insert after *each* adjective (except the last) preceding and qualifying a substantive, as "he was a cautious, eloquent, intrepid, and wise man."

(See also "and" or ", and," or.)

3. After the complimentary salutation at the beginning of an address, letter, or speech, as My Lord, Dear Sir, Ladies and Gentlemen,

(In German, the note of exclamation (!) is mostly used in these cases.)

4. An expression enclosed between two commas may *usually* be regarded as parenthetical: there would be no *break* in the continuity, grammatical connexion, or main sense, if the expression and the two commas were omitted, as "The Government of Britain, called a mixed government and sometimes a limited monarchy, is formed by a combination", etc. (commas equivalent to parentheses). "Its effect is produced, not so much by what it expresses, as by what it suggests" (commas not equivalent).

5. It should precede e.g., i.e., etc., and conclude the following clause, making the whole a parenthesis.

6. It separates each three consecutive figures from the right when five or more, except in math. work, as 10,135,792 (see also *lac of rupees*).

punctuation (*cont.*).

7. It should *not* precede nor follow the dash.

8. It should not be used *after* the number of a house in a street (as 51 Fleet Street); nor after points following such abbreviations as e.g. (unless the sense requires it).

(See also "and" or ", and.")

VIII. **comma** (single turned) (‘) is used in the abbreviation of the Scotch "Mac": as in M'Gregor, *not* the apostrophe (see also quotation marks).

crotchets, see IV.

IX. **dash** (the em) (—) is used

1. Where the construction of a sentence is changed or suspended, as "Heat expands bodies, cold contracts bodies—these are physical truths." "And all this long story was about—what do you think?"

2. It separates the heading at the commencement of a paragraph, called a side-heading, from the subject-matter following, as "*Extent and Boundaries.* — On the north, Warwickshire."

3. It separates the repetitions and different amplifications of the same statement, as "Cannot you, in England—cannot you, at this time of day—cannot you, a House of Commons, trust to the principle which has raised so mighty a revenue?"

4. Is sometimes used, as a kind of intensified pair of commas or parentheses, before and after a parenthetical clause,

punctuation (*cont.*).

as "The ass of Buridan—held in suspense between the equal attractions of two bundles of hay—is an immortal illustration", etc.

5. Is placed after the period which ends a quotation, and before the name of its author, as "One touch of nature makes the whole world kin."—SHAKESPEARE.

6. In dictionaries, etc., to save space, it may represent the catchword, or some other word.

7. Represents faltering, hesitating speech, and stammering: as "Well—I don't know—that is—no, I cannot accept it", "y—es", "n—o."

A series of two or three points is preferred by some for this purpose.

8. It is *not* to be preceded or followed by a comma.

(*See also* VI, 3.)

X. dash (the two-em) (—)

1. Is used where a sentence is interrupted, left unfinished, or ends quite unexpectedly, as "We cannot hope to succeed, unless— But we must succeed."

2. Denotes the omission of a word or part of a word which it is undesirable to print in full, as "he called him a —," "Mr. Niemand said d—."

(*See also* XII, XV.)

diæresis, *see* XV, 1.

XI. doubling of points should be avoided:—

1. When an abbreviation precedes a colon; for instance, in the case of *viz.*, *i.e.*, or *e.g.*, omit the colon.

punctuation (*cont.*).

2. A period may be placed before an apostrophe, as Co.'s (for Company's), *not* Co's.

XII. *en rule* (—) is used to specify a period by connecting the two terminal dates, as 1900–3, *not* 1900–03. [Use as *few* figures as suffice.] (*See also* IX, XV.)

XIII. *extracts*, to be punctuated *exactly* as in the original (*see also* quotations).

figures (*see* VII, 6; XXI, 3, 4).

XIV. *foot-notes*, references to these to be *outside* the point and double apostrophes, if any, as "he made a serious error."³

full stop (*see* XXI).

XV. hyphen (—)

1. When one syllable of a word ends and the next begins with the same letter, the hyphen should be placed between them to show that they are to be pronounced separately, as co-operate, pre-eminent, re-establish, re-echo, shell-less, sword-dance, Tees-side. With two vowels the hyphen is preferable to the diæresis.

2. It joins words and syllables intimately connected and open to misconception without it, as recover (to regain), re-cover (to cover again), recreation and re-creation, remark and re-mark.

3. It is used when a prefix is added to a proper name, as anti-Darwinian, pre-Adamite, Pre-Raphaelite.

4. The use of the hyphen in such phrases as "The

punctuation (*cont.*).

man was well known in the City", "He was a well-known man in the City", must be decided by the exact shade of meaning required.

5. *Always* to be inserted if the word be more easily recognized, or misinterpretation be possible without it, as "a poor-rate collection", "a poor rate-collection", "a pickled herring-merchant", "a pickled-herring merchant".

6. Where two or more compound words have a common base, this latter may be represented in all but the last by a hyphen, as "two-, three-, or fourfold".

7. *Is* used to join words that represent a single idea, as "a never-to-be-forgotten event", "peace-at-any-price principles", "a well-to-do family".

8. *Is* used to separate an unpleasing collocation of consonants, as *Ross-shire*.

9. (*typ.*) One should not end last line of page, or last line but one of paragraph, if avoidable. Hyphens should not occur at the ends of three consecutive lines.

(*See also compass, division of words, and IX, X, XII.*)

XVI. *italic* (*typ.*), punctuation marks at *end* of italicized words to be in roman unless evidently belonging to the italics.

XVII. *note of admiration, or exclamation (!)*

1. *Is* put after exclamatory words and

punctuation (*cont.*).

phrases, as "O Jealousy, thou magnifier of all things!" interjections; words or sentences expressing absurdity, command, contempt, strong emotion, enthusiasm, irony, a request, sorrow, surprise, a wish, wonder; and any impressive or striking thought, as "The Angel of Death is abroad in the land: you may almost hear the beating of his wings!"

2. It should be placed at the end of the exclamatory word or phrase, whether this be at the beginning, middle, or end of the sentence, as "O Dido, Dido, most unhappy Dido! Unhappy wife, still more unhappy widow!"

3. It is placed after sentences which, though apparently interrogative in form, are really exclamatory, as "How could he have been so foolish!", "Does Britannia rule the waves!", "Shall we never end this lamentable state of things!"

4. When a sentence contains more than one independent exclamation, it should be placed after each, as "Look, my Lord! it comes! Angels and ministers of grace, defend us!"

5. It is added to the names of plants, shrubs, etc., in botanical works to show that they are known from personal observation.

6. It should follow and not precede quotation marks, when it is not included in the sense of

punctuation (*cont.*).

the quotation, as—What wretched “copy”!

7. It may be placed after the interjection O, or Oh, but *not* after the vocative O.

8. In mathematics it is the factorial sign, as *n*!

9. To indicate greater intensity, double, and even treble, notes may be used.

10. [!] in brackets, suggests amusement, dissent, surprise, or wonder, at the author's views. It is sometimes used to denote rarity.

11. It should *not* be followed by any other point, except quotation marks.

12. In Spanish it is also put (inverted) *before* an exclamation, as “¡ Ah, qué desgracia !”

XVIII. note of interrogation (P)

1. Should follow each and every separate question, however short, if a separate answer to each be required, as “What is civilization? Where is it? In what does it consist? By what is it excluded? Where does it commence? Where does it end? By what sign is it known? How is it defined? In short, what does it mean?”

2. If the separate questions need but a single answer, it is placed at the end only.

3. The next word should generally begin with a capital letter.

4. It is *not* used where no answer is required; when the question is indirect; where the sentence begins with “Query”; or when it is

punctuation (*cont.*).

only said that a question was asked, as “The judge then asked the witness if he believed the man to be guilty.”

5. With quotation marks it must be placed according to the sense, as “He called out ‘Why?’”, “Why did he say ‘I do not know?’”

6. [?] in brackets, added to a quotation by editors, expresses doubt or irony.

7. It should *not* be followed by any other point, except quotation marks.

8. It may be repeated for emphasis, as ??

9. In Spanish it is also put (inverted) *before* a question, as “¿ Por qué ?”

10. In Greek the semicolon is put after questions.

XIX. open or easy punctuation, that which avoids all pointing not clearly required by the construction: that now prevailing in the best English usage, as

“On the whole, while Pope's ‘Essay on Criticism’ may be readily allowed to be superior in execution, as it certainly is in compass, to any work of a similar nature in English poetry, it can hardly be said either to redeem the class of didactic poems on æsthetics from the neglect into which they have fallen, or to make us regret that the critical ability of our own day should prefer to follow the path marked out by Dryden when he chose to discourse of poetry in his own vigorous and flexible prose.”

punctuation (*cont.*).

XX. parentheses, () (typ.),
enclose

1. An authority, definition, explanation (as in the drama), reference, or translation.

2. In the report of a speech such interruptions by the audience as applause, exclamations, laughter, remarks, etc.

3. Interpolations and remarks made by the *writer of the text himself* (*see also brackets IV*).

4. Reference letters or figures that divide and classify statements or arguments, as (1), (a).

5. In bibliographic references, place of publication and name of publisher.

6. In foot-notes, the authority for a quotation.

7. No stop is needed before or after a mere statement in parentheses which might be omitted without altering the meaning of the sentence.

8. When only part of a sentence is within the parentheses, the point to be outside, as ().; but when the full sentence is parenthetical it should be inside ().

9. When the matter in parentheses ends with an abbreviation, put a point after the abbreviated word, and also outside the closing parenthesis, as (1331 B.C.).

10. Where [] and () both occur *see IV*, 5.

XXI. period, full point, or full stop (.) is used

1. At the end of a complete sentence which does not close with a note of exclamation or of interrogation.

punctuation (*cont.*).

2. After abbreviations of English or foreign words or phrases, initials, numbering of paragraphs when not in parentheses, roman numerals (except when these refer to page numbers, are capitals, or another stop follows), and abbreviated signatures.

3. Between figures of pounds, shillings, and pence, as £11. 12s. 6d.: otherwise errors may arise if close-spaced, as £1112s. 6d. It would be much better in every way to follow the former Eng. custom and to place the £ *after* the figures, as they are read, and as they are written in other languages, or with other measurements, as 5 fr. 50 c., 1 ton 2 cwt., 11£ 12s 6d, when no mistakes could arise, and no points would be needed (*see also lac*).

4. Between figures representing hours and minutes; before the dash in side-headings (*see IX*, 2); and turned before decimal figures.

5. If meaning equally clear it may be *omitted* from all half-titles, headlines, running titles, sub-headings, title pages (*but see VI*, 5).

6. Three periods (*not* asterisks) separated by em quads (en in narrow measures) are sufficient to mark omissions in *all* cases. When the preceding sentence has been brought to a close, four should be used; the first to be close up.

(*See also abbreviations, quotations.*)

punctuation (*cont.*).

XXII. semicolon (;)

1. Separates those parts of a sentence between which there is a more distinct break than after a comma, but which are too intimately connected to be made separate sentences, as "Divide and command, a wise maxim; unite and guide, a better."—GOETHE (*see also* VI, 1).

2. In Greek the semicolon is equivalent to the English note of interrogation (?).

punctus (Lat.), a point; *pl.* same.

pundit/* (Ang.-Ind.), a learned Brahmin, *not* pan-; *fem.* -a.

Punjab, India, *not* -aub, Panjab, Penjab.

Punjabi, Punjab inhabitant, or dialect, *not* -bee.

punkah (Ang.-Ind.), a large fan, *not* -a.

Punkt (Ger. typ. m.), point, dot, a full stop (cap.);

punktieren, to point, dot, or punctuate; **Punktierung** (f.), punctuation.

punteggiatura (It.), punctuation.

punto e virgola (It.), semicolon.

pup/a (entom.), *pl.* -æ.

pupilage.

-pur (Ind.), a city, as Nagpur, *not* -pore, -poor, -poore.

Purcell (Henry), 1658-95, composer.

Purchas (Samuel), 1577-1626, writer.

purchasable, *not* -eable.

purée (Fr. f.), a thick soup; — **de pois**, pea soup.

pur et simple (Fr.), unqualified.

purgatory (not cap.).

Puritan, -ism (cap.).

Purkinje (J. E.), 1787-1869, physiologist, *not* -jé.

Purleigh, Essex.

Purley, Berks, Surrey.

purlieu, the surroundings of a place; *pl.* -s.

purpose, -ful, -less, -ly.

purr, as a cat, *not* pur.

purslane (bot.), *not* -lain.

P.U.S., Pharmacopœia of the United States.

Puseyite.

Pushto, Afghan language, *not* -oo, -u, pukhtu.

put down (typ.), to alter from caps. to lower-case.

Putnam's (G. P.) Sons, publishers, New York and London (apos.).

putrefy, *not* -ify.

putrescible, liable to putrefy.

putt (golf), to play with a putter, *not* put.

put up (typ.), to alter from lower-case to caps.

Puy-de-Dôme, dép. Fr. (hyphens, two caps.).

p.v., post village, priest vicar.

P.V.O., Principal Veterinary Officer.

p.v.t. (Fr.), *par voie télégraphique* (by telegraph).

P.W.D., Public Works Department.

pwt., pennyweight, *use* dwt.

P.X., please exchange.

pyæmia, etc., *not* pyc-.

pye (typ.), *use* pie.

pyebald, *use* pie-.

pygmy, a dwarf, *not* pi-.

pyjamas, *not* the many variations.

pyramid, a billiard game, *not* -ids.

Pyrénées (Basses-); Hautes- —; — Orientales, déps. France.

pyrotech., pyrotechnics, -al.

Pytchley Hunt (the); *pron.* pich'lē.

Pyx (trial of the), *not* Pix.

Q

Q., quart, queen, question, the sixteenth in a series, all proper names with this initial.

Q (chess), queen (no point).
q., query, quintal, quire, -s, (naut.) squalls.

q. (Lat.), *quære* (inquire).

Q.A.B., Queen Anne's Bounty.

Qaisar-i-Hind (Ang.-Ind.) (the Cæsar of India), Indian title of English monarch.

Q.B.*, Queen's Bench.

Q.C., Queen's, or Queens', College, — Counsel.

q.d.*, *quasi dicat* (as if one should say), *quasi dictum* (as if said).

q.e.*, *quod est* (which is);
Q.E.D.*, *quod erat demonstrandum* (which was to be demonstrated);

Q.E.F.*, — — *faciendum* (ditto done); **Q.E.I.***, — — *inveniendum* (ditto found out).

Q.H.P., Queen's Honorary Physician.

q.l.*, *quantum libet* (as much as you please).

Q.M.*, Quartermaster; **qm.**, *quomodo* (by what means);

Q.Mess., Queen's Messenger; **Q.M.G.***, Quartermaster - General;

Q.M.S., Quartermaster-Serjeant.

q.pl.*, *quantum placet* (as much as seems good).

qq.v., *quæ vide* (which see: refers to plural).

qr., quarter, -s (28 lb.), quire, -s.

Q.S., quarter-sessions.

q.s.*, *quantum sufficit* (a sufficient quantity).

qt.*, quantity, quart, -s.

qu., question.

qua (Lat.), in the character of, *not* -à, -â.

Quaade, a chess opening.

quad* (colloq.), quadrangle; (typ.) a quadrat, to insert quadrats; **quadded**, **quadding**; abbr. of quadruple, a printing paper four times the size of the name following, as quad crown 40 x 30 in. (no point).

quad., quadrant.

Quadragesima*, first Sunday in Lent.

quadrat* (typ.), a piece of metal lower than type, used for spacing; usual sizes en, em, 2, 3, and 4 ems; abbr. **quad** (no point).

quadrenn/ium*, a period of four years; -ial*, *not* quadrie-.

quadruple (paper), abbr. **quad** (no point) *which see.*

quære* (Lat.), inquire; abbr. **q.**

quæritur (Lat.), it is asked.

quæsit/um* (Lat.), something sought; *pl.* -a*.

quæstio/ vexat/a (Lat.), an unsolved problem, *pl.* -nes -æ.

quæstor*, Rom. antiq. (*see also* **quæ**-).

quæ vide (Lat.), which see: refers to *pl.*; abbr. **qq.v.**

quai (Fr. m.), quay, railway platform.

quaich*, Scots drinking vessel, *not* -gh.

Quai d'Orsay, Paris, the Fr. "Downing Street."

Quains, Norw. for **Finn**s.

QUALE — QUEEN'S

quale* (Lat.), the quality of a thing.

quam/primum (Lat.), without delay; — **proxime**, as nearly as possible.

quand même (Fr.), notwithstanding.

quantité négligeable (Fr. f.), insignificant item. quantity, abbr. **qt.***

quantum* (Lat.), a concrete quantity, *pl.* -**a***; **quantum/libet**, as much as you please, abbr. **q.l.***; — **meruit**, as much as he, or she, deserved; — **placet**, as much as seems good, abbr. **q.pl.***; — **sufficit***, as much as suffices, abbr. **q.s.**, or **quant. suff.***; — **valeat**, whatever it may be worth; — **valebat**, as much as it was worth; — **vis**, as much as you will, abbr. **q.v.***

Qu'Appelle (Bp. of).

quarl*, a large brick, *not* -le.

quarrel*, -led*, -ler* (*not*-lor), -ling*, -some*.

quart/, -s, abbr. **Q.**, or **qt.***

quart/, -e (fencing), *use* **carte***.

quart., quarterly.

Quart (Ger. n.), **quarto** (cap.).

quarter/, -s, abbr. **qr.***

quarter-binding*, the back only of leather.

quarter/-day*, — **-deck*** (hyphens).

Quartermaster/* (one word), abbr. **Q.M.***; — **-General***, abbr. **Q.M.G.***; — **-Serjeant**, abbr. **Q.M.S.** (hyphen, caps.).

quarter-plate* (photog.), $4\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$ in.

quarter-sessions* (not caps., hyphen); abbr. **Q.S.**

quartet*, *not* -ette, -etto.

quartier/ (Fr. cook. m.), quarter; — **d'agneau**, —

of lamb; (mil.) **quartier-général**, head-quarters.

quarto/*, a size of book in which the leaf is one-fourth of a given size of paper; *pl.* -s, abbr. **4to** (no point) (for sizes *see* books, paper).

quas (Russ.), rye beer, *use* **kvass***.

quasi*, in a certain sense (not ital.); abbr. **q.***

quasi/ dicat (Lat.), as if one should say, abbr. **q.d.***; — **dictum**, as if said, abbr. **q.d.***; — **dixisset**, as if he had said.

Quasimodo, first Sunday after Easter (one word, cap.).

quass (Russ.), rye beer, *use* **kvass***.

quater-cousin, *use* **cater-***.

Quatre-Bras (battle of), 1815.

quatrefoil*, an ornament, *not* quater-, quarter-.

Quattrocento*, the early Renaissance period of art, from 1401-1500.

quay*, *not* key.

Que., Quebec.

queen, abbr. **Q.**; (chess, no point).

Queen Anne's Bounty* (apos.); abbr. **Q.A.B.**

Queenborough, Sheerness (*see also* Queens-).

queen note, a writing paper $5\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ in.

Queensberry (Marquess of).

Queensborough, Drogheda (*see also* Queenb-).

Queensbury, Bradford.

Queen's College, Oxford, London, Belfast, Cork, Galway (named after one queen).

Queens' College, Camb. (named after two queens).

Queen's Counsel, abbr. **Q.C.***

Queen's County, Ireland.
Queen's Ferry, Flint.
Queensferry, Fife, Lin-
lithgow.

Queensl., Queensland.

Que faire? (Fr.), What is
to be done?

Quelle affaire! (Fr. f.),
What a to-do!

quelque chose (Fr. m.),
something, a trifle.

Quel temps/fait-il? (Fr.),
What is the weather like?

— *il fait!* What wea-
ther this is!

*quenelle** (Fr. cook. f.),
a force-meat ball.

"*Quentin Durward*", by
Sir W. Scott, 1823.

query*, abbr. q., qy.*, or ?

Quesnay (François),
1694-1774, Fr. econ.

question, abbr. Q., or qu.

questor*, R.C.C., or Fr.
Assembly (*see also* quæ-).

Quêtelet (L. A. J.), 1796-
1874, Belgian math.

Quetta, Baluchistan.

queue*, persons in line,
not cue.

queue! (Fr. f.), tail; — *de
bœuf*, ox-tail; *faire* —,
to stand in a row.

Q.U.I., Queen's University
of Ireland.

quick/lime*, -sand*,
-set*, -silver* (one
word).

*quid** (Lat.), that which a
thing is.

*quidam**, an unknown per-
son. *pl.* same; *quid faci-
endum?* what is to be
done? *quidnunc**, a
gossip; *quid pro quo**,
something in return, an
equivalent.

¿Quién sabe? (Sp.), Who
knows? (turned interrog.
before, unturned after.)

quiet/*, -ed*, -ing*, *not*
-ening.

quietus*, a settlement (*not*
ital.).

Quiller-Couch (Sir A. T.),
1863-, writer (hyphen).

Qu'importe? (Fr.), What
does it matter? *Que
m'importe?* What is
that to me?

quincenary*, five-
hundredth anniversary
(one word).

quincunx/*, five arranged
as on dice; *pl.* -es.

Quinet (Edgar), 1803-75,
Fr. writer.

quinine*, *not* -in, *pron.*
kwin'ën.

Quinquagesima*, the
Sunday before Lent.

quinguenni/um*, a five-
year period; *pl.* -a*.

quinsy*, tonsillitis, *not* -cy,
-sey, -zy.

*quintal** (Fr. m.), 100 kilos,
220¹/₂ lb., 1'968 cwt., *not*
kettle, kintal; *pl.* -aux,
abbr. q.

quintet* (mus.), *not* -ette.

quiproquo (Fr. m.), mistake.

*quipu** (Peru), the language
of knotted cords, *not* -po,
-ppo, -ppu.

quire*, part of a church,
or church singers, *use*
choir*; — (typ.), the
twentieth part of a ream :
24 sheets and one "out-
side" making 25; abbr.
s. and *pl.* q. A set of
all the sheets required to
make one complete book;
quired paper, reams
folded in quires, *not* flat;
quires (typ.), books in
sheets are said to be "in
quires."

Qui s'excuse s'accuse
(Fr.), to excuse oneself
is to accuse oneself.

quisque (Lat.), every one.
quit/*, -ted, -ter* (*not*
-tor), -ting*.

Qui va là? (Fr.), Who
goes there?

qui vive* (on the), on
the alert (*not* ital.).

quixotic* (not cap.).

quiz/*, -zed, -zer*, -zing*.

quoad/* (Lat.), as far as; — **hoc***, to this extent; — **sacra***, as far as sacred matters; — **ultra**, as regards the past.

quod erat demonstrandum, etc., see Q.E.D.

quod est (Lat.), which is; abbr. **q.e.**

quodlibet*(mus.), a medley.

quod vide (Lat.), which see (sing.); abbr. **q.v.**

quoique (Fr.), although.

quoi que (Fr.), whatever.

quoits*, a game, *not* coits.

quomodo* (Lat.), by what means; abbr. **qm.**

quondam*, formerly (not ital.).

quorum/*, *pl. -s* (not ital.).

quota/*, a share; *pl. -s*.

quotation marks (typ.), in English, two turned commas at the beginning and two apostrophes at the end; abbr. **quotes**. The apostrophes at the end of the quotation should come before all punctuation marks, when these form no part of the quotation itself. Quotes are to be used when citing Titles of Articles in magazines, Books, Chapters of books, Essays, Magazines, Newspapers, Oratorios, Periodicals, Pictures, Plays, Poems, Reviews, Sculptures, Songs, and Ships; and for the *Names* of Hotels, Inns, and Taverns, where these words are not in the title.

They are *not* to be used for the titles of the books of the Bible; where the substance only of an extract is given; or where the tense or person has

been altered (*see also* authorities, punctuation, XIV).

quotations, *all* extracts in the exact words of the original, if set in the text type, to have double turned commas at the commencement, and at the beginning of each paragraph (*not* each line); and double apostrophes at the end of the quotation only. The first turned commas usually to be preceded by a colon.

If the extract be set in two sizes less than the text type (it should not be smaller), quotation marks are not required, except in conversational matter. A full blank line both before and after adds importance and emphasis.

Punctuation of the extract to be *exactly* as in the original. The concluding point to be outside the last quotation mark if not in the original (*see also* ellipsis).

quotations within quotations to have single quotation marks only within the double. "The more conspicuous mark to the more inclusive quotation" (Henry Bradley). Quotations within the single quotation, to be double-quoted.

quote (typ.), to enclose within quotation marks.

quotes (typ.), quotation marks.

quousque (Lat.), how long? **Qurân**, use **Koran***.

q.v., *quantum vis* (as much as you will), *quod vide* (which see: refers to sing.).

qy.*, query.

R

R., Rabbi, Radical, radius (of a circle), railway, recto, rector, republican, river, rouble, Royal, all proper names with this initial, the seventeenth in a series, (Lat.) *regina* (queen), *respublica* (commonwealth), *rex* (king), (naut.) run (deserted), (theat.) right (from actor's point of view), (thermom.) Réaumur, (typ.) runic.

R (chess), rook (no point).

r., rare, residence, resides, rises, rod, (naut.) rain.

r (math.), radius vector of co-ordinates.

R (magnet.), reluctance.

ρ (Gr.) (math.), radius of curvature.

₹, rupee (no point).

R, *recipe* (take).

R*, response (to a versicle).

R° (math.), radius of a circle in degrees of arc; **R'**, ditto in minutes of arc; **R''**, ditto in seconds of arc.

R.A., Rear-Admiral, Referees' Association, Royal Academy, — -ician, — Artillery, (astr.) right ascension.

R.A.A., Royal Academy of Arts.

rabat (Fr. dress. m.), "bands" of a priest, etc.

Rabb., rabbinical.

rabbit/*, joint in woodwork; -ed*, -ing* (see also rabbit, rebate).

Rabbi/*, Jewish title of respect; *pl.* -s*, abbr. **R.** (cap.).

rabbit/*, a rodent; -er*, -ing*; — -warren (hyphen) (see also rabbit, rebate).

rabdomancy, use **rhab**-*.

Rabelais (François), 1483-1553, Fr. writer.

rabscallion, use **rap**-*.

R.A.C., Royal Agricultural College.

raccoon, use **racoon***.

rac/e*, -y*.

race/-course*, — -horse* (hyphens).

rach/is* (bot., zool.), *pl.* -ides*, not *rh*-.

rack, a seaweed, use **wr**-*.

racket/*, not **racquet**; -y*.

raconteur* (not ital.).

racoon*, not **racc**-.

racquet, use **racket***.

rad., radix (root).

Radcliffe (**Ann**), 1764-1823, writer; — (**John**), 1650-1714, physician; — College, Mass., U.S.A.; — Camera, Infirmary, Library, and Observatory, Oxford; — -Cooke (**C.W.**), M.P., writer (see also **Rat**-).

radian/*, unit of angular measurement; *pl.* -s.

radiator*, not -er.

Radical, abbr. **R.**

radical* (chem.), not -cle.

radicle* (botany).

radiography*, röntgen-ray photography.

rad/ius*, abbr. **R.**, *pl.* -ii*.

rad/ius vect/or, *pl.* -ii, -ores.

rad/ix*, a root, *pl.* -ices*; abbr. **rad**.

Rae (**John**), 1813-93, Arctic traveller; — (**W. Fraser**),

1835-1905, writer; *pron.*

ray (see also **Ray**, **Reay**).

Raeburn (**Sir Henry**), 1756-1823, painter.

Raffaissen Credit Banks.

rafraîchissements (Fr. m. *pl.*), cooling drinks, fruit, etc.

rag/*, -ged*, -ging*.

R.A.G.C., Royal and Antient Golf Club, St. Andrews.

ragout*, a rich meat stew; in Fr. m. -*ût*.

Rai Bareli, Oudh, *not* Ray Bareilly.

raie (Fr. f.), skate (fish).

raifort (Fr. m.), horse-radish.

Raikes (Robert), 1735-1811, originator of Sunday schools.

rail/road*, -way* (one word); abbr. R.

rain/*, abbr. r.; -bow* (one word).

Raincliffe (Viscount).

rain/drop*, -fall* (one word); -water* (hyphen).

raison de plus (Fr.), all the more reason; — *d'État*, a reason of State; — *d'être**, a cause of existence.

*raisonné** (Fr.), *fem. -ée*, reasoned out; *catalogue* —*, explanatory catalogue (ital.).

Rajah*, Indian title, *more correctly* Raja*.

Rajon (P. A.), 1842-88, etcher.

Rajpoot/*, -ana, *not* -put.

Rajshahi, Bengal, *not* Rajeshaye.

râle/*, lung sound; *pl. -s*.

Ralegh (Sir Walter), 1552-1618; -*igh* *usual but erron.* (D.N.B.).

Raleigh (Cecil), dramatist; — (Prof. Walter), writer; *pron.* raw'lie, or râl'ê (*see also* Rayleigh).

Ralfs (John), 1807-90, botanist.

Ralph, *usual pron.* rāf; in Amer. rālf.

R.A.M., Royal Academy of Music (London).

ram/*, -med*, -ming*.

Ramadan* (Fast of),

also ninth Mohammedan month, *not* -dhan, -zan.

Rambouillet, dép. Seine-et-Oise.

R.A.M.C., Royal Army Medical Corps.

ramchuddar, Ind. shawl.

rame (Fr. typ. f.), ream.

*ramekin**, a cheese-cake, *not* -quin.

ramier (Fr. m.), wood-pigeon.

Ramillies (battle of), 1706.

Rampur, Central India.

Ramsay (Allan), 1686-1758, Scots poet; ditto, 1713-84, painter; — (E. B. Dean), 1793-1872; — (Sir William), 1852-, chemist.

Ramsey, Hunts, and I.O.M. ram/us* (Lat.), a branch; *pl. -i**.

ranch* (U.S.A.), a farm, *not* -che.

*ranchero** (Sp.), *fem. -a*, a small farmer.

ran/cour, *but* -corous.

Rand/ (Ger. typ. m.), the margin; — *bemerkung* (f.), marginal note (cap.).

Randolph-Macon College, Virginia.

Randvermerk (Ger. m.), marginal note, *also Marginalie*.

ranee*, Indian queen, *not* -i, -y, -ny, rannee.

Rangoon, *not* -un.

Ranjit Singh, 1780-1839, founder of Sikh kingdom.

Ranjitsinhji (Kumar Shri), 1872-, cricketer.

Ranke (L. von), 1795-1886, Ger. historian.

ranks, *see* compound ranks.

rann/ee, -y, *use* ranee*.

ranunculus/*, *pl. -es**.

*ranz-des-vaches**, Swiss melody.

R.A.O.B., Royal Antediluvian Order of Buffaloes.

rap/*, -ped*, -ping*.
 Raphael/*, 1483-1520,
 painter; in Italian
 Raffaello*; -esque*.
 raph/ides* (bot., zool.),
 sing. -is*.
 Rappahannock, river,
 Virginia.
 rappee*, a coarse snuff.
 rapport (en)* (Fr. m.), in
 harmony, in keeping
 (with).
 rapprochement* (Fr. m.),
 a coming together.
 rapsallion*, not rab-
 rar/a av/is (Lat.), a
 prodigy; pl. -æ-es.
 rare, abbr. r.
 rarefaction*, not -efica-
 tion.
 rarefy*, not rari-
 Rarey (John S.), 1828-
 66, horse-tamer.
 rarification, use rare-*.
 rarify, use rare-*.
 rarity*, not -ety.
 R.A.S., Royal Agricultural,
 Asiatic, or Astronomical
 Society.
 Rasalas (astr.), star in
 Leonis.
 rase, to destroy, use raze*.
 Rasoumowsky Quartets
 (the), by Beethoven.
 "Rasselas," by S. John-
 son, 1759.
 rat/*, -ting*.
 rata (Lat.), individual share;
 pro —, in proportion.
 rat/able, use -eable*.
 ratafia*, a cordial, cake,
 or cherry, not -ifia, -ifie.
 ratan, use rattan*.
 ratany (bot.), use rh-*.
 Ratcliff Highway, not
 -e, now St. George Street
 (see also Rad-).
 rateable*, not ratable.
 rate-payer* (hyphen).
 Rathaus (Ger. n.), town-
 hall (cap., one h).
 ratio*, pl. -s.
 rationale*, a. theoretical
 explanation (not ital.).

rationalize*, not -ise.
 ratline* (naut.), the lad-
 der-rope on the shrouds,
 not -in, -ing.
 rattan*, a cane, not ratan.
 ratten*, to molest.
 rattlesnake* (one word).
 Raumer (F. L. G. von),
 1781-1873, Ger. historian;
 — (R. von), 1815-76,
 philologist (see also
 Réaumur).
 ravel/*, -led*, -ling*.
 Rawal Pindi, Punjab,
 not Rawul —.
 Ray (John), 1627-1705,
 naturalist, spelt Wray till
 1670 (see also Rae, Reay).
 Rayleigh (Baron), 1842-
 physicist; pron. ray'lē
 (see also Raleigh).
 raze*, to destroy, not rase.
 R.B., Rifle Brigade; Rb,
 rubidium; R.B.A.,
 Royal (Society of) British
 Artists.
 R.C.*, Roman Catholic;
 r.-c., right centre;
 R.C.C., Roman Catholic
 Church; R.C.M., Royal
 College of Music (Lon-
 don); R.C.O., ditto Or-
 ganists; R.C.P., ditto
 Physicians, ditto Precep-
 tors; R.C.S., ditto Sur-
 geons; R.C.V.S., ditto
 Veterinary Surgeons.
 R.D., Royal Dragoons,
 Rural Dean; Rd., road;
 R.D.S., Royal Dublin
 Society.
 R.D.Y., Royal Dockyard.
 Re (il) (It.), the King (no
 accent).
 R.E., Reformed Episcopal,
 Right Excellent, Royal
 Engineers, — Exchange,
 — Society of Painter-
 Etchers and Engravers;
 re (Lat.), with regard to.
 re- (the prefix), when fol-
 lowed by e and separately
 sounded to have hyphen,
 as re-echo.

REACT — RECLUS

react*, etc. (one word).

Read (Sir W. V.), 1839—
(*see also* Reade, Rede,
Reed, Reid).

readdress* (one word).

Reade(Charles), 1814-84,
writer; — (Rev. Comp-
ton), 1834-, writer; —
(Sir G. C.), 1845- (*see
also* Read, Rede, Reed,
Reid).

reader* (typ.), a corrector
of the press, a copy-
holder, also one who
reports on MSS. to a pub-
lisher (l.c.). A university
teacher or lecturer (cap.).
readers' marks, *see* proof
correction marks.

reading for press (typ.),
the final reading before
printing.

reading-room (hyphen).

readjournal*, readjust*,
readmission*, read-
mit/*, -ted*, -ting*
(one word).

ready-made* (hyphen).

reafforest*, reagent*
(one word).

real, Port. coin; *pl. reis*.

real/*, Sp. coin; *pl. -es*.

realiz/e*, -able*, *not* -ise.

ream of paper, 20 quires,
or 480 sheets; abbr. *rm.*;
"perfect" ream of
printing paper, 516 sheets;
ream of envelope
paper, 504 sheets; "in-
sides," whether good or
retree, 480 sheets;
"mill" ream, 480
sheets, 18 "good" quires,
and 2 quires "outsides";
"news" ream, 500
sheets; printers'
ream*, 516 sheets.

reanimate*, reappear*,
reappoint* (one word).

Rear-Admiral*, abbr.
R.A. (hyphen, caps.).

rear-guard* (hyphen).

rearm* (one word).

rearmouse*, *not* rere-, recr-.

re-arrange* (hyphen).

rearward*, *not* rere-.

reassemble*, reassert/*,
-ed, -ing* (one word).

reassure* (one word).

Réaumur (R. A. F. de),
1683-1757, inventor of
thermom. scale; the scale
itself, abbr. *R.*, or *Réaum.*
(*see also* Raumer).

reaver*, a robber, *not* rei-.

reawake*, etc. (one word).

Reay (Baron); —
(Samuel), 1828-, com-
poser; *pron.* ray (*see also*
Rae, Ray).

rebaptize*, *not* -ise (one
word).

rebate*, to reduce, a re-
duction, also a hard free-
stone (*see also* rabbit).

rebel/*, -led*, -ling*.

rebound*, to bound back
(one word).

re-bound (bookbinding)
(hyphen).

rebus/*, a puzzle; *pl. -es*.

rebut/*, -ted, -ting*.

rec., receipt, recipe, re-
cord, -ed, -er.

recall*, in Scots law recal.

Récamier (Madame),
1777-1849, leader of Fr.
Society.

recast* (one word).

recd., received.

receipt, abbr. *rec.*

receivable*, *not* -eable.

réchauffé*, re-warmed
meat (*not* ital.).

recherche (Fr. f.), research.

recherch/é* (adj.), *fem.*
-ée, choice (*not* ital.).

recidivist*, one who habi-
tually relapses into crime.

recipe/*, *pl. -s*, abbr. *rec.*;
— mark (typ.), &.

*réclame** (Fr. f.), notoriety
by advertisement; (journ.)
editorial announcement;
(typ.) catchword, prima.

Reclus (J. J. É.), 1830-
1905, Fr. geographer, *not*
Ré-.

recoal* (one word).
 recognize*, *not* -ise.
 recommit/*, -ted, -ting.
 recompense* (n. and v.),
not -ce.
 recompose* (one word).
 reconcilable*, *not* -eable.
 reconciler*, *not* -or.
 reconnaissance*, *not*
 reconnoi- (not ital.).
 reconnoitre*, *not* -er.
 reconsider* (one word).
 recoup*, to recompense.
 re-cover*, to cover again
 (hyphen).
 re-creat/e*, to create again;
 -or, *not* -er (hyphen).
 rect., rectified.
 rectify*, -ied*, -ier*,
 -ying*.
 recto* (typ.), the right-
 hand page of an open
 book, usually having the
 odd page numbers; re-
 ferred to in bibliography
 as^a (superior letter); abbr.
 R., or r^o (not ital.).
 rector, abbr. R.
 rect/um* (anat.), *pl.* -a.
 rect/us* (anat.), *pl.* -i*.
 reçu (Fr. m.), a receipt.
 recueil* (Fr. m.), a literary
 compilation.
 reculer pour mieux
 sauter (Fr.), to wait for
 a better opportunity.
 recur/*, -red*, -ring*.
 recut*, to cut again (one
 word).
 rédact/eur* (Fr.), editor;
fem. -rice.
 rédaction (Fr. f.), editing,
 editorial department.
 Redakteur (Ger. m.), editor
 (cap.).
 Redbourn, St. Albans.
 Redbourne, Lincs.
 redbreast* (robin), the
 bird (two words).
 redecorate* (one word).
 Rede Lecture, Camb.
 Univ. (*see also* Read,
 Reade, Reed, Reid).
 redeliver* (one word).

redemand* (one word).
 Redemptionists*, an or-
 der of monks devoted to
 the redemption of Chris-
 tian captives from slavery.
 Redemptorists*, Liguor-
 ians.
 "Redgauntlet," by Sir W.
 Scott, 1824 (one word).
 red-hot* (hyphen).
 red lead* (two words).
 red-letter day* (one hy-
 phen).
 redoubt* (fort.), *not* -out.
 redoubtable*.
 redress*, to dress again
 (one word).
 red-tap/e*, -ism*, -ist*
 (hyphen).
 reducible*, *not* -eable.
reductio ad/ absurdum
 (Lat.), an obviously ab-
 surd conclusion; — —
impossible, an im-
 possible conclusion.
 red-water*, cattle disease
 (hyphen).
 re-dye*, to dye again (hy-
 phen).
 re-echo (hyphen).
 Reed (Alfred German),
 1847-95, actor; — (Sir
 Andrew), 1837-; — (Sir
 Charles) & Sons, type-
 founders, London; — (Sir
 E. J.), 1830-, naval de-
 signer; — (E. T.), 1860-,
 "Punch" artist; —
 (Talbot Baines), 1852-
 93, writer of boys' books
 (*see also* Read, Reade,
 Rede, Reid).
 Reekie (Auld), Old
 Smoky, that is Edinburgh.
 re/-elect* -embark* (*not*
 reim-), -enact*, -en-
 force* (to enforce again),
 -enslave*, -enter*, -en-
 throne*, -establish*,
 -exchange*, -exhibit*
 (hyphens).
 Ref., the Reformation.
 ref., referee, referred, refer-
 ence, reformed, -er.

refait (Fr. m.), a drawn game; new horns or antlers.

Ref.Ch., Reformed Church.
refer/*, **-able***, **-rer***, **-ring***.

refer/ee, **-red**, **-ence**, abbr. **ref.**

reference marks (typ.), signs used to direct the reader from the text to a note. They are used in the following order * † ‡ § ¶, and then repeated in duplicate as ** etc. (*see also* foot-notes).

referend/um*, the right of the people to decide on certain laws, etc.; *pl.* **-a**.

refer/rible, *use* **-able***.

refill* (one word).

refit/*, **-ted**, **-ting***.

refl., reflection, **-ive**, **-ively**, **reflex**, **-ive**, **-ively**.

reflectible*, *not* **-able**.

reflector*, *not* **-er**.

reflection*, *not* **-xion**, abbr.

refl.; in Fr. f. **réflexion**.

Reformation (the) (cap.); abbr. **Ref.**

Reform Bills, 1832, 1867, 1884-5.

reform/ed, **-er**, abbr. **ref.**

refractor*, a telescope.

refrangible*.

Reg., **Regent**, *regina* (queen).

reg., register, **-trar**, **-try**, **regular**, **-ly**.

regalia, is *plural*.

regd., registered.

regenerator*.

Regent, abbr. **Reg.**

Regent's Park, London (apos.).

Reg.-Gen., Registrar-General.

Régie, governmental control of articles paying duty in Aust., Fr., It., Sp., Turk.

regime* (not ital.); in Fr. m. **ré-**.

regimen/, *pl.* **-s** (not ital.).

regiment, abbr. **regt.**

regina (Lat.), queen; abbr. **R.**, or **Reg.**

register* (binding), a book-marker; (typ.) when pages, columns, and lines are truly square, and back one another precisely on the paper, or when two or more colours meet without overlapping, they are said to be "*in* register," otherwise "*out of* register." The list of signatures printed at the end of old books. Abbr. **reg.**

registered, abbr. **regd.**

registrable, *not* **-er-able**.

registrar/, **-y**, abbr. **reg.**

Registrar-General (hyphen, caps.); abbr. **Reg.-Gen.**

regium donum (Lat.), a royal grant.

Regius Professor, abbr. **Reg. Prof.**

règle (Fr. f.), a rule.

réglé (Fr.), settled.

reglet* (typ.), a thin strip of wood used to make blanks between lines of type.

"**Règne Animal** (Le)," by Cuvier, 1817.

regn/um (Lat.), a kingdom, or badge of royalty; *pl.* **-a**.

Reg. Prof., **Regius Professor**.

regrater*, *not* **-or**.

regret/*, **-ful***, **-fully***, **-table***, **-tably***, **-ted***, **-ting***.

regt., regiment.

regul/a (Lat.), a book of rules; *pl.* **-æ**.

regular/, **-ly**, abbr. **reg.**

regulator*, *not* **-er**.

Reichs/anstalt, Ger. off. laboratory; "**-anzeiger**,"

Ger. Imp. Gazette; **-kanzler**, Ger. and Aus. Imp.

Chancellor; **-rat**, the legislative body in the

Cisleithan division of Austria-Hungary; **-tag**,

Ger. legislative body (cap.).

Reid (Andrew), 1848-, writer; — (**Sir A. J. F.**), 1846-; — (**Sir George**), 1841-, Sc. painter; — (**Rt. Hon. G. H.**), 1845-; — (**Sir H. Gilzean**), 1838-, writer; — (**Sir H. V. R.**), 1845-; — (**Sir James**), 1849-, M.D.; — (**Sir J. W.**), 1823-, M.D.; — (**Captain Mayne**), 1818-83, writer; — (**Thomas**), 1710-96, metaphysician; — (**Sir T. Wemyss**), 1842-1905, writer; — (**Whitelaw**), 1837-, Amer. politician (*see also* **Read, Reade, Rede, Reed**).
Reikiavik, *use* **Reykj.**
reimbark, *use* **re-em**.*
reimburse* (one word).
réimpression (Fr. f.), a reprint.
Reims, Fr., *not* Rh-.
reine-Claude (Fr. f.), greengage; *pl.* **reines**-.
reinforce/*, -ment* (mil.), *not* reen-.
reinstate* (one word).
reis*, *pl.* of **real**, a Port. coin.
Reis Effendi* (Turk.), title of former Secretary of State for foreign affairs.
reissue*, *see* **title pages**.
reiteration* (typ.), the printing of the second side of a sheet; abbr. **reit**.
reiver, a robber, *use* **rea**.*
Réjane (G. Réju), 1857-, actress.
rel., relative, -ly, religion, religious, **reliquiæ** (relics).
relâche (Fr. m.), respite, rest; (theat.) no performance; (f.) a port, harbour.
relaps/e*, -able*.
relat/er*, in law -or*.
relation*, connexion by blood or marriage, *not* relative.
relative/*, -ly*, abbr. **rel.** (*see also* **relation**).

relativity*.
releaser*, one who releases.
releasor* (law), one who grants a release.
re-let/*, -ting* (hyphen).
relev/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, exalted, noble; (cook.), highly-seasoned, (the) remove, *not* ré-.
relic*, *not* -ique.
relief-printing* (typ.), letterpress or block printing, *not* litho or plate.
relieur (Fr. m.), bookbinder.
relievo*, *use* **rilievo**.
religieuse/* (Fr. f.), a nun; *pl.* -s.
religieux* (Fr. m.), a monk; *pl.* same.
religion*, -ious*, abbr. **rel**.
religious/denominations (typ.), as Moham-medan, Protestant, to have caps.; — marks, *see* **ecclesiastical signs**.
relique, *use* **relic***.
reliquiæ* (Lat.), relics, is *plural*; abbr. **rel**.
reliure (Fr. f.), binding.
rel/y*, *not* -ie; -ied*, -ying*.
rem., remarks.
remainder (typ.), that part of an edition which is unsaleable at its original price.
remark*, *not* -que (*see also* **proofs of engravings**).
Rembrandt, 1607-69, Du. painter.
remercîment (Fr. m.), thanks, *not* -iement.
rem/ex* (Lat.), wing quill feather; *pl.* -iges*.
Reminiscere Sunday, the second in Lent.
remissible*, capable of being forgiven.
remit/*, -tance*, -ter*.
remonstrator*, *not* -er.
rémoulade (Fr. f.), salad dressing, *not* remol-
removable*, *not* -eable.

remplissage (Fr. m.), padding.

Rémusat (C. F. M., comte de), 1797-1875, Fr. writer; — (J. P.), 1788-1832, Fr. Chinese scholar.

Renaissance* (the), *not* -ascence (cap.).

renard, the fox, *use* **rey**-*.

rendezvous*, *sing.* and *pl.* (one word, *not* ital.).

rendible*, translatable.

renom/**é** (Fr.), *fem.* -**ée**, celebrated.

Renouf (Sir Peter le Page), 1822-97, Egyptol.

renouncement*.

renovator*, *not* -er.

rentes/(Fr.f.), independent income, also gov. stocks; — **sur l'État**, interest on Government loans.

rentier (Fr.), *fem.* -**ière**, one whose income is derived from investments.

renvoi (Fr. m.), dismissal, adjournment; (law) sending before another court; (typ.) a reference mark.

reometer, *use* **rhe**-*.

reopen* (one word).

reorganize*, *not* -ise (one word).

rep., report, -er, representative, republic, -an.

rep*, a fabric, *not* repp.

rep/air*, -arable*, -aration*.

repartee* (*not* ital.).

repartir (Fr.), to reply, to start again.

répartir (Fr.), to divide.

repel*, -led, -lence, -lent, -ler*.

repertoire* (*not* ital.).

repertorium*(Lat.), a catalogue.

repetatur (Lat.), let it be repeated; abbr. **repet**.

repetitorium (Lat.), a summary.

replaceable*, *not* -cable.

replica/*, a duplicate by

the artist himself; *pl.* -**s** (*not* ital.).

repli/**er***, -**eth**, *not* reply-.

réplique (Fr. f.), a reply.

report/*, -**er***, abbr. **rep**.

repoussé* (*not* ital.).

repp, *use* **rep***.

repr., representing.

reprehensible*, *not* -able.

representable*, *not* -ible.

representative*, abbr. **rep**.

Representatives(House of), lower division of U.S.A. Congress (caps.).

repress/*, -**er***, -ible*.

reprint* (typ.), a second or a new impression or edition of any printed work; a re-impression. Printed matter taken from some other publication for reproduction. Also printed "copy" (one word); abbr. **R.P.** (*see also* title pages).

repris/**e***, -**al***, *not* -ize.

reprize, to prize anew.

reproducible*.

reproof*, a rebuke.

reprove*, to condemn.

republic/*, -**an***, abbr. **R.**

République française (l.c. f), French Republic;

abbr. **R.F.**

repudiator*.

reputable*.

requiem/* (R.C.C.), the Mass for the dead; *pl.* -**s**.

requies/**cat in pace** (Lat.), may he, or she, rest in peace, abbr. **R.I.P.**, *pl.*

-**cant** — —; -**cit** — —, he, or she, rests in peace.

reredos/*, *not* -dorse, -dosse, *rerdos*; *pl.* -**es**.

reremouse, *use* **rear**-*.

res., reserve, resides, -ence, resigned.

res/(Lat.), a thing or things; — **adjudicata**, a matter already decided; —

angusta domi, scanty means at home.

rescuable*.
 reserve*, abbr. res.
 Reserve* (Army)(caps.).
 reserv/er, in law -or.
 reservist, *not* -eist.
res gestæ (Lat. *pl.*), things done, matters of fact.
 resid/es, -ence, abbr. r., or res.
 residu/um, *pl.* -a.
 resigned, abbr. res.
 resin; rosin only for mus. instruments.
 resist/ance, -ant, *not* -ence, -ent.
res| judicata (Lat.), a thing already decided; — *nihili*, a nonentity.
 resolv/able, -er.
 resonator.
 resource, in Fr. f. *ress-*.
 resp., respondent.
resp. (Ger.), *respektiv*, or. respecter.
 respirator, *not* -er.
 response mark (typ.), R.
 respons/ible, in Fr. -able.
res publica (Lat.), public property (two words).
res publica (Lat.), the commonwealth (one word).
restaurateur (Fr. m.), restaurant-keeper.
 Restigouche River, New Brunswick.
 restor/able, -ator.
 Restoration (the) (cap.).
 resum/e, -able.
 résumé, a summary (not ital.).
 resuscitat/e, -or.
 Reszke (Édouard de), 1856-; — (Jean de), 1853-, Polish singers.
 ret (typ.), the second side of a sheet.
 ret., retired.
 retable, the super-altar.
 retail, sell *by*, *not* at or to.
 retd., returned.
 retin/a, *pl.* -æ.
 retired, abbr. ret.
 retraceable.

retract/able, -ability, *not* -ible, -ibil-.
 retractor, *not* -er.
 retreat/er.
 retree, the slightly damaged paper of different reams marked x x, 10 % less than "good." Distinct from "outsides," or "broken," marked x x x.
 retriever, a dog.
retroussé (Fr.), turned up.
 returned, abbr. retd.
 Reubens, *use* Ru-.
 reunion, a social gathering; in Fr. f. *réunion*.
 Réunion (Île de), Indian Ocean.
 Reuter, *pron.* roy' tr.
 Rev., Book of Revelation, Reverend, Review.
 rev., revenue, reverse, revise, -ed, -sion, revolution, -s.
réveil (Fr. m.), an awaking, a morning call.
 réveill/é, morning call to troops; *pron.* re-vāl'ye (not ital.).
réveillon (Fr. m.), a midnight repast on Xmas eve.
 revell/, -led, -ler, -ling.
 Revelation (Book of the), *not* -ions; abbr. Rev.
revenons à nos moutons (Fr.), let us return to our subject.
 revenue, abbr. rev.
 Reverend, abbr. The Rev.; *pl.* Revs.
 reverie, *not* -y.
revers (Fr. dress. m.), the front turned back showing the inner surface.
 reverse, abbr. rev.
 reversi, a game, *not* ri-.
 reversible, *not* -able.
 reverso (typ.), the left-hand page of an open book; generally bearing the even numbers; usual abbr. v°, or verso (no point).
rêveu/r (Fr.), *fem.* -se, a day-dreamer.

REVIDIEREN — RIB

revidieren (Ger.), to revise.
Review, abbr. **Rev.**
Reviews (titles of) (typ.),
 when cited, to be roman
 double-quoted.
revise (typ.), a second or
 subsequent proof; abbr.
rev.
revis/e, -able, -ing.
revis/e, -ed, -ion, abbr.
rev.
Revised/ Statutes, abbr.
R.S., or **Rev. Stat.**; —
Version (the) (caps.),
 abbr. **R.V.**, or **Rev. Ver.**
Revisionsbogen (Ger.
 typ. m.), revised proof-
 sheet (cap.).
revived old-style type,
see old-style type.
reviv/er, in law -or.
revoir (à) (Fr.), to be re-
 vised.
revoir! (au), till we meet
 again! (not ital.)
revo/ke, -cable, -cation.
Revolution (the), Amer.
 1775-83, Eng. 1688-9,
 Fr. 1789-95, 1830, 1848,
 1870 (cap.).
revolution/, -s, abbr. **rev.**
revolutionize, *not* -ise.
Revs., Reverends.
Rev. Stat., Revised
 Statutes.
"Revue/Bleue," "— des
Deux Mondes," Fr. f.
 periodicals.
Rev. Ver., Revised Version.
rex (Lat.), king; abbr. **R.**
Reykjavik, *not* Reiki-
reynard, the fox, *not* ren-
rez-de-chaussée (Fr. m.),
 the ground floor (hyphens).
R.F., *République française*
 (Fr. Republic).
Rf. (paper), rough finish.
rf., *see* **rinforzando**.
R.F.A., Royal Field Artil-
 lery.
R.G.A., Royal Garrison
 Artillery, — Guernsey
 Artillery; **R.G.S.**, —
 Geographical Society.

R.H.*, Royal Highness;
Rh, rhodium; **r.h.**, right
 hand; **R.H.A.**, Royal
 Hibernian Academy, —
 Horse Artillery.
rhabdomancy*, *not* ra-
Rhæt/ia, -ian, -ic, of Aus-
 Tyrol, *not* Ræ-, Rhe-
rhapsodize, *not* -ise.
rhatany* (bot.), *not* rat-
Rheims, *use* Reims.
Rhein (Ger. m.), the Rhine.
"Rheingold (Das),"
 opera by Wagner, 1869.
"Rheinisches Museum
für Philologie," a Ger.
 periodical.
rheometer (elec.), *not* reo-
rhet., rhetoric.
R.H.G., Royal Horse
 Guards.
rhinoceros/, *pl.* -es.
R.H.M.S., Royal Hiber-
 nian Military School.
Rhode Island, off. abbr.
R.I.
Rhodesia, S. Afr.; *pron.*
 rō-dee'zia.
rhodium, symbol **Rh.**
rhododendron/, *pl.* -s.
rhomb/us (geom.), *pl.* -i.
Rhondda Valley, Glam.
Rhone, dep. and river; in
 Fr. Rhône.
R.H.S., Royal Historical
 Society, — Horticultural
 —, — Humane —.
rhumb (naut.), *not* ru-
rhym/e, to versify; -er (*see*
also rime).
Rhÿs (Sir John), 1840-
 philologist; *pron.* reece.
rhythm.
R.I., Rhode Island (off.
 abbr.), Royal Institute of
 Painters in Water-Col-
 ours, Royal Institution;
R.I.A., Royal Irish
 Academy; **R.I.A.M.**,
 ditto of music.
Rialto, Venice (cap.).
riant/ (Fr.), *fem.* -e, cheer-
 ful, agreeable to the eye.
rib/, -bed, -bing.

R.I.B.A., Royal Institute of British Architects.
ribbon, *not* -and, *riband*.
R.I.C., Royal Irish Constabulary.
Ricardo (**David**), 1772-1823, Eng. economist.
Richelieu (**Cardinal**), 1585-1642, Fr. statesman.
Richepin (**Jean**), 1849-, Fr. writer.
Richey (**Sir J. B.**), 1833- (*see also* **Ritchie**).
Richter (**Hans**), 1843-, musical conductor; — (**J. P. F.**), 1763-1825, Ger. writer.
rickets, a bone disease.
rickety, *not* -tty.
rickshaw, abbr. of *jinricksha**.
ricochet/, -ted, -ting (not ital.).
rid/, -ded, -ding.
ride, -eable, -den, -ing.
rider (typ.), additional MS. added to a proof.
ridg/e, -y.
Ries (Ger. n.), a ream (cap.).
Riesling, a Rhine wine.
Rievaulx Abbey, Yorks, *not* Riv-; *pron.* riv'ers.
rifaciment/o (It.), a re-making; *pl.* -i.
riff-raff (hyphen).
rifl/e, -ing.
right (theat.), abbr. **R.**; — ascension, abbr. **R.A.**; — -hand/, adj., -ed (hyphens); — -hand pages (typ.), the recto pages usually with odd folios.
Right Reverend (for Bishops only), abbr. **The Right Rev.**
Rigi, Switz., *not* -hi.
rigor (med.), *not* -our.
rigor mortis (Lat.), stiffening of death (not ital.).
rigorous, *not* rigour-.
rigour, severity, *not* -or.
Rigsdag, Dán. Parliament.
Rig-Veda, Sanskrit religious book (caps., hyphen).

rillev/o (It.), raised or embossed work, *not* re-; *pl.* -i.
R.I.M., Royal Indian Marine.
rim/, -med, -ming.
rima (It.), verse.
rim/e, hoar-frost; -y (*see also* rhyme).
rinderpest, pleuro-pneumonia in cattle (one word).
rinforz/ando, -ato (It. mus.), with more emphasis; abbr. *rf.*, or *rinf.*
"Ring der Nibelungen (Der)", by Wagner, 1876.
Ringsend, Dublin.
Ringwood, Hants.
Ringwould, Dover.
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, *not* Rio Janeiro.
Rio Tinto, S. Spain.
R.I.P.*, *Requiescat* (or -ant) in pace (may he, she (or they) rest in peace!).
ripost, a retort, *not* -te.
rippl/e, -y.
Rippmann (Prof. Walter), 1869-, educationist.
"Rip Van Winkle", by Washington Irving, 1820 (three caps.).
ris de veau (Fr. cook. m.), sweetbread.
rises, abbr. **r.**
risible, etc., *not* -able.
risqu/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, risky, indelicate.
rissole, minced meat fried in batter (not ital.).
rissoié (Fr. cook.), well-browned.
ritardando (It. mus.), slower; abbr. *rit.*, or *ritard.*
Ritchie (Rt. Hon. C. T.), 1838-1905, statesman; — (**Sir J. T.**), 1835- (*see also* **Richey**).
ritenuto (It. mus.), slower; abbr. *riten.*
Ritualist (cap.); -ic (not cap.).
Riukiu Isles, *use* Loochoo —.
Riv., river.

rival/, -led, -ling.
Rivaulx, *see* Rie-.
Rivaz (Sir C.), 1845-.
rivel/, to corrugate; -led, -ling.
River (typ.), when with name to have cap., as Yellow River, River Dart; abbr. **R.**, or **Riv.**
river-side (hyphen).
Rivesaltes, a Fr. wine
rivet/, -ed, -er, -ing.
Riviera, S. France.
Rivière (Briton), 1840-, painter.
rivière (Fr. f.), river, (of diamonds) collar.
rix-dollar, a European coin 2/6-4/6, *not* ricks- (hyphen); abbr. **Rx.**
riz (Fr. m.), rice.
Rizzio (David), d. 1566, favourite of Mary, Q. of Scots, *not* Ricc-.
R.J.A., Royal Jersey Artillery; **R.J.L.I.**, ditto Light Infantry; **R.J.M.**, ditto Militia.
R.L.O., Returned Letter Office (*formerly* Dead — —).
R.M., Resident Magistrate, Royal Mail, — Marines; **rm.**, ream; **R.M.A.**, Royal Marine Artillery, — Military Academy (Woolwich), — — Asylum; **R.M.C.**, — Military College (Sandhurst); **R.Met.S.**, — Meteorological Society; **R.M.L.I.**, — Marine Light Infantry; **R.M.S.**, — Mail Service; — — Steamer, — Microscopical Society.
R.N.*, Royal Navy; **R.N.A.V.**, — Naval Artillery Volunteers; **R.N.R.**, — Naval Reserve; **R.N.V.**, — Naval Volunteer (Reserve).
R.O., Receiving Office, -r, Relieving Officer, Returning —, Royal Observatory.

ro., rood.
r° (typ.), recto.
Road (typ.), *after* name to be cap., as Fulham Road; in journalism, hyphen and lower-case *r* usual, as Fulham-road; abbr. **Rd.**
road/side, -stead, -way (no hyphen).
roan (binding), a soft and flexible sheepskin, often imitating morocco.
roast (to rule the), to exercise leadership, *not* roost.
Robartes (Baron), fam. name Agar-Robartes.
Robben Island, S. Africa.
Robbia (Luca della), 1399-1482, sculptor.
robbin (E. Ind.), a package.
robe de/ chambre (Fr. f.), morning-gown; — — **cour**, Court-dress.
Robert College, Constantinople.
Robespierre (M. M. J.), 1758-94, Fr. politician.
robin, the bird (*see also robbin*).
Robin/ Goodfellow, a sprite (caps.); — **Hood's Bay**, a town, Yorks (apos., three words).
robin redbreast*.
"Robinson Crusoe," by Defoe, 1719.
Rob Roy, 1671-1734, Sc. outlaw (caps., two words).
roburite, an explosive.
roc, a fabulous bird, *not* rock, rok, ruc, ruck, rukh.
Roch (St.), *pron.* rök.
Roche, *pron.* rōsh.
Rochefoucauld, *see* La—. **roches moutonnées** (geol.) (not ital.).
rochet, a linen garment, *not* -ette, rotchet.
Rock (the), Gibraltar.
Rockefeller (J. D.), 1840-, Amer. millionaire.
"Rock of Ages" (caps.).
rod, abbr. **r.**

Rod (Édouard), 1857-, Fr. writer.
Rodd (Sir Rennell), 1858-, writer.
Roderic, the last of the Goths, *not* -ick.
Rodin (Auguste), 1840-, Fr. sculptor.
rodomontade, *not* rh-.
roebuck (one word).
roe-deer (hyphen).
Roffen., signature of Bp. of Rochester (point).
Rogation Sunday, that before Ascension Day.
Roget (P. M.), 1779-1869, wrote "Thesaurus."
rognons (Fr. m.), kidneys.
Rohilkhand, N.W. India, *not* Rohilc-, -und.
Rohlfs (Anna K. G.), 1846-, Amer. writer.
roi fainéant (Fr.), do-nothing king.
roisterer, *not* roy-.
rok, *use* roc.
Rokitansky (K. baron von), 1804-78, anatomist.
rôle, in Fr. m. *rôle*.
roll-call (hyphen).
Rolleston (George), 1829-81, anatomist.
roly-poly, a pudding, *not* roley-poley, rolley-polley, roly-polly, rowley-powley.
Rom., Roman, Romance, Romans (Epistle to the).
Romaic, modern Greek.
Roman/-ism, -ist (caps.).
roman (typ.), this style of type, or ordinary as distinct from fancy and ital. (*not* cap.); in Ger. *Antiqua*.
Roman Catholic (caps.), abbr. R.C.; — Church (caps.), abbr. R.C.C.
Romanée-Conti, a red Burgundy wine.
romanize, *not* -ise.
roman numerals, *see* numerals (roman).
Romanov, reigning house of Russia, *not* -of, -off.

Romans (the Epistle to the); abbr. Rom.
Romansch, Rhæto-roman.
Romany, a gipsy, *not* -nny, -mmany (cap.).
Romney (George), 1734 (O.S.)-1802, painter.
Romsey, Hants.
ronde (typ.), an upright angular form of script, as this.
rondeau, a form of poem; *pl.* -x.
rondo (mus.), a movement.
rone, a water-pipe.
Röntgen (Julius), 1855-, composer; — (W. K. von), 1845-, discovered röntgen rays.
rood, abbr. ro.
rook (chess), abbr. R, also a bird.
Rooke (Sir George), 1650-1709, Eng. admiral.
Roosevelt (Theodore), 1858-, Amer. Pres. 1903-; *pron.* rōz'-felt.
roost (to rule the), *use* roast.
rop/e, -y.
Roquefort, a Fr. cheese.
rorqual, a whale.
Rosalind, in "As You Like It," and Spenser's "Shepherd's Calendar."
Rosaline, in "Love's Labour's Lost," "Romeo and Juliet."
Roscher (Wilhelm), 1817-94, economist.
Roscommon, Ireland.
ros/e, -y.
rose (Fr. m.), pink colour; (f.) a rose; *couleur de* —, roseate, attractive.
Rosebery (Earl of), 1847-, *not* -berry, -bury.
rosemary, *not* rosm-.
Rosencrantz and Guildenstern, in "Hamlet."

Rosenkranz (J. K. F.),
1805-79, Ger. metaph.

Rosentreter, a chess opening.

rose/-water, -wood (hyphens).

rosin (mus.), for stringed instruments, *not re-*.

Rosinante, Don Quixote's steed.

Roskilde (treaty of).

Roslin Chapel (*see also* Rosslyn).

Rosmead (Baron).

Rosny (J. H.), Fr. writer.

Rosolio, a red wine of Malta, *not -oglio, -oli*.

Ross (Sir James Clark),
1800-62; — (Sir John),
1777-1856, Arctic explorers.

Rosse (Earl of), *pron.* rös.

Rossend Castle, Fife.

Rossetti (Christina Georgina),
1830-94, poetess; — (Dante Gabriel),
1828-82, poet, painter; — (Gabriele),
1783-1854, poet, writer; — (William Michael),
1829-, writer.

rossignol (Fr. m.), nightingale.

Rosslyn (Earl of) (*see also* Roslin).

Ross-shire (hyphen).

Rostand (Edmond),
1868-, Fr. dramatist.

roster, a list of persons, etc.

rostrum, *pl.* -a (not ital.).

rosy, *not -ey*.

rot/, -ted, -ting.

rôt/ (Fr. m.), meat roasted on a spit; *pl.* -s (not ital.).

rota/, list of persons; *pl.* -s. rotary, *not* rotatory.

rotator/, *pl.* -s.

rotatory, *use* rotary.

Rothamsted, agricultural station.

Rothe (Richard), 1799-1867, Ger. theol.

Roths (Earl of), *pron.* rôth'iz.

Roth/schild (typ.), divide, if necessary, at stroke.

rôt/ (Fr. m.), roast meat.

rotifer/ (zool.), *pl.* -s; *rotifera* (Lat.) is *plural*.

rôtir (Fr. cook.), to roast.

rotondo (It. typ.), roman type.

rotor (math.), a vector of definite position.

rottenstone (one word).

Rottingdean, Sussex (one word).

rotund/a, *not -o*; *pl.* -as.

rotur/er (Fr.), *fem.* -ère, of mean birth.

Roubiliac (L. F.), 1695-1762, sculptor; *not -lliac*.

rouble, Russ. silver coin about 2s. 1½d. Eng., *not ru-*; abbr. R.

roué, a debauchee (notital.).

rouelle de veau (Fr. f.), fillet of veal.

rouge et noir (Fr. m.), red and black, a game of chance (three words).

rouget (Fr. m.), red mullet.

rough, to trump, *not ruff*.

rough/-and-ready (adj.),
— -dry, — -hew, — -rider, — -shod (hyphens).

rouleau/ (Fr. m.), a roll of money, roller, scroll; *pl.* -x.

Roumania/, -n, *use* Rum-.

Roumelia/, -n, *use* Rum-.

roundabout (one word).

round-robin, a petition (hyphen).

Rouse (W. H. D.), 1863-, writer; *pron.* rows.

Rousse (Edmond), 1817-, Fr. writer.

Rousseau (J.-B.), 1670-1741, Fr. poet; — (J.-J.),
1712-78, writer; — (P. E. T.), 1812-67, Fr. painter.

Roussillon, a red wine.

rout (verb).

rowan, the mountain-ash.

rowel/, -led, -ling.

rowen, the aftermath.
rowley-powley, *use* roly-poly.

rowlock (naut.), *not* roll, rull-; *pron.* rôl'uk.

Roxburgh, Scotland.

roxburghe binding, a plain leather back, no raised bands, lettered in gold near the top, cloth or paper sides, leaves gilt at top, otherwise unopened (not cap.).

Roxburghe/ (Duke of); — Club.

Royal/ (cap.), abbr. R.; —Academ/y, —-ician, —Artillery, abbr. R.A.; —Highness, R.H.

royal paper, printing, 25 x 20 in.; royal/ folio, 20 x 12 $\frac{1}{2}$; — quarto, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 10; — octavo, 10 x 6 $\frac{1}{4}$; — writing, 24 x 19 (*see also* books, folio, paper).

Royal Society, abbr. R.S.
roysterer, *use* roi-.

R.P., Reformed Presbyterian, reprint, (Fr.) *Révérend Père* (Reverend Father); R.P.D., *Rerum Politicarum Doctor* (Doctor of Political Science), Regius Prof. of Divinity; R.P.E., Reformed Protestant Episcopal; r.p.m., revolutions per minute.

rr., *rarissime* (very rarely); R.R.C., Royal Red Cross (for ladies).

R.S., Revised Statutes, Royal Society; Rs, rupees; r.s., right side; R.S.A., Royal Scottish Academy; R.S.A.F., Royal Small Arms Factories; R.S.C., Rules of the Supreme Court (Ire.); R.S.E., Royal Society, Edinburgh; R.S.L., ditto London (usually R.S. only); R.S.M., Regimental Serjeant-Major;

R.S.N.A., Royal Society of Northern Antiquaries; R.S.O., railway sub-office; R.S.P.C.A., Royal Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (*see also* N.S.P.C.C.); R.S.S., *Regiæ Societatis Sodalis* (Fellow of the Royal Society); R.S.V.P.*, *répondez s'il vous plait* (please reply) (not to be used in writings in the third person); R.S.W.S., Royal Scottish Water-Colour Society.

R.T., received text; Rt. Hon., Right Honourable; Rt. Rev., Right Reverend (of a bishop); R.T.S., Religious Tract Society, Royal Toxophilite Society; R.T.Y.C., Royal Thames Yacht Club.

R.U., Rugby Union; Ru, ruthenium.

"Rubáiyát (The)," by Omar Khayyám.

Rubens (Peter Paul), 1577-1640, painter, *not* Reu-.

rubican, a horse flecked with white or grey.

rubicel, a variety of ruby.

Rubicon (to cross the), to take an irrevocable step (cap.).

rubicund, red.

rubidium, symbol Rb.

ruble, *use* rouble.

rubric (typ.), letters in red; rubricate (typ.), to print in red.

ruby (typ.), a size of type thirteen lines to the inch, and five and a half point, as this.

ru/c, -ck, -kh, *use* roc.

ruche (Fr. dress. f.), a quilling or frilling, *not* rou-.

rud, *use* rudd.

rudd, a fish, *not* rud.

Rüdesheimer, a Rhine wine.

RUE — RUYSDAEL

rue, rueful, ruing.

R.U.E. (theat.), right upper entrance.

ruff, a bird; *fem.* reeve.

ruff, to trump, *use* rough.

ruffe, a fish.

rug/a (Lat.), a wrinkle; *pl.* -æ.

Ruhmkorff (H.D.), 1803-77, electrician; — coil.

R.U.I., Royal University of Ireland.

ruin/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, ruined, spoiled.

rul/e, -able, -ing, -y.

rule (typ.),

dotted,;

double, =====;

em, —;

en, —;

French, —●—;

metal, the em rule, or various lengths;

parallel, =====;

single, ————;

total, =====;

waved, ~~~~~.

“Rule, Britannia!” (comma).

rule-work (typ.), composition with many rules, as in tabular matter (hyphen).

rum/, -my.

Rumania/, -n, *not* Rou-

rumb, *use* rh-.

Rumelia/, -n, *not* Rou-

uminator, *not* -er.

run (naut.), deserted; abbr. R.

Runeberg (J. L.), 1804-77, Sw. poet.

runic (typ.), a plain style of type with lines of almost equal thickness, as this; abbr. R.

runn rs (typ.), figures or letters placed down the margin of a page to identify the lines.

Runnimead, on the Thames.

running/ head-line, or —

title (typ.), the one on the head margin continued from page to page (*see also* head-lines).

run on/ (typ.), to have no break: no new paragraph; — — solid, to continue without break or leads.

run out and indent (typ.), the first line to be full out, and the subsequent lines indented, as on this page.

rupee, sign **R**, *pl.* **Rs**; tens of rupees, **Rx**; (typ.), sign to be placed before the figures and close up (*see also* lac).

Rupert's Land (Bp. of). ruralize, *not* -ise.

rus/é (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, artful.

ruse de guerre (Fr. f.), a war stratagem.

R.U.S.I., Royal United Service Institution.

rus in urbe (Lat.), the country within a town.

Russ., Russia, -n.

Russel (Alexander), 1814-76, a well-known editor of the “Scotsman.”

russel-cord, a fabric.

Russell (Earl); also fam. name Dukes of Bedford.

russet/, -ed, -ing, -y.

russia leather (binding), is reddish-brown in colour and scented, genuine made only in Russia (not cap.).

Russia/, -n, abbr. **Russ.**; (typ.) 36 letters, both caps. and smalls of special character and form.

Rustchuk, Bulgaria.

rut/, -ted, -ting, -ty.

Ruth (the Book of), abbr. Ruth.

ruthenium, symbol Ru.

Ruthven (Baron), *pron.* rívn'.

Ruwenzori, mountain, Cent. Africa.

Ruy Lopez, chess opening. Ruysdael (Jakob), 1628-82, Dutch painter.

R.V., Revised Version, Rifle
Volunteers; **R.V.C.**,
Rifle Volunteer Corps;
R.V.C.I., Royal Veter-
inary College of Ireland;
R.V.S.V.P., *répondez*
vite, s'il vous plaît (please
reply quickly).
R.W., Right Worshipful,
— Worthy.

Rx., rix-dollar.
₹x, tens of rupees (no
point).
Rye-house Plot, 1682-3
(one hyphen, two caps.).
Ryley (**Madeleine**
Lucette), actress and
playwright.
R.Y.S., Royal Yacht
Squadron (a club).

S

- S.**, Sabbath, Saint, school, series, Signor, Society, soprano, south, -ern, Southern postal district of London, sun, Sunday, surplus, all proper names with this initial, the eighteenth in a series, (Fr.) *saint* (saint), (Ger.) *Sankt* (saint), *Seite* (page), *Süd* (south), (Lat.) *sepultus* (buried), *socius* or *sodulis* (Fellow), (It. mus.) *sinistra* (left hand).
- S** (chem.), sulphur, (math.) scalar.
- (S.)**, Socialist.
- s.**, second, -s (of time), section, see, set, shilling, -s, sign, -ed, singular, solo, son, spherical, stem, substantive, succeeded, (Fr.) *siècle* (century), *sud* (south), (Ger.) *siehe* (see), (Lat.) *semi* (half), *solidus* (shilling), (meteor.) *stratus* cloud, (naut.) snow.
- 's**, abbr. for Du. *des* (of the), as 's Gravenhage (The Hague).
- §** (It. mus.), the repeat mark.
- \$**, the dollar mark; (typ.) to be *before*, and close up to, the figures.
- ∫** (math.), sign of integration.
- Σ** (Gr.) (math.), sum.
- S.A.**, the Salvation Army, South Africa, -n.
- s.a.** (Lat.), *sine anno* (without date).
- S.A.A.A.**, Scottish Amateur Athletic Association.
- Sabaoth** (Scrip.), armies.
- Sabbatarian**, -ism (caps.).
- Sabbath** (the) (cap.); abbr. **S**.
- sabretache**, bag for cavalry, *not* -tash, -tasche.
- Sabreur** (Le Beau), Joachim Murat, 1767-1815.
- saccharimeter**, *not* -om-.
- Sacheverell** (Henry), 1672-1724, High Church rector.
- Sachs** (Hans), 1494-1576, Ger. poet; — (Julius), 1832-97, Ger. botanist (*see also* **Sax**, **Saxe**).
- Sachsen**, Ger. n. for Saxony.
- sackcloth** (one word).
- sacque**, a loose coat.
- sacr/é** (Fr.), *fem.* -ée, sacred.
- sacrilegious**, *not* sacre-, -eous.
- Saffron-Walden**, Essex (hyphen).
- saga**, Scand. myth. ; *pl.* -s.
- sagesse** (Fr. f.), wisdom.
- Saghalién Island**, *use* **Sakhalin** —.
- sagou** (Fr. m.), sago.
- sahib** (Ind.), master ; *fem.* -ah, or *mem-sahib*.
- S.A.I.** (Fr.), *Son Altesse Impériale* (His, or Her, Imperial Highness); *pl.* **SS.AA.II.**
- saignant**, f. -e (Fr. cook.), underdone.
- sailcloth** (one word).
- sailed**, abbr. **sld**.
- Sailors' Home**, *not* -'s.
- sainfoin** (bot.), *not* saint-.
- Saint**, abbr. **S.**, or **St.**; in alphabetical arrangement always place under Saint, *not* under St-; (typ.) **St** should not end line. In Fr. small **s** and space after, if relating to the person of a saint, as saint Jean, but cap. **S** and

Saint (*cont.*).

hyphen if relating to the name of a place or person or saint's day: as Saint-Étienne, Sainte-Beuve, la Saint-Barthélemy. Fr. abbr. *S.*, *fem.* *Ste.*, for the persons of saints; *St.*, *fem.* *Ste.*, for names of places, of persons, or of saints' days. In Ger. *Sankt*, abbr. *S.*, *pl.* *SS.*

St. Albans (Bp. of).

St. Andrew's Cross, *x*.

St. Andrews, Dunkeld, and Dunblane (Bp. of) (no apos.); St. Andrew's Day, 30 Nov.; St. Andrews University (no apos.); St. Anne's Day, 26 July; St. Annes-on-Sea, Lancs (hyphens, no apos.); St. Anthony's fire, erysipelas; St. Aubin's, Jersey (apos.); St. Barnabas' Day, 11 June; [St.] Bartholomew Day, 24 August; St. Bees, Cumberland (no apos.); St. Clement's Day, 23 Nov.; St. David's, Fife, Pembroke, and Bp. of (apos.); St. Denis' Day, 9 Oct.; St. Dunstan's Day, 19 May; Saint-Émilion, a claret; Saint-Estèphe, a claret; Saint-Étienne, dép. Loire; St. George's Channel (apos.); St. Gothard, Switz., *not* Gott-; St. Helens, Dur, Lancs, I. of Wight (no apos.); St. Ives, Corn, Hunts (no apos.); St. James's/ Day, 25 July; — — Palace, Park, Square, Street, etc. (-s's); St. John, cap. N. Brunswick; as proper name, *pron.* sin'jin; St. John's, Newfoundland, Quebec; St. John's

College, Ox., and Camb. (apos.); St. John's Wood, London (three words, apos.); St. John the Baptist's Day, 24 June; ditto Evangelist's Day, 27 Dec.; Saint-Julien, a claret; Saint-Just (L. A. L. F. de), 1767-94, Fr. writer; St. Katharine's (of Alexandria) Day, 25 Nov.; St. Lambert's Day, 17 Sept.; St. Lawrence's Day, 10 Aug.; St. Leonards, Hastings (no apos.); St. Luke's/ Day, 18 Oct.; — — little summer, fine weather between 18 Oct. and 11 Nov.; St. Margaret's Day, 20 July; St. Mark's Day, 25 April; St. Martin's summer, begins about 11 Nov.; St. Mary Abbot, Kensington; St. Mary Church, Torquay (three words); St. Matthew's Day, 21 Sept.; St. Matthias's Day, 24 Feb. (-s's); St. Maur, family name of Duke of Somerset, *pron.* se-mor'; St. Michael and All Angels' Day, 29 Sept.; St. Michael's, Azores (apos.); Mount Saint Michael, Cornwall; Mont - Saint - Michel, Fr. (hyphens); St. Neot, Corn; St. Neots, Hunts (no apos.); St. Nicolas, patron of Russia, also town in Belgium; St. Olaf, patron of Norway; St. Patrick's Day, 17 Mar.; St. Paul de Loanda, W. Afr., *see* Loanda; St. Paul's, London; — — Day, 25 Jan. (apos.); St. Peter's, Rome (apos.); St. Peter's Day, 29 June (apos.); St.

SAINT — SAMOYED

- Philip and St. James's Day, 1 May; Saint-Pierre, a claret; Saint-Pierre (J. H. B. de), 1737-1814, Fr. writer (hyphen); St. Rollox, Glasgow; Saint-Saëns (C. C.), 1835-, Fr. composer (hyphen); St. Sepulchre (Church of); Saint-Simon (C. H., comte de), 1760-1825, founder of Fr. Socialism; — (L. de R., duc de), 1675-1755, Fr. writer (hyphen); St. Simon and St. Jude's Day, 28 Oct.; St. Stephen's Day, 26 Dec.; St. Swithin's Day, 15 July; St. Thomas's Day, 21 Dec.; St. Vitus's dance (-s's).
- Sainte - Beuve (C.-A.), 1804-69, French writer; Sainte-Claire Deville (H. É.), 1818-81, Fr. chemist (one hyphen).
- Saintsbury (Prof. G. E. B.), 1845-, writer.
- Sakandarabad, *use* Secunder-.
- sake*, a Japanese liquor, *not* -ké, -ki.
- Sakhalin Island, Siberia, *not* Saghalien —.
- sakieh*, Egyptian irrigating wheel, *not* -ceyeh, -ia.
- Sakyamuni, founder of Buddhism.
- salaam, *not* -lam.
- salade* (Fr. f.), salad.
- salam/e*, It. sausage, fool; *pl.* -i.
- sale* (Fr.), dirty.
- salé* (Fr. cook.), salted.
- saleable, *not* sala-.
- Salem, Madras, Mass. (U.S.A.).
- Salic, *not* -ique.
- salicylic acid.
- Salimpur, India.
- salle/* (Fr. f.), hall; — à manger, dining-room (not ital.); — *d'attente*, waiting-room.
- sally-lunn, a tea-cake (hyphen, not caps.).
- salmagundi, a medley, *not* -y.
- salmis* (Fr. cook. m.), a hash, *not* -mi.
- Salmon (George), 1819-1904, math. and theol.
- Salmond (S. D. F.), 1838-1905, theol.
- salmon/-parr, *not* -par; — -peal, a salmon under two pounds, *not* -peel.
- salon* (Fr. m.), reception-room, exhibition, fashionable society.
- Saloniki, Turkey, *not* -ica, -ika.
- Salop, abbr. for Shropshire (no point).
- Salpêtrière (La), hospital for the insane, Paris.
- salpicon* (Sp. m.), cold minced meat, *not* -çon.
- salsify (bot.), *not* -afy.
- salt-cellar (hyphen).
- Salt Lake City, Utah (caps., no hyphen).
- Saltoun (Baron).
- saltpetre (one word).
- saltus* (Lat.), a jump; *s.* and *pl.* the same.
- salutary, *not* -ory.
- salver, a tray (*see* salvor).
- Salvio gambit, a chess opening.
- salvo/, *pl.* -s, *not* -es.
- sal volatile, ammonium carb.; *pron.* sal-vō-lăt'i-lě.
- salvor, one who salves property, *not* -er (*see* salver).
- Salzkammergut, Austria.
- Sam., Samaritan, Samuel (1 and 2).
- samarium, symbol Sm.
- Samarkand, Turkestan, *not* -cand.
- Sambourne (E. Linley), 1845-, "Punch" artist.
- S. Amer., South America, -an.
- Samoyed, *not* -oied, -oide.

sampan, Chinese boat, *not* san-
sample, -ed, -ing.
Sampson (Dominie), in
 "Guy Mannering," *not*
 Samson.
Samurai, Japanese military
 class (*sing.* and *pl.*).
sanatori/um, *not* -arium ;
pl. -a.
sanatory, healing (*see also*
sanitary).
Sancho-Pedro, card game
 (caps., hyphen).
sanctum/, a retreat, *pl.*
 -s; — **sanctorum** (Lat.),
 a special retreat, *pl.*
sancta — (not ital.).
Sand (George, *not*
 Georges), Madame Dude-
 vant, 1804-76, Fr. writer.
sandal/, -led.
sandarach, a gum, *not* -ac,
 -ak.
Sandars Reader, Camb.
Sanday (Prof. W.), 1843-,
 theologian.
Sandeau (L. S. J.), 1811-
 83, Fr. writer.
Sanders (Daniel), 1819-,
 Ger. lexicographer.
sand-paper (hyphen).
sand/piper, a bird; -stone
 (one word).
Sandys, *pron.* sandz.
sang-de-bœuf (Fr. m.), a
 deep-red colour.
sang-froid, self-possession
 (hyphen, not ital.).
sangrar (Sp. typ.), to indent.
Sanhedrin, supreme Jew-
 ish council, *not* -im.
sanitary, healthy, *not* -ory
 (*see also* **sanatory**).
Sankt (Ger.), saint; abbr.
 S., *pl.* SS.
sannup (Amer.-Ind.), hus-
 band of a squaw, *not* -op.
sampan, *use sam-*.
sans/ (Fr.), without; —
appel, without appeal;
 — **cérémonie**, inform-
 ally; — **changer**, with-
 out changing.

Sanscrit, *use* Sansk-.
sans-culotte (Fr. m.),
 ragamuffin, a revolution-
 ist; in Eng. one word, cap.
sans doute (Fr.), without
 doubt.
Sansevieria (bot.).
sans/ façon (Fr.), inform-
 ally; — **faute**, without
 fail; — **gêne**, free-and-
 easy.
Sanskrit, *not* -crit, abbr.
 Skt.; (typ.) 34 con-
 sonants, 10 vowels, 4 diph-
 thongs, all special forms.
"Sans Pareil" (H.M.S.)
 (caps.).
sans/ pareil (Fr.), un-
 equalled; — **peine**, with-
 out difficulty; — **peur et**
sans reproche, fearless
 and blameless; — **phrase**,
 without circumlocution.
sans serif (typ.), a type
 without serifs, as this
 (two words).
sans/ souci (Fr.), without
 cares; — **tache**, stainless.
Santa (It.), female saint;
 abbr. **Sta.**
Santa Claus, *not* — Kl-.
Santa Fé, Argentina, New
 Mexico.
Santander, N. Spain (one
 word).
Santenot, a Burgundy wine.
Santos-Dumont (Alber-
 to), 1873-, aeronaut.
Saône/, Fr. river, *pron.* sôn;
 Haute- —, *dép.* (hy-
 phen); — **-et-Loire**,
dép. (hyphens).
"Sapho," novel by Daudet,
 opera by Gounod, 1851.
Sappho, 596 B.C.-?, poetess.
S.A.R. (Fr.), *Son Altesse*
Royale (His, or Her,
 Royal Highness); *pl.*
 SS.AA.RR.
Sar., Sardinia, -n.
Saragossa, Spain; in Sp.
 Zaragoza.
sarcenet, a fabric, *not* sars-.
sarcom/a (path.), *pl.* -ata.

SARCOPHAGUS — S.C.

sarcophag/us, *pl.* -i.
Sardinia, in It. Sardegna;
abbr. Sar.

Sardou (Victorien),
1831-, Fr. dramatist.

Sargeant (J.), writer.

Sarg/ent (J. S.), 1856-,
painter (*see also* -eant).

sari, Ind. female garment,
not -ee, -y.

sarsenet, *use* sarc-.

Sarum., signature of Bp. of
Salisbury (full point).

S.A.S., *Societatis Antiqua-*
riorum Socius (Fellow of
the Society of Antiquaries,
U.S.A.).

Saskatchewan (Bp. of).

sassafras (bot.), *not* sasse-.

Sassenach (Gael.), an
Englishman.

Sat., Saturday.

Satan (cap.).

satanic (not cap.).

sateen, a fabric, *not* satt-.

satiner (Fr.), to calender
paper.

· satinet, a fabric, *not* -ett.

satire, literary work, etc.
(*see also* satyr).

satirize, *not* -ise.

satrap/, *fem.* -ess, Pers.
viceroy.

Satsuma, Jap. pottery.

saturater, *not* -or.

Saturday, abbr. Sat.

satyr (class. myth.) (*see*
also satire).

sauce piquante (Fr. f.),
a sharp sauce.

Sauchiehall Street, Glas-
gow (two words).

saucisse (Fr. f.), fresh
pork sausage.

saucisson (Fr. m.), large,
highly-seasoned sausage.

Sauerkraut (Ger. n.),
chopped and fermented
cabbage (cap.).

saumon (Fr. m.), salmon.

Saumur, a champagne.

sauté (Fr.), lightly fried.

Sauterne, a white Bor-
deaux wine.

saue qui peut (Fr.), let
him save himself who can.
savanna, a plain.

Savannah, Georgia, *not*-a.
savant/, *pl.* -s; *fem.* -e, *pl.*
-es.

Savigny, a red Burgundy.

Savile/, family name of
Earl of Mexborough; —
(Baron); — Club, —
Row, London; — (Sir
Henry), 1549-1622,
founder of Savilian chairs
at Oxford, *not* -ille.

savings bank (no apos.).

savoir/-faire (Fr.), skill,
tact; — **-vivre**, good
breeding (hyphens).

Savonarola (G.), 1452-98,
It. religious reformer.

Savoyard, of Savoy.

Sax., Saxon, Saxony.

Sax (A. J.), 1814-94, in-
ventor of saxhorn (*see*
also Sachs, Saxe).

Saxe, in Ger. Sachsen.

Saxe (J. G.), 1816-87,
American writer; —
(Maurice), 1696-1750,
Fr. marshal (*see also*
Sachs, Sax).

Saxe/-Altenburg; —
-Coburg - Gotha, in
Ger. Sachsen- — - —;
— **-Meiningen**, —
-Weimar (hyphens).

saxhorn (one word).

Saxon/, -y, abbr. Sax.

Saye and Sele (Baron).

Sayyidpur, India.

S.B. (Amer.), Bachelor in
Science; Sb, *stibium*
(antimony); S.B.C.,
Southern Baptist Con-
vention.

S.C., South Carolina, Staff
Corps, Supreme Court,
(Lat.) *Senatus Consultum*
(a decree of the Senate),
(law) same case, (paper)
super-calendered; Sc.,
science, Scotch, Scots,
Scottish; Sc, scandium;
s.c. (typ.), small capitals;

- sc., scene, scruple ; **sc.**
(Lat.) *scilicet* (namely),
sculpsit (he, or she, carved,
or engraved, it).
- Scafell, highest Eng. moun-
tain, *not* -el, Scaw-.
- scagliola, imitation marble,
not scal-.
- scala, surg. instrument.
- Scala (La), theatre,
Milan.
- scalable, *not* -eable.
- scalar (math.), a real num-
ber ; symbol **S** (no point).
- scaler, one who, or that
which, scales.
- Scaliger (J. C.), 1484-
1558 ; — (J. J.), 1540-
1609, scholars, father and
son.
- scaliola, *use* scagl-.
- scallawag, a scapegrace,
not scala-, scally-.
- scallop *, a shell, also used
in cook. and dress., *not*
sco-, escalop.
- scan/, -ned, -ning.
- Scand., Scandinavia, -n.
- scandalize, *not* -ise.
- scandalum magnatum**
(Lat.), defamation of high
personages, *pl.* -a — ;
abbr. **scan. mag.**
- Scandinavia/, -n, abbr.
Scand.
- scandium, symbol **Sc.**
- S.C.A.P.A., Society for
Checking the Abuses of
Public Advertising.
- scape/goat, -grace (one
word).
- s.caps. (typ.), small cap-
itals.
- scarabæus, a beetle, *not*
-eus ; *pl.* -i.
- Scarborough, Yorks.
- Scarbrough (Earl of).
- scarecrow (one word).
- scarlatina, scarlet fever,
not scarlet-.
- Scarlett, family name of
Baron Abinger.
- scathe, to injure, *not* -ath ;
scathless, *not* -eless.
- Sc.B., *Scientiæ Baccalaureus*
(Bachelor of Science).
- Sc.D., *Scientiæ Doctor*
(Doctor of Science).
- scélérat** (Fr. m.), a
scoundrel.
- scen/a** (It., Lat.), scene
in a play or opera, *pron.*
shay'nă ; *It. pl.* -e, *Lat.*
pl. -æ.
- scenari/o, outline of a play,
pron. she-nar'io ; *pl.* -i.
- scène** (Fr. f.), scene, stage ;
en —, on the stage.
- "Scenes of Clerical
Life," by George Eliot,
1858, *not* from.
- sceptic, etc., *not* sk-.
- sch., schooner.
- Schadow (J. G.), 1764-
1850 ; — (Rudolph),
1786-1822, sculptors.
- Schäfer (E. A.), 1850-,
physiologist.
- Schaumburg-Lippe,
Ger. (hyphen).
- Scheele's-green (apos.,
hyphen).
- Scheffer (Ary), 1795-1858,
Fr. painter (*see also*
Schoe-).
- Scheherazade, the relater
in "The Arabian Nights."
- Scheldt, Dutch river.
- Schelling (F. W. J.),
1775-1854, metaph.
- schem/a** (Lat.), an outline ;
pl. -ata.
- scherz/o** (It. mus.), a play-
ful piece ; *pron.* skert'so,
pl. -i.
- Schiedam Schnapps**,
Holland gin (caps.).
- Schiehallion, Mt., Perth.
- Schiff** (Ger. typ. n.), gal-
ley (cap.).
- Schiller (J. C. F. von),
1759-1805, Ger. poet.
- Schimmelpenninck
(Mary Ann), 1788-1856,
writer.
- schipperke, a breed of
dogs ; *pron.* skip-er'kē.
- schirocco, *use* si-.

SCHLÄGER — SCOTICE

- Schläger** (Ger. m.), student's duelling sword (cap.).
- Schlagintweit**, a family of travellers.
- Schlagwort** (Ger. typ. n.), catchword (cap.).
- Schlechter** (C.), 1874-, chess player.
- Schleiermacher** (F. E. D.), 1768-1834, theol.
- "**Schlemihl** (Peter)," tale by Chamisso.
- Schliemann** (Heinrich), 1822-90, Ger. archæol.
- Schloss** (Ger. n.), a castle, lock; *pl.* **Schlösser** (cap.).
- Schluss** (Ger. m.), conclusion; — *folgt*, concluded in our next.
- Schmutztitel** (Ger. typ. m.), the half-title (cap.).
- Schnapps** (Du.), gin, *not* -aps.
- Schoeffer** (Peter), 1425-1502, printer (*see also* Sche-).
- scholium** (Lat.), a note; *pl.* -a, abbr. *schol.*
- Schomburgk** (Sir R. H.), 1804-65, traveller.
- school**, abbr. **S.**; — board (two words).
- school/boy**, -girl, -master, -mistress, -room (one word).
- schooner**, abbr. *sch.*
- Schopenhauer** (Arthur), 1788-1860, metaph.
- schottische**, dance, etc., *not* -ich, -ish.
- Schrift** (Ger. f.), type; -*setzer*, compositor; -*steller*, author (caps.).
- Schubart** (Daniel), 1739-91, Ger. poet.
- Schubert** (Franz P.), 1797-1828, composer.
- Schulze-Delitzsch** (H.), 1808-83, founder of Ger. People's Banks.
- Schumann** (Robert), 1810-56, composer.
- Schuyler** (E.), 1840-90, American writer; *pron.* sky'ler.
- Schuylkill**, Pennsylvania; *pron.* skool'kil.
- Schwalka** (F.), 1849-92, Amer. traveller.
- Schwann** (Theodor), 1810-82, cell theorist.
- schwanpan**, *use* *shw-*.
- Schwarzwald**, the Black Forest.
- Schweinfurt**, Bavaria.
- Schweinfurth** (G. A.), 1836-, Afr. traveller.
- Schweinfurth/-blue**, — -green, etc.
- Schweiz** (die), Ger. for Switzerland.
- Schwyz**, canton in Switz.
- sciagraph**, *use* *skia-*.
- science**, abbr. *Sc.*
- scienter** (Lat.), knowingly.
- scilicet** (Lat.), namely; abbr. *sc.*, or *scil.*
- scimitar***, *not* the many variations.
- Scinde**, Ind., *use* *Sind*.
- scintilla**, a trace.
- sciograph**, *use* *skia-*.
- scirocco**, *use* *si-*.
- scissel**, scrap metal, *not* -il, -ile, sizel.
- S.C.L.**, Student of Civil Law.
- Sclav**, etc., *use* *Sl-*.
- scollop**, *use* *sea-*.
- Scone**, Perth; *pron.* skoon.
- scone**, a soft cake, *not* scon, skon; *pron.* skön.
- score**, three-, four-, etc. (one word).
- scori/a**, slag; *pl.* -æ.
- Scot**, native of Scotland (*see also* Scott).
- Scot.**, Scotch, Scotland, Scottish.
- Scotch**, in Eng. and Amer., in Scotland usually Scots, or Scottish; abbr. *Sc.*, or *Scot*.
- scotch**, to cut, or notch.
- Scotchman**, in Eng. and Amer., in Sc. Scotsman.
- soot-free** (hyphen).
- scotice**, in a Sc. manner.

Scotland, abbr. Scot.; N.B. *not* to be used.

Scots/, in Scotland preferred to Scottish; abbr.

Sc.; — Greys, — Guards (no apos.).

Scotsman, in Scotland preferred to Scotchman.

Scott (Sir Walter), 1771-1832, writer.

Scotticism, a Sc. expression, *not* scoti-.

Scottish, *not* Scottish (as in Grove's "Dict."); abbr.

Sc., or Scot.

scow, a flat-bottomed boat, *not* skew, skow.

scrabbed eggs, *use* scrambled —.

scratch comma, short shilling mark /, formerly used as a comma.

scratch-cradle, a game, *use* cat's-cradle*.

scratched figures, *see* figures (scratched).

screw steamer, abbr. s.s.

scribes and Pharisees (cap. P).

scrips/it (Lat.), he, or she, wrote it; *pl. -erunt, or -ere*.

script (typ.), *type in imitation of handwriting, as this*.

script., Scripture, -al.

scriptori/um, a writing room; *pl. -a*.

Scriptures (the) (cap.).

scrivener's palsy (apos.).

scrot/um (anat.), *pl. -a*.

scruple, 20 grains; abbr. sc., sign \mathfrak{d} .

scrutator, a scrutineer.

scrutin/ d'arrondissement (Fr. m.), voting for a single candidate; — *de liste*, ditto group of candidates.

scrutinize, *not* -ise.

S.C.U., Scottish Cycling Union.

scud/o, It. coin about 4s. Eng.; *pl. -i*.

sculk, *use* sk-.

scull, oar, and form of rowing, *not* sk-.

sculp., sculptor, -ural, -ure.

sculps/it (Lat.), he, or she, engraved or carved it; *pl. -erunt, or -ere*; abbr.

sc., or sculps.

sculptures (titles of) (typ.), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.

Scutari, *not* Sk-.

scutcheon, *use* escut-*.

Seylla and Charybdis.

scymitar, *use* scim-*.

S.D., Senior Deacon; s.d., shillings, pence (not ital.);

s.d., sine die (indefinitely); sd. (books), sewed;

S. Dak., South Dakota

(offic. abbr.); S.D.F.,

Social Democratic Federation;

S.D.U.K., Society

for the Diffusion of Useful

Knowledge.

S.E., south-east, South-Eastern postal district of London, *Son Excellence* (Fr.) (His Excellency).

S/E., Stock Exchange.

S.É., (Fr.) *Son Eminence* (His Eminence).

Se, selenium.

sea, when with name, to be cap., as North Sea, Sea of Marmora.

seafar/er, -ing (one word).

Seafield (Earl of).

Seaford, Sussex.

Seaforde, Co. Down.

sea/-going, -gull, -kale (hyphens).

Seal, Sevenoaks.

Seale, Farnham, Surrey.

sea-level (hyphen).

sealing-wax (hyphen).

seamstress, *not* semp-.

séance, a sitting (not ital.).

sea/port, -scape (one word).

sear, *not* sere.

sea-serpent (hyphen).

SEASHORE — SEL

- seashore (law), the land between high and low water (one word).
- sea-sickness (hyphen).
- seaside (one word).
- Sebastopol, *not* Sev-.
- sec., secant, second, -s, secretary.
- sec.**, *see secundum*.
- second (adj.), abbr. 2nd, *not* 2d.
- second/, -s, abbr. s., or sec.; — mark, " (see also second).
- seconde** (Fr. f.), a fencing parry, (rail.) second class, (typ.) second proof.
- second-hand (hyphen).
- second mark (typ.), " ; also symbol for inches.
- secrecy, *not* -sy.
- sec. reg.**, *secundum regulam* (according to rule).
- secretaire, a writing-table (not ital.).
- Secrétan (Charles), 1815-95, Swiss philosopher.
- secretariat, a secretary's office, *not* -ate.
- Secretary, head of State department (cap.).
- secretary, a writer; abbr. sec.
- secretory, of secretion.
- section (typ.), a chapter subdivision, abbr. s., sect., or § ; — mark, §, fourth ref. mark for foot-notes in math. works; *pl.* §§.
- secularize, *not* -ise.
- secund (biol.), on one side only (see also second).
- Secunderabad, Ind., *not* Sakandar-, Sikander-.
- secundum** (Lat.), according to, abbr. sec.; — **artem**, ditto art, abbr. **sec. art.**; — **legem**, ditto law, abbr. **sec. leg.**; — **naturam**, naturally, abbr. **sec. nat.**; — **quid**, in some respects only; — **regulam**, according to rule, abbr. **sec. reg.**; **secundum veritatem**, universally valid.
- se defendendo** (Lat.), in defending himself, or herself.
- sederunt (Lat.), a meeting, or sitting.
- Sedgemoor, Somerset; — (battle of), 1685 (one word).
- Sedgwick (Adam), 1785-1873, geologist (see also Sidg-).
- Sedlitz powder, *use* Sei- —.
- seducible.
- séduisant** (Fr.), *fem.* -e, bewitching.
- See (the Holy), the Papal Court; see (verb), abbr. s.
- Seeley (Sir J. R.), 1834-95, writer.
- Seely (Sir Charles), 1833-.
- see-saw (hyphen).
- seethe, to boil, *not* -th.
- Sefton (Earl of).
- segnior**, *see seigneur, signor*.
- seiche**, certain lake waves; in Fr. **sèche**, *pron.* sâsh.
- Seidenpapier** (Ger. n.), tissue paper (cap.).
- Seidlitz powder, *not* Sed-.
- seigneur** (Fr. m.), a person of rank.
- Seine/-et-Marne, — -et-Oise, — -Inférieure, Fr. déps. (hyphens).
- seise (law), *not* -ze.
- seisin (Sc. law), taking possession.
- Seitle** (Ger. f.), a page. abbr. S.; *pl.* -en, abbr. SS. (cap.).
- Seitenzahl** (Ger. f.), a page-number (cap.).
- seize, to grasp (see also seise).
- séjour** (Fr. m.), sojourn.
- Sekunderabad, *use* Sec-.
- sel., selected.
- sel** (Fr. m.), salt.

sel. (Ger.), *selig* (deceased, late).

Selborne (Earl *of*) (*see also* Shelburne).

"**Selborne** (Natural History of)," by Gilbert White, pub. 1789.

Selden Society.

selector, *not* -er.

selenium, symbol **Se**.

self-made (hyphen).

selfsame (one word).

selig (Ger.), deceased, late; abbr. **sel**.

selle de mouton (Fr. f.), saddle of mutton.

seller's option, abbr. **s.o.**

Sellindge, Hythe.

Selling, Faversham.

selon les règles (Fr.), according to the rules.

Selous (F. C.), 1851-, Afr. traveller; *pron.* se-loo'.

Selsey, Sussex, *not* -sea.

selvedge, *not* -age.

Selw., Selwyn Coll., Camb.

Selwin-Ibbetson, family name of Baron Rookwood.

Sem., Semitic.

sem., semicolon.

semeio/graphy, -logy, -tics, science of symptoms, *not* semio-.

semi (Lat.), half; abbr. **s**.

semi-barbar/ian, -ic, -ism, -ous (hyphen).

semicircle (one word).

semicolon (one word), abbr. **sem.**; in Ger.

Strichpunkt (*see* punctuation, XXII).

semiology, *use* semeiol-.

Semite, *not* Sh-.

Semitic, abbr. **Sem**.

semp. (It. mus.), *sempre* (the same style throughout).

semper/ eadem (Lat. f. s., and n. pl.), always the same; — *fidelis*, always faithful, *pl.* — *fideles*; — *idem* (m. and n. sing.), always the same.

Sempill (Baron).

sempre (It. mus.), the same style throughout; abbr. **semp**.

sempstress, *use* seams-.

Sen., Senate, -or, senior.

sen. (It.), *senza* (without).

sen, $\frac{1}{100}$ of Jap. gold *yen*: about $\frac{1}{5}$ Eng. penny.

Senat/e, -or, abbr. **Sen**.

Senatus (Lat.), the Senate.

Senatus Academicus, the governing body in Sc. universities (*not* ital.).

Senatus Consultum, a decree of the Senate; abbr. **S.C.**

Sénégal, Fr. W. Afr.; in Eng. no accents.

senhor/ (Port.), Mr.; *fem.* -a.

senior, abbr. **sen**.

seniores priores (Lat.), elders first.

se non è vero, è ben trovato (It.), if it be not true, it is well invented.

señor/ (Sp.), Mr.; -es, Messrs.; -a, Mrs.; -ita, Miss.

sensible, in Fr. *sens/é*, *fem.* -ée.

sensible (Fr.), sensitive.

sensori/um (Lat.), *pl.* -a.

sensualize, *not* -ise.

sentimentalize, *not* -ise.

senza (It.), without; abbr. **sen**.

s.e.o.o. (Fr.), *sauf erreur ou omission* (errors or omissions excepted).

Seoul, cap. of Korea, *not* Seul, Soul.

separator, *not* -er.

separatrix (typ.), the diagonal stroke, used in proof correction to mark and separate alterations.

separat/um (typ.), a reprint of one of a series of papers; *pl.* -a.

sepoy (*not* cap.).

Sept., September, Septuagint, *not* Sep.

septemvir/ (Lat.), *pl.* -i.

SEPTICÆMIA — SEXAGESIMA

septicæmia, blood-poisoning, *not* -emia.

septimana (Lat.), a week.

Septuagesima Sunday, third before Lent.

Septuagint/, abbr. **Sept.**;

— **Version**, abbr. **LXX** (no point).

sept/um, *pl.* -a.

Sepulchre (Church of St.), *not* -'s.

sepultus (Lat.), buried; abbr. **S.**

seq., *sequens* (the following), *sequente* (and in what follows), *sequitur* (it follows); **seqq.**, *sequentes*, *sequentia* (the following), *sequentibus* (in the following places).

sequel/a (Lat.), a result; *pl.* -æ.

sequen/s (Lat. m. f. n. sing.), the following, abbr.

seq.; -**te**, and in what follows, abbr. **seq.**; -**tes**

(Lat. m. and f. pl.), -**tia** (n. pl.), the following, abbr. **seqq.**; -**tibus**, in

the following places, abbr. **seqq.**

sequitur (Lat.), it follows; abbr. **seq.**

S.E.R., South-Eastern Railway, now **S.E. & C.R.**

sérac/ (Fr. m.), of a glacier; *pl.* -s.

seraglio/, a harem; *pron.* se-ra'l'yo, *pl.* -s.

seraph/, *pl.* -s; Heb. *pl.* -im, *not* -ims.

Serb., Serbian.

sere, *use* **sear**.

serecloths, *use* **cere***.

serge, large candle, *use* **clerge***.

Sergeant, *use* **Serj.**.

Sergeant(Miss Adeline), writer (*see also* **Sarg.**).

seriatim (Lat.), serially.

series, abbr. **S.**

serif (typ.), the short fine lines at the ends of the

terminating strokes of rom. and ital. type.

Seringapatam, Mysore.

serio-comic (hyphen).

Serjeant, *not* **Serg.**; abbr. **Serj.**

sermonize, *not* -ise.

serra (Port.), sierra, mountain range.

ser/um, *pl.* -a.

Serv., **Servia**, -n.

serviceable, *not* -cable.

serviette (Fr. f.), a napkin, a towel (not ital.).

servitor, *not* -er.

sesquipedalia **verba** (Lat.), very long words.

sess., session.

Session (Court of), supreme Sc. Court, *not* —

Sessions; — (Parliamentary) (caps.).

sestet, *not* sex-.

set, abbr. **s.**

set-off (typ.), the transfer of ink from one printed sheet to another (hyphen).

Settlement (Stock Ex.) (cap.).

settler, one who settles (*see* **settlor**).

settlor (law), one who makes a settlement (*see* **settler**).

set-up (typ.), to compose (hyphen).

Setzer(Ger. typ. m.), a compositor; **Setzfehler**(m.), a printer's error.

Seul, Korea, *use* **Seoul**.

Sevastopol, *use* **Seb.**.

Sevenoaks, Kent (one word).

Séigné (Madame de), 1626-96, Fr. writer.

Sèvres porcelain.

sewed (binding), books sewed and pasted in paper covers; abbr. **sd.**

sewin, salmon-trout, *not* -en.

Sexagesima Sunday, the second before Lent.

sextern (typ.), six sheets of paper.

sextet, *use* ses-.

sexto (typ.), a book in which the sheets are folded into six (a half-sheet of twelves), usually $9 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ in., abbr. 6to; **sexto-decimo**, ditto into sixteen, usually 7×5 in. (hyphen), abbr. 16mo, read sixteenmo.

sexualize, *not* -ise.

S.F.A., Scottish Football Association.

sforzando, **-ato** (It. mus.), with sudden emphasis on a chord or note; abbr. *sfz*.

S.G., Solicitor-General.

Sganarelle, a character in Molière's comedies.

s.g.d.g. (Fr.), *sans garantie du gouvernement* (without Government guarantee).

sgraffito (art.)

's **Gravenhage**, Dutch for The Hague.

shadoof, Egypt. water-raising apparatus, *not* -uf.

shagreen, tanned skin of fish, sharks, etc.

Shahabad, Bengal, Bombay, Kashmir, Punjab.

Shairp (Prin. J. C.), 1819-85, writer.

Shakespeare (William), 1564-1616, abbr. Shak.; -ean, *not* the many variations.

Shakespeare Society (the), *but* the New Shakspere Society.

shako, mil. head-dress, *not* sch-; *pl.* -s.

shallot*, a kind of onion, *not* esch-, sch-, schalot.

shammy-leather, *use* chamois- —*.

shandrydan, a rickety conveyance, *not* -dery-.

Shanghai, China.

shan't (typ.), to be close

up, one apos. only, first omission being unmarked.

shapeable, *not* -pable.

shareholder (one word).

sharp (mus.), sign #.

Sharp (Becky), in "Vanity Fair"; — (Granville), 1734-1813, abolitionist; — (James), 1618-79, architect.

Sharpe (C.K.), 1781-1851, virtuoso; — (Samuel), 1799-1881, Bib. scholar.

shaykh, *use* sheikh.

sheaf, *pl.* sheaves.

shear, to cut (*see also* sheer).

shearwater, a bird (one word).

sheath (noun).

sheathe (verb).

shebeen (Irish), unlicensed house selling spirits.

sheer-hulk, *not* shear-.

Sheer Thursday, *not* Shere —.

sheet (typ.), one of the separate pieces of definite size in which paper is made.

sheets (in) (typ.), not folded, or if folded not bound.

Sheffield (Earl of).

sheikh (Arab.), a chief, *not* -ik, -yk.

shekarry, *use* shikaree.

Shelburne (Earl of) (*see also* Selborne).

sheldrake, *not* shell-.

shellac, a gum, *not* -ack, shelac, shelack.

Shelley (Percy Bysshe), 1792-1822, poet.

shelv/e, -ing, -y.

Shemite, *use* Semite.

Shepherd's Hotel, Cairo.

Shepherd's Bush, London.

shepherd's/dog, — purse (apos.).

Sheppard (Jack), 1702-24, highwayman.

Sheppey (Isle of).

SHEPTON — SIDE

- Shepton Mallet**, Somerset.
Sheraton (Thomas), 1751-1806, furniture designer.
Sherborn (C. Davies), author of "Index Animalium"; — (C. W.), engraver.
Sherborne (Baron).
Sherborne, Dorset, Glos.
Sherbourne, Warwick.
Sherburn, Dur, Yorks.
Shere Thursday, *use* **Sheer** —.
sharif, Mohammedan title, *not* -eef.
sheriff, county officer.
Sherpur, India.
shew, *use* **show** except in Sc. law, and Bib. and Prayer Book citations.
shewbread, except in Scrip. *use* **show**-.
sheyk, *use* **sheikh**.
shieling, Highland hut.
Shifnal, Salop.
Shiites, followers of Ali.
shikaree (Ind.), a hunter, *not* the many variations; *pron.* shī-kar'ē.
Shikarpur, India.
shillelagh, Irish cudgel, *not* the many variations.
shilling/, -s, abbr. s. (*not* ital.) *or* /-; — **mark** (typ.), /.
shilly-shally/, -ing.
shintiyan, loose trousers of Moslem women.
Shinto/, -ism, indigenous Jap. religion, *not* Sinto, -u.
ship/building, -owner, -shape (one word).
ships' names (typ.), to be roman double-quoted, and *not* italic.
Shipston - on - Stour, Worcs (hyphens).
Shire/brook, Derby; -coates, Notts; -hampton, Glos; -newton, Mon (one word).
shoe/, -ing.
Sholapur, Bombay.
- Shooter's Hill**, Kent.
short/ and (typ.), the ampersand, &; — **letters**, ā, ē, etc.
short/ ton, 2000 lb.; abbr. s.t.; — **vowel** (typ.), ā, ē, etc.
shoulder - notes (typ.), marginal notes at the top outer corner of the page.
shouldst (typ.), to be close up, no apos.
shovel/, -led, -ler, -ling, -ful, *pl.* -fuls.
show, *see* **shew**.
showbread, **shew**- only in Scrip.
showroom (one word).
shrillness.
shrivel/, -led, -ling.
Shropshire, abbr. Salop (no point).
Shrovetide, from the Sat. evening before to Ash-Wednesday morning.
S.H.S., *Societatis Historiæ Socius* (Fellow of the Historical Society).
shumac, *use* **sumac**.
s.h.v., *sub hac voce* or *hoc verbo* (under this word).
shwanpan, Chinese abacus.
shy/, -ly, -ness, *not* shi-.
S.I., Sandwich Islands, Seine-Inférieure, Staten Island (N.Y.).
Si, silicon.
sialogogue, *not* siala-.
Sib., Siberia, -n.
sibilant.
sibyl/, a prophetess; -line (*see also* Sybil).
Sic., Sicily, -ian.
[sic] (Lat.), thus, so (print in brackets).
sice, *use* **syce**.
sicilienne (*à la*), (Fr.), in Sicilian style (*not* cap.).
sic passim (Lat.), thus, here and there.
sicut ante (Lat.), as before.
side-notes (typ.), those in the outer margin, same as marginal notes (hyphen).

sidewalk, the footpath (one word).
Sidgwick (Henry), 1838-1900, writer on ethics (see also *Se*).
Sidi, a negro, *not* Siddee, Seedy.
siècle (Fr. m.), century; abbr. **s**.
Siegfried, a "Nibelungenlied" hero, *not* Sig-.
siehe (Ger.), see; abbr. **s**.
Sienkiewicz (Henryk), 1846-, Polish writer.
Sienna, in It. Siena.
siesta (Sp.), *pl.* -s.
Sieveking (Sir E. H.), 1816-1904, physician.
si fait! (Fr.), yes, indeed!
Sig., *Signor*, -i.
sig., signature.
Sigfried, *use* Sieg-.
sigillum (Lat.), a seal; *pl.* -a, *pron.* si-jil'-.
sign/, -ed, abbr. **s**.
signal/, -ize, -led, -ler, -ling, -ly.
signatory, *not* -ary.
signature (mus.), the key sign at beginning of the stave; (typ.) to an article or document, usually in caps. and s.caps.; — of sheets, usually s.caps. at foot of first page of sheet, three ems from either side, or in centre. Begin text with B, and omit J, V, W. When the alphabet is exhausted, duplicate the letters as 2A, 3A, etc. The American plan of numbering the sheets 1, 2, 3, etc., is recommended; it is simpler, and has been adopted in many recent English books. Abbr. **sig**.
signed, abbr. **s**.
Signor (It.), Mr., *pl.* -i, abbr. **Sig.**; -a, Mrs., *pl.* -e; -ina, Miss, *pl.* -ine.
signs, see ecclesiastical, proof corr. marks, etc.

Sikanderabad, India, *use* Secund-.
Sikes (Bill), in "Oliver Twist," *not* Sy-.
Sikkim, E. Himalayas.
Silbe (Ger. f.), syllable (cap.).
siliceous, *not* -ious.
silicon, symbol Si.
sillabub, *not* silli-, sy-.
Sillery, a champagne.
sillometer, a speed measurer, *not* silo-.
silvan, *use* sy-.
silver, symbol Ag (*argentum*).
s'il vous plaît (Fr.), if you please; abbr. **s.v.p.**
S.I.M., Serjeant Instructor of Musketry.
simile/, a resemblance; *pl.* -s, *not* -ies.
simile (It. mus.), in the same manner.
similia similibus curantur (Lat.), like cures like.
similiter (Lat.), in like manner.
simitar, *use* scimitar*.
Simla, Punjab.
Simms (W. G.), 1806-70, American writer (see also *Sims*).
simoom, *not* -oon.
Simpkin, Marshall, & Co., Ltd., booksellers, London.
simpliciter (Lat.), absolutely, without qualification.
Simpson (Sir J. Y.), 1811-70, first used chloroform as anæsthetic; — (Thomas), 1710-61, math. (see also *Simson*).
Sims (G. R.), 1847-, pen-name "Dagonet" (see also *Simms*).
Simson (Robert), 1687-1768, editor of "Euclid" (see also *Simpson*).
simulacrum (Lat.), an image; *pl.* -a.
sin, sine (no point).

SIN. — SKAGER

sin. (It. mus.), *sinistra* (left hand).
Sind, Bombay, *not* -e, -h, Scinde.
Sindbad, the sailor, *not* Sinb-.
Sindhia of Gwalior (Maharajah).
Sindi, Sind native; *pl.* -s.
sine (math.), abbr. *sin.*
sine (Lat.), without; — **anno**, without the date, abbr. *s.a.*; — **cura**, without office; — **die**, without a day (being named), abbr. *s.d.*; — **dubio**, — doubt; — **invidia**, — envy; — **loco, anno, vel nomine**, — place, year, or name, abbr. *s.l.a.n.*; — **loco et anno**, — place and date (said of books without imprints); — **mora**, — delay; — **nomine**, — (printer's) name, abbr. *s.n.* — **odio**, — hatred; — **prole**, — issue, abbr. *s.p.*; — **qua non**, an indispensable condition, *not* — *quâ* —.
sing., singular.
Singakademie, Berlin (f., one word, cap.).
Singalese, *use* Cin-*.
Singapore, Straits Settlements.
Singapur, Madras (*see also* Singh-).
sing/e, -ed, -eing.
Singh, Ind. title, as Ranjit Singh, *not* -ng.
Singhalese, *use* Cinga-*.
Singhpur, Bombay, and Central Prov. (*see also* Singa-).
singillatim (Lat.), one by one.
singular, abbr. *s.*, or *sing.*
Sinhalese, *use* Cinga-*.
sinistra (It. mus.), left hand; abbr. *S.*, or *sin.*
sinus, a fold; *pl.* same.

Sioux, N. Amer. Indian; *pl.* same, *pron.* soo.
siphon, *not* sy-.
si quis (Lat.), if anyone.
Sir, (typ.) for printed letters to be indented one em; if a line by itself, caps. and s.caps. (cap., comma, no dash).
Sirdar, commander of Egyptian army.
siren, a sea nymph, also steam whistle, *not* sy-.
sirocco, *not* sc-.
sirup, *use* sy-.
sister-in-law (hyphens).
Sistine Chapel, etc., *not* Six-.
Sisyph/us, -ean.
sit (Lat.), let it be so.
Sitapur, Oudh.
situs (Lat. s. and pl.), a site.
Siwalik Hills, India, *not* Siv-.
Six Mile Bottom, Cambs (three words).
Sixmilebridge, Co. Clare (one word).
sixte, a fencing parry, etc.
sixteenmo (typ.), a book with sixteen leaves to the sheet, usually about 7 × 5 in. (one word), a **sexto-decimo**; abbr. *16mo*.
sixty-fourmo (typ.), a book with sixty-four leaves to the sheet, usually about 3½ × 2¼ in. (hyphen); abbr. *64mo* (no point).
sizable, *not* -eable.
sizar, an assisted student.
size copy (binding), a dummy of blank paper to show size of bound book.
sizes of type, *see* type, and the various names.
S.J., Society of Jesus (Jesuits).
S.J.C. (U.S.A.), Supreme Judicial Court.
Skager-Rack, North Sea (caps., hyphen), *not* the many variations.

skean-dhu, Scotch dirk.
skee, *see* ski.
skein, of silk, etc., *not* -ain, -ean.
skeleton type, a face of type with thin light lines, as this.
skeptic, *use* sc-.
Skerryvore lighthouse.
ski/, a runner attached to the foot for snow, *not* skee; *pl.* -s, *pron.* skee.
skiagraph, X-ray photograph, *not* scia-, scio-, skio-.
ski-ing, using skis (hyphen).
skilful, *not* skill-.
skinflint, a miser (one word).
skiver (binding), the grain side of a split sheepskin.
Skt., Sanskrit.
skulk, *not* sc-.
skull, to row, *use* sc-.
skull-less (hyphen, 3 l's).
Skuptschina, Servian National Assembly.
Skutari, *use* Sc-.
Skye terrier (cap. S).
skyey, *not* skiey.
S.L., serjeant-at-law.
slaked lime, *not* slack- —.
Slamannan, Stirlingshire (3 n's).
s.l.a.n., *sine loco, anno, vel nomine* (without place, date, or name).
slap-dash, off-hand (hyphen).
S. lat., south latitude.
Slatin (Sir Rudolf C.), 1857-, —Slatin Pasha —Insp.-Gen. of Sudan.
Slav/ic, -onian, -onic, of the Slavs, *not* Sc-; abbr. Slav (no point).
sld., sailed.
sled, sledge, a sleigh for merchandise.
sleigh, a carriage on runners for snow.
sleight, of hand, *not* sli-.
sleuth-hound (hyphen).

slew round, *use* slue —.
slip proofs, *see* proof, galley or slip.
slipshod (one word).
Sloan (Tod), Amer. jockey.
Sloane (Sir Hans), 1660-1753, naturalist.
sloid, manual training, *not* -jd, -yd.
sloping fractions (typ.), those with an oblique stroke as $\frac{1}{2}$ (*see also* fractions).
sloth (zool.).
Slough, near Windsor; *pron.* as in how.
slough, to shed; *pron.* sluf.
sloyd, *use* sloid.
s.l.p., *sine legitima prole* (without lawful issue).
slu/e round, to rotate, *not* slew —; -ing.
slyly, *not* sli-.
slype, the passage between south transept and chapter house.
S.M., Senior Magistrate, Serjeant- or Staff-Major, Short Metre, Sons of Malta, State Militia, (Fr.) *Sa Majesté*, (Ger.) *Seine Majestät*, (It.) *Sua Maestà*, (Sp.) *Su Magestad* (His Majesty).
Sm, samarium.
small capitals, *see* capitals (small).
small paper (typ.), the ordinary copies of a book of which a large-paper edition is issued; abbr. S.P.
small pica (typ.), a size of type as this. Ten and a half point and seven lines to the inch; abbr. s.p.
smallpox (one word).
Smalls, Oxford "Responsions" Examination.
S.M.D. (mus.), Short Metre Double.

S.M.E., *Sancta Mater Ecclesia* (Holy Mother Church), School of Military Engineering.

Smelfungus, Sterne's name for Smollett (one *l*).

smelling-salts (hyphen).

smell-less (hyphen).

smelt, *not* smelled.

smelt, a small sea fish (*see also* smolt).

S.M.I. (Fr.), *Sa Majeste Impériale* (His, or Her, Imperial Majesty).

Smijth (Sir W. Bowyer-), 1840-.

Smith (Sir Sidney), 1764-1840, defend. of St. Jean d'Acre; — (Sydney), 1771-1845, wit.

Smithsonian Institution, Washington, U.S.A.; abbr. **Smith. Inst.**

S.M.M., *Sancta Mater Maria* (Holy Mother Mary).

smok/e, -able, -y.

Smollett (Tobias G.), 1721(?)–71, writer.

smolt, a young salmon (*see also* smelt).

smooth/, -s, *not* -e, -es.

smoulder, *not* smol-.

s.m.p., *sine mascula prole* (without male issue).

S.M.S. (Ger.), *Seiner Majestät Schiff* (His Majesty's Ship).

Smyrniot, of Smyrna.

Smyth (Sir H. A.), 1825-, General.

Smythe (Sir J. W.), 1827-.

Sn, *stannum* (tin).

s.n., *sine nomine* (without name).

snapdragon (one word).

snead, a scythe handle, *not* the many variations.

Sneyd, *pron.* sneed.

snipe, *sing.* and *plural.*

snivel/, -led, -ling.

snow (naut.), abbr. **s.**

S.O., Stationery Office, sub-office.

s.o., seller's option.

So-and-so (Mr.), (cap., hyphens).

Soane's (Sir John) museum.

Sobranje, Bulgarian National Assembly, *not* -ye.

sobriquet, *not* soub- (not ital.); *pron.* sō'brē-kā.

Soc., Society, Socrates.

so-called (hyphen only in adjectival form).

Socialist (cap.); abbr. (**S.**)

socialize, *not* -ise.

société/ (Fr. *f.*), society; — **anonyme**, limited

liability company; **Société des Bibliophiles**

françois, founded 1820, *not* français (*l.c. f.*).

Society, abbr. **S.**, or **Soc.**

sociol., sociology.

Soc. Isl., Society Islands.

socius/ (Lat.), Fellow, Associate, abbr. **S.**; — **crimi-**

minis, associate in crime.

Socotra, Indian Ocean, *not* -ora, Sok-.

Socrates, 469–399 B.C., *not* Sok-.

sodium, symbol **Na** (*na-trium*).

Sodom and Gomorrah,

Old T.; in New T. -rha.

Sodor and Man (Bp. of).

sœur de charité (Fr. *f.*), a Sister of Mercy.

soffit, under-surface of arch.

Sofi, *use* Sufi.

S. of M., School of Musketry; **S. of T.**, Sons of Temperance.

softa, Moham. student.

sogenannt (Ger.), so-called; abbr. **sog.**

soi-disant, self-styled (hyphen, *not* ital.).

soirée/, an evening party; — **dansante**, ditto with

dancing; — **musicale**, ditto music (*not* ital.).

Sokrates, *use* Soc-.

Sol (Lat.), the sun (cap.).

Sol., Solomon.

sol., solicitor, solution.
 solan goose, the gannet,
not -and, -en, -ent.
 solati/um (Lat.), compensation; *pl.* -a.
sola topee (Ind.), a sun helmet, *not* solar-.
sold/o, It. halfpenny; *pl.* -i.
 solecize, *not* -ise.
 solemnize, *not* -ise.
 solen, a mollusc.
 sol-fa (mus.) (hyphen).
 Solicitor-General (caps., hyphen); abbr. Sol.-Gen.
 solicitude, in Fr. f. **soll-**.
 solid (typ.), matter set without leads.
solidarité (Fr. f.), solidarity.
 solid/us (Lat.), shilling; *pl.* -i, abbr. s. (not ital.); (typ.) the shillingstroke, /; also used for fractions.
 soliloquize, *not* -ise.
 solmization (mus.), *not* -sation.
 sol/o, abbr. s.; *pl.* -os, It. mus. *pl.* -i.
sol/us (theat.), *fem.* -a, alone.
 solvable, *not* -eable, -ible.
 Somaliland (one word).
 somebody, somehow (one word).
 some one (two words).
 Somerby, Leics, Lincs.
 somersault, *not* -set.
 Somersby, Lincs, birth-place of Tennyson.
 something, -what, -where (one word).
somme (Fr. m.), sleep; (f.) a sum.
 Son (the), as Deity (cap.).
 son, abbr. s.
 sonata/ (mus.), *pl.* -s.
 Sondes (Earl, *not* of).
 Song of Solomon, abbr. Song of Sol.
 songs (titles of) (typ.), when cited, to be roman double-quoted.
 son-in-law (hyphens); *pl.* sons- — —.

Sonnenschein & Co., Ltd. (Swan), publishers, London (no point after Swan).
 Son of/ God, — — Man (caps.).
 soochong, *use* sou-.
 soofee, *use* sufi.
 S.O.P., Staff Officer of Pensioners.
 Sop., soprano, -s.
 sophomore (U.S.), second-year student, *not* sophi-.
sopra (It.), above; **come** —, as above.
 sopran/o (mus.), Eng. *pl.* -os, It. *pl.* -i; abbr. S., or Sop.
 Sorbonne (Palais de la), Paris.
s'orienter (Fr.), to take one's bearings, to gain information about.
 sorrel (bot.), *not* -ell.
 so-so, passable (hyphen).
sotto/ (It.), under; — **voce**, in an undertone, *pron.* vō'chè.
sou/ (Fr. m.), halfpenny, *pl.* -s; **gros** —, penny.
 soubrette, maid-servant.
 soubriquet, *use* sob-.
 souchong, a tea, *not* soo-.
 Soudan/, -ese, *use* Sud-.
soufflé (Fr. m.), very light milk pudding.
souffleur (Fr. m.), theat. prompter.
 Soult (N.-J. de D.), 1769-1851, Fr. marshal.
 soupçon, a taste, a very small quantity (not ital.).
soupe (Fr. f.), broth.
soupe de l'Inde (Fr. f.), mulligatawny soup.
souper (Fr. m.), supper, *not* -pé.
souris (Fr. m.), smile; (f.) mouse.
 south/, -ern, abbr. S. (*see also* compass).
 South Africa/, -n, abbr. S.A.; — America/, -n, abbr. S. Amer.;

SOUTH — SPHINX

South Australia/, -n,
abbr. S. Austral.; —
Carolina, S.C.; — Da-
kota, S.Dak. (off.).

Southdown, sheep and
mutton (one word).

South Downs, Hants, etc.
(two words).

south-east(hyphen), abbr.
S.E. (see also compass).

southern, abbr. S.

Southey (Robert), 1774-
1843, Poet Laureate.

Southwark, or "The
Borough," Surrey; *pron.*
sūth'erk (*th* soft).

Southwell (Bp. of), *pron.*
sūth'el (*th* soft).

south-west(hyphen), abbr.

S.W. (see also compass).

sou'wester, sailor's hat.

sovereign/, -s, abbr. sov.

Soyer (Alexis), 1809-58,
chef.

S.P. (typ.), small paper, or
the ordinary copies of a
book of which a large-
paper edition is issued.

Sp., Spain, Spanish.

sp., species, specimen, spirit.

s.p., short page, small pica
(type), starting price;
s.p., *sine prole* (without
issue).

spaces (typ.), blanks for
placing between letters,
words, or lines.

spadeful/, *pl.* -s.

spahee, Turk. horse-soldier,
not -hi.

Spain, abbr. Sp.

spandrel (arch.), *not* -il.

Spanish, abbr. Sp.; (typ.)
alphabet consists of 27 let-
ters, including the sounds
ch, *ll*, and *ñ*, but does not
include *k* and *w*. *ll* and
rr must not be separated.
The portion carried over
to begin with a consonant.
Notes of exclam. and in-
terrog. are inverted before
and upright after their
phrases. Caps. much less

used than in Eng. *n* must
never be substituted for *ñ*.
Small caps. and italic as in
Eng. Accents are much
used.

Spanish *n* (*ñ*), "curly *n*,"
or "*n* with the tilde";
pron. as *ni* in onion.

S.P.A.S., *Societatis Philo-
sophiæ Americanæ Socius*
(Fellow of the Amer.
Philosophical Society).

S.P.C., Society for the
Prevention of Crime;
S.P.C.K., Society for
Promoting Christian
Knowledge.

spec., special, -ly, specific,
-ally, -ation, spectrum.

spécialité (Fr. f.), a spec-
iality (*ital.*).

speciality, *not* -lty.

specialize, *not* -ise.

species, *sing.* and *pl.*; abbr.
sp. (see also botany,
zoology).

specific gravity, abbr. *sp.*
gr.; (typ.) put in figures.

specimen, abbr. *sp.*

spectr/um, *pl.* -a; abbr.
spec.

speculat/e, -or.

specul/um, *pl.* -a.

speech (break in), see
punctuation, X.

spelæan, cave-dwelling,
not -can.

spelt, *not* spelled.

spence, a larder, *not* -se.

spencer, an overcoat.

Spencer (Earl, *not* of).

Spencer (Herbert), 1820-
1903, philos.; adj. -cerian.

Spen/ser (Edmund),
1552-99, poet; adj.
-serian.

spew, to vomit, *not* spue.

Spezia, Italy, *not* Spezz-.

Spezzia, Greece.

S.P.G., Society for the
Propagation of the Gospel.

sp. gr., specific gravity.

spherical, abbr. *s.*

sphinx/, *not* sphy-; *pl.* -es.

spick-and-span, adj. (hyphens).

Spiegeleisen (Ger. n.), specular iron.

spinach, *not* -age.

spinney, a thicket, *not* -ny.

Spinozism, the system of Spinoza (cap.).

spiræa (bot.).

spirit, abbr. sp.

spiritualize, *not* -ise.

spirt, *use* spu-.

Spithead (one word).

Spitzbergen, *not* Spits-.

splendider Satz (Ger. typ. m.), widely-spaced or leaded matter.

split fractions, *see* fractions.

split infinitive, the separation of "to" from the verb by an adverb, as "he used to often say." Objected to by many, but frequently used in O.E.D.

S.P.M. (mus.), Short Particular Metre.

spode china.

Spoehr (Louis), 1784-1859, composer.

spolia (Lat.), spoils; — **opima**, the richest spoils; also trophy won by generals of opposing armies in single combat.

spoliation, *not* spoil-.

spoonful, *pl.* -s.

spoony, foolishly fond, *not* -ey.

sporan, the kilt pouch, *not* -rran.

sposa (It.), a bride, *pl.* -e; -o, bridegroom, *pl.* -i.

S.P.Q.R., *Senatus Populusque Romanus* (the Senate and Roman people); small profits and quick returns.

S.P.R., Society for Psychological Research.

sprightly, *not* spritely.

spring (season of) (*not* cap.).

sprinkled edges (binding),

cut edges of books finely sprinkled with colour.

S.P.R.L., Society for the Promotion of Religion and Learning.

Sprouston, Kelso.

Sprowston, Norwich.

S.P.S., *sine prole superstitie* (without surviving issue).

S.P.S.P. (Papal seal), St. Peter and St. Paul.

spue, *use* spew.

spurt, *not* -irt.

Spurzheim (J. G.), 1776-1832, phrenologist.

sputum, expectorated matter; *pl.* -a.

sq./, square; — **ft.**, — feet; — **in.**, — inches; — **m.**, — metre, — miles; — **yd.**, — yards (each *s.* and *pl.*).

squalls (naut.), abbr. q.

squar/e, -ing (*see also* capitalization, sq.).

square root, sign √.

squeegee, *not* the many variations.

squeezable, *not* -eable.

Squier (E. G.), 1821-88, Amer. writer.

squilgee, *use* squeegee.

squirearchy, *not* -rarchy.

Sr, strontium.

S.R.I., *Sacrum Romanum Imperium* (the Holy Roman Empire).

Srinagar, India, *not* Ser-.

S.R.S., *Societatis Regiæ Sodalis* (Fellow of the Royal Society).

S.S., Sunday school, Secretary of State, steamship, (Fr.) *Sa Sainteté* (His Holiness), Straits Settlements.

SS., Saints, (Ger.) *Sankt* (saints), *Seiten* (pages), (Lat.) *sanctissimus* (most holy).

ss. (med.), half.

s.s., screw steamer, (It. mus.) *senza sordini* (without mutes).

S.S.C. (Sc.), Solicitor before the Supreme Courts;

- Societas Sanctæ Crucis*
(Society of the Holy Cross).
- SS.D., *Sanctissimus Dominus* (Most Holy Lord, i.e. the Pope).
- S.S.E., south-south-east (see also compass).
- S.S.G.G., letters of the *Vehmgericht*: *Stock, Stein, Gras, Grein* (stick, stone, grass, groan).
- S.S.M., Society of the Sacred Mission, Squadron Serjeant-Major.
- S.S.S.C. (paper), soft-sized, super-calendered.
- S.S.U., Sunday School Union.
- S.S.W., south-south-west (see also compass).
- St., Saint; (typ.) always in alphabetic arrangement to be placed under Saint, not St-; strait, -s, street.
- s.t., short ton.
- st., stanza, stone, strophe, (typ.) stet (let it remain).
- st. (Ger.), *statt* (instead of).
- Sta* (It.), *santa* (female saint) (no point).
- Staäl (baron de), 1822-, Russ. diplomatist; — (baronne de), 1684-1750, writer (see also Staël, Stahl).
- "Staatsanzeiger," Ger. (m.) Official Gazette.
- Staats - General, Dutch legislative assembly.
- Stabat Mater* (Lat.), the Mother was standing (R.C.C. liturgy).
- stabbed (binding), a form of wiring for pamphlets.
- staccato, distinct (not ital.).
- Stadtholder, Du. governor, not Stadh-.
- Staël (Madame de), 1766-1817, Fr. writer (see also Staäl, Stahl).
- staff/, pl. -s, or staves
- Staffs, Staffordshire.
- staghound (one word).
- Stagirite (the), Aristotle, not Stagy-; pron. staj'e-rit.
- stagy, not -ey.
- Stahl (F. J.), 1802-61, writer (see also Staäl, Staël).
- staid, solemn, not stayed.
- stalactite, deposit on cave roofs; stalagmite, deposit on cave floors.
- Stalbridge (Baron).
- stalemate (chess) (one word).
- stamen/ (bot.), pl. -s.
- stamina, power of endurance.
- stampat/o, -a* (It.), printed; -ore, a printer.
- Stamp Office (two words).
- stanch, not staun-.
- standardize, not -ise.
- stand/point, -still (one word).
- stannary, a tin mine.
- stannum*, tin; symbol Sn.
- Stanstead, Suffolk.
- Stansted, Essex, Kent.
- stanz/a, pl. -as, It. pl. -e; abbr. st.
- star (typ.), the asterisk *.
- star/, -red, -ry, -ring.
- Starcross, Devon (one word).
- starfish (one word).
- starting-point (hyphen).
- stat., statuary, statute.
- stat.*, *statim* (immediately).
- State, government (cap.).
- Staten Island, New York, not Staa-; abbr. S.I.
- statics, is singular.
- statim* (Lat.), immediately; abbr. *stat.*
- stationary, fixed.
- Stationers' Hall, London (apos. at end).
- stationery, paper, etc.
- statistics, is plural.
- statt* (Ger.), instead of; abbr. *st.*
- statuary, abbr. stat.
- statuette.
- status, rank (not ital.).

status quo (Lat.), the same state as now; — — **ante**, ditto as before.
statute, abbr. **stat**.
staunch, *use* **stanch**.
Staunton (H.), 1810-74, chess player.
stayed, stopped, *not* staid.
S.T.B., *Sacræ Theologiæ Baccalaureus* (Bachelor of Theology); **S.T.D.**, — — *Doctor* (Doctor of Theology).
Ste (Fr. f.), *sainte* (female saint) (no point).
steadfast, *not* sted-.
steamboat (one word).
steam/-engine, — -**hammer** (hyphen).
steamship (one word), abbr. **S.S.**
Steel (Flora Annie), 1847-, writer; — (Sir James), 1830-1904.
Steele (F. M.), writer; — (Sir Richard), 1672-1729, writer.
Steell (Sir John), 1804-91, sculptor.
steeplechase/, -r.
Steevens (George), 1736-1800, Shak. writer (*see also* Stephen, Stevens).
Steinberg, a hock.
Steinitz (W.), 1836-1900, chess player.
stem, abbr. **s**.
stemm/a, a pedigree; *pl. -ata*.
stencil/, -ler, -ling.
step/brother, -child, -daughter, -father, -mother, -sister, -son (each one word).
Stephen (Sir Leslie), 1832-1904, writer (*see also* Steevens, Stevens).
Stephenson (George), 1781-1848, originator of railways; — (Robert), 1803-59, son of above (*see also* Stev-).
steppe, a plain.
stepping-stone (hyphen).

stereotype (typ.), a cast or plate taken in stereotype metal from a matrix, as of paper or plaster, reproducing the form of the type, plate, etc., from which the matrix was made; abbr. **stereo** (no point).
stéréotypie (Fr. f.), stereotyping.
sterilize, *not* -ise.
Sterling (John), 1806-45, writer (*see also* Stir-).
sterling, abbr. **stg**.
Sterne (Laurence, *not* Law-), 1713-68, writer.
stet (typ.), a Latin word meaning let it stand, written in the proof margin to cancel an alteration, dots being placed under the word that is to remain; *pl. stent*; abbr. for both **st**.
Steuart (Sir A. H. Seton-), 1856-; — (J. A.), 1861-, writer (*see also* Stewart, Stuart).
Stevens (Alfred), 1818-75, sculptor (*see also* Steevens, Stephen).
Stevenson (Robert), 1772-1850, lighthouse engineer; — (Robert Louis), 1850-94, writer (*see also* Stephenson).
Stewart, fam. name Earl of Galloway; — (Dugald), 1753-1828, metaph.; — (Sir H. J. U.), 1872-; — (Sir J. M.), 1830-1905; — (Sir M. H. Shaw-), 1854-; — (Sir M. J. M.), 1834-1900; — (Sir N. R.), 1851-; — (Sir R. C.), 1836- (*see also* Steuart, Stuart).
stg., sterling.
stibium, symbol **Sb**.
stich, a verse; *pron.* stik.
stigma/, a brand; *pl. -s*.
stigmatize, *not* -ise.
stile over a fence (*see also* style).

STILETTO — STRUTT

stiletto/, *pl.* -s.
 stillborn (one word).
 stillness.
 Stilton cheese (cap.).
 stimie (golf), *use* sty-.
 stimul/us, *pl.* -i.
 stip., stipend, -iary.
 stirk, a young ox or cow,
 not ste-, stu-.
 Stirling, Stirlingshire.
 Stirling (J. Hutchison,
 not Hutchin-), 1820-,
 metaph. (*see also* Ster-).
 stirp/s (Lat.), lineage; *pl.*
 -es.
 Stock Exchange (caps.);
 abbr. S/E.
 stockholder (one word).
 stockinet, an elastic fabric,
 not -ette, -inget.
 stoicheio/logy, -metry,
 the doctrine of elements,
 not stœchio-, stoichio-.
 stokehold (naut.), *not* -hole.
 ston/e, abbr. st.; -y.
 Stoneleigh, Kenilworth.
 Stonely, St. Neets.
 Stonyhurst College,
 Lancs.
 stoop, flagon, platform, *not*
 -oup.
 stopgap (one word).
 storey, *use* story.
 Storey's Gate, London,
 S.W. (apos.).
 storied, *not* -yed.
 storiologist, a folklorist.
 Storthing, legislative as-
 sembly of Norway.
 stor/y, of a building or a
 tale, *not* -ey; *pl.* -ies.
 story/-book, — -teller,
 — -telling (hyphens).
 stoup, *use* stoop.
 stowaway (one word).
 S.T.P., *Sacræ Theologiæ*
 Professor (Professor of
 Sacred Theology).
 Strachan, *pron.* strawn.
 Strachey (Sir Edward),
 1858-; — (Sir E. P.),
 1871-; Strachey (Sir
 John), 1823-; — (Sir
 Richard), 1817-1908.

Stradbroke (Earl of).
 Stradivarius, an instru-
 ment made by Antonio
 Stradivari or Antonius
 Stradivarius, of Cre-
 mona, 1650-1737.
 Strafford (Earl of).
 straight accents (typ.),
 the long accents, as *ā*, *ē*.
 straightforward (one
 word).
 strait/, -s, when with name
 to be cap.; abbr. St.
 strait/-laced, — -waist-
 coat, *not* straight- — (hy-
 phens).
 Stranraer, Wigtown.
 Strasburg, in Fr. Stras-
 bourg, in Ger. Strass-
 burg.
 Stratford de Redcliffe
 (Viscount), 1786-1880,
 diplomatist.
 Stratford-on-Avon (hy-
 phens).
 strathspey, Sc. dance.
 strato-cirrus (meteor.),
 use cirro-stratus.
 strat/um, a layer; *pl.* -a.
 strat/us, a low layer of
 cloud, *pl.* -i; abbr. s.
 Streatfeild, fam. name, *not*
 -ield.
 street (typ.), name of, to
 have initial caps., as Re-
 gent Street; spell out
 when a number, as Fifth
 Avenue; number of
 house in, not to be
 followed by any point, as
 6 Fleet Street; in jour-
 nalism, hyphen and lower-
 case *r* usual, as Regent-
 street; abbr. St.
 stri/a, a stripe; *pl.* -æ.
 Strichpunkt (Ger. m.),
 semicolon (cap.).
 Strong (Sir S. H.), 1825-
 1909, judge.
 Stronge (Sir J. H.), 1849-.
 Stronsay, Orkneys.
 strontium, symbol Sr.
 Strutt, fam. name of Barons
 Belper and Rayleigh.

"Struwwelpeter," Ger. child's book.
strychnine, *not* -in.
S.T.S., Scottish Text Soc.
Stuart, fam. name of Earl of Moray and Baron Blantyre; — (House of); — (Sir E. A.), 1832-; — (Leslie), composer; — (Sir S. H. L.), 1864- (*see also* Steuart, Stewart).
Stück (Ger. n.), a piece.
studio, *pl.* -s.
stumbling-block (hyphen).
stupefy, *not* -ify.
Sturm- und Drang-Periode (Ger.), storm and stress period: 1775-1800.
Stuttgart, *not* Stū-, -ard.
sty, *not* styē.
Stygian, of the river Styx.
style, custom, manner; *but* stile over a fence.
style of the house (typ.), the custom of each printing establishment as to use of caps., italic, spelling, etc.
stymie (golf), *not* stimie, -y.
Styx, a river in Hades.
Suabia, *use* Swa-.
Suakin, Red Sea, *not* -im.
sub., subaltern, subscription, substitute, suburb, -an.
sub (Lat.), under.
subahdar (Ind.), a native captain.
subaltern, abbr. sub.
subaudi (Lat.), understand, supply; abbr. **sub**.
sub-bass (hyphen).
sub/deacon, -dean, -divide (one word).
sub-edit, -or, -orial (hyphen).
subfusc, -ous, dark.
sub-genus (hyphen).
sub-headings, *see* headings (sub-).
subj., subject, -ive, -ively, subjunctive.
sub judice (Lat.), under consideration.
subjunctive, abbr. subj.

sub-kingdom (hyphen).
 sublet (one word).
 sub-lieutenant (hyphen).
Sublime Porte, Turkish Court and Government.
sub modo (Lat.), in a qualified sense; **sub-pœna**, under penalty, *not* -pena (one word, *not* ital.); **sub rosa**, privately.
 subscription, abbr. sub.
 subsection (one word); abbr. subsec.
 subsidize, *not* -ise.
sub/ sigillo (Lat.), in the strictest confidence; — **silentio**, in silence.
 sub-species (hyphen).
 subst., substantive.
 substantive, abbr. s., or subst. (*see* nouns).
 substitute, abbr. sub.
 substratum, *pl.* -a.
 subtile, fine (*see also* subtle).
 subtilize, *not* -ise.
 sub-title, a bastard, fly, or half-title placed before the full title page.
 subtle, insinuating (*see also* subtile).
 suburb/, -an, abbr. sub.
sub/ voce or — **verbo** (Lat.), under a specified word; abbr. s.v.
 subway (one word).
 succeeded, abbr. s.
succès/ d'estime (Fr. m.), a success with more honour than profit; — **fou**, an extravagant success.
such-like (hyphen).
 sucking-pig (hyphen).
sud (Fr. m.), south; abbr. s.
Süd (Ger. m.), south; abbr. S. (cap.).
 Sudan/, -ese, *not* Sou-.
 Sudeley (Baron).
 Sudley (Viscount).
 su/e, -ed, -ing.
suède, dull-dressed kid, as for gloves (è).
suédoise (*à la*), in Swedish style (é, *not* cap.).

suff., suffix.

suffic/it (Lat.), it is sufficient; *pl.* -iunt.

sufi, a Mohammedan mystic, *not* sofi, soofee, sophy.

suggestible, *not* -able.

suggestio falsi (Lat.), an indirect lie.

sui/ generis (Lat.), of his, her, its, or their, own kind; — **juris**, of full age and capacity.

Suisse/ (Fr.), native of Switz., also a porter; *fem.* -sse; **la Suisse**, Switzerland.

suite, of rooms (not ital.).

suite/ (Fr. f.), continuation; — **et fin**, conclusion.

suivre/ (à) (Fr.), to be continued; **faire** — (letters and parcels) to forward, (typ.) to run on.

Sully - Prudhomme (R.

F. A.), 1839-, Fr. poet.

sulphur, symbol S.

sulphuretted, *not* -eted.

Sultan/, *fem.* -a, abbr. Sult.

Sultanpur, India.

sum (math.), symbol Σ.

sumac (bot.), *not* sh-, -ach.

summarize, *not* -ise.

summer (not cap.).

summum bonum (Lat.), the supreme good.

sun, abbr. S.

sun/beam, -bonnet, -burn (one word).

Sunday, abbr. S., *or* Sun.

sundial (one word).

sunflower (one word).

sun, E. Indian fibre.

Sunna, traditional Moslem law.

Sunni, an orthodox Moslem, *not* -ee.

sun/rise, -set, -shade, -shine, -spot, -stroke (one word).

suo/ jure (Lat.), in one's own right; — **loco**, in its own place.

sup., superior, supine.

sup. (Lat.), **supra** (above). super., superfine.

super-calendered paper, highly rolled for dry printing; abbr. s.c.

supercargo (one word).

superexcellen/ce, -t (one word).

super-extra (binding), in the best manner: coloured end leaves, double headbands, etc.

superficialize, *not* -ise.

superficies, a surface, *sing.* and *pl.*

superfine, abbr. super.

superintendent, abbr. supt.

superior, abbr. sup.

superior characters (typ.), those set above the line, as ¹, ², ^a, ^b.

superl., superlative.

superpose, *not* -ze.

superroyal, printing paper 27¹/₂ × 20¹/₂ in. (*see also* books, paper).

supersede, *not* -cede.

supervise, *not* -ize.

supervisor, *not* -er.

supine, abbr. sup.

supp., supplement.

supplement, abbr. supp.

supplicator, *not* -er.

supposititious, *not* -sitious.

suppository, *not* -ary.

suppressio veri (Lat.), suppression of the truth.

suppressor, *not* -er.

supr., supreme.

supra (Lat.), above, formerly; abbr. **sup.**

suprême (Fr. f.), a method of cooking.

supt., superintendent.

sur (Fr. prep.), upon; (adj.) sour, *fem.* **sure**.

sûr (Fr.), sure, safe.

surah, a thin silk fabric.

Suraja Dowlah, of Bengal.

Surat, Bombay.

surcingle, a belt.

surfeit/, -er, -ing.

surg/eon, -ery, -ical,
abbr. surg.

Surgeon-General (hy-
phen); abbr. Surg.-Gen.

Surgeons (Royal College
of), abbr. R.C.S.

surmise, *not* -ize.

surplus, abbr. S.

surprise, *not* -ize.

surrenderer (law), *not*
-or.

sursum corda (Lat.), (lift)
up your hearts.

surtout, an overcoat.

surv., surveying, -or, sur-
viving.

survivor, *not* -er.

Susanna (Apocr.), no abbr.

suspender, *not* -or.

suspensio per collum
(Lat.), hanging by the
neck; abbr. *sus. per*
coll.

suspensor, *not* -er.

Susquehanna River,
U.S.A., *not* -ana.

Sutlej, Punjab river.

Suwanee River, Amer.,
not Swa-.

S.V., *Sancta Virgo* (Holy
Virgin), *Sanctitas Vestra*
(Your Holiness), Sons of
Veterans.

s.v., *sub voce*, or *verbo* (under
a word or heading, as in
a dictionary).

svastika, *use* sw-.

svelte (Fr.), elegant.

Svendsen (J. S.), 1840-
composer.

Sverige, local for Sweden.

s.v.p. (Fr.), *s'il vous plaît*
(if you please).

S.W., Senior Warden,
South Wales, south-west
(*see also* compass),
South-Western postal
district of London.

Sw., Sweden, -ish.

Swabia, *not* Su-.

Swahili, a people and lan-
guage about Zanzibar.

Swalcliffe, Oxfordshire.

Swalecliffe, Kent.

Swammerdam (Jan),
1637-80, Du. naturalist.

swanpan, *use* shw-.

swansdown (one word).

swap, to exchange, *not* -op.

swash letters (typ.),
seventeenth-century ital.

caps. with tails and flour-
ishes, as *A*, *B*, etc.

swastika, a religious sym-
bol, *not* sv-.

swath, a line of cut grass.

swathe, to bind.

swede, a root (not cap.).

Sweden, abbr. Sw., local
Sverige (*see also* As-
semblies).

Sweden and Norway, in
this order, *not* Norway and
Sweden; local Sverige
och Norge.

Swedish, abbr. Sw.;
(typ.) alphabet contains
Ger. *ä*, *ö*. Also the
peculiar "Swedish *a*"
(*Å*, *å*) *pron.* somewhat
as *o*. In alph. arrange-
ment *å*, *ä*, *ö*, are put *after*
z. The acute accent may
be used to mark an ac-
cented syllable.

Sweet (Henry), *d.* 1912,
philol. (*see also* Swete).

sweetbread (cook.) (one
word).

sweetbrier, *not* -briar (one
word).

sweet/-oil, — -pea (hy-
phens).

sweet-william (bot.)
(hyphen, not caps.).

swell dash (typ.), Fr. rule,
the ———

Swete (H. B.), 1835-, of
Camb., writer (*see also*
Sweet).

Sweynheim and Pan-
nartz, earliest printers
in Italy.

S.W.G., standard wire
gauge.

Swinburne (A. C.), 1837-
1909, poet.

Swin Channel, Thames.

SWINDON — SYZYGY

Swindon, Wilts.
 swingeing, a hard (blow).
 Swinton, Lancs, Yorks.
 Swithin/(St.), Bp. of Winchester 852-62; -'s Day, 15 July, *not* -un.
 Switzerland, abbr. Switz.; in Fr. la Suisse, in Ger. die Schweiz, in It. Svizzera (*see also* Assemblies).
 swop, *use* swap.
 Sybil, christian name (*see also* sibyl).
 sycamore (bot.).
 syce, *not* si-.
 sycomore (Bib.).
 Sydney Heads, two cliffs.
 Sykes, *see* Si-.
 syllabub, *use* si-.
 syllabus/, *pl.* -es.
 syllogize, *not* -ise.
 sylvan, *not* si-.
 symbolize, *not* -ise.
 sympathize, *not* -ise.
 symposi/um, *pl.* -a.
 syn., synonym, -ous.
 synæresis, gram. contraction, *not* -eresis.

synagog/al, -ic.
 synchronize, *not* -ise.
 syncope, *pron.* sîn'kup-ē.
 syne (auld lang), the days long ago.
 synonym/, -ous, abbr. syn. ; -ize, -y, *not* -e, -ise, -ey.
 synopsis/, *pl.* -es.
 synthesize, *not* -ise.
 syphon, *use* si-.
 Syr., Syria, -c, -n.
 syren, *use* si-.
 Syriac, abbr. Syr. ; (typ.) has 22 letters, besides vowel points, reads from right to left, and is set as Hebrew. There are three forms of type, Estrangelo, Jacobite, Nestorian.
 syringe/, -ing, *not* si-.
 syrup, *not* sirop, -up; abbr. syr.
 syst., system.
 systematize, *not* -ise.
 syzygy (astr.), the moon being in conjunction or opposition.

T

T., temperature, Tenor, Territory, Testament, thenine-teenth in a series, all proper names with this initial, (It. mus.) *tace* (be silent).

t., ton, -s, town, -ship, tun, -s, (Fr.) *tome* (volume), *tonneau* (ton), (Lat.) *tempore* (in the time of), (mus.) *tempo* (time), *tenor*/e, -i (tenor, -s), (naut.) thunder.

't (Du.), *het* (the, n.), as van 't Hoff.

Ta, tantalum.

Taaffe (Viscount), *not* -afe.

T.A.B., Total Abstinence Brotherhood.

Tabago, *use* **To**.

tabasheer, a plant opal, *not* -ir, -achir.

tabbinet, a silk and wool fabric, *not* *tabi*-.

Tabelle/ (Ger. typ. f.), table, index; *pl.* -n (cap.).

table/ *alphabétique* (Fr. typ. f.), index; — *des matières*, table of contents.

tableau/ (Fr. m.), a picture, etc., *pl.* -x; **tableau**/ *vivant*/, *pl.* -x -s.

table d'hôte, an ordinary; *pl.* tables — (not ital.).

tables of contents, *see* contents (tables of).

tablespoonful/, *pl.* -s (one word).

table work (typ.), columnar matter, with or without rules. The heading of the table to be outside the enclosing rules. Small type and plenty of space is better than large type and little space. Headings to columns look better in

table work (*cont.*).

smaller type. The widths of the columns should be multiples of the en. The first line of table page placed lengthways should begin at the left-hand foot of every page and read upwards.

tablier (Fr. m.), apron.

taboo, forbidden, *not* -u.

tabour, a small drum, *not* -or.

tabu, *use* **taboo**.

tabul/a (Lat.), a document, *pl.* -æ; **tabul/a ras/a**, a blank surface, *pl.* -æ -æ.

tabular work, *see* **table work**.

tabulat/e, -or.

tac-au-tac, a fencing parry, etc.

tace (It. mus.), be silent; abbr. **T**.

tacks/man (Sc.), a lessee, *not* *tax*-; *pl.* -men.

tædium vitæ (Lat.), weariness of life.

Tae-ping, *use* **Tai**-.

Tafel/ (Ger. typ. f.), a table; *pl.* -n, abbr. **Taf**.

taffeta, a fabric, *not* the many variations.

tag-rag (hyphen).

tags (typ.), direction labels.

tail (typ.), the bottom margin (*see also* **margins**).

tailladé (Fr. cook.), crimped.

taille/ (Fr. f.), engraving, also size, etc.; — *douce*, copper-plate engraving.

tailleur (Fr. m.), tailor, dealer in card games.

tail-piece (typ.), the design at end of a section, chapter, or book.

Tain, Ross-shire.

Taine (Hippolyte), 1828-93, Fr. historian.

TAI-PING — TAUBENHAUS

- Tai-ping** rebellion, 1850-64, *not* Tae-.
- Tait** (A. C.), 1811-82, Abp. of Canterbury; — (P. G.), 1831-1901, physicist (*see also* Tate).
- Taj Mahal**, Agra, *not* — Me-.
- Tal** (Ger. n.), valley, *not* now Th-.
- Talbot de Malahide** (Baron).
- Taler** (Ger. m.), coin, *not* now Th-; abbr. *Tlr.*
- Talfourd** (Sir T. N.), 1795-1854, dram.
- talisman**/, *pl.* -s.
- talis qualis** (Lat.), such as it is.
- tall** copies, books with slightly larger margins than usual, but not large-paper copies.
- Talleyrand** - Périgord (C. M. de), 1754-1838, Fr. politician.
- Tallis** (Thomas), 1510(?) - 85, composer, *not* Talys, Tallys.
- tallness**.
- Talmud**, Heb. laws.
- Tam.**, Tamil.
- tamable**, *not* -eable.
- tambourine**, *not* -in, -orine.
- Tamil**, S. Indian language, *not* -ul; abbr. **Tam**.
- Tammany Hall**, Amer. politics (2 *m*'s).
- "Tam o' Shanter,"** poem by Burns (caps., small *o*, apos., no hyphen).
- tam-o'-shanter**, a woollen cap (hyphens, apos.).
- tan**, tangent, -s (no point).
- Tanganyika** (Lake), Cent. Afr. (one word).
- tangerine** orange, *not* tangier-.
- tangible**, *not* -able.
- Tangier**, Mor., *not* -iers.
- Tangiers**, Haverford-west.
- Tanjore**, India.
- "Tannhäuser,"** opera by Wagner; *pron.* tan-hoi'zr.
- tantalize**, *not* -ise (not cap.).
- tantalum**, symbol **Ta**.
- tant/ mieux** (Fr.), so much the better; — **pis**, so much the worse.
- Taoism**, doctrine of Lâotsze, *not* Tâ-, Taô- (one word).
- tapis (sur le)** (Fr.), under consideration.
- tapisserie** (Fr. f.), tapestry.
- tar/**, -ry.
- tarantella**, a dance, or its music.
- tarantula**, a spider.
- Tarbert**, Argyl, Harris, Co. Kerry.
- Tarbet**, Loch Lomond.
- tariff**, *not* -if.
- tarlatan**, a muslin, *not* -etan.
- tarpaulin**, *not* -ing.
- Tarpeian Rock**.
- Tarrasch** (S.), 1862-, chess player.
- Tartar/**, -y, Cent. Asia, *properly* **Tatar/**, -y.
- tartare (à la)** (Fr. cook.), with cold mustard sauce.
- "Tartuffe,"** play by Molière, 1669, *not* -ufe.
- taseometer**, instrument for measuring strains.
- tasimeter**, instrument for minute measurements.
- Tasm.**, Tasmania.
- ta-ta!** good - bye! (hyphen).
- Tatar**, *see* **Tartar**.
- Tate/** (Sir W. H.), 1842-; — **Gallery**, London (*see also* **Tait**).
- tattoo**, *use* **tattoo**.
- tatterdemalion**, a ragged fellow, *not* -ian.
- Tattersalls**, London (apostrophe only in the possessive case).
- tattoo**, *not* tatoo.
- Taubenhaus** (J.), 1850-, chess player.

Taubman-Goldie (Sir G. D.), 1846-, founder R. Niger Co.

Tauchnitz (baron), publisher, Leipzig.

tau cross, the T.

taut (naut.), *not* -ght.

tautologize, *not* -ise.

tavern, when this word does not form part of the title, the name when cited to be roman double-quoted, and *not* ital.

tawny, tan-colour, *not* -ey.

taxman, *see* tacks-.

Taylour, family name of Marquess of Headfort.

tazz/a (It. f.), bowl or cup, *pron.* tät'sä; *pl.* -e.

Tb, terbium.

T.C.D., Trinity College, Dublin.

Tchad (Lake), Sudan, *not* Chad, Tsad.

Tchertkoff (Vladimir), 1854-, Russ. writer.

Tchigorin (T.), 1850-, chess player.

Tchudi, a Russ. race (*see also* Tschudi).

T.E. (U.S.A.), Topographical Engineer.

Te, tellurium.

Teale (T. Pridgin), 1831-, surgeon.

Teall (J. J. H.), 1849-, geologist.

teapot (one word).

tease, *not* -ze.

teasel (bot.), *not* -sle, -zel, -zle.

teaspoonful, *pl.* -s (one word).

tech., technical, -ly.

technol., technological, -ly.

techy, peevish, *use* tetchy.

tedesco (It. adj.), *fem.* -a, German (*not* cap.).

tee'd (golf).

teetotal, -ism, -ler, -ly.

teetotum (one word).

Tegethoff (W.), Austrian admiral, 1827-71.

Tegetmeier (W. B.), 1816-, writer.

Tegnér (Esaias), 1782-1846, Sw. poet.

Teheran, cap. of Persia, *not* -hran.

Teichmann (R.), 1868-, chess player.

Teignmouth, Devon, *pron.* teen'muth (*see also* Tyne-).

Teil (Ger. m.), a part; *pl.* -e, *not* now Th- (cap.).

Teilungszeichen (Ger. typ.), the hyphen, *not* Th- (cap.).

teinds (Sc.), tithes.

Telford (Thomas), 1757-1834, eng., *not* -our.

tell-tale (hyphen).

tellurion, orrery, *not* -ian.

tellurium, symbol Te.

Telugu, Ind. language, *not* -oogoo.

"Téméraire (The Fighting)," picture by Turner.

temp., temperature, temporary.

temp., *tempore* (in the time of).

Tempel (E. W. L.), 1821-89, Ger. astr.

temperature, abbr. T., or temp.; (typ.) degrees of, to be in figures, as 70° F.

Templar (Knight/), *not* -er; *pl.* -s -s.

tem/plate, *use* -plet.

Temple Bar, London (two words).

templet, a mould or pattern, *not* -plate.

temp/o (It. mus.), time; *pl.* -i, abbr. t.

tempora mutantur (Lat.), times are changed.

temporary, abbr. temp.

tempore (Lat.), in the time of; abbr. t., or temp.

temporize, *not* -ise.

Tenasserim, Burma, *not* Tenn-.

Ten Commandments (the) (caps.).

Tenerife (peak and island of), *not* -iffe.

TENIERS — THAT

Teniers (David), 1582-1649, and 1610-90, two Dutch painters.

Tenison (Thomas), 1636-1715, Abp. of Canterbury (*see also* Tennyson).

Tennant (William), 1784-1848, Sc. writer.

Tennasserim, *use* Tena-.

Tennent (Sir J. E.), 1804-69, writer.

Tennessee, U.S.A. (two *n*'s, two *s*'s, four *e*'s), off. abbr. Tenn.

Tenniel (Sir J. T.), 1820-, "Punch" cartoonist.

Tennyson (Alfred, Lord), 1809-92, poet (*see also* Tenison).

tenor, *not* -our.

tenor/e (It. mus. m.), tenor; *pl.* -i, abbr. t.

Teplitz, Bohemia, *not* Töp-.

Ter., Terrace.

ter (Lat.), thrice.

terat., teratology.

terbium, symbol Tb.

tercel, *use* tier-.

Teresa (St.), *not* Th-.

tergiversat/e, -ion, -or.

termination, abbr. term.

terminator, *not* -er.

terminology, abbr. term.

termin/us, *pl.* -i (not ital.).

terminus/adquem (Lat.), the finish; — *a quo*, the starting-point.

Terr., Territory.

terr/ace (typ.), cap. when with name; abbr. Ter.; in Fr. f. -asse.

terra-cotta (hyphen).

Terra del Fuego, *use* Tierra —.

terræ/filius (Lat.), son of the soil; *pl.* — *filli*.

terra firma (two words, not ital.).

terr/a incognit/a (Lat.), unexplored region; *pl.* -æ -æ (ital.).

terreen, *use* tur-.

terret, ring for driving-rein, *not* -it.

territorialize, *not* -ise.

Territory, abbr. T., or Terr.

terrorize, *not* -ise.

tertium quid (Lat.), an intermediate something.

Tesla (Nikola), 1857-, electrician.

tessellate, *not* -elate.

Testament, abbr. T., or Test.

testamur (Lat.), examination certificate.

test/is (anat.), *pl.* -es.

test-types, those for vision testing.

tetchy, peevish, *not* tec-.

tête (Fr. f.), head; **tête-à-tête** (m., s. and *pl.*), private interview; *but* **tête à tête** (without hyphens), privately; **tête/ de veau**, calf's head; — **dorée** (binding), gilt top.

Teufelsdröckh (Herr), in Carlyle's "Sartor Resartus."

Teut., Teuton, -ic.

Tex., Texas (offic. abbr.), Texan.

textbook (one word).

textus receptus (Lat.), the received text; abbr. **text. rec.**

Teynham (Baron), *pron.* tēn'ham.

t.g., type genus.

Th., Thomas, Thursday.

Th, thorium.

Thal (Ger.), valley, *use* now **Tal**.

Thaler (Ger.), *use* now **Ta-**.

Thalia (Gr.), muse of joy; *pron.* thă-ly'a.

thallium, symbol Tl.

Thanksgiving Day (U.S.A.), last Thursday in November (caps.).

Tharawadi, Burma, *not* Tharrawaddy.

that, refers to a person or thing first mentioned, or farther in order or place than when *this*, *these* are used; *pl.* *those*.

thé (Fr. m.), tea.
Theætetus, disciple of Socrates.
theat., theatrical.
Théâtre français, Paris (cap. *T* only).
thec/a (Lat.), a case, *pron.* thē'ka; *pl.* -æ, *pron.* thē'kē.
theirs (no apos.).
Thellusson's Act (law), 1800, to restrict accumulation of property.
them/a (Gr.), a theme; *pl.* -ata.
Theo., Theodore.
theocracy, a priest-governed State, *not* -sy.
theol., theology, -ian, -ical.
theologize, *not* -ise.
Theoph., Theophilus, Theophrastus.
theor., theorem.
theoret., theoretic, -al, -ally.
theorize, *not* -ise.
Theos., theosophy, -ical, -ist.
therap., therapeutic, -s.
Theresa (St.), *use* Ter-.
Thérèse (Fr.).
thermodynamics (one word).
thermomet/er, -ric, *abbr.* thermom.
Thermopylæ (Pass of).
these, *see* this.
thes/is, *pl.* -es.
Thess., 1, 2 Thessalonians, Thessaly.
Thibet, **thibet**, *use* **Ti-**, **ti-**.
thimblerig, a trick (one word).
thin/, -ner, -nish.
thirds cards (typ.), 3 × 1½ in. or size of gentleman's visiting card, *not* third —.
Thirty-nine Articles (the)(hyphen, two caps.).
thirty-twomo, or **trigesimo-seculo**, a book in which each sheet forms thirty-two leaves or sixty-four pages, usually about 4½ × 3 in.; *abbr.* 32mo.

Thirty Years War, 1618-48 (caps., no apos.).
this, refers to a person or thing which was last mentioned, or which is nearest in order or place; *pl.* these (*see also* that).
thole pin (naut.), *not* -owl —, -owel — (two words).
Thomas, *abbr.* T., Th., or Thos.
Thompson (Sir B., count von Rumford), 1753-1814, founder Royal Institution, London; — (Sir E. Maunde), 1840-, librarian; — (Sir Henry), 1820-1904, surgeon, writer, etc.; — (Silvanus, *not* Sy-, P.), 1851-, physicist.
Thomsen's disease, muscular spasm.
Thomson (Prof. Arthur), 1858-, anat.; — (Sir C. Wyville), 1830-82, zool.; — (James), 1700-48, poet, "The Seasons"; — (James), 1834-82, poet, "City of Dreadful Night"; — (Prof. J. Arthur), 1861-, zool. and writer; — (Joseph), 1858-95, Afr. traveller; — (Prof. Sir Joseph John), 1856-, physicist; — (Sir William, Lord Kelvin), 1824-1909, math. and physicist.
Thomson's electrometer, galvanometer, etc.
Thor (Ger.), *use now* **Tor**.
thor/ax, *pl.* -aces.
thorium, symbol Th.
thorn, the Ang.-Sax. þ þ (*see also* eth).
Thornycroft's Horse, S. Africa.
Thornycroft (J. I. & Co.), boat builders, Chiswick; — (W. Hamo), 1850-, sculptor.
thorough, *abbr.* thoro'.

THOROUGH-BASS — TIMPANI

thoroughbass (mus.) (one word).
 thorough/bred, -going (one word).
 Thos., Thomas.
 those, *see* that.
 though, abbr. tho'.
 thowel, *use* thole.
 thrall, thraldom.
 thrash, *not* thre-.
 Threadneedle Street, London (two words).
 three-colour process, the printing of coloured plates by the superposition of the three primary colours on each other; the blocks being automatically dissected by photography.
 threescore, sixty (one word).
 thresh, *use* thra-.
 thresher whale, *not* thra- (two words).
 threshold, *not* -hhold.
 thrill (mus.), *use* trill.
 thro', through.
 Throckmorton (Sir N. W. G.), 1515-71, diplom.
 Throgmorton Avenue, *also* Street, London, E.C.
 Thronhjhem, *use* Tro-.
 through, abbr. thro'.
 throw out (binding), to mount a cut, map, etc., upon a guard the size of a page, so that it may remain in view while other pages are read.
 throw up (typ.), to render prominent by use of bold type, etc.
 Thuja (bot.), *use* -ya.
 Thule (Ultima), *pron.* thū'lē.
 thunder (naut.), abbr. t.
 Thür (Ger.), *use* Tür.
 Thursday, abbr. Th.
 thuya (bot.), *not* -ja.
 T.H.W.M., Trinity High-Water Mark.
 thyme, herb; *pron.* tīm.
 Thynne, family name of Marquess of Bath.

Ti, titanium.
 Tibet, Cent. Asia, *not* Th-tibet, a woollen fabric, *not* th-.
 tie douloureux, facial neuralgia, *not* dol- (two words).
 Ticonderoga, New York.
 tidbit, *use* tit-.
 Tidworth, Andover, *not* Te-.
 tie, tying, *not* tieing.
 Tien-tsin, port of Peking.
 tiercel, a bird, *not* ter-.
 Tierra del Fuego, S. Amer., *not* Terra — —.
 tiers état (Fr. m.), the common people (not caps.).
 Tietjens, *use* Titiens.
 tiffin, lunch, *not* -ing.
 tigerish, *not* tigr-.
 Tighnabruaich, Argyll.
 tight back (binding), the cover fastened solidly to the back, so that it does not become hollow when open.
 tigrish, *use* tiger-.
 tike, *not* ty-.
 tilde, the mark as over the Sp. *n*, ñ; in Port. til.
 Tilsit (Treaty of), *not* -itt.
 Tim., 1 and 2 Timothy.
 timbre (mus.) (not ital.).
 timbre-poste (Fr. m.), postage-stamp; *pl.* timbres- —, abbr. t.p.
 Timbuktu, W. Africa, *not* -buctoo.
 time of day (typ.), to be in figures with full point, followed by a.m. or p.m. in roman lower case, as 9.30 a.m. Such phrases as half-past two, a quarter to four, are better spelled out (*see also* date).
 "Times (The)," established 1788 (caps.).
 timist (mus.), *not* -eist.
 timpani (mus.), the orchestral kettle-drums, *not* ty- (*see also* tympanum).

tin (*stannum*), symbol Sn.
tinct., tincture.

Tindal (Matthew), 1656-
1733, theol., *not* -all (see
also Tyn-).

tin-foil (hyphen).

tinging, *not* -eing.

Tinnevelly and Madura
(Bp. of), *not* -velli — —.

tin-plate (hyphen).

tinsel, -led, -ling.

Tintagel, Cornwall, *not* -il;
pron. tin-taj'el.

-tion (typ.), if necessary
at end of lines, carry over
this and *not* -ation, -ition,
etc.

tipo (It., Sp.), type.

Tipperary, Ireland.

tippet, *not* tipet.

tipstaff, a bailiff; *pl.* -s.

tirade, a long declamation.

tirailleur (Fr. m.), a sharp-
shooter.

tire (of a wheel), correct,

tireing (v.), *but* ty-usual.

tirer (Fr. typ.), to print.

tiret (Fr. typ. m.), dash, or
rule.

tiro, *use* ty-.

'tis, for it is (apos., close up).

tit., title.

titanic (*not* cap.).

titanium, symbol Ti.

titbit, *not* tid- (one word).

Titel (Ger. typ. m.), the
title; *-blatt* (n.), title
page; *-zeile* (f.), head-
line (caps.).

tithe rent charge, abbr.
T.R.C.

Titians (Teresa), 1831-
77; singer, *not* Tietjens.

titivate, *not* titt-.

title (binding), the panel on
the cover with the name.

title-deed (hyphen).

title page (typ.), should
contain: name of book,
author, publisher, place of
publication, date of pub-
lication (this should *never*
be omitted) in arabic
figures (*not* roman nu-

title page (*cont.*).

merals). It need have no
points at ends of lines
(see also preliminary
matter).

title pages. Report of
the Committee of the
Publishers' Association
of Great Britain and Ire-
land, 1898:—

“(1) DATE. (a) That the
title page of every book
should bear the date of
the year of publication,
i.e. of the year in which
the impression, or the re-
issue, of which it forms
a part, was first put on
the market. (b) That
when stock is reissued in
a new form, the title page
should bear the date of
the new issue, and each
copy should be described
as a ‘reissue,’ either on
the title page or in a
bibliographical note. (c)
That the date at which
a book was last revised
should be indicated either
on the title page or in a
bibliographical note.

“(2) BIBLIOGRAPHICAL
NOTE. That the biblio-
graphical note should,
when possible, be printed
on the back of the title
page, in order that it may
not be separated there-
from in binding.

“(3) IMPRESSION, EDI-
TION, REISSUE. That for
bibliographical purposes
definite meanings should
be attached to these
words when used on a
title page, and the follow-
ing are recommended:—

“*Impression*.—A num-
ber of copies printed at
any one time. When a
book is reprinted without
change it should be called
a new *impression*, to dis-

TITLE — TO-NIGHT

title pages (*cont.*).

tinguish it from an *edition* as defined below.

"Edition.—An impression in which the matter has undergone some change, or for which the type has been reset.

"Reissue.—A republication at a different price, or in a different form, of part of an impression which has already been placed on the market.

"(4) LOCALISATION.

When the circulation of an impression of a book is limited by agreement to a particular area, that each copy of that impression should bear a conspicuous notice to that effect."

"ADDENDUM. In cases where a book has been reprinted many times, and revised a less number of times, it is suggested that the intimation to that effect should be as follows, e.g. :—

"FIFTEENTH IMPRESSION (THIRD EDITION). This would indicate that the book had been printed fifteen times, and that in the course of those fifteen impressions it had been revised or altered twice."

title-rôle (hyphen, ô).

titles (cited), of articles in magazines, of books, chapters in books, of magazines, newspapers, paintings, periodicals, reviews, and sculptures, to be roman double-quoted, not italic.

title-sheet (typ.), that containing the preliminary matter.

titles of honour, as LL.D., F.R.S., are usually in caps. Frequently s.caps. give a better general effect (*see also compound ranks*).

title type, caps. occupying space of two ordinary lines.

titre (Fr. typ. m.), title.

tit-tat-to, a game (hyphens).

tittivate, *use titi.*

Titus, not to be abbreviated.

Tl, thallium.

T.O., turn over.

Tobago, W. Ind., *not* Ta.

Tobit (Apocr.), not to be abbreviated.

toboggan/, *not* -ogan; -ing.

Tocqueville (A. C. H. C. de), 1805-59, Fr. writer.

to-day (hyphen).

to-do, commotion (hyphen).

toffee, *not* -y.

toga/, the Roman mantle; *pl.* -s.

toile (Fr. f.), linen-cloth.

toilet, *not* -ette.

toilette (Fr. f.), toilet.

Toison d'or (Fr. f.), the golden fleece.

Tokay, a wine.

token (typ.), half a ream, or 250 impressions on press.

Tokio, cap. of Japan, *not* -yo; *formerly* Yeddo.

Toler, family name of Earl of Norbury.

Tolstoy (Count Leo), 1828-, writer, *not* -oi.

tomalley, so-called liver of lobster, *not* -ly.

tomato/, *pl.* -es.

tome (Fr. m.), a volume; abbr. t.

to-morrow (hyphen).

tom-tit, the bird (hyphen).

ton/ (weight), -s, abbr. t.

ton (Fr. m.), style.

Tonbridge, *but* Tunbridge Wells.

tonsillitis, *not* -ilitis.

Tone (T. Wolfe), 1763-98, Ir. patriot.

Tongking, China, *not* Tun-, Tonkin, Tonquin.

Tonic Sol-fa (one hyphen).

to-night (hyphen).

tonn., tonnage.
tonne (Fr. f.), 1000 kilograms.
tonneau (Fr. m.), ton, tun, or cask; abbr. **t.**
Tooke (J. Horne), 1736-1812, writer.
tooled edges (binding), those with impressed designs.
toothpick (one word).
topinambour (Fr. m.), Jerusalem artichoke.
Töplitz, *use* **Te-**.
top-mast (hyphen).
topog., topography, -ical.
topsy-turvy (hyphen).
Tor (Ger. m.), fool; (n.) gate, *not* now **Th-** (cap.).
torc, *use* **torque**.
tormentor, *not* -er.
tornado/, *pl.* -es.
torniquet, *use* **tour-**.
torpedo/, *pl.* -es.
Torphichen (Baron), *pron.* tor'fi-ken.
torque, a gold ornament, (mech.) turning movement, *not* **torc**.
Torquemada (Thomas de), 1420-98, Inquisitor.
Torres Vedras, near Lisbon (no hyphen).
torso/ (sculp.), the trunk; *pl.* -s.
tourue/ (Fr. f.), turtle; — **claire**, clear turtle soup.
totalize, *not* -ise.
totidem verbis (Lat.), in so many words.
toties quoties (Lat.), as often the one, so often the other.
toto cælo (Lat.), diametrically opposed, *not* — **cæ-**.
totum (Lat.), the whole.
toujours/perdrix (Fr.), too much of one good thing; — **prêt**, always ready.
tour/ (Fr. m.), a tour; (f.) tower; — **à tour**, alternately; — **d'adresse** (m.), legerdemain; — **de force**, a feat of

strength or skill; **tour de main**, sleight of hand.
Tourguéniev (I. S.), 1818-83, Russ. novelist, *not* the many variations.
tourmaline, *not* -in.
Tournai, Belgium.
Tournay, France.
tourniquet, *not* **tor-**.
tournure (Fr. f.), contour, figure, (dress) bustle.
tourte (Fr. f.), tart.
tout/ à coup, or — **d'un coup** (Fr.), suddenly, all at once; — **à fait**, entirely; — **court**, abruptly; — **de même**, all the same; — **de suite**, immediately; — **ensemble**, the general effect (no hyphens).
towel/, -ling.
town, abbr. **t.**
town cards (typ.), 3 x 2 in.
town/councillor, *not* -ilor, — **hall** (two words).
Townshend (Marquess, *not* of); — (R. B.), 1846-, writer.
township, abbr. **t.**
toxicol., toxicology, -ical.
toxin, *not* -ine.
toxophilite, of archery.
t.p. (Fr.), **timbre(-s)-poste** (postage-stamp).
Tr., trustee.
tr/ (typ.), *see* **transpose**.
traceable, *not* -cable.
trache/a, *pl.* -æ.
Tractarian/, -ism (caps.).
tractor, *not* -er.
trade-mark (hyphen).
trade/union (two words); *pl.* — **unions**, *not* **trades-**; abbr. **T.U.**
traduction (Fr. f.), translation.
traffic/, -ked, -ker.
trafic (Fr. m.), trade.
trag., tragedy, tragic.
tragedi/an, a tragic actor; *fem.* -enne.
Trail (J. W. H.), 1851-, botanist.

- Traill** (Anthony), 1838-,
Provost T.C.D. 1904 ; —
(H. D.), 1842-1900,
writer.
- trait**, *pron.* trā, in Amer.
trāt.
- trait d'union** (Fr. typ. m.),
the hyphen.
- trammel**/, -led, -ling.
- tranquil**/, -lity, -lize, -ly.
- trans.**, transactions, trans-
itive, translated, -ion, -or.
- transact**/, -or.
- transatlantic** (one word,
not cap.).
- Transcaucasia**, Russia
(one word).
- transf.**, transferred.
- transfer**/, -able, -ence,
-red, -rer, -ring.
- transform**/, -ator, -er.
- transgress**/, -ible, -or.
- tranship**/, -ment (one
word), *not* transs-.
- transitive**, abbr. trans.
- translat**/ed, -ion, -or,
abbr. trans.; -able.
- transmissible**, *not* -able.
- transpose** (typ.), to move
letters, words, lines, etc.,
from one place to another ;
tr/ being written in the
margin, and a line put
round the matter pointing
to where it is to be trans-
ferred (*see also* proof
correction marks).
- Transvaal**, S. Africa.
- tratto d'unione** (It. typ.),
the hyphen.
- trattoria** (It. f.), cook-shop.
- Trav.**, travels.
- travel**/, -led, -ler, -ling.
- Travellers' Club**, London
(apos. at end).
- T.R.C.**, Thames Rowing
Club, tithe rent charge.
- Treas.**, treasurer, treasury.
- tree - calf** (binding), a
bright-brown calf stained
with a conventional tree-
like design.
- Treitschke** (H. G. von),
1834-96, Ger. hist.
- trek**/ (S. Afr.), to journey,
not -ck ; -ker.
- Trelawny**, *not* -ey.
- tremor**, *not* -our.
- trente-et-quarante** (Fr.
m.), a gambling game.
- très bien** (Fr.), very good.
- Tresco**, Scilly.
- Trescowe**, Cornwall.
- très/ distingué** (Fr.), very
distinguished ; — **peu**,
very little.
- trestle**, a table support, *not*
tressel.
- trevet**, *use* tri-.
- T.R.H.**, Their Royal
Highnesses.
- tria juncta in uno** (Lat.),
three joined in one.
- tricolour**, the Fr. flag (one
word); in Fr. m. **drapeau
tricolore**.
- trigesimo-seculo**, *see*
thirty-twomo.
- trigon.**, trigonometry, -ical.
- trill** (mus.), *not* th-.
- trillion**, in Eng. a million
million millions ; in Fr.
and U.S.A., a million
millions.
- Trimleston** (Baron),
pron. trim'less-.
- trimmed edges**, *see*
edges.
- Trin.**, Trinity.
- Trinity Sunday**, the one
after Whit-Sunday.
- triphthong**, three vowels
in a single syllable as
eau in beau.
- tripos**/, Camb. examination ;
pron. tri'pös, *pl.* -es.
- Tristan' da Cunha**, S.
Atlantic, *not* — d'Acunha.
- triturat**/e, -or.
- triumvir**/ (Lat.), *pl.* -i ;
Eng. *pl.* -s.
- trivet**, *not* tre-.
- trivial** (Fr. adj.), vulgar.
- trocar**, surgical instrument,
not -har.
- trolly**, *not* -ey.
- trompette** (Fr. m.), trum-
peter ; (f.) trumpet.

Trondhjem, Norway, *not* Th-.

tropæolum/ (bot.), *pl.* -s.

tropical (not cap.).

trottoir (Fr. m.), the foot pavement.

trousers, *not* trow-.

trousseau/, dress outfit; *pl.* -x (not ital.).

trouvaille (Fr. f.), a lucky find.

troy weight, 1 lb., 12 oz., 240 pennyweights, 5760 grains (not cap.).

Trs., Trustees.

truite/ (Fr. f.), trout; — *au bleu*, brook trout; — *de lac*, lake trout; — *saumonée*, salmon trout.

trumpet/, -ed, -ing.

Truron., signature of Bp. of Truro (full point).

trustee, abbr. Tr., *pl.* Trs.

T.S. (paper), tub-sized.

Tsad (Lake), Sudan, *use* — Tchad.

Tsar of Russia; Tsarevitch, his son; Tsarevna, his dau.; Tsarina, his wife (in Russ. Tsaritza); *not* Cz-, Tz-.

Tsarskoye Selo, near St. Petersburg, imperial residence, *not* Tz-.

Tschaikovsky (P. F.), 1840-93, Russ. composer.

Tschigorin, *use* Tch-.

Tschudi (A.), 1505-72, Swiss historian (*see also* Tchudi).

Tsech, *use* Czech*.

tsetse fly, *not* tzetze; *pron.* set'sé.

T.S.S., twin-screw steamship.

t.t.l., to take leave.

T.U., trade union, -s.

tub/a, bass saxhorn; *pl.* -æ.

Tübingen, Ger. town and university.

T.U.C., Trade Union Congress.

Tuesday, abbr. T., or Tues.

Tuileries, Paris (one l).

tulle, fine silk fabric.

tumbrel, a cart, *not* -il.

tumour, *not* -or.

tumul/us, *pl.* -i (not ital.).

tun/ (cask), -s, abbr. t.

Tunbridge Wells, *but* Tonbridge.

tungsten, symbol W.

tunnel/, -led, -ling.

tu quoque! (Lat.), thou also!

Tür (Ger. f.), door, *not* now Th- (cap.).

turbot (Fr. m.), turbot.

Turco, Fr. Algerian soldier, *not* -ko.

Turcoman, *use* Turko-.

tureen, *not* terreen.

Turgenieff, *use* Tourguénieff.

Turk., Turkey, -ish.

Turkestan, *not* Turki-.

turkey red (not cap.).

Turkoman/, of Turkestan, *not* Turco-; *pl.* -s.

turned commas (typ.), those used at the commencement of a quotation, as these “, two apostrophes being at the end. Together they are called “quotes” (*see also* quotation marks).

Turner (Joseph Mallord—*not* -ad, -ard—William), 1775-1851, painter.

Turnour, family name of Earl Winterton.

turn over, abbr. T.O.

Tuskar Rock, lighthouse, Wexford.

tussock-grass, *not* -ac.

tuum (Lat.), thine (*see also* *meum*).

T.V.R. (elec.), temperature variation of resistance.

Tweeddale (Marquess of).

Tweedie (Mrs. Alec), writer.

TWEEDY — TYPE

Tweedy (John), P.R.C.S., 1904.

tweeny-maid, a servant who assists in both cookery and house-work.

Twelfth Day, 6 January.

twelvemo or **duodecimo** (typ.), a book each sheet of which forms twelve leaves or twenty-four pages, size usually about $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ in.; abbr. **12mo**.

twenty-fourmo or **vigesimo-quarto** (typ.), a book each sheet of which forms twenty-four leaves or forty-eight pages, usually about $5 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ in.; abbr. **24mo**.

twentymo or **vigesimo** (typ.), a book each sheet of which forms twenty leaves or forty pages, usually about 5×3 in.; abbr. **20mo**.

Twerton-on-Avon, Bath, not Tiver-, Tiver-.

Twisleton - Wykeham - Fiennes, family name of Baron Saye and Sele.

two-line/ (typ.), having a depth of body (or height of letter on printed page) equal to double that of the size specified, as two-line pica; — **type**, plain initial letters occupying two lines in depth, and used at the commencement of a chapter, advert., etc.

T.Y.C. (racing), Two-Year-old Course.

tying, not tie-.

Tyler (John), 1790-1862, Amer. Pres. 1841-5.

Tylor (Sir E. B.), 1832-, anthropologist.

tympa/um, the ear-drum; *pl.* -a (see also **timpani**).

Tyndale (William), d. 1536, translator of Bible (see also **Tindal**).

Tyndall (John), 1820-93, physicist.

Tynemouth, Northumb.; *pron.* tIn'muth (see also **Teign-**).

typ., typographer, -ic, -ical, -ly.

type, the most used kinds in order of size:

pearl $4\frac{3}{4}$ point.

nonpareil 6 "

minion 7 "

brevier 8 "

bourgeois $8\frac{1}{2}$ "

long primer ... $9\frac{1}{2}$ "

(*pron.* prim'er).

small pica $10\frac{1}{2}$ "

pica 12 "

english 14 "

great pri-
mer 18 "

(See also **agate**, **Antiqua**, **bastard**, **bold face**, **bourgeois**, **brevier**, **brilliant**, **Brotschrift**, **Canon**, **Caslon**, **Caxton**, **church-text**, **clarendon**, **diamond**, **double english**, — **paragon**, — **pica**, **Egyptian**, **Egyptienne**, **Elzevir**, **emerald**, **English**, **expanded**, **fat face**, **Fraktur**, **full-faced**, **gem**, **German text**, **Gothic**, **great primer**, **grotesque**, **hagere Schrift**, **hair-line letter**, **Imperial**, **inferior characters**, **italic**, **Kanon**, **kern**, **lead**, **lean-face**, **liegende Schrift**, **logotype**, **long primer**, **Miller and Richard's**, **minion**, **minionette**, **Mittel**, **modern-face**, **nick**, **nonpareil**, **old-English**, — **face**, — **style**, **paragon**, **pearl**, **pica type**, **point system**, **primer**, **quadrat**,

reglet, roman, ronde, **rotondo**, ruby, rule, runic, sans serif, **Schrift**, script, serif, skeleton, small pica, spaces, superior characters, swash, title type.)

typewriter, the machine.

typewritten copy (typ.), this should *always* be revised before being sent to press. It is charged as "manuscript," *not* "printed," in Amer. by U.S. law.

typist, the user of a typewriter.

typography, the act, process, or art of composing and printing from types, etc.; abbr. **typ.**

Typothetæ, American society of master printers.

tyrannize, *not* -ise.

tyre (of a wheel), usual, *but* ti- correct.

tyro, *pl.* -s, *not* ti-.

Tyrol, Austria; in Ger. Ti-.

Tyrwhitt, *pron.* tir'rit.

Tzar/, -evitch, -evna, -ina, *use* Ts-.

Tzarskoye Selo, *use* Tsars- —.

tzetze fly, *use* tsetse —.

U

- U., all proper names with this initial, the twentieth in a series, (Ger.) *Uhr* (clock, o'clock).
- U, uranium.
- (U.), Unionist.
- u., (Ger.) *und* (and), *unter* (among), (naut.) ugly, threatening weather.
- u. a. (Ger.), *und andre* (and others), *unter andern* (among others).
- u. a. m. (Ger.), *und andres mehr* (and so forth).
- ubique* (Lat.), everywhere.
- ubi supra* (Lat.), in the place above (mentioned); abbr. u.s.
- U.C., University College, Upper Canada.
- u.c. (typ.), upper case, (It. mus.) *una corda* (on one string); U.C.L., University College, London; U.C.S., ditto School.
- Udaipur, Ind., *not* Odeypore, Oodey-, Ude-.
- U.D.C., Urban District Council.
- U.E.I.C., United East India Company.
- U.F.C., United Free Church (of Scotland).
- Uffizi Gallery, Florence, *not* -izzi.
- Uhlan, Ger. light cavalry soldier; in Ger. *Ulan*.
- Uhland (J. L.), 1787-1862, Ger. poet.
- Uhr* (Ger. f.), clock, o'clock; pl. *-en*, abbr. U. (cap.).
- U.J.D., *Utriusque Juris Doctor* (Doctor of both Laws).
- U.K., United Kingdom.
- U.K.A., Ulster King-of-Arms, United Kingdom Alliance.
- ukase, Russian edict, *not* oukaz.
- Ulan*, Ger. m. for *Uhlan*.
- Ullswater, Cumberland, *not* Ulles-.
- Ulster, Ireland.
- ulster, a coat (not cap.).
- Ulster King-of-Arms*, *not* — -at- — (cap. U, two hyphens); abbr. U.K.A.
- ult. (should not be printed), *ultimo* (last [month]).
- ultima* (Lat. f.), final; — *hæres*, the Crown or the State; — *ratio*, the last resource; — *ratio regum*, resort to arms (*see also* Thule).
- ultimatum/, pl. *-s*.
- ultimo* (Lat.), last month; abbr. *ult.* (this should not be printed).
- ultimum vale* (Lat.), the last farewell.
- ultra* (Lat.), beyond, extreme; — *vires*, beyond legal power.
- Umballa, Ind., *use* Am-.
- umbr/a*, a shadow; pl. *-æ*.
- umbrella/, pl. *-s*.
- umlaut, *see* Ä, ä and accents and diacritical marks.
- Umritsar, Ind., *use* Am-ritsar.
- una corda* (It. mus.), with one string, or on the piano with soft pedal; abbr. u.c.
- unanimous (a, *not* an).
- unapparell/ed, -ing.
- unauthorize, *not* -ise.
- una voce* (Lat.), un-animously.
- unbaptize, *not* -ise.
- unbiased, *not* -ssed.
- unburden, *not* -then.
- uncanny, *not* -ie.
- unchristian (one word).

unciatim (Lat.), ounce by ounce.
unclench, *see* clench.
unclinch, *see* clinch.
uncut edges, *see* edges.
und/ (Ger.), and, abbr. **u.**; — **andre**, and others, abbr. **u. a.**; — **andres mehr**, and so forth, abbr. **u. a. m.**
under-estimate (hyphen).
underhand (one word).
underlay (typ.), to make type, cuts, etc., type-high.
underlie, *not* -ly.
underline (theat.), to announce a forthcoming performance at the foot of an advertisement; (typ.) use single line for italics; double, for small capitals; treble, for large capitals; wavy, for special type, as clarendon.
under/sell, -tone (one word).
under way, moving, *not* — weigh (two words).
und/ so fort (Ger.), and so on, abbr. **usf.**; — **so weiter**, and so forth, or etc., abbr. **usw.**
unenclosed*, *not* unin-
uneven pages (typ.), those with odd folios, as 1, 3, 5, the right-hand, or recto, pages.
ungarisch (Ger.), Hungarian; abbr. **ung.** (not cap.).
Ungarn, Ger. n. for Hungary.
ungathered (typ.), printed sheets not arranged in book order.
unguent.
unicorn, uniform, union, unison (**a**, *not* an).
Unionist, abbr. (**U.**).
un/son, in Fr. -**sson**.
Unit., Unitarian, -ism.
unit (**a**, *not* an).
Unitas Fratrum (Lat.), off. for Moravian Church.
United Free Church of Scotland (caps.), abbr.

U.F.C.; **United/Kingdom** (caps.), abbr. **U.K.**;
 — **Kingdom Alliance** [for the suppression of the liquor traffic] (caps.), abbr. **U.K.A.**; — **Presbyterian/**, abbr. **U.P.**;
 — — **Church** (caps.), abbr. **U.P.C.** (*see also* **U.S.**, **U.S.I.**, **U.S.S.**, **U.S.V.**).
Univ., University.
universal (**a**, *not* an); abbr. **univ.**
universalize, *not* -ise.
unlicensed.
unm., unmarried.
unmistakable, *not* -eable.
unmould, *not* -mold.
uno animo (Lat.), unanimously.
unopened edges, *see* edges.
unparalleled.
unrival/, -led.
unsaleable, *not* -lable.
unserviceable, *not* -cable.
unskilful.
unter/ (Ger.), among, abbr. **u.**; — **andern**, — others, abbr. **u. a.**
until (typ.), should not be divided.
untrammelled.
untravelled, *not* -eled.
U.P., United Presbyterian.
u.p., under proof.
up., upper.
U.P.C., United Presbyterian Church.
uphroe (naut.), a crow-foot, *use* euphroe*.
upper case (typ.), the case containing caps., s.caps., reference marks, and accents; abbr. **u.c.**
upstairs (one word).
up-to-date, adj. (hyphens).
uræmia (path.), *not* ure-
Ural Mountains, *not* Ou-
uranium, symbol **U**.
urari, *use* curare*.
urbi et orbi (Lat.), to the city (Rome) and the world.

urethr/a (anat.), *pl.* -æ.
 Urim and Thummim
 (Scrip.) are *plurals*.
 Urquhart, *pron.* urk'urt.
 Uru., Uruguay.
 U.S., United Service, —
 States; *u.s.*, *ubi supra*
 (in the place above [men-
 tioned]), *ut supra* (as
 above); *U.S.A.*, United
 States Army, — — of
 America.
 usable, *not* -eable.
 U.S.C., United States of
 Colombia.
 useful (*a*, *not* an).
 usf. (Ger.), *und so fort* (and
 so on).
 U.S.I., United Service
 Institution; *U.S.L.*,
 United States Legation;
U.S.M., ditto Mail, ditto
 Marines; *U.S.M.A.*,
 ditto Military Academy;
U.S.N., ditto Navy;
U.S.N.A., ditto Naval
 Academy; *U.S.P.* *or*
U.S.Pharm., ditto Phar-
 macopœia.
 usquebaugh (Gaelic),
 whisky.

U.S.S., United States
 Senate, ditto Ship, ditto
 Steamer; *U.S.S.C.*, ditto
 Supreme Court.
usu., usual, -ly.
usurper (*a*, *not* an).
U.S.V., United States
 Volunteers.
usw. (Ger.), *und so weiter*
 (and so forth, or etc.).
U.T., Utah Territory.
Ut., Utah.
Utakamund, *not* Ootaca-
 mund.
ut dictum (Lat.), as di-
 rected; abbr. *ut dict.*
utilize, *not* -ise.
ut infra (Lat.), as be-
 low.
uti possidetis (Lat.), as
 you now possess (opposed
 to *status quo ante*).
Utopia/, -n (caps.).
ut supra (Lat.), as above:
 abbr. *u.s.*
uxor (Lat.), wife; abbr.
ux.
Uzanne (Octave), 1852-
 Fr. writer.
Uzès (duchesse d'),
 1848-, Fr. writer.

V

V., Vice-, Volunteers, all proper names with this initial; it is *not* used in the numeration of series.

V, five, vanadium, (elec.) volt, (math.) potential energy.

v., ventral, verse, (math.) vector, (phys.) velocity.

v. (Lat.), versus (against), *vide* (see), (mus.) *violino* (violin), *voce* (voice).

Ÿ, sign for versicle.

V.A., Vicar-Apostolic, Vice-Admiral, (Order of) Victoria and Albert (for ladies), Volunteer Artillery.

Va., Virginia (offic. abbr.).

v.a., *vixit* . . . *annos* (lived [so many] years).

vacillation.

vaccinat/e, -or.

vacuum, *pl.* -a.

vade-mecum, *pl.* -s (hyphen).

væ victis! (Lat.), woe to the vanquished!

vaille que vaille (Fr.), whatever it may be worth, at all events.

vainglor/y, -ious (one word).

Vakat (Ger. typ. n.), blank page.

vale (Lat.), farewell.

Valencia, Spain.

Valenciennes lace.

Valentia Island; **Viscount** —, *not* -cia.

Valentine's Day (St.), 14 February (apos.).

valet, man-servant; — *de chambre*, a body-servant (not ital.); **valet/de pied**, footman; — *de place*, a local guide (ital.).

Valhalla, *not* W-.

valkyrie, *not* w-.

Valladolid, Spain.

Valletort (**Viscount**), *pron.* val'ā-tort.

Vallombrosa, N. Italy, *not* Vallam-.

valour, *but* **valorous**.

Valparaiso, *pron.* -i'zo.

valse (Fr. f.), waltz.

Vambéry (**Arminius**), 1832-, Hung. traveller.

van, *or* **van der** (typ.), this prefix usually l.c., *but* copy signature.

vanadium, symbol **V**.

Vanbrugh, *pron.* van'broo.

Van Diemen's Land, *not* — Dieman's — (apos.); *now* **Tasmania**.

Van Dyck (Sir **Anthony**), 1599-1641, painter (two words).

Van Dyke (Rev. **H.**), 1852-, writer.

vandyke/ **brown**, — collar, — edge, — lace, etc., *not* -dyck (two words, *not* cap.).

Vane - Tempest - Stewart, family name of Marquess of Londonderry (hyphens).

Vanhomrigh (**Esther**), 1692-1723, Swift's "Vanessa."

van't Hoff (**Jacobus H.**), 1852-, Du. chemist.

vaporize, *not* -ise.

vapour, *but* **vaporous**.

var. (biol.), variety, (math.) variant.

vari/a lectio/ (Lat.), a variant reading, abbr. **v.l.**; *pl.* -æ -nes, abbr. **vv.ll.**

variant (math.), abbr. **var.**

variety (biol.), abbr. **var.** (*see also* botany).

VARIORUM — VEREINIGTE

variorum edition, one with notes by various commentators.

variorum notæ (Lat.), notes by commentators.

vas (anat.), a duct; *pl.* -a.

vasculum, bot. specimen case; *pl.* -a.

Vassar College, New York.

Vat., Vatican.

Vaux (Baron), *pron.* vōx.

V.B., Volunteer Battalion.

vb., verb.

V.C., Vice-Chairman, — -Chancellor, Victoria Cross; **v. Chr.** (Ger.), *vor Christus*, *vor Christo*, or *vor Christi Geburt* (B.C.).

V.D., Volunteer (officers) Decoration; **v.d.**, various dates; **V.D.M.** (Amer.), *Verbi Dei Minister* (Preacher of the Word of God).

v^e, *veuve* (widow).

veau (Fr. m.), calf, (cook.) veal, (binding) calf, calf-skin; — **racine aux nerfs**, tree-marbled calf with bands.

vector (math.), abbr. **v.**

vedette, mounted sentinel, *not vi.*

Vehmgericht, Ger. mediæval tribunal, *not Feh-*, Fem-; *pl.* -e (*not ital.*).

veille (Fr. f.), the day before, eve (*see also vielle*).

Velazquez (D. de Silva), 1599-1660, Sp. painter, *not Velas*; Sp. *pron.* vä-luth-keth.

veld, Afr. unforested country, *not -dt*; *pron.* felt.

vellum, very smooth parchment; — **-paper**, that imitating vellum.

velocity (phys.), abbr. **v.**

velvety.

Ven., Venerable (used to Archdeacon only).

venaison (Fr. f.), venison. **venal**, of a vein, also sordid (*see also venial*).

Vendée (La), dép. France.

vend/er, in law -or.

vendetta, a blood feud (*not ital.*).

Vendôme Colonne, and Place, Paris.

venerat/e, -or.

venesection, blood-letting.

Venet., Venetian.

venetian blind (*not cap.*).

Venezuela, abbr. **Venez.**, *pron.* ven'ez-wël-ä.

venial, pardonable (*see also venal*).

vente au rabais (Fr. f.), sale at reduced prices.

ventilat/e, -or.

ventral, abbr. **v.**

ventre à terre (Fr.), at full speed.

ventriloquize, *not -ise*.

Ver. (Ger.), *Verein* (Association).

vera causa (Lat.), a true cause.

veranda, *not -ah*.

verb, abbr. **vb.**

verbalize, *not -ise*.

verbatim (Lat.), word for word (*not ital.*); **ver-**

batim, **literatim**, **et**

punctatim, word for

word, letter for letter,

and point for point (*ital.*).

Verbi Dei Minister

(Lat.), Preacher of the

Word of God; abbr.

V.D.M.

verbum satis sapienti

(Lat.), a word to the wise

suffices; abbr. **verb. sap.**

(*or sat.*).

verd-antique, a stone, *not*

verde — (hyphen).

verderer, forester, *not -or*.

verdigris, *not verde-*.

Verein (Ger. m.), Association (*cap.*); abbr. **Ver.**

Vereinigte Staaten, Ger. for United States (of America); abbr. **Ver. St.**

Verestchagin (*Vasili*),
1842-1904, Russ. painter.
verger (Fr. m.), an orchard.
Vergil, *use* **Vi**.
Vergil (Polydore), 1470-
1555, writer.
Verlagsbuchhändler
(Ger. m.), publisher, -s
(cap.).
vermilion, *not* -llion.
Vermont, off. abbr. **Vt**.
vermuth, an appetizer;
in Fr. m. *vermouth*, in
Ger. m. *Wermut*.
Verrocchio (*Andrea*
del), 1435-88, painter,
not the many variations.
Versailles, near Paris.
versales (Sp. typ.), capitals.
versalillas (Sp. typ. f.),
small capitals.
vers de société (Fr. m.),
society verses.
verse, abbr. **v.**, *pl.* **vv**.
versicle (typ.), the sign *ŷ*
used in religious works.
verso (typ.), the left-hand
page of an open book,
usually bearing an even
number, as 2, 4, 6; abbr. **vº**.
Ver. St. (Ger.), *Vereinigte*
Staaten (U.S.A.).
versus (Lat.), against (*not*
ital.); abbr. **v.** (*ital.*).
vertebr/a, *pl.* -æ (*not* *ital.*).
vertebrata, is *plural*.
vert/ex, *pl.* -ices.
vertu, *use* **vi**-.
Vertue (George), 1684-
1756, engraver.
verve, spirit (*not* *ital.*).
Very Rev., Very Rever-
end (for Deans only).
vessels' names, to be
roman double-quoted and
not *italic*.
vestigia (Lat. pl.), traces.
vet, veterinary surgeon.
veto, *pl.* -es.
vetturin/o (It.), jobmaster;
pl. -i.
veuf (Fr. m.), widower.
veuve (Fr. f.), widow;
abbr. **vº**.

Vevey, Switz., *not* -ay.
vexata quæstio (Lat.),
a disputed question.
V.G., Vicar-General.
via (Lat.), by way of, *not*
-â (*not* *ital.*).
via media (Lat.), a middle
course (*ital.*).
viator, a traveller; *pl.* -es.
Vic., Victoria.
Vicar-Apostolic, abbr.
V.A.;—General, **V.G.**
Vicars' College, a cath-
edral residence.
vice, a tool, *not* -se.
Vice, abbr. **V.**; — **Ad-**
miral, abbr. **V.A.**;
— **Chairman**, **V.C.**;
— **Chamberlain**; —
Chancellor, **V.C.**;
— **Consul**; — **Presi-**
dent, **V.P.**; — **Regent**
(hyphens, caps.).
Viceroy (cap.), *viceregal*.
vice versa (Lat.), the
order being changed (*no*
hyphen or *accent*, *not*
ital.).
victimize, *not* -ise.
Victoria, abbr. **Vic.**; —
and **Albert** (Order of),
for ladies, abbr. **V.A.**; —
Cross, abbr. **V.C.**; —
Regina et Impera-
trix (Lat.), Victoria
Queen and Empress, abbr.
V.R. et I.
victoria, a carriage.
victual, -led, -ler, -ling.
vide (Lat.), see, abbr. **v.**;
(It. mus.), open; — **ante**,
see before; — **infra**, —
below; **videlicet**, namely
(one word), abbr. **viz.**;
vide *post*, see below; —
supra, — above, abbr.
v.s.
vidette, *use* **ve**-.
videtur (Lat.), it seems.
vide ut supra (Lat.), see
as above.
vie, vying.
vieille (Fr. f.), an old
woman (*see also* *veille*).

vielle (Fr. f.), a hurdy-gurdy (*see also veille and vieille*).

Vienna, in Ger. Wien, in Fr. Vienne.

viennoise (à la) (Fr.), in Viennese style (not cap.).

vient de paraître (un livre) (Fr.), just published (of a book).

vi et armis (Lat.), by force and arms.

vieux/ comme le monde (Fr.), old as the hills; — **français**, Old French (not cap.); **du vieux temps**, quite old-fashioned.

Vieuxtemps (Henri), 1820-81, violinist.

view-hallo* (hunt.), *not* the many variations.

vigesimo, *see* twentymo.

vigesimo-quarto, *see* twenty-fourmo.

vignettes (typ.), illustrations with undefined edges.

vigour, *but* vigorous.

vik'ing, *pron.* veek'ing; (typ.) if necessary divide at stroke.

vilify.

village, abbr. vil.

villageoise (à la) (Fr.), in village style.

villain/, -age, -ize, -ous, -y, *not* -an, -ein, -en.

villeggiatura (It.f.), retirement in the country.

Villiers, family name of Earls of Clarendon and Jersey; *pron.* vil'lers.

vinaigrette, ascent-holder, *not* vinegar-.

vinculum (typ.), a brace; *pl.* -a.

vin du pays (Fr. m.), wine of the neighbourhood.

vingt-et-un, card game (hyphens).

vin ordinaire (Fr. m.), a cheap wine, usually red.

violat/e, -or.

violino (It.), violin; abbr. v.

Viollet-le-duc (E. E.), 1814-79, Fr. writer.

violoncell/o, *not* violin-; *pl.* -os, abbr. 'cello; -ist.

virago/, *pl.* -es.

Virchow (Rudolf), 1821-1902, pathol.; *pron.* fear'khō.

Virgil, 70-19 B. C., poet, *not* Ve-; in Lat. Vergilius.

Virginia, offic. abbr: Va. virginia creeper (bot.), *not* -ian — (not cap.).

virginibus puerisque (Lat.), for girls and boys.

virgola (It. typ. f.), comma.

virgolette (It. typ. f. pl.), quotation marks.

virgule (Fr. typ. f.), comma; **point et—**, semicolon.

viritim (Lat.), man by man.

virtu (articles of), *not* ve- (not ital.).

virtuos/o, one skilled in an art, *pl.* -os; *fem.* -a, *pl.* -as.

vis/ (Lat.f.), force, *pl.* **vires**; — **a tergo**, force from behind.

visa (Fr. m.), signature, endorsement (*see also visé*).

vis-à-vis (Fr.), face to face (hyphens).

viscount/, -ess, -y (when alone not cap.); abbr.

Visc.

visc/us (Lat.), an organ; *pl.* -era.

vise, a tool, *use* vice.

vis'é (Fr. past participle), *fem.* -ée, signed, endorsed (*see also visa*).

viser (Fr.), to aim, to endorse (*see also visser*).

Vishnu, second person of the Hindu triad.

visitor, *not* -er.

vis/ major (Lat.), superior force; — **medicatrix naturæ**, nature's power of healing.

visor, a cap peak, *not* viz-.

visser (Fr.), to screw (*see also visser*).
vista/, a view; *pl. -s*.
visualize, *not -ise*.
vis viva (Lat.), living force.
vitalize, *not -ise*.
vitiat/e, -or.
vituperat/e, -or.
viva! (It.), long live!
vivandier (Fr.), *fem. -ère*, army sutler.
vivant rex et regina! (Lat.), long live the King and Queen!
vivarium, enclosure for living things; *pl. -a*.
vivat regina! (Lat.), long live the Queen! — **rex!** ditto the King!
viva/ voce, orally, *not vivâ* —; Eng. *pl. — voces* (not ital.).
vive! (Fr.), long live! — **la République!** ditto the Republic! — **l'empereur!** ditto the Emperor!
Vivian (Sir Arthur Pendarves), 1834—; — fam. name of Barons Swansea and Vivian (*see also Vy-*).
vivisect/, -or.
vixit... annos (Lat.), lived (so many) years; abbr. **v.a.**
viz., *videlicet* (namely) (not ital.); (typ.) comma before, but use of *namely* preferred.
vizier, a Mohammedan official, *not -ir, -sier*.
vizor, *use vis-*.
v.l., *varia lectio* (a variant reading).
v. M. (Ger.), *vorigen Monats* (last month).
V.M.H., Victoria Medal of Honour (R. Hort. Soc.).
V.O., (Royal) Victorian Order.
vº., verso (left-hand page).
v. o. (Ger.), *von oben* (from the top).
voc., vocative.
vocab., vocabulary.

vocalize, *not -ise*.
vocative, abbr. **voc**.
voce (It. mus.), voice; abbr. **v.** (*see also vox*).
Voelker (Dr. J. A.), analyst.
Voelker gas mantle.
vogue la galère! (Fr.), happen what may!
Vogüé (vicomte M. de), 1848—, Fr. writer.
voilà! (Fr.), see there! — **tout**, that is all.
voile (Fr. m.), a veil; (f.) a sail.
Vokal (Ger. m.), vowel (cap.).
vol., volume.
volaille (Fr. f.), fowl, poultry.
volant (Fr. dress. m.), a flounce.
Volapük, the language.
volatilize, *not -ise*.
vol-au-vent (Fr. cook. m.), puff-pie.
volcano/, *pl. -es*.
vol d'oiseau (*à*) (Fr. m.), as the crow flies.
Volkslied/ (Ger. n.), a folk-song; *pl. -er* (cap.).
Volksraad, S. Afr. legislative assembly.
vols., volumes.
volt (elec.), unit of E.M.F., abbr. **V**.
volta subito (It. mus.), turn over quickly; abbr. **v.s**.
volte-face (Fr.), a turning about.
volume, abbr. **vol.**, *pl. vols*.
Volunteer Artillery, abbr. **V.A.**
Volunteers, abbr. **V**.
von, this prefix usually l.c., but copy signature.
von/ oben (Ger.), from the top, abbr. **v. o.**; — **unten**, from the bottom, abbr. **v. u**.
vor Christi Geburt, or **vor Christus**, or **vor Christo** (Ger.), B.C.; abbr. **v. Chr.**

- vorigen Monats** (Ger.), last month; abbr. **v. M.**
- vorm.** (Ger.), *vormittags* (in the forenoon, a.m.), *vormals* (formerly).
- vormals** (Ger.), formerly; abbr. **vorm.** (not cap.).
- vormittags** (Ger.), in the forenoon, or a.m.; abbr. **vorm.** (not cap.).
- Vorrede** (Ger. f.), preface (cap.).
- vort/ex, pl. -ices.**
- Vorwort** (Ger. n.), preface, preposition (cap.).
- vouch/er**, in law -or.
- vox/** (Lat. f.), voice, *pl. voces*; — **populi**, public sentiment.
- voyelle** (Fr. f.), vowel.
- voyez!** (Fr.), see! look! abbr. **v.**
- V.P.**, Vice-President.
- V.R.**, *Victoria Regina* (Queen Victoria).
- vraisemblance** (not ital.).
- V.R.C.**, Volunteer Rifle Corps; **V.R. et I.**, *Victoria Regina et Imperatrix* (Victoria Queen and Empress); **V.R.P.**, *Vestra Reverendissima Paternitas* (Your Most Reverend Paternity).
- V.S.**, Veterinary Surgeon; **v.s.** (Fr. chron.), *vieux style* (old style), (Lat.) *vide supra* (see above), (It. mus.) *volta subito* (turn over quickly); **V.S.C.**, Volunteer Staff Corps.
- V.T.**, *Vetus Testamentum* (Old Test.).
- Vt.**, Vermont (offic. abbr.).
- v. u.** (Ger.), *von unten* (from the bottom).
- vue d'oiseau (à)** (Fr. f.), from a bird's-eye view.
- Vuillaume**, family of mus. instrument makers.
- vulcanize**, not -ise.
- Vulg.**, the Vulgate.
- vulg.**, vulgar, -ly.
- vulgar fractions**, see fractions.
- vulgarize**, not -ise.
- Vulgate**, the Latin Bible of the R.C.C.; abbr. **Vulg.**
- vulgo** (Lat.), commonly.
- vv.**, verses, (mus.) first and second violins.
- vv.ll.**, *variæ lectiones* (variant readings).
- V.W.**, Very Worshipful.
- v.y.** (bibliog.), various years.
- vying.**
- Vyrnwy Lake**, Oswestry.
- Vyvyan** (Rev. Sir V.D.), 1826-; — (Rt. Rev. W. L.), Bishop of Zululand (see also Vivian).

W

W

W., Wales, warden, Wednesday, Welsh, west, -ern, Western postal district, London, all proper names with this initial; it is *not* used in the numeration of series.

W, *wolfram* (tungsten).

w., week, -s, wife, (naut.) wet dew.

W.A., Western Australia.

wabble, *not* wo-.

W.A.F.F., West African Frontier Force.

W. Afr., West Africa.

wagon/, -er, -ette, *not* wagg-.

wagon/ (Fr. m.), a railway carriage; — *-lit*, sleeping car.

wagtail, a bird (one word).

Wahabis, a Mohammedan sect; *not* -ees.

“Wahrheit (Dichtung und)” (Ger.) (Truth and Fiction), by Goethe.

Waiapu (Bp. of), New Zealand.

Wai-hai-wei, *use* Wei-.

Wain (Charles's) (astr.).

wainscot/, -ed, -ing.

wakeful.

Wakley (Thomas), 1795–1862, founded “The Lancet” in 1823 (*see also* Walkley).

Wal., Walloon.

Walachian, *use* Wall-.

Walbrodt (C. A.), 1871–, chess player.

Walcot, Bath, Norwich; **Walcote**, Lutterworth; **Walcott**, Lincoln (*see also* Wolcot).

Waldteufel (Emil), German composer.

wale, a flesh mark, *use* weal.

waler, a N.S.W. horse.

Wales, abbr. W.

Walhalla, *use* V-.

Walker (Matthew), a knot.

walking-stick (hyphen).

Walkley (A. B.), 1855–, writer (*see also* Wakley).

walk-over, no competition (hyphen); abbr. W.O.

“Walküre (Die)”, second part of Wagner's “Nibelungen-Ring.”

walkyrie, *use* v-.

walla (Ind.), a man, *not* -ah.

wallaby, a small kangaroo, *not* the many variations.

Wallace (Alfred Russel, *not* -ell), 1822–, naturalist; — (Sir Donald M.), 1841–, writer; — (Prof. Robert), 1853–, agric. writer; — (Sir William), 1272–1305, Scot. hero; — (W. V.), 1814–65, composer (*see also* Wallas, Wallis).

Wallachian, *not* Wala-.

Wallas (Graham), 1858–, writer (*see also* Wallace, Wallis).

wall-eyed (hyphen).

wallflower (one word).

Wallis (G. H.), 1847–, art writer; — (Henry), 1830–, painter; — (John), 1616–1703, a founder of the Royal Society; — (Whitworth), art writer (*see also* Wallace, Wallas).

Walloon, abbr. Wal.

Wallop, fam. name of Earl of Portsmouth; *pron.* wöl'up.

wall-paper (hyphen).

Walpurgis night, the one preceding 1 May.

Walther (Otto), 1855–, director of the Nordrach-Kolonie.

Walton (Izaak), 1593-1683, wrote "Compleat Angler."

waltz, a dance; in Fr. f. valse (not ital.).

W. & A. (bot.), Wight and Arnott.

W. & M., William and Mary (King and Queen).

wapiti, Amer. elk, *not* wapp-.

War, Warwickshire.

Ward (Mrs. Humphry, *not* -rey), 1851-, writer.

warden, abbr. W.

Warrington (Robert), 1838-1907, F.R.S. (*see also* Warr-).

War Office, abbr. W.O.

warrant^{er}, in law -or.

warrant-officer(hyphen).

Warre (Edmond), 1837-, Provost of Eton.

Warrington, Lancs (*see also* Wari-).

Warwickshire, abbr. War.

wasegoose, *use* wayz-

Wash., Washington (offic. abbr.).

wash-drawing, one made with a brush and black or neutral tint.

washhouse (one word).

wasn't(typ.), to be close up.

watch/case, -maker, -word (one word).

water-closet (hyphen), abbr. W.C. (s.caps.).

water/course, -fall (one word); — -lily(hyphen).

watering-place(hyphen).

watermark (typ.), a design within the paper itself (one word).

water/proof, -works (one word).

Watling Street, a Roman road in England.

watt (elec.), power.

wattling, twig structure.

Watts - Dunton (Theodore), writer.

waul, a cat-cry, *not* -wl.

wav/e, -y.

way (under), moving, *not* — weigh (two words).

wavy rule (typ.), ~~~~~.

Waynflete (William of), 1395-1486, Bp. of Winchester, Lord Chancellor.

wayzgoose/, printers' annual dinner, etc., *not* the many variations; *pl.* -s.

Waziristan, Afghanistan, *not* Wazar-.

W.B., way-bill.

W.C., Wesleyan Chapel, Western - Central postal district, London; W.C., water - closet, without charge; W.C.T.U., Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

W.D., War Department, Works ditto.

weal, a flesh mark, *not* wale.

wear, of a river, *use* weir.

weasand, the gullet, *not* wez-.

weathercock (one word).

Webb (Sidney), 1859-, writer.

wedgwood ware, *not* wedge- (no cap. or hyphen).

Wednesday, abbr. W., *or* Wed.

week/, -s, abbr. w., *or* wk.

weekday (one word); in Fr., not cap., as *lundi*.

weever, a fish.

weigh (under), moving, *use* — way.

weight, abbr. wt.

weights (typ.), *use* figures; abbreviations as cwt., qr., lb., oz., *not* to have s added for the plural.

Wei-hai-wei, *not* Wai-.

weir, of a river, *not* -ar.

Weismann (August), 1834-, zool.

Weissnichtwo, in "Sartor Resartus."

Weizsäcker (Julius), 1828-89, hist.; — (Karl), 1822-99, theol.; *pron.* vīt'zā-kr.

welcher (turf), *not* -sher.

WELDON — WHISTLER

- Weldon (Sir A. A.), 1863-;
— (W. F. R.), zool. (*see also* Welldon).
welk, *use* wh-.
well/-being, — -born,
— -bred (hyphens).
Welldon (Canon J. E. C.),
1854-, Bp. of Calcutta
1898-1901 (*see also* Wel-
don).
Wellhausen (Julius),
1844-, Ger. theologian.
wellnigh (one word).
well-to-do (hyphens).
Welsh, abbr. W.; (typ.)
alphabet has 26 letters;
ch, dd, ff, ng, ll, th, being
each counted as one. No
j, k, q, v, x, z. In addition
to the usual accents, *w*
(=oo) and *y* may have
the circumflex.
welsher (turf), *use* -cher.
welsh rabbit (cook.), *not*
— rarebit (not cap.).
Welwitschia (bot.).
Wemyss (Earl of); *pron.*
weemz.
Wergeland (Henrik),
1808-45, Norw. poet.
wergild, a fine, *not* were-.
Werk/ (Ger. typ. n.), a
work; *pl. -e* (cap.).
werewolf (myth.), a man-
wolf, *not* were-.
west/, -ern, abbr. W. (*see*
also compass).
West Africa, abbr. W.
Afr.
Westcott (B. Foss), 1825-
1901, Bp. of Durham.
West End, London (caps.).
westeria, *use* wistaria.
Western Australia, abbr.
W.A.
Westmeath, Co. Ire.; —
(Earl of) (one word).
Westmorland, offic.; —
(Earl of), *not* -eland.
West Virginia, abbr. W.
Va.
w.f. (typ.), wrong fount (*see*
proof correction marks
and wrong fount).
w.g., wire gauge.
whalebone (one word).
whallabee, *use* wallaby.
wharf, abbr. whf.; *pl.*
-ves.
Wharfedale, Yorks.
what-d'ye-call-it? (col-
loq.) (hyphens, apos.).
Whately (Richard),
1787-1863, Abp. of Dub-
lin, *not* -ey.
Whatman paper, a first-
quality English hand-made
drawing paper (cap.).
whatnot, a piece of fur-
niture with shelves (one
word).
wheatear, a bird (one
word).
wheat-ear, an ear of wheat
(hyphen).
wheelbarrow (one word).
Wheeler (J. Talboys),
1824-97, hist. of India.
Wheler (Sir T. W.),
1889-.
whelk, a mollusc, *not* we-.
whereas (law), a word
which introduces the re-
cital of a fact (one word,
usually cap.).
whether or not (*not* —
— no).
whf., wharf.
which (gram.), now refers
exclusively to things; *who*,
to persons.
whiffle-tree, *use* whipple-
while away, *not* wi-.
whilom, *not* -e.
whimbrel, a bird, *not*
wim-.
whimsey, a freak, *not*
-sy.
whipper/-in, *pl. -s-in*.
whipple-tree, *not* whiffle-
whip-poor-will, a bird
(hyphens).
whirl/pool, -wind (one
word).
whisky, *not* -ey.
Whistler (J. McNeill,
not -eil), 1834-1903,
painter, etc.

- Whitaker & Sons**, publishers of "Almanack" (not -ac), etc., Warwick Lane, E.C. (*see also* Whittaker).
- white** (typ.), any space of paper not printed upon; -ish, -y; **white/edges**, *see* edges; — **line**, a line not printed upon.
- Whitehall**, London (one word).
- Whiteing** (Richard), 1840-, writer.
- whitening**, not whitn-ting.
- white out** (typ.), to space out composed matter, such as a title page.
- White's Club**, London.
- White - Thomson** (Sir R. T.), 1831-.
- whitewash** (one word).
- whiting**, *use* whiten-.
- Whitman** (Walt), 1819-92, Amer. poet.
- Whit/-Monday**, -Sunday, seventh after Easter (caps., hyphen).
- Whittaker & Co.**, publishers, White Hart St., E.C. (*see also* Whitaker).
- Whittier** (J. G.), 1807-92, Amer. poet.
- Whittingehame**, Prestonkirk; *pron.* -jām.
- Whittingham**, Lancs, Northumb.; — (Charles), 1767-1840, founder Chiswick Press; *pron.* -ing-ham.
- Whittlesea**, Cambs, not -sey.
- whiz**, not -zz.
- W.H.M.A.**, Women's Home Missionary Association.
- who** (gram.), now refers exclusively to persons: *which*, to things.
- whoa!** stop!
- whole-bound**, bound wholly in leather.
- whooping-cough***, not hoop- — (hyphen).
- who's**, who is (apos.).
- Whyte-Melville** (G. J.), 1821-78, writer (hyphen).
- W.I.**, West Indies, -ian.
- wich/-elm**, -hazel, *use* wy-.
- Wicliffe**, *see* Wy-.
- wide/awake**, -spread (one word).
- widgeon**, a bird, not wig-.
- Widmung** (Ger. typ. f.), dedication.
- Wieland** (C. M.), 1733-1813, Ger. writer.
- Wien**, in Eng. Vienna.
- Wieniawski** (Henri), 1835-80, violinist, composer; — (Joseph), 1857-, painter.
- Wiesbaden** (one word).
- wife**, abbr. w.
- Wigan** (Sir Frederick), 1827-1907.
- wigeon**, *use* widg-.
- Wiggin** (Sir Henry), 1824-1905; — (Mrs. K. D.), writer.
- Wight** (Isle of), abbr. I.W.
- Wigorn.**, signature Bp. of Worcester (full point).
- Wigton**, Cumberland.
- Wigtown**, Scotland.
- Wilde** (Henry), 1833-, electrician.
- wild-fowl** (hyphen).
- wile away**, *use* wh- —.
- wilful/-ly**, -ness, not will-.
- Wilhelmj** (August), 1845-, Ger. violinist.
- Wilhelmshafen**, Ger. naval station (one word).
- will-o'-the-wisp**, the *ignis fatuus* (apos., hyphens).
- Willoughby de Eresby** (Lord), *pron.* — derz'bē.
- Willshire** (Sir A. R. T.), 1850-.
- Wiltshire**, abbr. Wilts.
- Wimborne** (Baron).
- wimbrel**, *use* wh-.
- Winawer** (S.), 1839-, chess player.
- win/cey**, a cloth, *use* -sey.

WINCHELSEA — WORMWOOD

Winchelsea, Sussex.
 Winchelsea (Earl of).
 Winkelmann (J. J.),
 1717-68, Ger. art critic.
 wind (naut.), 1, light air;
 2, light breeze; 3, gentle
 —; 4, moderate —; 5,
 fresh —; 6, strong —;
 7, moderate gale; 8, fresh
 —; 9, strong —; 10,
 whole —; 11, storm; 12,
 hurricane.
 Wind. I., Windward Is-
 lands.
 win/e, -y.
 winepress (one word).
 winsey, a cloth, *not* -cey.
 wint/er, -ry (not cap.).
 wintergreen (one word).
 Winton., signature Bp. of
 Winchester (full point).
 W.I.R., West India Regi-
 ment.
 wire gauge, abbr. w.g.
 wisard, *use* wiz-.
 Wisbech, Cambs, *not* -each.
 Wisc., Wisconsin (offic.
 abbr.).
 Wisdom of Solomon
 (Apocr.), no abbr.
 wiseacre (one word).
 Wislicenus (Johannes),
 1835-1902, chemist.
 wistaria (bot.), *not* weste-
 witch/-elm, -hazel, *use*
 wych- —.
 withal.
 withe, a flexible twig, *not*
 wythe, -y.
 withhold, etc. (one word,
 2 h's).
 wivern, *use* wy-.
 wizard, *not* wis-.
 wk., week, -s.
 W.L.F., Women's Liberal
 Federation.
 W. long., west longitude.
 W.M.S., Wesleyan Mis-
 sionary Society.
 W.N.W., west-north-west
 (*see also* compass).
 W.O., walk-over, War
 Office.
 wobble, *use* wa-.

Wodehouse, fam. name of
 Earl of Kimberley; *pron.*
 wood-.
 woebegone, *not* wob-.
 woeful, *not* wof-.
 Wöhler (F.), 1800-82,
 Ger. chemist.
 Wolcot (John), 1738-
 1819, "Peter Pindar"
 (*see also* Walcot).
 Wolf (Lucien), 1857-
 journalist and writer.
 Wolfe (Charles), 1791-
 1823, writer and poet; —
 (James), 1727-59, took
 Quebec.
 Wolff (Sir H. Drum-
 mond), d. 1908; — (J. C.
 von), 1679-1754, philos.
 and math.; — (Johan-
 nes), 'cellist; — (Joseph),
 1795-1862, traveller; —
 (K. F.), 1733-94, embry-
 ologist (*see also* Wolfe,
 Woulfe).
 wolverine, *not* -ene.
 women's rights (apos.).
 won't (typ.), to be close
 up, one apos. only.
 woodbine, honeysuckle,
not -ind.
 woodcock/, m. and f., *pl.* -s.
 woodcut (one word).
 woodpecker (one word).
 woodruff (bot.), *not* -roof.
 woodwork (one word).
 wool/, -len, -ly.
 Woolsack (House of
 Lords) (one word).
 woolsorter's disease, *not*
 -s' —.
 Worcestershire, abbr.
 Worcs.
 Worde, *see* Wynkyn.
 Word of God (the)
 (caps.), but in New T. l.c.
 workaday (one word).
 work/house, -man (one
 word).
 work off (typ.), actually to
 print the paper.
 wormwood (bot.).
 Wormwood Scrubs,
 near London.

worship/, -ped, -per, -ping.

wouldst (typ.), to be close up, no apos.

Woulfe (Peter), 1727-1806, chemist; woulfe bottles named after (*see also* Wolf/, -e, Wolff).

wove paper, that which does not show wiremarks: distinct from laid —.

W.P., Worthy Patriarch.

W.P.B., waste - paper basket.

W.R., West Riding, Yorks; Wirral Railway, Ches.

wrack*, a seaweed, *not* r-.

wrasse, a fish, *not* -ass.

wrath, very angry.

Wray, *see* Ray.

wreath (noun).

wreathe (verb).

Writers' Club, London (apos.).

writers' cramp, *not* -er's cramp.

writing paper, a better, harder, and more highly glazed kind than that used for printing.

wrongdoing (one word).

wrong fount (typ.), abbr.

w.f. This to be written in the margin, and the type itself underlined or encircled.

wroth, wrathful.

Wrottesley (Baron).

W.S. (Sc.), Writer to the Signet (= attorney).

W.S.W., west-south-west (*see also* compass).

wt., weight.

Württemberg, near Bavaria, offic. Württ-.

"Wuthering Heights," by Emily Brontë, 1846.

W. Va., West Virginia (offic. abbr.).

Wyandotte, N. Amer. Indians; l.c. a fowl, *not* -ot.

wych/-elm, -hazel, *not* wich-, witch-.

Wycherley (W.), 1640-1716, dramatist.

Wyclif (John), d. 1384, rel. reformer, *not* the many variations.

Wymondham, Norfolk; *pron.* wind'ham.

Wyndham, fam. name of Baron Leconfield; — (Sir Charles), 1841-, actor.

Wyndham - Quin, family name of Earl of Dunraven.

Wynkyn de Worde, 1471-1534, second printer in London.

Wyo., Wyoming (offic. abbr.).

Wy. Ter., Wyoming Territory.

wyth/e, -y, *use* withe.

wyvern, heraldic dragon, *not* wi-.

X

X., Christ, all proper names with this initial, the twenty-first in a series.

X, ten, also certain kinds of beer.

x (math.), the first unknown quantity.

X^{bre} (Fr.), December.

XC, 90.

XCIX, 99.

xcp., ex (without) coupon.

x.d.* or ex div.*, ex (without) dividend.

Xeres, Spain, *not* Jerez.

x.i.*, ex (without) next interest.

Xmas, Christmas (no point).

Xn., Christian.

x.n.*, ex (without) the right to new shares.

X-ray (hyphen).

Xt., Christ.

XX, certain kinds of beer.

x x (paper), retree (no point).

XXX, certain kinds of beer.

x x x (paper), broken or outsides.

xylography, the printing of fifteenth-century wood-block books.

xylonite.

Y

- Y.**, all proper names with this initial, the twenty-second in a series.
- Y**, yttrium.
- y.**, year, -s.
- y** (math.), the second unknown quantity.
- yacht**, in Fr. m. *pron.* yäk; in Ger. *Jacht*.
- Yäger** (Ger.), huntsman, *use Jä-*.
- Yahveh** (Heb.), Jahveh.
- Yakutsk**, Siberia, *not J-*.
- Yangtze-kiang**, Chinese river.
- yard/**, -s, abbr. **yd.**; (typ.) number of to be in figures.
- Yarde-Buller**, fam. name of Baron Churston.
- Yarkand**, Cent. Asia, *not* -end, -und.
- yarl**, *use j-**.
- Yaroslav**, Russia, *not J-*.
- yashmak**, Moslem woman's veil.
- Y.B.**, year-book.
- Yb**, ytterbium.
- Y.C.**, Yale College, U.S.A.
- yd.**, yard, -s.
- y^e**, = the, through confusing the Anglo-Saxon **p** (= th) with Old-Eng. **ƿ** (**y**).
- Yeames** (W. F.), 1835-, painter; *pron.* yāmz.
- year/**, -s, abbr. **y**.
- year-book** (hyphen), abbr. **Y.B.**
- years** (typ.), in giving the first and last of a series use the fewest figures that suffice, as 1892-8, 1855-80, 1890-1904.
- Yeats** (W. B.), 1865-, writer; *pron.* yates.
- yelk**, *use yo-*.
- yellow-hammer**, a bird (hyphen), *not* — -ammer.
- "Yellowplush Papers,"** by Thackeray, 1841 (two words).
- Yellowstone/ Park**; — **River** (two words).
- yen**, the dollar of Japan, about two shillings.
- Yenisei**, Siberian river, *not* Jenissei.
- Yeo.**, Yeomanry.
- Yerkes telescope**, Amer.
- yeux**, *see œil*.
- Yezo**, Japan, *not* -sso.
- Yggdrasill** (Scan. myth.), the tree binding heaven, earth, and hell, *not* the many variations (two *l*'s).
- Yiddish**, a Jewish dialect.
- ylang-ylang**, perfume (hyphen).
- Y.L.I.**, Yorkshire Light Infantry.
- Y.M.C.A.**, Young Men's Christian Association; **Y.M.Cath.A.**, ditto Catholic —; **Y.M.C.U.**, ditto Christian Union; **Y.M.F.S.**, ditto Friendly Society.
- Ynca**, *use Inca**.
- yodel/***, falsetto song; -led, -ling, *not* -dle, jodel.
- yokel**, a rustic, *not* -chel, -chle.
- Yokohama** (one word).
- yolk**, of an egg, *not* ye-.
- Yonge** (C. D.), 1812-91, writer; — (Charlotte M.), 1832-1901, writer; *pron.* yūng (*see also* Young).
- Yorke**, fam. name of Earl of Hardwicke.
- Yorkshire/**, abbr. **Yorks** (no point); — **Light Infantry**, abbr. **Y.L.I.**
- Yosemite Valley**, Amer.; *pron.* yo-sēm'i-té.

Youghal, Ireland, *approx.*
pron. yawl.

Youl (Sir J. A.), 1809-
1904.

you'll (typ.), to be close
up.

Young (Arthur), 1741-
1820; — (Brigham),
1801-77, Mormon leader;
— (Edward), 1681-1765,
wrote "Night Thoughts";
— (James), 1811-83,
originator of commercial
paraffin; — (Thomas),
1773-1829, physicist (*see*
also Yonge).

younger, abbr. yr.

Young Men's Christian
Association, abbr.

Y.M.C.A.; ditto Wo-
men's, Y.W.C.A.

yours (no apos.).

Yquem (Château-), a
Sauterne (hyphen).

yr., younger.

Yriarte (Charles), 1832-
98, Fr. writer.

Ysaye (Eugène), 1858-
violinist; *pron.* ē-sī'ye.

Yseult/, -e, Ysolde,
Ysolt, Ysoude, *use*
Iseult.

ytterbium, symbol Yb.

yttrium, symbol Y.

Yukon/ River, — Terri-
tory, Alaska, *not* Youcon,
-kon.

Yvetot, Normandy; *pron.*
ēv'to.

Y.W.C.A., Young Wom-
en's Christian Association;

Y.W.C.T.U., ditto Tem-
perance Union; Y.W.S.,
Young Wales Society.

Z

Z., all proper names with this initial, the twenty-third of a series, (Ger.) *Zeile* (line), *Zoll* (m.), inch, toll.

Z (mag.), symbol for reluctance.

z (math.), the third unknown quantity.

Zach., Zachary.

Zaehnsdorf (J.), 1816-86, bookbinder.

Zambezi, river, *not* -si.

zanana, *use* ze-.

Zangwill (Israel), 1864-, writer.

Zaragoza, Spain; in Eng. *Saragossa*.

zariba (Arab.), fortified camp, *not* the many variations.

Zarskoe, *use* *Tsarskoye Selo*.

z. B. (Ger.), *zum Beispiel* (for example).

Zech., Zechariah.

Zeeland, Holland, *not* *Zea-*.

Zelle (Ger. f.), line; abbr. *Z.* (cap.).

Zeitgeist (Ger. m.), the spirit of the time (cap.).

Zeltinger, a Moselle wine.

zenana (Ind.), the women's apartments, *not* *za-*.

Zeph., Zephaniah.

zero, *pl.* -es.

Zetinje, *use* *Cetinje*.

Z.G., Zoological Gardens.

zigzag, -ged, -ging (one word).

Zimmerman (Henry), 1851-, painter.

Zimmermann (Agnes M.), composer; — (J.G.), 1728-95, author of "Solitude."

Zimmern (Alice), 1855-, writer; — (Helen), 1846-, writer.

zinc, symbol *Zn*.

zincography, the art of engraving, and printing from zinc.

zingara (*à la*) (Fr. cook.), in gipsy style.

zingaro (It.), a gipsy, *pl.* -i; *fem.* -a, *pl.* -e.

zirconium, symbol *Zr*.

Zn, zinc.

zodiac, *see* astronomy.

Zoll (Ger. m.), inch, toll; abbr. *Z*.

Zollverein (Ger. m.), customs union.

zoochem., zoochemistry, -ical.

zoogeog., zoogeography, -ical.

zool., zoology, -ical, -ist.

zoology, *not* *zoöl-*, but *pron.* *zo-ol'*; abbr. *zool.*; (typ.) genera, species, and varieties to be italic, other divisions roman.

zo/on, an animal; *pl.* -a.

Zr, zirconium.

Z.S., Zoological Society.

Zuider Zee, Holland; *pron.* *zoy'dr* *zay*.

Zukertort (J. H.), 1842-88, chess player.

Zulu, *not* *Zooloo*.

Zululand (Bp. of) (one word).

zum Beispiel (Ger.), for example; abbr. *z. B.*

Zurich, Switz.; in Ger. *Zü-*.

Zuschrift (Ger. f.), letter, dedication.

zweitens (Ger.), secondly.

Zwingli (Ulrich), 1484-1531, theologian.

YA 03126

M127044

Z 254

C7

1912

mining

dept

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LIBRARY

